

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Public and Indian Housing

2017 Mainstream Voucher Program FR-6100-N-43 Application Due Date: 06/18/2018

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U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Program Office: Funding Opportunity Title: Announcement Type: Funding Opportunity Number: Primary CFDA Number: Due Date for Applications:

Public and Indian Housing 2017 Mainstream Voucher Program Initial FR-6100-N-43 14.879 06/18/2018

Overview

For Further Information Contact: Please direct questions regarding the specific program requirements of this Program Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) to the agency contact identified in Section VII. Please direct general questions regarding the FY2017 NOFAs to the Office of Strategic Planning and Management, Grants Management and Oversight Division, at <u>AskGMO@hud.gov</u>.

Additional Overview Information

<u>Incorporation of the General Section.</u> HUD publishes a General Section each fiscal year that contains requirements for all applicants to HUD's various competitive grant programs, including this NOFA. Applications must meet all of the requirements of the General Section in addition to the requirements of this NOFA to be considered and potentially receive funding. The full title of the General Section is the General Section to HUD's Fiscal Year 2017 Notices of Funding Availability for Discretionary Programs. Copies are available at <u>Grants.gov</u> and HUD's <u>Funds Available</u> page.

<u>1. Participative Planning and Implementation.</u> HUD encourages applicants to ensure, where applicable, public decision making and meaningful participation throughout the visioning, development, and implementation of funded projects. HUD encourages applicants to work with all residents of affected areas, especially communities traditionally marginalized from planning processes. In seeking public participation, applicants and grantees must ensure that all communications are provided in a manner that is effective for persons with hearing, visual, and other communications-related disabilities consistent with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and, as applicable, the Americans with Disabilities Act. In addition, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. 2000d and Executive Order 13166 require that grantees take responsible steps to ensure meaningful access to services, programs, and activities by persons with Limited English Proficiency (LEP persons).

2. <u>OMB Approval Number(s):</u> 2577-0169

I. Funding Opportunity Description.

A. Program Description.

1. Purpose and Summary.

The Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2017 made approximately \$13 million available for new Section 811 Housing Choice Vouchers (known as Mainstream Vouchers) to assist non-elderly persons with disabilities. The Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2018 made an additional \$385 million available for new Mainstream Vouchers. HUD plans to award the 2017 funding and a portion of the 2018 funding through this NOFA to qualified applicants based on the criteria laid out in this NOFA. Remaining funds will be awarded through a future NOFA.

While not a requirement to receive funding under this NOFA, HUD will provide additional points for public housing agencies (PHAs) that target funds to assist non-elderly persons with disabilities who are transitioning out of institutional or other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless. In addition, points will be awarded for PHAs that formalize partnerships with and leverage resources from State Medicaid Agencies and various health and human services partner agencies or organizations.

Targeting resources to assist eligible persons with disabilities and their families who are transitioning out of institutional or other segregated settings or at serious risk of institutionalization will help further the goals of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). One critical goal under the ADA is to ensure services, programs, and activities by public entities are provided in the most integrated setting appropriate to the needs of individuals with disabilities, as affirmed by the Supreme Court in the *Olmstead* decision (and settlements and decrees implementing *Olmstead*). This NOFA will offer vouchers to provide sustained community-based integrated housing opportunities to non-elderly persons with disabilities.

Partnerships

Applicants are encouraged to establish formal partnerships with multiple health and human service agencies or organizations with a demonstrated capacity to coordinate voluntary services and supports to enable individuals to live independently in the community. These partnerships should assist the PHA to use these vouchers by providing referrals, assisting with a timely transition to a unit, and providing the opportunity to access any supportive services and supports. Demonstrated capacity may refer to previous experience and a well-developed plan to provide referrals, services, and supports, such as organizations participating in a state-wide *Olmstead* plan to assist obtaining integrated housing throughout the community, in the Money Follows the Person demonstration to assist transitions from institutional to community settings, or in implementing a state or local plan to prevent and end homelessness.

A well-developed plan would align with any existing state *Olmstead* Plan and any other existing state plans for housing/community living for persons with disabilities, and detail how the partnerships will function to provide outreach and referrals, transition services, tenancy support, and other services and supports. Applicants with no significant previous experience with these types of partnerships may also meet these requirements by detailing the specified plan above and documented efforts and intention to establish these types of partnerships.

In addition to receiving referrals from partner agencies, the PHA must allow non-elderly persons with disabilities to apply directly to the program without going through a partner agency. There is no limit to the number of agencies a PHA may partner with for referrals and

supportive services.

Although PHAs may provide vouchers to any eligible non-elderly person with a disability, the review process awards more points to those PHAs that set up partnerships and preferences for eligible persons that are transitioning out of institutional or other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless.

2. Changes from Previous NOFA.

The last NOFA for the Mainstream Voucher Program was issued in 2005. The target beneficiaries or voucher recipients for this NOFA are any household that includes one or more non-elderly person with disabilities, instead of only those families with a head, co-head, or spouse that is a person with disabilities. This NOFA provides additional points to PHAs that target assistance towards non-elderly persons with disabilities who are transitioning out of institutional or other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless, and who formalize partnerships with and leverage resources from State Medicaid Agencies and various health and human services partner agencies or organizations.

3. Definitions.

a. Standard Definitions

Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI) is a review of impediments or barriers that affect the rights related to fair housing choice, and pertains to program participants in jurisdictions operating under a current Consolidated Plan and public housing agencies operating under a PHA Plan.

Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) is the analysis undertaken pursuant to 24 CFR 5.154. AFH includes an analysis of fair housing data, an assessment of fair housing issues and contributing factors, the prioritization of contributing factors, and the identification of fair housing goals. It is conducted and submitted to HUD using the Assessment Tool. Entities obligated to prepare and submit an AFH are: (1) Jurisdictions and Insular Areas that are required to submit Consolidated Plans for the following programs: (i) The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program (see 24 CFR part 570, subparts D and I); (ii) The Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) program (see 24 CFR part 576); (iii) The HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) program (see 24 CFR part 576); and (2) Public housing agencies (PHAs) receiving assistance under sections 8 or 9 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f or 42 U.S.C.1437g).

Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) is the person authorized by the E-Biz point of contact in the System for Award Management to submit applications on behalf of the organization. The AOR is listed in item 21 on the SF-424.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) is a directory of the various Federal programs, projects, services and activities that offer financial and non financial assistance and benefits to the American public. CFDA Number is the unique number assigned to each program, project, service or activity listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA).

Consolidated Plan is a document developed by states and local jurisdictions, which they complete by engaging in a participatory process to assess their affordable housing and community development needs and market conditions, and to make data-driven, place-based investment decisions with funding from formula grant programs. (See 24 CFR 91 for more information about the Consolidated Plan and related Annual Action Plan.)

Contract means a legal instrument by which a non-Federal entity purchases property or services needed to carry out the project or program under a Federal award. The term as used with respect to awards, subawards, and cooperative agreements subject to 2 CFR part 200 does not include a legal instrument, even if the non-Federal entity considers it a contract, when the substance of the transaction meets the definition of a Federal award or subaward. (See 2 CFR 200.22 and 200.92.)

Contractor means an entity that receives a contract.

Deficiency – Deficiency is information missing or omitted within a submitted application. Deficiencies typically involve missing documents, information on a form, or some other type of unsatisfied information requirement (e.g., an unsigned form, unchecked box, etc.). Depending on specific criteria, deficiencies may be either curable or non-curable.

- Curable Deficiency Applicants may correct a curable deficiency with timely action. To be curable the deficiency must:
 - Not be a threshold requirement;
 - Not influence how an applicant is ranked or scored versus other applicants; and
 - Be remedied within the time frame specified in the notice of deficiency.
- Non-Curable Deficiency An applicant cannot correct a non-curable deficiency after the submission deadline. Non-curable deficiencies are deficiencies that if corrected would change an applicant's score or rank versus other applicants. Non-curable deficiencies may result in an application being marked ineligible, or otherwise adversely affect an application's score and final determination

DUNS Number is the nine-digit identification number assigned to a business or organization by Dun & Bradstreet and provides a means of identifying business entities on a location-specific basis. Requests for a DUNS number can be made by visiting the Online DUNS Request Portal.

