

TITLE: WATER HEATER **VERSION: V2.1** DATE PUBLISHED: 4/2/21 **DEFINITION:** A device designed to generate and store hot water for domestic use. PURPOSE: Typical domestic uses of hot water heater include providing hot water for cooking, cleaning, bathing, and space heating. NAME VARIANTS: Hot water heater; Gas water heater; Electric water heater; Tankless water heater; Boiler **COMMON MATERIALS:** Steel; Sheet metal; Copper; Fiberglass insulation; Glass-lined structure interior; Stainless-steel structure interior COMMON COMPONENTS: Storage tank; Electric heating element; Water supply inlet and water discharge outlet plumbing connections; Pressure relief valve and line; Low-voltage electrical connection (auto-ignition); Temperature control module; Flue gas chimney or stack; Gas fired burner; Gas shutoff valve; Thermocouple LOCATION:  $\boxtimes$ Unit Mechanical rooms, mechanical closets, basements, under stairs, kitchens X Inside Mechanical rooms, mechanical closets, basements, under stairs, kitchens X Outside Back or side yard MORE INFORMATION: None DEFICIENCY 1: Temperature pressure relief (TPR) valve is obstructed or relief valve discharge piping is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material. LOCATION: **⋈** Unit Inside **Outside DEFICIENCY 2:** No hot water. **☑** Unit LOCATION: Inside **DEFICIENCY 3:** The relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor floodlevel. LOCATION: **⋈** Unit Outside Inside **DEFICIENCY 4:** Chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing. LOCATION: Unit Inside **DEFICIENCY 5:** Gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed. □ Unit Inside **Outside** LOCATION:





Deficiency I - Unit:

TPR VALVE IS OBSTRUCTED OR RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGE PIPING IS DAMAGED, CAPPED, HAS AN UPWARD SLOPE, OR IS

CONSTRUCTED OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** 

TPR valve is obstructed such that the TPR valve is unable to be fully actuated.

OR

Relief valve discharge piping is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality), capped, has an upward slope,

or is constructed of unsuitable material.

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Severe Non-Life-

Threatening

The Severe Non-Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a high risk of permanent disability, or serious injury or illness, to a resident; or the physical security or safety of a resident or their property would be seriously

compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

30 days

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	Description	EXPLANATION
R2	Safety	Indirect	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the TPR valve is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or the relief valve discharge piping is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material, and the water within the water heater reaches temperatures above its boiling point, then there may be an increased safety risk to the resident due to a rupturing water heater, which may result in injury.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify a TPR valve that is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or relief valve discharge piping that is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.
M3	Preventative Maintenance	Direct	This defect indicates that a property is not following preventative maintenance practices for the item or equipment.	Water heaters should be checked during periodic property inspections, and according to industry best practices, should be included in a preventative maintenance plan. If the TPR valve is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or the relief valve discharge piping is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material, then it may indicate preventative maintenance activities could be improved.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION: - Look at the water heater to identify the TPR valve and relief valve discharge piping.

- Visually inspect to determine if the TPR valve is obstructed such that the TPR valve is unable to be fully actuated.

- Visually inspect to determine if the relief valve dischage piping is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts

functionality), capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material.

REQUEST FOR HELP: - If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the resident or POA.

ACTION: - None

More Information: - None

TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED: - Distance measuring device

USEFUL: - Flashlight; Inspection mirror



Deficiency I - Inside:

TPR VALVE IS OBSTRUCTED OR RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGE PIPING IS DAMAGED, CAPPED, HAS AN UPWARD SLOPE, OR IS CONSTRUCTED OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** 

TPR valve is obstructed such that the TPR valve is unable to be fully actuated.

OR

Relief valve discharge piping is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality), capped, has an upward slope,

or is constructed of unsuitable material.

