1. This Transmits:


2. Explanation of Materials Transmitted:

This is a reissuance, as a permanent Handbook, to replace Notice H 93-43, 6/21/93, to satisfy an audit finding and recommendation. There are no significant changes.


4. Effective Date: Upon receipt.
September 1993

"Byrd Amendment":

Limitation on Payments made to Influence Certain Federal Financial and Contracting Transactions
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAGRAPH</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-1. Purposes</td>
<td>1-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-2. Applicability</td>
<td>1-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-3. Required Reporting</td>
<td>1-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-4. Required Action</td>
<td>1-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-5. Ongoing Field Office Responsibilities</td>
<td>1-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPENDICES

Appendix 1    Ethics Letter 91-5
Including OMB Interim Final Rule (2/24/90)
on Byrd Amendment and Supplementing FR
Notice (6/15/90)

| i                                                      | 9/93 |
1-1. PURPOSE. This Handbook applies to programs administered by the Office of Housing and supplements Ethics Letter 91-5 and OMB's Interim Final Rule (See Attachment I) of February 26, 1990 (55 FR 6736) and its supplementing Notice 55 FR 24540 (See Attachment II) of June 15, 1990 (see 24 CFR Part 87 for HUD's restrictions on lobbying). These Directives require compliance with the restrictions on lobbying called for by Section 319 (referred to as the Byrd Amendment) of Public Law 101-121. The Byrd Amendment prohibits all applicants and recipients of Federal contracts, grants, loans and cooperative agreements from using Federally appropriated funds for lobbying; and it requires disclosure of lobbying with other than Federally appropriated funds by each person who receives or requests financial assistance in the form of a contract, grant, loan, cooperative agreement or commitment for loan insurance or loan guaranty which exceeds the minimum dollar thresholds.

1-2. APPLICABILITY. The Byrd amendment and the guidance in this Handbook apply to applicants, recipients, contractors and subcontractors of contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements exceeding $100,000 as well as loans or commitments to insure a loan exceeding $150,000 as follows:

A. Multifamily Mortgage Insurance Programs. All multifamily insurance, property management and disposition programs pursuant to Title II of the National Housing Act. (Property Disposition contracting procurements are subject to Byrd Amendment requirements, as implemented through the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).)

B. Assisted Housing Programs. Rent Supplement, Section 236 (including non-insured Section 236) and Flexible Subsidy, Rental Assistance Payments, Section 8 (including Loan Management Set-aside, Property Disposition Set-aside, State Agency Set-aside, New Construction Set-aside for Section 515 Rural Rental Projects), Section 811, Special Purpose Grants, Section 202.

C. Other Housing Programs. Section 106(b) loans, Hope for Elderly Independence Program, Congregate Housing Services Program and Housing Counseling Program with single family mortgage insurance.
D. FHA Exceptions. Section 319 of the 1993 Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act changed the Byrd Amendment to say that insured single family mortgages which do not exceed $150,000 or the single family mortgage limit for affected programs, whichever is greater are exempt from the Byrd requirements.

FHA-insured single family mortgages are exempt from the Byrd Amendment reporting requirements, and lenders and borrowers no longer have to execute any of the certifications required by Mortgagee Letters 93-5 and 90-31 in connection with FHA-insured single family mortgages.

1-3. REQUIRED REPORTING. The OMB regulations require a certification that Federally appropriated funds are not being or have not been used in violation of Section 319 and that disclosure will be made of payments for lobbying with other than Federally appropriated funds. This certification is to be submitted by applicants as part of the application process for the "covered Federal actions" described above. Civil penalties from $10,000 to $100,000 can be assessed for noncompliance.

A. Standard certification information is included in paragraph II A 2 of attached Ethics Letter 91-5.

B. Please note that the certification/statement and disclosure form must be submitted with each application, if required above. In addition, at the end of each quarter, a disclosure form shall be filed when an event requires disclosure or when previously filed disclosure information is inaccurate. It is up to the applicant to determine whether it is to be submitted.

1-4. REQUIRED ACTION. Subcontractors and sub-recipients are also subject to these requirements. They must submit their certifications and disclosure forms prior to subcontract execution or receipt of funds to the next higher tier above them. All forms must be submitted up from tier to tier until they are submitted to HUD.

1-5. ONGOING FIELD OFFICE RESPONSIBILITIES
A. The Field Office must review each certification which it receives and determine that it is complete prior to the award of loan or grant funds or the issuance of commitments to insure loans. Each certification submitted to the Field Office must be kept in the project or program file.