Eligibility Requirements – Eligibility requirements are those requirements that must be met for an application to be eligible for funding. Deficiencies in meeting an eligibility requirement may be categorized as either curable or non-curable.

Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is a database that has been established to track contractor misconduct and performance.

Grants.gov is the website that serves as the Federal government's central portal for searching for and applying for grants throughout the Federal government.

Non-Federal Entity means a state, local government, Indian tribe, institution of higher education (IHE), or non-profit organization that carries out a Federal award as a recipient or subrecipient.

Pass-through Entity means a non-Federal entity that provides a subaward to a subrecipient to carry out part of a Federal program.

Personally identifiable information (PII), as defined in <u>Office of Management and Budget M-</u><u>07-16</u>, is any information which can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, such as their name, social security number, biometric records, etc. alone, or when combined with other personal or identifying information which is linked or linkable to a specific individual, such as date and place of birth, mother's maiden name, etc.

Point of Contact (POC) is the person who may be contacted with questions about the application submitted by the AOR. The point of contact is listed in item 8F on the SF-424.

Preferred Sustainability Status Communities (PSS) for the purposes of HUD's FY2017 funding competitions, are communities that have received PSS under HUD's FY2011 Sustainable Communities Regional Planning Grant Program and/or HUD's FY2011 Community Challenge Planning Grant Program. <u>Click here for list</u>. Promise Zones are federally-designated, high-poverty urban, rural and tribal communities where the Federal government will partner with and invest in communities to accomplish these goals: create jobs, leverage private investment, increase economic activity, expand educational opportunities, and reduce violent crime.

Promotores/Promotoras are Spanish-speaking Community Health Workers who work in their communities to reduce barriers to health services and make health care systems more responsive.

Recipient means a non-Federal entity that receives an award directly from HUD to carry out an activity under a HUD program.

Section 3 Business Concern means a business concern (1) that is 51 percent or more owned by Section 3 residents; or (2) of which at least 30 percent of permanent, full-time employees are currently Section 3 residents, or were Section 3 Residents within three years of the date of first employment with the business concern; or (3) that provides evidence of a commitment to subcontract over 25 percent of the dollar award of all subcontracts to be awarded to business concerns that meet the qualifications in this definition.

Section 3 Residents means: 1) Public housing residents; or 2) Low and very-low income persons, as defined in 24 CFR 135.5, who live in the metropolitan area or non-metropolitan county where a HUD-assisted project for housing or community development is located.

Standard Form 424 (SF-424) is the Application for Federal Assistance Programs required by discretionary grant programs.

Subaward means an award provided by a pass-through entity to a subrecipient for the subrecipient to carry out part of a Federal award received by the pass-through entity. It does not

include payments to a contractor or payments to an individual that is a beneficiary of a Federal program. A subaward may be provided through any form of legal agreement, including an agreement that the pass-through entity considers a contract.

Subrecipient means a non-Federal entity that receives a subaward from a pass-through entity to carry out part of a HUD program; but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such program. A subrecipient may also receive other Federal awards directly from a Federal awarding agency (including HUD).

System for Award Management (SAM), located at the website sam.gov, is the official U.S. Government system that consolidated the capabilities of Central Contractor Registry (CCR), Excluded Parties List System (EPLS) and the Online Representations and Certifications Application (ORCA). Registration with Sam.gov is required for submission of applications via grants.gov.

Threshold Requirement – Threshold requirements are a type of eligibility requirement. Threshold requirements must be met in order for an application to be reviewed. Threshold requirements are not curable. Threshold requirements are listed in Section III.C.1. Threshold Requirements of this Program NOFA.

Applicants must ensure their application package addresses all threshold requirements. Please check your application carefully!

b. Program Definitions

Eligible household: A household composed of one or more non-elderly person with disabilities, which may include additional household members who are not non-elderly persons with disabilities. A household where the sole members is an emancipated minor is not an eligible household.

The terms "disability" and "person with disabilities" are used in two contexts - for civil rights protections, and for program eligibility purposes. Each use has specific definitions. When used in the context of application of Federal civil rights laws and requirements, including the prohibition against discrimination, the civil rights related definitions apply. When used in the context of eligibility under this NOFA, the program eligibility definitions apply.

Non-elderly person with disabilities (for purposes of determining eligibility): A person 18 years of age or older and less than 62 years of age, and who:

(i) Has a disability, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 423;

(ii) Is determined, pursuant to HUD regulations, to have a physical, mental, or emotional impairment that:

(A) Is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration;

(B) Substantially impedes his or her ability to live independently, and

(C) Is of such a nature that the ability to live independently could be improved by more suitable housing conditions; or

(iii) Has a developmental disability as defined in 42 U.S.C. 6001.

Person with disabilities (for purposes of civil rights): see 24 CFR § 8.3; 24 CFR § 100.201; 28 CFR §§ 35.104, 108).

The following definitions are provided as a guide for the purposes of this NOFA, however, PHAs may use applicable local or state definitions if available as long as individuals who fall under these definitions are still eligible.

Institutional or other segregated settings include, but are not limited to: (1) congregate settings populated exclusively or primarily with individuals with disabilities; (2) congregate settings characterized by regimentation in daily activities, lack of privacy or autonomy, policies limiting visitors, or limits on individuals' ability to engage freely in community activities and to manage their own activities of daily living; or (3) settings that provide for daytime activities primarily with other individuals with disabilities.

At serious risk of institutionalization: Includes an individual with a disability who as a result of a public entity's failure to provide community services or its cut to such services will likely cause a decline in health, safety, or welfare that would lead to the individual's eventual placement in an institution. This includes individuals experiencing lack of access to supportive services for independent living, long waiting lists for or lack of access to housing combined with community based services, individuals currently living under poor housing conditions or homeless with barriers to geographic mobility, and/or currently living alone but requiring supportive services for independent living. A person cannot be considered at serious risk of institutionalization unless the person has a disability. An individual may be designated as at serious risk of institutionalization, or by self-identification.

Homeless means:

(1) An individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning:

(i) An individual or family with a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings, including a car, park, abandoned building, bus or train station, airport, or camping ground;

(ii) An individual or family living in a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, State, or local government programs for low-income individuals); or

(iii) An individual who is exiting an institution where he or she resided for 90 days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution;

(2) An individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:

(i) The primary nighttime residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;

(ii) No subsequent residence has been identified; and

(iii) The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, faithbased or other social networks, needed to obtain other permanent housing;

(3) Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who:

(i) Are defined as homeless under section 387 of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5732a), section 637 of the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9832), section 41403 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14043e-2), section 330(h) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(h)), section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012), section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)), or section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a);

(ii) Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing at any time during the 60 days immediately preceding the date of application for homeless assistance;

(iii) Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during the 60day period immediately preceding the date of applying for homeless assistance; and

(iv) Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time because of chronic disabilities; chronic physical health or mental health conditions; substance addiction; histories of domestic violence or childhood abuse (including neglect); the presence of a child or youth with a disability; or two or more barriers to employment, which include the lack of a high school degree or General Education Development (GED), illiteracy, low English proficiency, a history of incarceration or detention for criminal activity, and a history of unstable employment; or

(4) Any individual or family who:

(i) Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a family member, including a child, that has either taken place within the individual's or family's primary nighttime residence or has made the individual or family afraid to return to their primary nighttime residence;

(ii) Has no other residence; and

(iii) Lacks the resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, and faith-based or other social networks, to obtain other permanent housing.