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Severe Non-Life-

Threatening

The Severe Non-Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a high risk of permanent disability, or serious injury or illness, to a resident; or the physical security or safety of a resident or their property would be seriously

compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

30 days

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	Description	Explanation
R2	Safety	Indirect	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the TPR valve is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or the relief valve discharge piping is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material, and the water within the water heater reaches temperatures above its boiling point, then there may be an increased safety risk to the resident due to a rupturing water heater, which may result in injury.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify a TPR valve that is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or relief valve discharge piping that is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.
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### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION: - Look at the water heater to identify the TPR valve and relief valve discharge piping.

- Visually inspect to determine if the TPR valve is obstructed such that the TPR valve is unable to be fully actuated.

- Visually inspect to determine if the relief valve dischage piping is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts

functionality), capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the resident or POA.

ACTION:

- None

More Information:

- None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- Distance measuring device

USEFUL:





Deficiency I - Outside:

TPR VALVE IS OBSTRUCTED OR RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGE PIPING IS DAMAGED, CAPPED, HAS AN UPWARD SLOPE, OR IS

CONSTRUCTED OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** 

TPR valve is obstructed such that the TPR valve is unable to be fully actuated.

OR

Relief valve discharge piping is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality), capped, has an upward slope,

or is constructed of unsuitable material.

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Standard

The Standard Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or their property could be compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

30 days

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

30 days

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	DESCRIPTION	Explanation
R2	Safety	Indirect	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the TPR valve is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or the relief valve discharge piping is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material, and the water within the water heater reaches temperatures above its boiling point, then there may be an increased safety risk to the resident due to a rupturing water heater, which may result in injury.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify a TPR valve that is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or relief valve discharge piping that is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.
M3	Preventative Maintenance	Direct	This defect indicates that a property is not following preventative maintenance practices for the item or equipment.	Water heaters should be checked during periodic property inspections, and according to industry best practices, should be included in a preventative maintenance plan. If the TPR valve is obstructed such that it is unable to be fully actuated or the relief valve discharge piping is damaged, capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material, then it may indicate preventative maintenance activities could be improved.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION: - Look at the water heater to identify the TPR valve and relief valve discharge piping.

- Visually inspect to determine if the TPR valve is obstructed such that the TPR valve is unable to be fully actuated.

- Visually inspect to determine if the relief valve dischage piping is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts

functionality), capped, has an upward slope, or is constructed of unsuitable material.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the resident or POA.

ACTION:

- None

More Information:

- None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- Distance measuring device

USEFUL:



DEFICIENCY 2 - Unit:

NO HOT WATER.

DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:

Hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged.

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Severe Non-Life-

Threatening

The Severe Non-Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a high risk of permanent disability, or serious injury or illness, to a resident; or the physical security or safety of a resident or their property would be seriously

compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

30 days

### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	Description	Explanation
RI	Health	Direct	Condition could affect resident's mental, or physical, or psychological state.	If hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged, then the resident cannot maintain personal hygiene, which may result in sickness.
R3	Sanitary	Direct	Special sub-set of health hazards related to hygiene. Resident cannot clean or dispose of waste or does not have clean drinking water.	If hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged, then the resident is unable to maintain household hygiene, including washing clothes and dishes, cleaning, etc.
R6	Usability and Operability of Fixtures	Direct	Because of this condition, the resident is unable to use certain fixtures, features, or appliances, which are reasonably assumed to be part of their rent.	If hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged, then the resident is unable to fully use a fixture that is expected to be provided and maintained as part of their rent.
MI	Corrective Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect a tenant to report this deficiency, and for facilities management to prioritize a work order response to fix that deficiency.	A resident is likely to notice if hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged and to recognize it is important enough to report to property management because it may present health and sanitary hazards. Property management should be expected to prioritize a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in health and sanitary hazards.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- None

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- None

ACTION:

- Turn the faucet handle to activate hot water.

- Feel the water coming out of the faucet to determine if it is heating up.