B. The Field Office shall send the original of any disclosure forms (Standard Form - LLL) received directly and immediately to the Office of Ethics in Headquarters and retain a copy in the application, project or program file.

C. It must be emphasized that even if the loan or grant amounts are not large enough to trigger the certification and disclosure requirements, the prohibitions against the use of Federally appropriated funds for influencing or attempting to influence the actions of Federal officials apply. Accordingly, Field Office staff must be alert to possible violations, which must be reported to the Office of Ethics.
OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY  
FOR ADMINISTRATION  

Special Attention of: 
PRINCIPAL STAFF 
ALL REGIONAL ADMINISTRATORS 
ALL FIELD OFFICE MANAGERS  

Subject:  "Byrd Amendment" Regarding the Limitation on Payments  
Made to Influence Certain Federal Contracting and  
Financial Transactions  

PART I - INTRODUCTION  

A. PURPOSE. The purpose of this Letter is to bring to your  
attention and clarify certain collection and monitoring  
responsibilities of Headquarters' Program Offices and the  
Regional and Field Offices in implementing the requirements  
that pertain to the Byrd Amendment.  

B. BACKGROUND.  

1. The Byrd Amendment (Section 319 of the Department of  
Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for  
Fiscal Year 1990, Pub. L. 101-121), was signed into law  
by President Bush on October 23, 1989, and became  
effective on December 23, 1989.  

2. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) published an  
"Interim Final Rule" on the Byrd Amendment (see  
Attachment I) on February 26, 1990 (55 FR 6736). The  
Interim Final Rule was supplemented by a Notice  
published by OMB at 55 FR 24540 (see Attachment II) on  

3. The Interim Final Rule pertains to applicants  
requesting or receiving a Federal contract, grant,  
loan, cooperative agreement, loan guarantee or loan  
insurance. Indian tribes and tribal organizations are  
excluded from coverage with respect to expenditures  
permitted by other Federal law. (Therefore, Indian  
Housing Authorities (IHAs) established by an Indian  
tribe as a result of the exercise of their sovereign  
power are excluded from coverage, but IHAs established  
under State law are not excluded from coverage.) The  
Rule also governs certain post-award actions including  
the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or  
modification of contracts, grants, loans, or  
cooperative agreements.
PART II -- OVERVIEW OF SUBSTANTIVE REQUIREMENTS

The Byrd Amendment imposes requirements on applicants and recipients of Federal assistance who use either of the following sources of funds to influence Federal decision makers:

- Funds appropriated to Federal agencies by Congress.
- Other than appropriated funds from non-Federal sources.

A summary of the requirements follows. You should refer to the rule (see Attachment I) for a detailed description of the requirements.

A. APPROPRIATED FUNDS.

1. Basic Prohibition. No appropriated funds may be used by a person who receives a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement to pay for influencing or attempting to influence Executive or Legislative branch personnel in connection with the award of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant or loan, or the entering into of any cooperative agreement. This prohibition also applies to payments made to influence a Federal official in connection with the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment or modification of any contract, grant, loan or cooperative agreement.

2. Required Reporting. Any person who requests or receives a Federal contract, grant, or cooperative agreement exceeding $100,000, or a Federal loan exceeding $150,000, must file a certification (see Attachment I, page 6741) that the person has not made, and will not make, any prohibited payment from appropriated funds. Additionally, the applicant or recipient must certify that a disclosure statement (see Attachment I, page 6743) will be filed, as described in subparagraph II.B.2.c, below, if a payment is made from other than appropriated funds to influence, or attempt to influence, Federal personnel. The certification must be filed at the time the application or request to enter into an agreement is submitted. If it is not filed at the time of application, it must be filed prior to receipt of the award or assistance involved. Submission of the certification is a condition for receipt of the assistance involved.
3. Exceptions. The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds does not apply to:

a. Agency and Legislative Liaison Activities and Agency Requirements. Appropriated funds may be used to pay reasonable compensation to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, if the payment is for:

(1) Agency and legislative liaison activities not directly related to the transaction or the post-award action involved; or

(2) Providing any information specifically requested by the Department.

b. Professional and Technical Services. Appropriated funds also may be used to pay:

(1) Reasonable compensation to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, or a post-award action, if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for the transaction involved, or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receipt of such assistance.