At risk of becoming homeless: An individual or family who:

(i) Does not have sufficient resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, faith-based or other social networks, immediately <u>available</u> to prevent them from moving to an <u>emergency</u> <u>shelter</u> or another place described in paragraph (1) of the "Homeless" definition in this section; and

(ii) Meets one of the following conditions:

(A) Has moved because of economic reasons two or more times during the 60 days immediately preceding the application for homelessness prevention assistance;

(B) Is living in the home of another because of economic hardship;

(C) Has been notified in writing that their right to occupy their current housing or living situation will be terminated within 21 days of the date of application for assistance;

(D) Lives in a hotel or motel and the cost of the hotel or motel stay is not paid by charitable organizations or by federal, <u>State</u>, or local government programs for low-income individuals;

(E) Lives in a single-room occupancy or efficiency apartment unit in which there reside more than two persons, or lives in a larger housing unit in which there reside more than 1.5 people per room, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau;

(F) Is exiting a publicly funded institution, or system of care (such as a health-care facility, a mental health facility, foster care or other youth facility, or correction program or institution); or

(G) Otherwise lives in housing that has characteristics associated with instability and an increased risk of homelessness.

4. Resources.

- Grants.gov
- HUD Funds available
- <u>Code of Conduct list</u>
- <u>SAM</u>
- Dun & Bradstreet
- <u>Do Not Pay</u>
- <u>FAPIIS</u>

B. Authority.

The statutory authority for the Mainstream Voucher program is the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. 8013 (P.L. 101-625) as amended by the Frank Melville Supportive Housing Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-374), the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (P.L. 115-31) and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (P.L. 115-141).

II. Award Information.

A. Available Funds.

\$100,000,000 is available through this NOFA.

Additional funds may become available for award under this NOFA as a result of HUD's efforts to recapture unused funds, use carryover funds, or because of the availability of additional appropriated funds. Use of these funds is subject to statutory constraints. All awards are subject to the applicable funding restrictions described in the General Section and to those contained in

this NOFA.

B. Number of Awards.

HUD expects to make approximately 40 awards from the funds available under this NOFA.

C. Minimum/Maximum Award Information.	
Estimated Total Funding: Minimum Award Amount:	\$100,000,000 \$75,000 Per Project Period \$5,000,000 Per Project Period
Maximum Award Amount: D. Period of Performance.	\$5,000,000 Per Project Period
Estimated Project Start Date:	08/07/2018
Estimated Project End Date:	08/06/2019
Length of Project Periods:	12-month project period and budget period
Length of Project Periods Explanation of Other:	
E. Type of Funding Instrument.	
Funding Instrument Type:	Grant

III. Eligibility Information.

A. Eligible Applicants.

Public housing authorities/Indian housing authorities

Only public housing authorities (PHAs) and non-profit organizations that already administer Housing Choice Vouchers are eligible to apply. Indian housing authorities (IHAs) are not eligible because they do not administer Housing Choice Vouchers.

HUD does not award grants to individuals. HUD will not evaluate applications from ineligible applicants.

B. Cost Sharing or Matching.

This Program does not require an applicant to leverage resources through cost sharing or matching.

C. Threshold Requirements.

Applicants who fail to meet any of the following threshold eligibility requirements will be deemed ineligible. Applications from ineligible applicants will not be evaluated. See also Section I.A.3. Definitions.

1. Timely Submission of Applications – Applications submitted after the deadline stated within this NOFA and that do not meet the requirements of the grace period policy will be marked late. Late applications are deemed ineligible and will not be considered for funding. See also Section IV Application and Submission Information, part D. Application Submission Dates and Times.

2. Resolution of Civil Rights Matters. Outstanding civil rights matters must be resolved before the application deadline. Applicants who after review are confirmed to have civil rights matters unresolved at the application deadline will be deemed ineligible; the application will receive no further review, will not be rated and ranked, and will not receive funding.

a. Applicants having any of the charges, cause determinations, lawsuits, or letters of findings referenced in subparagraphs (1) - (5) that have not been resolved to HUD's satisfaction before or on the application deadline date are ineligible for funding. Such matters include:

(1) Charges from HUD concerning a systemic violation of the Fair Housing Act or receipt of a cause determination from a substantially equivalent state or local fair housing agency concerning a systemic violation of a substantially equivalent state or local fair housing law proscribing discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability or familial status;

(2) Status as a defendant in a Fair Housing Act lawsuit filed by the Department of Justice alleging a pattern or practice of discrimination or denial of rights to a group of persons raising an issue of general public importance under 42 U.S.C. 3614(a);

(3) Status as a defendant in any other lawsuit filed or joined by the Department of Justice, or in which the Department of Justice has intervened, or filed an amicus brief or statement of interest, alleging a pattern or practice or systemic violation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, the Americans with Disabilities Act or a claim under the False Claims Act related to fair housing, non-discrimination, or civil rights generally including an alleged failure to affirmatively further fair housing;
(4) Receipt of a letter of findings identifying systemic non-compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974; or the Americans with Disabilities Act; or

(5) Receipt of a cause determination from a substantially equivalent state or local fair housing agency concerning a systemic violation of provisions of a state or local law prohibiting discrimination in housing based on sexual orientation, gender identity, or lawful source of income.

b. HUD will determine if actions to resolve the charge, cause determination, lawsuit, or letter of findings taken before the application deadline date will resolve the matter. Examples of actions that may be sufficient to resolve the matter include, but are not limited to:

- Current compliance with a voluntary compliance agreement signed by all the parties;
- Current compliance with a HUD-approved conciliation agreement signed by all the parties;
- Current compliance with a conciliation agreement signed by all the parties and approved by the state governmental or local administrative agency with jurisdiction over the matter;
- Current compliance with a consent order or consent decree;
- Current compliance with a final judicial ruling or administrative ruling or decision; or
- Dismissal of charges.

D. Statutory and Regulatory Requirements Affecting Eligibility.

1. Compliance with Non-discrimination and Related Requirements.

Unless otherwise specified, these non-discrimination and equal opportunity authorities and other requirements apply to all Program NOFAs. Please read the following requirements carefully as the requirements are different among HUD's programs.

Compliance with Fair Housing and Civil Rights Laws.

With some exceptions for federally recognized Indian tribes, recipients and their prospective subrecipients must comply with all applicable fair housing and civil rights requirements in 24 CFR 5.105(a), including, but not limited to, the Fair Housing Act; Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act; Title II and Title III of the ADA of 1990.

Recipients of HUD funds, and their prospective sub-recipients, who are conducting programs or activities in a state or local jurisdiction that has passed a law prohibiting discrimination in housing based upon sexual orientation or gender identity, or a law prohibiting discrimination in housing based on lawful source of income, must comply with the law(s) of the state or locality in which the program activities are conducted.

Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing.

Section 808(e)(5) of the Fair Housing Act requires HUD to affirmatively further the purposes of the Fair Housing Act in its housing and urban development programs. HUD requires recipients of funds, including those awarded and announced under HUD's FY 2017 Program NOFAs not specifically exempted, to take meaningful actions that affirmatively further fair housing.

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this Program NOFA, an applicant must discuss how it will carry out the proposed activities in a manner that affirmatively furthers fair housing in compliance with Section 808(e)(5) of the Fair Housing Act. If the applicant operates in a jurisdiction with an accepted Assessment of Fair Housing, the proposed activities should be consistent with the AFH's fair housing goals and with fair housing strategies specified in any applicable Consolidated Plan or Public Housing Agency Plan.

Federally recognized Indian tribes are not subject to the requirement to affirmatively further fair

housing in their use of certain HUD funds. Other tribal entities may also be exempt. If a tribal entity's use of HUD funds is subject to the Fair Housing Act, then its proposed activities under a particular program NOFA should be consistent with the AFH's fair housing goals and with fair housing strategies specified in any applicable Consolidated Plan.

Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency (LEP).

Executive Order (E.O.) 13166 seeks to improve access to federally assisted programs and activities for individuals who, because of national origin, have LEP. Recipients of HUD funds shall take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to their programs and activities to LEP individuals. As an aid to recipients, HUD published Final Guidance to Federal Financial Assistance Recipients: Title VI Prohibition Against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons (LEP Guidance) in the Federal Register on January 22, 2007 (72 FR 2732). LEP guidance and LEP information is available on HUD's website.

Accessible Technology.

Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act (Section 508) requires HUD to ensure, when developing, procuring, maintaining, or using electronic and information technology (EIT), that the EIT allows persons with disabilities to access and use information and data comparably to those without disabilities unless an undue burden would result to the Federal agency. HUD encourages its recipients to adopt the goals and objectives of Section 508 by ensuring comparable access whenever EIT is used. Recipients must also comply with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and, where applicable, the ADA. These statutes also require effective communication with individuals with disabilities and prohibit EIT-imposed barriers to access information, programs, and activities by persons with disabilities. (See Information on accessible technology.)

Equal Access Housing in HUD Programs Regardless of Sexual Orientation or Gender Identity.

The Equal Access Rule requires that a determination of eligibility for housing that is assisted by HUD or subject to a mortgage insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) shall be made in accordance with the eligibility requirements provided for such program by HUD, and such housing shall be made available without regard to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity or marital status. In addition, the rule prohibits owners or administrators of HUD-assisted or FHA insured housing, approved lenders in an FHA mortgage insurance program, or any other recipient or subrecipient of HUD funds from inquiring about the sexual orientation or gender identity of an applicant for or occupant of HUD-Assisted or insured housing. Thus, HUD recipients and subrecipients must comply with 24 CFR 5.105(a)(2) when determining eligibility for housing assisted by HUD or insured by FHA and may not inquire about sexual orientation or gender identity are at 24 CFR 5.100. HUD's definition of family is at 24 CFR 5.403. (See other regulatory changes made through HUD's Equal Access Rule at 77 FR 5662 Feb. 3, 2012.)

2. HUD- or Federal government-wide Requirements.

a. Outstanding Delinquent Federal Debts - It is HUD policy, consistent with the purposes and

intent of 31 U.S.C. 3720B and 28 U.S.C. 3201(e), that applicants with outstanding delinquent federal debt will not be eligible to receive an award of funds, unless:

- A negotiated repayment schedule is established and the repayment schedule is not delinquent, or
- Other arrangements satisfactory to HUD are made prior to the award of funds by HUD.

If satisfactory arrangements cannot be completed within 90 days of notification of selection, HUD will not make an award of funds to the applicant, and instead offer the award to the next eligible applicant. HUD may act earlier than the above stated 90 days to ensure, in HUD's determination, that the funds can be obligated in a timely manner. Applicants selected for funding, or awarded funds, must report any changes in status of current agreements covering federal debt. HUD may withhold funding, terminate an award, or seek other remedies from a grantee if a previously agreed-upon payment schedule has not been followed or a new agreement with the federal agency to which the debt is owed has not been signed.

b. Sufficiency of Financial Management System. HUD will not award or disburse funds to applicants that do not have a financial management system that meets Federal standards as described at 2 CFR 200.302. HUD may arrange for a survey of financial management systems for applicants selected for award who have not previously received Federal financial assistance, where HUD Program officials have reason to question whether a financial management system meets Federal standards, or for applicants considered high risk based on past performance or financial management findings.

c. Debarments and/or Suspensions – Under 2 CFR 2424, no award of Federal funds may be made to debarred or suspended applicants, or those proposed to be debarred or suspended from doing business with the Federal government.

d. False Statements – A false statement in an application is grounds for denial or termination of an award and possible punishment, as provided in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

e. Pre-selection Review of Performance. – If your organization has delinquent federal debt or is excluded from doing business with the Federal government, the organization may be ineligible for an award. In addition, before making a Federal award, HUD reviews information available through any OMB-designated repositories of government-wide eligibility qualification or financial integrity information, such as Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS), and the "Do Not Pay" website. HUD may consider other public sources such as newspapers, Inspector General or Government Accountability Office reports or findings, or other complaints that have been proven to have merit. Applicants may review and comment on any information in FAPIIS through SAM. HUD reserves the right to:

- Deny funding, or with a renewal or continuing award, consider suspension or termination of an award immediately for cause,
- Require the removal of any key individual from association with management or implementation of the award, and

• Make provisions or revisions regarding the method of payment or financial reporting requirements.

f. Mandatory Disclosure Requirement. Recipients or applicants must disclose in writing to the awarding program office at HUD, all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award within ten days after learning of the violation. Recipients that have received a Federal award including the term and condition outlined in Appendix XII to Part 200—Award Term and Condition for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters are required to report certain civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings to SAM. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in §200.338 Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment. (See also 2 CFR part 180, 31 U.S.C. 3321, and 41 U.S.C. 2313.)

g. Conducting Business in Accordance with Ethical Standards/Code of Conduct -

Before entering into an agreement with HUD, applicants selected for award must ensure an upto-date copy of the organization's code of conduct, dated and signed by the Executive Director, Chair, or equivalent official, of the governing body of the organization has been submitted to HUD.

Codes of conduct must prohibit real and apparent conflicts of interest that may arise among officers, employees, or agents; prohibit the solicitation and acceptance of gifts or gratuities over minimal value by officers, employees, or agents for their personal benefit; and outline administrative and disciplinary actions available to remedy violations of such standards. (See 2 CFR 200.112 and 2 CFR 200.318.)

If the recipient has a parent, affiliate, or subsidiary organization, whether non-profit or forprofit, the recipient must also maintain written standards of conduct covering organizational conflicts of interest. "Organizational conflicts of interest" means that because of relationships with a parent, affiliate, or subsidiary organization, the recipient is unable, or appears to be unable, to be impartial in administering the award or serving as a pass-through-entity.

h. Conflict of Interest of Consultants or Technical Experts Assisting HUD – Consultants and technical experts who assist HUD in rating and ranking applications for funding under published FY 2017 Program NOFAs are subject to 18 U.S.C. 208, the federal criminal conflict-of-interest statute, and the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch regulation published at 5 CFR part 2635. As a result, consultants and technical experts who have assisted or plan to assist applicants with preparing applications for FY 2017 Program NOFAs may not serve on a selection panel and may not serve as a technical advisor to HUD. Anyone involved in rating and ranking FY 2017 Program NOFA applications, including departmental staff, experts and consultants must avoid conflicts of interest or the appearance of such conflicts. These individuals must also disclose to HUD's Office of General Counsel Ethics Law Division the following information, if applicable:

• How the selection or non-selection of any applicant under a FY 2017 Program NOFA

will affect the individual's financial interests, as provided in 18 U.S.C. 208, or

• How the application process involves a party with whom the individual has a covered relationship under 5 CFR 2635.502

The consultant or technical expert assisting HUD must disclose this information before participating in any matter regarding an FY 2017 program NOFA. Applicants with questions regarding these provisions or concerning a conflict of interest, please call the Office of General Counsel, Ethics Law Division, at (202) 708-3815 (this is not a toll-free number). The phone number above may also be reached by individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, or who have speech disabilities, through the Federal Relay Services service at 1-800-877-8339.

i. Prohibition Against Lobbying Activities. Applicants are subject to the provisions of Section 319 of Public Law 101-121, 31 U.S.C. 1352, (the Byrd Amendment) and 24 CFR part 87, which prohibit recipients of federal awards from using appropriated funds for lobbying the executive or legislative branches of the Federal government in connection with a specific award. All applicants must submit with their application the signed Certification Regarding Lobbying included in the Application download from Grants.gov. In addition, applicants must disclose, using Standard Form LLL (SF-LLL), "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," any funds, other than federally appropriated funds, that will be or have been used to influence federal employees, members of Congress, or congressional staff regarding specific grants or contracts. Federally-recognized Indian tribes and tribally designated housing entities (TDHEs) established by federally-recognized Indian tribes as a result of the exercise of the tribe's sovereign power are excluded from coverage of the Byrd Amendment, but state-recognized Indian tribes and TDHEs established only under state law shall comply with this requirement. Applicants must submit the SF-LLL if they have used or intend to use non-federal funds for lobbying activities.

k. Consistency with the Consolidated Plan and Analysis of Impediments (AI)/Assessment of Fair Housing – Certain competitive Programs require applications to contain a certification of consistency with a HUD-approved Consolidated Plan. This certification means that the proposed activities are consistent with the jurisdiction's strategic plan, and the location of the proposed activities is consistent with the geographic areas specified in the Consolidated Plan. The Consolidated Plan also includes the jurisdiction's certification to affirmatively further fair housing which means, among other requirements, that the jurisdiction has conducted an AI/Assessment of Fair Housing. If a program NOFA requires a certification of consistency with the Consolidated Plan and you fail to provide the certification, and you do not cure the omission as a curable deficiency, HUD will not fund the application.

