**CHAPTER 12**

**SHELTER PLUS CARE (S+C) PROGRAM**

12-1 APPLICABILITY. This chapter provides guidance for comprehensive monitoring of the Shelter Plus Care (S+C) program. These monitoring Exhibits should be used for new and renewal S+C projects funded prior to FY 2012. This program is not subject to the requirements identified in 2 CFR part 200.

The S+C program provides rental assistance for hard-to-serve homeless persons with disabilities (primarily those with serious mental illness, chronic problems with alcohol and/or drugs, and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome or related diseases) and their families who are living in places not intended for human habitation (e.g., streets) or in emergency shelters. The program allows for a variety of housing choices, and a range of supportive services funded by other sources, in response to the needs of the hard-to-reach homeless population with disabilities. Other Federal, State, or local sources, as well as private sources may fund the supportive services.

Program grants are used for the provision of rental assistance payments through four components:

1. Tenant-based Rental Assistance (TRA) – Contract with the S+C tenant;
2. Sponsor-based Rental Assistance (SRA) – Contract with the non-profit organization;
3. Project-based Rental Assistance with rehabilitation (PRAW) or without rehabilitation (PRA) – Contract with the building owner; and
4. Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Program for Single Room Occupancy Dwellings – Contract with the public housing agency (PHA).

On May 20, 2009, President Obama signed the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act of 2009 that amends and reauthorizes the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act with substantial changes, including:

* A consolidation of HUD's competitive grant programs (Supportive Housing Program and Shelter Plus Care);
	+ The creation of a Rural Housing Stability Assistance Program;
	+ A change in HUD's definition of homeless and chronic homelessness;
	+ A simplified match requirement;
	+ An increase in prevention resources; and,
	+ An increase in the emphasis on performance.

S+C projects funded in the FY 2011 Continuum of Care (CoC) Homeless Assistance Grants Competition must include the monitoring of appropriate Homeless and At-Risk Determination/Recordkeeping Requirements using Exhibit 12-8.

12-2 PREPARING FOR MONITORING. The specific S+C recipients to be monitored are determined as part of the risk assessment process (see additional guidance provided in Chapter 2). Before monitoring, the reviewer should be familiar with both the S+C program requirements and the design and operation of the recipient’s S+C program, particularly any areas that have been identified as high risk or that are the subject of the monitoring. Whether monitoring on-site or assembling materials for a remote monitoring, reviewers will need specific items to successfully monitor a recipient’s S+C program.

Resources required for monitoring include:

* the implementing statute, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, Title IV, Subtitle F in effect in 2008;
* the program regulations at 24 CFR 582 [attached to the grant agreement(s) for the project(s) being monitored];
* the Notice of Funds Availability (NOFA);
* the recipient’s approved S+C application;
* the executed S+C grant agreement(s) for the period being monitored;
* any amendments to the grant agreement(s);
* for the SRO component, the subrecipient agreement with the PHA and a copy of the Annual Contributions Contract (ACC);
* the most recent Annual Performance Report;
* Line of Credit Control System (LOCCS) expenditure information for the recipient being monitored and the time period under review;
* *S+C Resource Manual*, designed primarily to assist recipients, non-profit sponsors, and supportive service providers in effective administration of the S+C program;
* *Understanding S+C*, a guide highlighting key aspects of the S+C program and designed to provide HUD field office personnel, potential S+C program operators, and S+C recipients with basic information; and
* *Enhancing Shelter Plus Care Guide*, a booklet identifying the key challenges facing S+C program operators and sharing practical approaches used by experienced S+C recipients and project sponsors to enhance program operations.

12-3 FILE SELECTION AND SAMPLING. As described in Chapter 2, the risk analysis process will be used to determine which S+C recipients and areas should be reviewed. Once that process has been completed, where it is indicated that a file review is necessary to answer Exhibit questions, the HUD reviewer should consider the following factors when determining the specific files that will comprise the review sample:

1. Where feasible, initial file selection should be made using a random selection method.

1. The reviewer would consider adding more files to this selection in order to:

i. Include a file or files from each staff person working in the respective program area being monitored;

* 1. Expand the sample, if necessary, to include additional files with the same characteristics, if indicated by the severity or nature of any problems(s) noted during the initial selection’s review (for example, same problem category, same staff person, same activities or other characteristics). This expanded sampling aids in determining whether problems are isolated events or represent a systemic problem.

C. The reviewer may also add files to the selection from any project that the HUD reviewer has reason to believe may have compliance problems or that is substantially different in terms of size, complexity, or other factors from other projects the recipient has funded.