More Information:	None	
TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:		***********
Required:	None	
USEFUL:	None	

Deficiency 2 - Inside:

NO HOT WATER.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** 

Hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged.

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

: N/A

Deficiencies critical to habitability but not presenting a substantive health or safety risk to

resident.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

N/A

HCV PASS / FAIL:

N/A

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

N/A

### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	DESCRIPTION	EXPLANATION
R6	Usability and Operability of Fixtures	Direct	Because of this condition, the resident is unable to use certain fixtures, features, or appliances, which are reasonably assumed to be part of their rent.	If hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged, then the resident may not be able to fully use a fixture.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify if hot water does not dispense after the handle is engaged. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in usability barriers.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- None

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- None

ACTION:

- Turn the faucet handle to activate hot water.

- Feel the water coming out of the faucet to determine if it is heating up.

More Information: -

- None

# TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- None

USEFUL:

- None

Deficiency 3 - Unit:

THE RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGE PIPING IS MISSING OR TERMINATES GREATER THAN 6 INCHES OR LESS THAN 2 INCHES FROM

WASTE RECEPTOR FLOOD-LEVEL.

DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:

The relief valve discharge piping is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but is now not present or is

incomplete).

OR

The relief valve discharge piping terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-

level.

**HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:** 

Standard

The Standard Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or

their property could be compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

30 days

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

30 days

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	DESCRIPTION	Explanation
R2	Safety	Direct	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-level, there may be an increased safety risk to the resident of thermal burns, which may result in injury.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify if the relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-level. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency as it may result in safety hazards.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

ACTION:

- Look at the water heater to determine if the relief valve discharge piping is missing.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from the resident or POA.

- Measure the distance between the termination point of the relief valve discharge piping and the waste receptor flood-

level.



More Information: - If the relief valve discharge piping is plumbed through the wall and the inspector is unable to the visually identify the termination point, then do not record as a deficiency.

TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED: - Distance measuring device

USEFUL: - Flashlight; Inspection mirror

Deficiency 3 - Inside:

THE RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGE PIPING IS MISSING OR TERMINATES GREATER THAN 6 INCHES OR LESS THAN 2 INCHES FROM

WASTE RECEPTOR FLOOD-LEVEL.

DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:

The relief valve discharge piping is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but is now not present or is

incomplete).

OR

The relief valve discharge piping terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-

level.

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Standard

The Standard Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or their property could be compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

30 days

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

30 days

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	DESCRIPTION	Explanation
R2	Safety	Direct	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-level, there may be an increased safety risk to the resident of thermal burns, which may result in injury.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify if the relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-level. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency as it may result in safety hazards.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

ACTION:

- Look at the water heater to determine if the relief valve discharge piping is missing.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from the resident or POA.

- Measure the distance between the termination point of the relief valve discharge piping and the waste receptor flood-

level.



More Information: - If the relief valve discharge piping is plumbed through the wall and the inspector is unable to the visually identify the termination point, then do not record as a deficiency.

TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED: - Distance measuring device

USEFUL: - Flashlight; Inspection mirror

DEFICIENCY 3 - Outside:

THE RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGE PIPING IS MISSING OR TERMINATES GREATER THAN 6 INCHES OR LESS THAN 2 INCHES FROM

WASTE RECEPTOR FLOOD-LEVEL.

DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:

The relief valve discharge piping is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but is now not present or is

incomplete).

OR

The relief valve discharge piping terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-

level.

**HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:** 

Standard

The Standard Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or

their property could be compromised.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

30 days

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

30 days

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	Description	Explanation
R2	Safety	Direct	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-level, there may be an increased safety risk to the resident of thermal burns, which may result in injury.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify if the relief valve discharge piping is missing or terminates greater than 6 inches or less than 2 inches from waste receptor flood-level. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency as it may result in safety hazards.

### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

ACTION:

- Look at the water heater to determine if the relief valve discharge piping is missing.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from the resident or POA.