Under HUD's regulations at 24 CFR 91.2(d), an applicant's PHA Plan must include a certification by the appropriate state or local official that the PHA Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction in which the PHA is located and must describe the manner in which the applicable contents of the PHA Plan are consistent with the Consolidated Plan.

E. Program Specific Requirements.

Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCV) Requirements. HCVs awarded under this NOFA will be subject to all requirements of 24 CFR part 982, or part 983 if vouchers are

project-based. Moving to Work (MTW) agencies may administer these vouchers under their MTW agreements, unless inconsistent with Appropriations Act requirements or the requirements of this NOFA. If a conflict occurs, the Appropriations Act and/or this funding notice govern.

Reallocation of Funds. Funds awarded may be recaptured and reallocated if the PHA or nonprofit organization does not comply with the requirements of the NOFA or fails to maintain a utilization rate of 80% for the vouchers awarded under this NOFA.

Nondiscrimination Requirements for Partnerships. Establishing a network of referrals and supports through PHA partnerships with service agencies should help ensure voucher utilization, especially among individuals transitioning from institutional and other segregated settings and individuals at serious risk of institutionalization. While HUD does not require a particular structure for partner agreements, HUD encourages PHAs to develop partnerships with several agencies at both the state and local level. This may be accomplished by formalizing agreements with several community-based organizations committing to provide supports and referrals, or alternatively, by formalizing agreements with primary partner agencies that in turn have demonstrated commitments to work with various identified community-based organizations. This commitment may be demonstrated by identifying the various local organizations the PHA and primary partner agencies will work with through this network. This may include, for example, organizations assisting with discharge/transition planning and case management; supported employment providers; state Medicaid agencies (SMAs); Centers for Independent Living (CILs); fair housing organizations; state Aging and Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs); Area Agencies on Aging (AAA); State Protection and Advocacy Agencies (P&A's); Community Mental Health Centers and/or Long-Term Care Ombudsmen; Accountable Care Organizations; health and human service agencies; other State agencies; and other various entities.

Such partnerships, however, cannot result in eligibility requirements which may violate nondiscrimination requirements under any applicable Federal civil rights statutes and requirements, including Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (Section 504), titles II or III of the Americans with Disabilities (ADA), and the Fair Housing Act and their implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8; 28 CFR parts 35 and 36; 24 CFR part 100. PHAs cannot restrict the vouchers to those referred or approved by a single state or local agency or to persons with specific disabilities or diagnoses unless through a HUD-approved remedial action. *See* HUD's Statement on the Role of Housing in Accomplishing the Goals of *Olmstead*, <u>https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/OLMSTEADGUIDNC060413.PDF</u>. For example, PHAs cannot exclusively partner with a local organization that solely provides services to individuals with a specific type of disability, or with a state Medicaid agency whose programs do not provide service options for individuals with a limited range of disabilities who qualify for specific service programs and exclude individuals with other types of disabilities who otherwise would qualify for participation in the voucher program.

Voluntary Supportive Services. PHAs (including MTW agencies) or partner agencies/organizations must not require participants to utilize supportive services as a condition for participation. Moreover, individuals with disabilities are not required to accept any services as a condition of housing assistance. Individuals may receive services from a different provider

of their choosing or choose not to participate in any services.

Option to Apply Directly. As with any other program applicant, PHAs (including MTW agencies) must allow qualifying persons with disabilities that are transitioning out of institutional or other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless to apply for the program directly through the PHA and not limit vouchers only to those being referred or approved through partner agencies. The PHA cannot give preference to referred persons over applicants who apply directly through the PHA for the program.

Program Evaluation. As a condition of the receipt of financial assistance under this NOFA, all Grantees will be required to cooperate with HUD, Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), and Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), or any contractors affiliated with HUD, HHS, and CMS in evaluating this program. HUD may pursue the option to fund a rigorous independent evaluation of this program, or HUD may choose to utilize existing administrative data and data submitted by grantees as part of quarterly and annual reports to assess the effectiveness of the program.

Effective Communication. All notices and communications must be provided in a manner that is effective for persons with hearing, visual, and other communication-related disabilities consistent with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and HUD's Section 504 regulation, and Titles II or III of the ADA and implementing regulations. Recipients must provide appropriate auxiliary aids and services necessary to ensure effective communication, which includes ensuring that information is provided in appropriate accessible formats as needed, *e.g.*, Braille, audio, large type, assistive listening devices, and sign language interpreters, accessible websites and other electronic communications (See 24 CFR 8.6; 28 CFR 35.160, 36.303).

F. Criteria for Beneficiaries.

This program has eligibility criteria for beneficiaries.

Voucher recipient households must include a person that meets the definition of a nonelderly person with disabilities.

IV. Application and Submission Information.

A. Obtaining an Application Package.

Instructions for Applicants

You must download both the Application Instruction and the Application Package from <u>Grants.gov</u>. To ensure you are using the correct Application Package and Application Instructions, you must verify that the CFDA Number and CFDA Description on the first page of the Application Package, and the Opportunity Title and the Funding Opportunity Number match the Program and NOFA to which you are applying.

The Application Package contains the Adobe forms created by Grants.gov. The Instruction download contains official copies of the General Section and Program NOFA, and forms necessary for a complete application. The Instruction download may include Microsoft Word, Microsoft Excel and additional Adobe Portable Document Format documents.

An applicant demonstrating good cause may request a waiver from the requirement for electronic submission. For example, a lack of available Internet access in the geographic area in which your business offices are located. Lack of SAM registration or valid DUNS is not deemed good cause. If you cannot submit your application electronically, you must ask in writing for a waiver of the electronic grant submission requirements. HUD will not grant a waiver if HUD does not receive your written request at least 15 days before the application deadline or if you do not demonstrate good cause. If HUD waives the requirement, HUD must receive your paper application before the deadline of this NOFA. To request a waiver and receive a paper copy of the application materials, you should contact:

Email: MainstreamVouchers@hud.gov

B. Content and Form of Application Submission.

To ensure that the correct Application Package and Application Instructions are used, applicants must verify that the CFDA Number and CFDA Description on the first page of the Application Package downloaded from Grants.gov, as well as the Funding Opportunity Title, and the Funding Opportunity Number match the Program and NOFA to which they are applying. You must verify that boxes 11, 12, and 13 on the SF-424 match the NOFA for which you are applying. If they do not match, you have downloaded the wrong Application Instruction and Application Package.

Submission of an application under the wrong CFDA and Funding Opportunity Number is a curable deficiency.

1. Content.

Forms for your package include the forms outlined below:

Forms / Assurances / Certifications	Submission Requirement	Notes / Description
HUD Applicant Recipient Disclosure Report (HUD) 2880 Applicant/Recipient Disclosure/Update Report	HUD will provide instructions to grantees on how the form is to be submitted.	HUD will provide instructions to grantees on how the form is to be submitted.
Acknowledgment of Application Receipt (HUD2993), if applicable	This form is applicable only to applications submitted on paper, following receipt of a waiver of electronic submission.	This form is not required but is available for applicants who want confirmation that their hard-copy application was received by HUD. The form must be submitted with the application, in accordance with the application submission instructions included in the waiver of electronic

		submission.
Funding Application (HUD-52515)	See instructions for completing this form in the following section.	

Additionally, your complete application must include the following narratives and non-form attachments.