(2) Reasonable compensation to a person, not employed by the person requesting or receiving a contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, or a post-award action, if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for the transaction involved, or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receipt of the assistance.

c. No disclosure forms are required to be filed with respect to payments which are permissible pursuant to the above exceptions.
1. Basic Requirement. The Byrd Amendment does not prohibit the use of other than appropriated funds to influence, or attempt to influence, a Federal official in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, cooperative agreement, loan guarantee or loan insurance, or a post-award action. If other than appropriated funds are used for such purposes, each person requesting or receiving a contract, grant, loan, cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance must file a disclosure form with the Department detailing the lobbying activities. Also, any person who requests or receives a commitment for a loan guarantee or loan insurance must submit a statement whether he or she has made any payments to influence a Federal official in connection with that loan guarantee or insurance.

2. Required Reporting.

a. Certification. Each person who requests or receives a contract, grant or cooperative agreement exceeding $100,000 or a commitment to guarantee or insure a loan exceeding $150,000 must file the certification described at paragraph II.A.2., above. The certification must be filed at the time the application or request to enter an agreement is submitted. If it is not filed at the time of application, it must be filed before receiving the assistance involved.

b. Statements for Loan Guarantees and Loan Insurance. Each person who requests or receives from the Department a commitment to guarantee or insure a loan exceeding $150,000 must file a statement that the person will file a disclosure form (SF-LLL) if the person has made, or will make, any payment to influence, or attempt to influence, any Executive or Legislative branch personnel in connection with that loan insurance or guarantee. For single family insurance, each application that involves a mortgage amount that exceeds the minimum dollar threshold, a statement and, if necessary, a disclosure form should be filed. The statement must be filed at the time the request for guarantee or insurance is made. If it is not filed at the time of application, it must be filed before receiving the commitment.

c. Disclosure Form (SF-LLL). Every person who
requests or receives a Federal contract, grant, or cooperative agreement exceeding $100,000, or a Federal loan, loan guarantee, or loan insurance exceeding $150,000 must disclose any payments made, or agreement to make any payment, from other than appropriated funds for the purpose of influencing, or attempting to influence, any Executive or Legislative branch personnel in connection with the contract, grant, cooperative agreement, loan, loan insurance, or loan guarantee. These disclosures must be made on Form SF-LLL.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to determine whether a Form SF-LLL is required to be submitted to the Department. There are two requirements:

(1) The form must be submitted to the Department at the time of application or request. If it is not filed at the time of request, it must be filed prior to award or agreement.

(2) A new disclosure form must be filed at the end of each calendar quarter in which a payment, or an agreement to make a payment, is made which would have otherwise required reporting at the time of application. Moreover, if an event occurs during the calendar quarter which materially affects the accuracy of information reported on a disclosure form previously submitted, the submitter must file a new disclosure form. Events which "materially affect" the accuracy of information already reported include:

-- A cumulative increase of $25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action;

-- A change in the person(s) influencing or attempting to influence; or

-- A change in the Federal official(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.
to the following:

a. No disclosure form (SF-LLL) is required to be filed in connection with professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of a commitment to insure or guarantee a loan.

b. No disclosure form (SF-LLL) is required to be filed with respect to payments of reasonable compensation made to regularly employed officers and employees of the person requesting or receiving the assistance.

C. SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUBRECIPIENTS

1. Filing of Certifications and Disclosure Forms. Subcontractors and subrecipients are subject to the requirements of the Byrd Amendment concerning the filing of certifications and disclosure forms in the case of:

   a. A subcontract exceeding $100,000 at any tier under a Federal contract;

   b. A subgrant, contract or subcontract exceeding $100,000 at any tier under a Federal grant;

   c. A contact or subcontract exceeding $100,000 at any tier under a Federal cooperative agreement; or

   d. A contract or subcontract exceeding $100,000 at any tier under a Federal loan exceeding $150,000.

2. Reporting by Subcontractors and Subrecipients. Certification and disclosure forms required to be filed by subcontractors and subrecipients must be submitted to the next tier above the submitter. All disclosure forms must be forwarded from tier to tier until they are submitted to the Department. Certification forms are to be retained by the tier to whom they are submitted.

D. PENALTIES

1. Any person who makes a prohibited expenditure is subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000 for each failure.

2. Any person who fails to submit or amend the disclosure
form, when required, is subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000 for each failure.

3. Failure to submit the required certification or statement may result in an application or assistance being delayed or denied.

PART III. PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS

A. FIELD RESPONSIBILITIES. Field Offices should adhere to previously issued program specific guidance (see B. below). The following is a listing of ongoing field responsibilities for the implementation of the Byrd Amendment:

1. Maintenance of Certifications and Statements. Executed certifications and statements should be retained in the appropriate program file (e.g. project file, contract file) with other material submitted by the applicant or requester.

2. Incomplete Applications. The Field Offices must review each application or request received to determine whether it is complete and contains the appropriate certification or statement. If an application submitted to the Department does not contain the required certification or statement, the applicant or requester must be advised that the required documents must be submitted before assistance will be provided.