- Measure the distance between the termination point of the relief valve discharge piping and the waste receptor flood-

level.



More Information: - If the relief valve discharge piping is plumbed through the wall and the inspector is unable to the visually identify the termination point, then do not record as a deficiency.

TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED: - Distance measuring device

USEFUL: - Flashlight; Inspection mirror

Deficiency 4 - Unit: CHIMNEY OR FLUE PIPING IS BLOCKED, MISALIGNED, OR MISSING.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** Chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now not present or

is incomplete).

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION: Life-Threatening The Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the

property, present a high risk of death to resident.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME: 24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL: Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

24 hours

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	Description	Explanation
R2	Safety	Direct	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing, then the resident may be exposed to carbon monoxide leaks.
MI	Corrective Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect a tenant to report this deficiency, and for facilities management to prioritize a work order response to fix that deficiency.	A resident is likely to notice if the chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing and to recognize it is important enough to report to property management because it may present safety hazards. Property management should be expected to prioritize a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.

#### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- Look at fuel-fired water heaters to ensure that the flue is present and not negatively pitched.
- Look for holes, disconnected pieces, or misalignment at connections along the run of the flue pipe that could allow the venting of dangerous gases into the dwelling.
- Check taped joints to ensure that the tape is not covering a void in the flue pipe.
- Look at the horizontal flue vent connection and confirm that there is not a negative pitch in the vent.
- Verify supports are present on the pipe to maintain clearances and to avoid separation of joints or other damage.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the resident or POA.

ACTION:

- None

More Information:

- None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

USEFUL:

- Flashlight; Inspection mirror; Level

Deficiency 4 - Inside:

CHIMNEY OR FLUE PIPING IS BLOCKED, MISALIGNED, OR MISSING.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** 

Chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now not present or

is incomplete).

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Life-Threatening

The Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the

property, present a high risk of death to resident.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

24 hours

#### RATIONALE:

CODE	Category	Түре	Description	Explanation
R2	Safety	Direct	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing, then the resident may be exposed to carbon monoxide leaks.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify if chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this as it may result in safety hazards.

#### INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- Look at fuel-fired water heaters to ensure that the flue is present and not negatively pitched.
- Look for holes, disconnected pieces, or misalignment at connections along the run of the flue pipe that could allow the venting of dangerous gases into the dwelling.
- Check taped joints to ensure that the tape is not covering a void in the flue pipe.
- Look at horizontal flue vent connection and confirm that there is not a negative pitch in the vent.
- Verify supports are present on the pipe to maintain clearances and to avoid separation of joints or other damage.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from the resident or POA.

ACTION: - None

More Information: - None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- None

USEFUL:

- Flashlight; Inspection mirror; Level

Deficiency 5 - Unit: Gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed.

DEFICIENCY CRITERIA: Gas shutoff valve is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality).

OR

Gas shutoff valve is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but is now not present or is incomplete).

OR

Gas shutoff valve is not installed (i.e., never installed, but should have been).

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION: Life-Threatening The Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the

property, present a high risk of death to resident.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	DESCRIPTION	Explanation
R2	Safety	Indirect	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed and there is a need to shut off the gas, then there may be an increased safety risk to the resident of fire, which may result in injury or death.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify a gas shutoff valve that is damaged, missing, or not installed. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.

# INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- Look at the water heater to determine if the gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the resident or POA.

ACTION:

- None

More Information:

- None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- None

USEFUL:

Deficiency 5 — Inside:

GAS SHUTOFF VALVE IS DAMAGED, MISSING, OR NOT INSTALLED.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** 

Gas shutoff valve is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality).

OR

Gas shutoff valve is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but is now not present or is incomplete).

ΟR

Gas shutoff valve is not installed (i.e., never installed, but should have been).

HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:

Life-Threatening

The Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the

property, present a high risk of death to resident.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

HCV PASS / FAIL:

Fail

HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:

24 hours

### RATIONALE:

CODE	Category	Түре	Description	Explanation
R2	Safety	Indirect	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed and there is a need to shut off the gas, then there may be an increased safety risk to the resident of fire, which may result in injury or death.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify a gas shutoff valve that is damaged, missing, or not installed. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.

# INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- Look at the water heater to determine if the gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the POA.

ACTION:

- None

More Information:

- None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- None

USEFUL:

DEFICIENCY 5 - Outside: GAS SHUTOFF VALVE IS DAMAGED, MISSING, OR NOT INSTALLED.

**DEFICIENCY CRITERIA:** Gas shutoff valve is damaged (i.e., visibly defective; impacts functionality).

Gas shutoff valve is missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but is now not present or is incomplete).

Gas shutoff valve is not installed (i.e., never installed, but should have been).

**HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:** Life-Threatening The Life-Threatening category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the

property, present a high risk of death to resident.

CORRECTION TIMEFRAME: 24 hours

Fail

**HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:** 

HCV PASS / FAIL:

24 hours

### RATIONALE:

CODE	CATEGORY	Түре	DESCRIPTION	Explanation
R2	Safety	Indirect	Resident could be injured because of this condition.	If the gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed and there is a need to shut off the gas, then there may be an increased safety risk to the resident of fire, which may result in injury or death.
M2	Routine Maintenance	Direct	It is reasonable to expect that this deficiency would be identified through routine daily observations and facilities management would prioritize work orders to fix this deficiency.	Property management would be expected to ensure that staff members understand how to identify a gas shutoff valve that is damaged, missing, or not installed. Management practices would be expected to assure prompt creation and prioritization of a work order to remedy this deficiency because it may result in safety hazards.

# INSPECTION PROCESS:

OBSERVATION:

- Look at the water heater to determine if the gas shutoff valve is damaged, missing, or not installed.

REQUEST FOR HELP:

- If the water heater is located behind a locked door or concealed (e.g., behind an access panel), request access from

the POA.

ACTION:

- None

More Information:

- None

### TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT:

REQUIRED:

- None

USEFUL:



# **SUMMARY OF CHANGES**

TITLE: WATER HEATER

VERSION: V2.1

DATE PUBLISHED: 4/2/21

Field	CHANGE	VERSION	Date
Deficiency I		V2.I	2021-04-02
Title	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised Title		
Deficiency Criteria	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised deficiency criteria		
Health and Safety Determination	Outside: Revised description		
Rationale	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
Inspection Process	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised Observation and Request for Help		
Deficiency 2		V2.1	2021-04-02
Health and Safety Determination	Inside: Revised description		
Rationale	Inside: Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
Deficiency 3		V2.I	2021-04-02
Title	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised Title		
Deficiency Criteria	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised deficiency criteria		
Rationale	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
Inspection Process	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised Observation, Request for Help, Action, and More Information		
Deficiency 4		V2.1	2021-04-02
Inspection Process	Unit & Inside: Revised Request for Help		
Deficiency 5		V2.I	2021-04-02
Title	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised Title		



Deficiency Criteria	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised deficiency criteria		
Health and Safety Determination	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised description		
Rationale	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
Inspection Process	Unit, Inside, & Outside: Revised Observation and Request for Help		
Definition	Revised definition	V2.0	2020-10-28
Deficiency I		V2.0	2020-10-28
Title	Copy edits		
Deficiency Criteria	Revised deficiency criteria		
Health and Safety Determination	Added standardized description		
HCV Pass / Fail	Field added; response input as "Fail"		
Rationale	Copy edits		
Inspection Process	Copy edits		
Deficiency 2		V2.0	2020-10-28
Health and Safety Determination	Added standardized description		
HCV Pass / Fail	Field added; response input as "Fail"		
Rationale	Copy edits		
Deficiency 3		V2.0	2020-10-28
Title	Revised title		
Health and Safety Determination	Added standardized description		
HCV Pass / Fail	Field added; response input as "Fail"		
Rationale	Copy edits		
Inspection Process	Copy edits		
Deficiency 4		V2.0	2020-10-28
Title	Copy edits		
Deficiency Criteria	Copy edits		
Health and Safety Determination	Added standardized description		