- 1. Funding Application (HUD-52515)
 - 1. PHA's name, address, and PHA code ("Name and Mailing Address of the Housing Agency (HA) requesting housing assistance payments" on HUD-52515)
 - 2. The geographic area in which the PHA may administer the vouchers awarded under this NOFA ("Legal Area of Operation" on HUD-52515)
 - 3. Minimum Number of Vouchers the applicant will accept
 - 4. Maximum Number of Vouchers the applicant will accept
 - 5. Section D: enter narrative responses to the following questions under Section D of the form:
 - 1. Describe the PHA's and partner organization(s)'s experience and capacity for providing the following services:
 - 1. Coordinating outreach and referral of persons with disabilities in institutional and other segregated settings who want to move to community settings.
 - 2. Coordinating outreach and referral of persons who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless.
 - 3. Assisting persons with disabilities applying to various housing programs.
 - 4. Assisting persons with disabilities in finding housing, making or facilitating home modifications and securing disability-related accommodations.
 - 5. Assisting persons with disabilities moving into units on the private rental market.
 - 6. Making referrals, coordinating, and monitoring home and community-based services.
 - 7. Providing tenancy support for persons with disabilities.
 - 2. Describe how the PHA and partner organization(s) will work together and communicate to track and improve referrals and leasing of the vouchers awarded through this NOFA.
 - 3. Describe how the PHA will ensure that persons with all types of disabilities may access assistance under this program. For example, the PHA may:
 - 1. Partner with multiple organizations that combined will assist persons with all types of disabilities
 - 2. Partner with one organization that serves all persons with disabilities, i.e. does not target only a specific subset of persons

with disabilities, e.g. persons with developmental disabilities.

- 3. Provide direct outreach to persons with disabilities and groups serving persons with disabilities inviting them to apply for assistance
- 2. Certification PHA must submit a certification stating whether the PHA will provide an admissions preference for the targeted population. Certification should be provided as follows. If certification is not provided, relevant points will not be awarded. (Insert name of PHA) will provide a preference in its administrative plan for non-elderly persons with disabilities transitioning out of institutional and other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless. An update to the administrative plan will be completed within one calendar year of award date.
- 3. Letters of intent, memoranda of understanding, or other agreements from State Medicaid Agencies and/or other community-based organizations serving persons with disabilities, including but not limited to Centers for Independent Living (as defined in section 702 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 796a)), fair housing organizations, state Aging and Disability Resource Centers (ADRCs), Area Agencies on Aging (AAAs) or State Agencies (as defined as defined in section 102 of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3002), State Protection and Advocacy Agencies (P&A's) Community Mental Health Centers and/or Long Term Care Ombudsmen, Accountable Care Organizations, health and human services agencies, or other State agencies with experience helping identify and assist individuals seeking to transition into community settings or to remain in community settings. The letter, memo, or agreement must be on the organization's letterhead and must include:
 - 1. The services the organization will provide.
 - 2. The population the organization serves, including whether population is limited by type of disability, age, or geographic area.
- 4. Relevant excerpts from PHAs Administrative Plan, PHA Plan, and any other relevant evidence to demonstrate the PHAs commitment to serving persons with disabilities.

2. Format and Form.

Narratives and other attachments to your application must follow the following format guidelines.

No restrictions.

C. System for Award Management (SAM) and Dun and Bradstreet Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number.

1. SAM Registration Requirement

Applicants must be registered with SAM before submitting their application. In addition, applicants must maintain an active SAM registration with current information at all times when they have an active Federal award or an application or plan under consideration by HUD.

2. DUNS Number Requirement.

Applicants must provide a valid DUNS number, registered and active at SAM, in the application. DUNS numbers may be obtained for free from <u>Dun and Bradstreet</u>.

3. Requirement to Register with Grants.gov.

Anyone planning to submit grant applications on behalf of an organization must register at Grants.gov and be approved by the EBiz Point of Contact in SAM to submit applications for the organization.

Registration for SAM and Grants.gov is a multi-step process and can take four (4) weeks or longer to complete if data issues arise Applicants without a valid registration cannot submit an application through Grants.gov. Complete registration instructions and guidance are provided at Grants.gov. See also Section IV.B for necessary form and content information.

D. Application Submission Dates and Times.

The application deadline is 11:59:59 p.m. Eastern time on **06/18/2018**. Applications must be received no later than the deadline.

Submit your application to Grants.gov unless a waiver has been issued allowing you to submit your application in paper form. Instructions for submitting your application to Grants.gov are contained in the Application Package you downloaded from Grants.gov. Instructions for submitting your paper application will be contained in the waiver of electronic submission.

Applications under HUD's Continuum of Care (CoC) grant program are an exception to the submission requirements detailed in the previous paragraph. Applications for that grant program are submitted through HUD's e-snaps system.

"Received by Grants.gov" means the applicant received a confirmation of receipt and an application tracking number from Grants.gov. Grants.gov assigns an application tracking number and date- and time-stamps each application upon successful receipt by the Grants.gov system. A submission attempt that does not result in confirmation of receipt and an application tracking number is not considered received by Grants.gov.

Applications received by Grants.gov must be validated by Grants.gov in order to be received by HUD. "Validated by Grants.gov" means the application has been accepted and was not rejected with errors. You can track the status of your application by logging into Grants.gov, selecting "Applicants" from the top navigation, and selecting "Track my application" from the dropdown list. If the application status is "rejected with errors," you must correct the error(s) and resubmit the application before the 24-hour grace period ends. Applications in "rejected with errors" status after the 24-hour grace period expires will not be received by HUD. Visit Grants.gov for a complete description of processing steps after submitting an application. To quickly check the status of your application:

- Go to www.grants.gov.
- Under the APPLICANTS tab on the Home page header, select <u>Track My Application</u>.
- In the text box provided, enter your Grants.gov application tracking number and click on the red Submit Application Tracking Numbers button. If the status is rejected with errors, you can get more information by logging in to Grants.gov with the username and password for the AOR account used to submit the application.

HUD strongly recommends Applications be submitted at least 48 hours before the deadline and during regular business hours to allow enough time to correct errors or overcome other problems.

Note: Now you can verify the contents of your submitted application to confirm Grants.gov received everything you intended to submit. To verify the contents of your submitted application:

- Go to www.grants.gov.
- On the top, right corner, click on the LOGIN link.
- Under the APPLICANT tab, enter the username and password for the AOR account used to submit the application and click on the LOGIN button.
- If your organization has Standard AOR Access Level, please click on the CHECK MY APPLICATION STATUS link on the left. If your organization has Expanded AOR Access Level, please click on the CHECK APPLICATION STATUS FOR ORGANIZATION link.
- Select SEARCH BY: ALL and click on the SEARCH button.
- Click on the submission you wish to download to highlight it.
- Click on the DOWNLOAD APPLICATION button.
- You will be prompted to OPEN or SAVE a ZIP file. Click on the button for the option of your choice.

Please make note of the associated tracking number as it will be referenced by the Grants.gov Help Desk. Make note of the ticket number in case you need help from grants.gov.

HUD may extend the application deadline for any program if Grants.gov is offline or not available to applicants for at least 24 hours immediately prior to the deadline date, or the system is down for 24 hours or longer and impacts the ability of applicants to cure a submission deficiency within the grace period.

HUD may also extend the application deadline upon request if there is a presidentially-declared disaster in the applicant's area.

In the event of either of these events, HUD will post a notice on its website that establishes the new, extended deadline for the affected applicants. HUD will also include the fact of the extension in the program's Notice of Funding Awards that is required to be published in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

In determining whether to grant a request for an extension based on a presidentially-declared disaster, HUD will consider the totality of the circumstances including the date of an applicant's extension request (how closely it followed the basis for the extension), whether other applicants in the geographic area are similarly affected by the disaster, and how quickly power or services are restored to enable the applicant to submit its application.

PLEASE NOTE: Busy servers, slow processing, or large file sizes, improper registration or password issues are not valid circumstances to extend the deadline dates or the grace period.

1. Amending or Resubmitting an Application.

Before the submission deadline, you may amend an application that has been validated by Grants.gov by resubmitting a revised application containing the new or changed material. The resubmitted application must be received and validated by grants.gov by the applicable deadline. If HUD receives an original and a revised application for a single proposal, HUD will evaluate only the last submission received by Grants.gov before the deadline.