3. Forwarding and Maintenance of Disclosure Forms. In cases where a disclosure form (SF-LLL) is submitted by an applicant or requester:

   a. At the point of receipt make a duplicate of the disclosure form and forward the original to the Office of Ethics (Headquarters, Room 2158). The Office of Ethics will be the central depository for all disclosure forms filed with the Department.

   b. A duplicate copy of each disclosure form should be retained in the appropriate contract, loan, grant, cooperative agreement file or other similar file.

   c. Disclosure forms which may be submitted at the end of each calendar quarter will be directed to the point where the application or other material submitted to the Department was originally collected. Disclosure forms received at the end
of a calendar quarter shall be forwarded to the Office of Ethics.

d. Any request from a member of the public for a copy of a disclosure form shall be forwarded to the Office of Ethics for handling. The Office of Ethics will forward the request to the Executive Secretariat to be handled in accordance with the Department's Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) procedures.

4. Notice of Violations. Any suspected violation of requirements of the Byrd Amendment should be immediately brought to the attention of the Director, Office of Ethics.

5. NOTE: Even if the loan or grant amounts are not large enough to trigger the certification and disclosure requirements, the prohibitions against the use of Federally appropriated funds for influencing or attempting to influence the actions of Federal officials apply. Accordingly, Field Office staff must be alert to possible violations, which must be reported to the Office of Ethics.

B. HEADQUARTERS RESPONSIBILITIES. Any Headquarters Program Office which receives initial applications or other similar materials submitted to the Department must adhere to the procedures described for Field Offices in paragraph A. above. In addition, the head of each major office who has responsibility for a program involving contracts, grants, cooperative agreements, loan guarantees or loan insurance has issued program specific guidance ensuring compliance with the procedural requirements. A listing of each office's guidance is shown below.

1. Administration -- Office of Ethics

2. Administration -- Office of Procurement and Contracts
   a. January 11, 1990 -- Memorandum to OPC Contracting Staff and Regional Contracting Officers -- "Implementation of the Limitation on the payment of funds to influence Federal transactions."
b. February 6, 1990 -- Memorandum to OPC Contracting Staff and Regional Contracting Officers -- "Limitation on the payment of funds to influence Federal transactions"

c. May 4, 1990 -- Memorandum to OPC Staff and Regional Contracting Officers -- "SF-LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities"

d. July 5, 1990 -- Memorandum to OPC Staff and Regional Contracting Officers -- "Clarification Regarding the Lobbying Restrictions"

e. August 8, 1990 -- Memorandum to OPC Staff and Regional Contracting Officers -- "Lobbying Certifications on Indefinite Quantity Contracts"

3. Office of Housing


c. April 26, 1990 -- Coinsuring Lender Letter No. 90-3 -- "OMB's Interim Final Guidance on Government-Wide New Restrictions on Lobbying"


4. Community Planning and Development

a. December 21, 1989 -- Memorandum to All Regional Administrators and All Category "A" Field Office Managers -- "Revised Certification, CDBG Entitlement Program Prohibition of Use of Federal Funds for Lobbying"

b. Notices for Funding Availability (NOFA) for the Rental Rehabilitation Program for last two fiscal years

5. Public and Indian Housing

a. April 27, 1990 -- Memorandum to All Public Housing Authorities and Resident Management Corporations
1060.03

b. July 10, 1990 -- Memorandum to All Regional Administrators and All Field Office Managers -- "FY 1990 CIAP Implementation of the Byrd Amendment"

c. Notices concerning the Public Housing Development/Major Reconstruction of Obsolete Public Housing Processing in FY 1990 and 1991

6. Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

a. September 4, 1990 -- Memorandum to All Regional Office Directors for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity -- "Implementation of Byrd Amendment"

7. Policy Development and Research

a. PDR does not have field counterparts, therefore, no field guidance was issued.

8. Government National Mortgage Association

a. GNMA does not have field counterparts, therefore, no field guidance was issued.

In addition to the above listed program specific guidance, all NOFAs published in the Federal Register contain Byrd Amendment language.

APPENDIX 1

ATTACHMENT I

ATTACHMENT 1 CONTAINS A COPY OF A FEDERAL REGISTER DOCUMENT THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE DAS FEDERAL REGISTER DATABASE.

APPENDIX 1

ATTACHMENT II

ATTACHMENT 2 CONTAINS A COPY OF A FEDERAL REGISTER DOCUMENT THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE DAS FEDERAL REGISTER DATABASE.