HCV Pass / Fail	Field added; response input as "Fail"		
Rationale	Copy edits		
Inspection Process	Copy edits		
Deficiency 5		V2.0	2020-10-28
Title	Revised title		
Deficiency Criteria	Revised deficiency criteria		
Health and Safety Determination	Added standardized description		
HCV Pass / Fail	Field added; response input as "Fail"		
Rationale	Copy edits		
Inspection Process	Revised observation, request for help, and more information		
Overall Formatting	Complete rework of document format and layout	VI.3	2020-07-31
Definition	Revised definition	VI.3	2020-07-31
Purpose	Field added  Revised name variants  Revised common materials  Revised common components	VI.3	2020-07-31
Name Variants		VI.3	2020-07-31
Common Materials		VI.3	2020-07-31
Common Components		VI.3	
Location	Revised inspectable locations	VI.3	2020-07-31
More Information	Field added	VI.3	2020-07-31
Deficiency I	Separated by inspectable locations — Unit, Inside, and Outside	VI.3	2020-07-31
Title	Revised title; added inspectable locations		
Deficiency Criteria	Revised deficiency criteria		
Health and Safety Determination	Revised to "Severe Non-Life-Threatening" determination; added standardized description		
Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "24 hours"		
HCV — Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "30 days"		
Rationale	Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
Inspection Process	Revised observation, request for help, action, and more information		



]	Tools or Equipment	Field added to deficiency; response revised		
Deficiency	2	Separated by inspectable locations — Unit and Inside	VI.3	2020-07-3
]	Title	Revised title; added inspectable locations		
[	Deficiency Criteria	Revised deficiency criteria		
l	Health and Safety Determination	Revised to "Severe Non-Life-Threatening" determination; added standardized description		
(	Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "24 hours"		
ŀ	HCV — Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "30 days"		
[	Rationale	Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
l	Inspection Process	Revised observation, request for help, action, and more information		
1	Tools or Equipment	Field added to deficiency; response revised		
Deficiency	3	Separated by inspectable locations $-$ Unit, Inside, and Outside	VI.3	2020-07-3
1	Title	Revised title; added inspectable locations		
[	Deficiency Criteria	Revised deficiency criteria		
ŀ	Health and Safety Determination	Revised to "Standard" determination; added standardized description		
(	Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "Within 30 days"		
ŀ	HCV — Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "Within 30 days"		
[	Rationale	Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
I	Inspection Process	Revised observation, request for help, action, and more information		
]	Tools or Equipment	Field added to deficiency; response revised		
Deficiency	4	Separated by inspectable locations $-$ Unit and Inside	VI.3	2020-07-3
	Title	Revised title; added inspectable locations		
[	Deficiency Criteria	Revised deficiency criteria		
ŀ	Health and Safety Determination	Revised to "Life-Threatening" determination; added standardized description		
(	Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "24 hours"		
ŀ	HCV — Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "24 hours"		
[	Rationale	Revised rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		



	Inspection Process	Revised observation, request for help, action, and more information		
	Tools or Equipment	Field added to deficiency; response revised		
Deficiency	5	Added by inspectable locations — Unit and Inside	VI.3	2020-07-31
	Title	Added title; added inspectable locations		
	Deficiency Criteria	Added deficiency criteria		
	Health and Safety Determination	Revised to "Severe Non-Life-Threatening" determination; added standardized description		
	Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "24 hours"		
	HCV — Correction Timeframe	Field added; response input as "30 days"		
	Rationale	Added rationale categories, types, and explanations; added standardized codes and descriptions		
	Inspection Process	Added observation, request for help, action, and more information		
	Tools or Equipment	Field added to deficiency		