2. Grace Period for Grants.gov Submissions.

If your application is received by Grants.gov before the deadline, but is rejected with errors, you have a grace period of 24 hours after the application deadline to submit a corrected application that is received and validated by Grants.gov. The date and time stamp on the Grants.gov system determines the application receipt time. Any application submitted during the grace period that is not received and validated by grants.gov will not be considered for funding. There is no grace period for paper applications.

3. Late Applications.

An application received after the Program NOFA deadline date that does not meet the Grace period requirements will be marked late and will not be received by HUD for funding consideration. Improper or expired registration and password issues are not causes that allow HUD to accept applications after the deadline.

4. Corrections to Deficient Applications.

Except as provided by the electronic submission grace period described in this NOFA, HUD may not consider any information that applicants may want to provide after the application deadline. HUD may not seek or consider clarification of application items or responses that improve the substantive quality of an application or which correct deficiencies which are in whole or part of a rating factor, including items that impact preference points. HUD may contact the applicant to clarify other items in its application. In order not to unreasonably exclude applications from being rated and ranked where there are curable deficiencies, HUD will uniformly notify applicants of each curable deficiency. A curable deficiency is an error or oversight which, if corrected, would not alter, in a positive or negative fashion, the review and rating of the application. Examples of curable (correctable) deficiencies include inconsistencies in the funding request, failure to submit the proper certifications, and failure to submit an application that contains a signature by an official able to make a legally binding commitment on behalf of the applicant. These examples are non-exhaustive.

When HUD identifies a curable deficiency, HUD will notify the authorized representative in

item 21 of the SF-424 describing the curable deficiency. The email notifications are the official notification of the need to cure a curable deficiency. Each applicant must provide accurate email addresses for receipt of these notifications and must monitor their email accounts to determine whether a deficiency notification has been received. The applicant must carefully review the request for cure of a curable deficiency and must provide the response in accordance with the instructions contained in the deficiency notification.

Applicants must email corrections of curable deficiencies to applicationsupport@hud.gov within the time limits specified in the notification. The time allowed to correct deficiencies will not exceed 14 calendar days or be less than 48 hours from the date of the email notification. The start of the cure period will be the date stamp on the email sent from HUD (or GrantSolutions). If the deficiency cure deadline date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, Federal holiday, or other day when HUD's Headquarters offices in Washington, DC, are closed, then the applicant's correction must be received on the next business day that HUD Headquarters offices in Washington, DC are open.

The subject line of the email sent to applicationsupport@hud.gov must state: "Technical Cure" and include the Grants.gov application tracking number (e.g., Subject: Technical Cure - GRANT123456). If this information is not included, HUD cannot match the response with the application under review and the application may be rejected due to the deficiency.

Corrections to a paper application must be sent in accordance with and to the address indicated in the notification of deficiency. HUD will treat a paper application submitted in accordance with a waiver of electronic application that contains the wrong DUNS number as having a curable deficiency. Failure to correct the deficiency and meet the requirement to have a DUNS number and active registration in SAM will render the application ineligible for funding.

E. Intergovernmental Review.

This program is not subject to Executive Order 12372, Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs.

F. Funding Restrictions.

No restrictions.

Indirect Cost Rate.

Statutory or Regulatory Restrictions Apply Indirect costs may not be charged to awards made under this NOFA.

G. Other Submission Requirements.

1. Discrepancies between the NOFA on Grants.gov and Other Documents.

The Program NOFA posted at the Grants.gov website is the official document HUD uses to

solicit applications. Applicants are advised to review their application submission against the requirements in the posted Program NOFA. If there is a discrepancy between the Program NOFA posted on Grants.gov and other information provided in any other copy or version or supporting documentation, the posted Program NOFA located at www.Grants.gov prevails. If discrepancies are found, please notify HUD immediately by calling the program contact listed in the Program NOFA. HUD will post any corrections or changes to a Program NOFA on the Grants.gov website. Applicants must enroll an email address at the application download page to receive an e-mail alert from Grants.gov in the event the opportunity is changed.

2. Application Certifications and Assurances.

Applicants signing the SF424 cover page either through electronic submission or in paper copy submission (for those granted a waiver) affirm that the certifications and assurances associated with the application are material representations of the facts upon which HUD will rely when making an award to the applicant. If it is later determined that the signatory to the application submission knowingly made a false certification or assurance or did not have the authority to make a legally binding commitment for the applicant, the applicant may be subject to criminal prosecution, and HUD may terminate the award to the applicant organization or pursue other available remedies. Each applicant is responsible for including the correct certifications and assurances with its application submission, including those applicable to all applicants, those applicable only to federally-recognized Indian tribes, and those applicable to applicants other than federally-recognized Indian tribes. All program-specific certifications and assurances are included in the program Instructions Download on Grants.gov.

3. Lead Based Paint References

Not Applicable

V. Application Review Information.

A. Review Criteria.

1. Rating Factors.

Capacity and Experience

Maximum Points: 60

a. PHA Capacity and Demonstrated Commitment to Provide Housing for Persons with Disabilities (up to 25 points):

No applicant will receive more than 25 points for this criterion. PHA has demonstrated a commitment to assist persons with disabilities by implementing policies or programs that promote assistance to persons with disabilities, increase the supply of accessible units, or provide additional supportive services (either directly or through partnerships) to persons with disabilities to ensure housing stability. Examples of programs or policies a PHA may have implemented:

- Partnered or collaborated with state Medicaid agencies, homelessness assistance providers, or health and human services agencies in the implementation of the Money Follows the Person demonstration, the Section 811 Project Rental Assistance Program, the Non-Elderly Disabled Category 2 (NED2) voucher, or similar programs that coordinate community-based housing assistance and supportive services for persons with disabilities. (up to 10 points per demonstrated example)
- Developed or adopted a referral and/or monitoring system to track referrals, applicants and participants of supportive housing programs for persons with disabilities. (up to 5 points per demonstrated example)
- Provided or leveraged resources from a partner organization to cover the cost of (i) home modifications to make units more accessible, including fall prevention and assistive technology/smart housing, or (ii) assistance securing units to further the implementation of Olmstead settlements or similar initiatives to expand community-based setting options for individuals with disabilities, e.g. rent deposit, move-in costs, furniture. (up to 5 points per demonstrated example)
- Partnerships with local government to provide tax credits or zoning incentives for the development of accessible housing units. (up to 3 points per demonstrated example)
- Developed or partnered with another organization to provide an enhanced accessible housing registry with units compliant with federal accessibility standards, including additional assistance to individuals in search of accessible units. (up to 3 points per demonstrated example)
- Other similar experience as described in the application (up to 5 points per demonstrated example)

HUD reserves the right to award fewer than the points listed for each example above if application or available performance data demonstrate low quality or partial implementation.

Documentation: Narrative provided under Section D of HUD-52515, performance data available in HUD systems, other publicly available data, and the PHA's Administrative Plan, PHA Plan or other provided supporting documents.

b. Partner Agency Capacity (up to 15 points)

No applicant will receive more than 15 points for this criterion. PHA has partnered with one or more health and human and/or disability service agencies with a demonstrated capacity to coordinate outreach and recruitment of potential applicants, and to assist residents with disabilities in the referral and application processes and in the housing search by:

- Securing any accommodations (up to 5 points)
- Transitioning persons with disabilities from institutional and other segregated settings to rental market units (up to 5 points)
- Coordinating voluntary services and supports after the transition (up to 5 points)
- Providing other similar assistance described in application (up to 5 points)

HUD reserves the right to award fewer than 5 points for each demonstrated example if application or available performance data demonstrate low quality or partial implementation.

Documentation: Narrative provided under Section D of HUD-52515, performance data

available in HUD systems, and other publicly available data.

c. Geographic Jurisdiction (up to 10 points)

Applicant has a policy that allows recipients of these vouchers to port prior to leasing up in the jurisdiction or applicant has jurisdiction (or will make agreements with nearby jurisdictions) to issue these vouchers on a regional or state basis.

• Portability allowed prior to leasing up in jurisdiction = 10 points

OR

- State-wide program = 10 points, OR
- PHA has formed a consortium, created cooperative agreement(s), or merged to create a larger operational jurisdiction = 5 points

Documentation: Description of jurisdiction provided on HUD-52515.

d. Admissions Preference (10 points)

PHA/non-profit will provide a certification statement agreeing to grant a preference in their administrative plan for persons with disabilities who are transitioning out of institutional and other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless. Update to administrative plan must be completed within one calendar year of award date.

Documentation: Points will be awarded if PHA provided required certification statement as described above in Section IV.B. of this NOFA.

Leveraging Resources

Maximum Points: 30

Applicant must demonstrate it has one or more partnerships with agencies or organizations that will provide the following services:

- Coordinating outreach and referral of persons in institutional and other segregated settings who want to move to community-based integrated settings, persons at serious risk of institutionalization, homeless, or at risk of becoming homeless (10 points)
- Funding or staffing to support training and coordination of program implementation, including any necessary training, between PHA and partner organization(s) (10 points)
- Assisting persons with disabilities to apply to and obtain acceptance in housing programs OR find housing OR secure home modifications and/or disability-related accommodations (4 points)
- Assisting persons with disabilities move into units, including physically accessible units where appropriate, on the private rental market (3 points)
- Referring, coordinating, or providing home and community-based services (3 points)

Documentation: Letters of intent, MOUs, or other documentation of commitment from the partner agency/organization, narrative provided under Section D of HUD-52515 and other publicly available data.

Achieving	Results	and	Program	Evaluation	
	1.0000000				

Maximum Points: 10

• PHA/non-profit provided a program evaluation plan describing how it will work with partner agencies to monitor and correct issues with number of referrals received, vouchers issued, units leased/families housed, service coordination and tenancy support provided, and overall utilization. The plan identified who will maintain the report, how frequently it will be produced, and how it will be shared between the organizations (5 points).

OR

• Program evaluation plan addressed the criterion above but also included a centralized tracking system used with the partner agencies, allowing both the PHA and partner organizations to access the required metrics electronically (10 points).

Documentation: Narrative provided under Section D of HUD-52515.

2. Preference Points.

Preference points are not available for this program.

B. Review and Selection Process.

1. Past Performance

In evaluating applications for funding, HUD will take into account an applicant's past performance in managing funds. Items HUD may consider include, but are not limited to:

- a. The ability to account for funds appropriately;
- b. Timely use of funds received from HUD;
- c. Timely submission and quality of reports submitted to HUD;
- d. Meeting program requirements;
- e. Meeting performance targets as established in the grant agreement;
- f. The applicant's organizational capacity, including staffing structures and capabilities;

g. Time-lines for completion of activities and receipt of promised matching or leveraged funds; and

h. The number of persons to be served or targeted for assistance.

HUD may deduct points from the rating score or establish threshold levels as specified under the Factors for Award in the Program NOFAs. Each Program NOFA will specify how past performance will be rated or otherwise used in the determination of award amounts. Whenever possible, HUD will obtain past performance information from staff with the greatest knowledge and understanding of each applicant's performance. If this evaluation results in an adverse finding related to integrity or performance, HUD reserves the right to take any of the remedies provided in Section III.C.2.b.(5), Pre-selection Review of Performance, above.

2. Assessing Applicant Risk

Risk will be evaluated reviewing the elements described in Sections III.C., III.D., and III.E. of

this NOFA.

C. Anticipated Announcement and Award Dates. Anticipated Announcement Date: 8/7/2018 Anticipated Award Date: 8/7/2018

VI. Award Administration Information.

A. Award Notices.

Following the evaluation process HUD will notify successful applicants of their selection for funding. HUD will also notify all other applicants, whose applications were received by the deadline, that have not been chosen for award. Notifications will be sent by email to the person listed as the AOR in item 21 of the SF-424.

B. Administrative, National and Department Policy Requirements.

For this NOFA, the following requirements apply:

Participation in a HUD-Sponsored Program Evaluation.

As a condition of the receipt of financial assistance under a Program NOFA, all successful applicants will be required to cooperate with all HUD staff, contractors, or designated grantees performing research or evaluation studies funded by HUD.

Environmental Requirements.

Compliance with 24 CFR Part 50 or 58 procedures is explained below:

Environmental Review. Tenant-based rental assistance is excluded from environmental review in accordance with 24 CFR 50.19(b)(11) and 24 CFR 58.35(b)(1). Homeownership assistance activities are categorically excluded from NEPA requirements and excluded from other environmental requirements under 24 CFR 58.5 in accordance with 24 CFR 58.35(b)(5), but PHAs are responsible for the environmental requirements in 24 CFR 982.626(c). Regarding activities under the homeownership option for units not yet under construction at the time the family enters into the contract for sale, the additional environmental review requirements referenced in 24 CFR Sections 982.628(e), 982.631(c) (3) and 982.637(b) also apply in addition to Section 982.626(c), and the PHA shall submit all relevant environmental information to the responsible entity or to HUD to assist in the completion of those requirements. Project-based vouchers funded under this NOFA are subject to environmental review requirements in 24 CFR 983.4, 983.58, and 983.153(b).

C. Reporting.

HUD requires recipients to submit performance and financial reports under OMB guidance and program instructions.

1. Reporting Requirements and Frequency of Reporting. This Program NOFA and award agreement will specify the reporting requirements, including content, method of data collection,

and reporting frequency. Applicants should be aware that if the total Federal share of your Federal award may include more than \$ 500,000 over the period of performance, you may be subject to post award reporting requirements reflected in Appendix XII to Part 200--Award Term and Condition for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters.

2. Race, Ethnicity and Other Data Reporting. HUD requires recipients that provide HUDfunded program benefits to individuals or families to report data on the race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap (disability), and family characteristics of persons and households who are applicants for, participants in, or beneficiaries or potential beneficiaries of HUD programs in order to carry out the Department's responsibilities under the Fair Housing Act, Executive Order 11063, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and Section 562 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987. Program NOFAs may specify the data collection and reporting requirements. Many programs use the Race and Ethnic Data U.S. Department of Housing OMB Approval No. 2535-0113 Reporting Form HUD-27061.

3. Performance Reporting. All HUD funded programs, including this program, require recipients to submit, not less than annually, a report documenting achievement of outcomes under the purpose of the program and the work plan in the award agreement.

Please direct questions regarding specific reporting requirements to the point of contact listed in Section VII. Agency Contact(s), below.

D. Debriefing.

For a period of at least 120 days, beginning 30 days after the awards for a Program NOFA are publicly announced, HUD will provide to a requesting applicant a debriefing related to its application. A request for debriefing must be made in writing or by email by the authorized official whose signature appears on the SF424 or by his or her successor in office, and be submitted to the person, organization, or email address identified as the contact under the section entitled Agency Contact(s) in the Program NOFA. Information provided during a debriefing may include the final score the applicant received for each rating factor, final evaluator comments for each rating factor, and the final assessment indicating the basis upon which funding was approved or denied.

VII. Agency Contact(s).

HUD staff will be available to provide clarification on the content of this NOFA. Please note that HUD staff cannot assist applicants in preparing their applications.

Questions regarding specific program requirements for this NOFA should be directed to the point of contact listed below.

MainstreamVouchers@hud.gov

Persons with hearing or speech impairments may access this number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at 800-877-8339.

VIII. Other Information.

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement. The information collection requirements in this notice have been approved by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C.3501-3520). In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid OMB control number. Each Program NOFA will identify its applicable OMB control number unless its collection of information is excluded from these requirements under 5 CFR part 1320.

National Environmental Policy Act.

This NOFA provides funding under, and does not alter the environmental requirements of, 24 CFR parts 982 and 983. Accordingly, under 24 CFR 50.19(c)(5), this NOFA is categorically excluded from environmental review under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321). Activities under this NOFA are subject to the environmental review provisions referenced in Section VI.B.2. of this NOFA.