

OFRARTMENT SO:

AND EVELC

Get Ready Session Welcome

January 18, 2023

Working draft – for discussion purposes only

The Ban Development of the Ban Development of

OKRARTMENT Si

General Session

Speaker: Ashley Leia Sheriff

Working draft – for discussion purposes only



Agenda



Time	Module Title	Speaker	
8:30 am - 8:35 am	Welcome & Introductions	Marcel Jemio	
8:35 am – 9 am	Leadership Remarks	Dominique Blom, PIH General Deputy Assistant Secretary Michele Perez, FPM Assistant Deputy Secretary	
9 am – 9:45 am	General Session	Ashley Leia Sheriff, Deputy Assistant Secretary of REAC	
9:45 am – 10:30 am	Policy	Tara Radosevich	
10:30 am – 10:45 am	Break		
10:45 am – 12:00 pm	Standards	Cliff Kornegay	
12:00 pm – 1:00 pm	Lunch		
1:00 pm – 1:30 pm	Standards Q&A	Cliff Kornegay and Ashley Leia Sheriff	
1:30 pm – 2:30 pm	Scoring Model	Ashley Leia Sheriff and Cliff Kornegay	
2:30 pm – 2:45 pm	Break		
2:45 pm – 3:45 pm	Operations & IT Information	Marcel Jemio and Kevin Laviano	
3:45 pm – 4:00 pm	Closeout	Ashley Leia Sheriff	



Introduction

Customer Continuous Improvement Operations Technology Inspections **Health & Safety** Custome Change Innovation **Connectivity** Resident Inspections **Standards**



Value Statement

NSPIRE transforms how HUD manages the quality of affordable housing units with stronger standards, better inspections, greater insights, and **healthier and safer homes for residents.**





HUD's National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE) strengthens HUD's physical condition standards, known as the Uniform Physical Condition Standard (UPCS) by:

- Prioritizing health, safety, and functional defects over appearance
- Updating HUD's physical inspection model, which is now 20+ years old
- Focusing on the areas that impact residents their units
- Providing a more accurate score for property conditions
- Aligning inspection standards across all HUD-assisted properties, as directed by Congress
- Incorporating resident feedback regarding the condition of units





How are we getting there?

NSPIRE Guiding Principles highlight continuous improvement, customer centricity, risk-based approaches, stakeholder engagement, and fostering relationships



PEOPLE

- Engage experts
- Listen and incorporate feedback
- Prepare stakeholders for NSPIRE



- Wholesale redesign to program including standards and scoring
- Design with the users in mind
- Deploy a continuous improvement model



TECHNOLOGY

- Modernize inspection technology
- Optimize workflows
- Improve transparency
- Bring analytical tools to improve decision making



HUD published a proposed rule in January 2021 and the most recent version of the NSPIRE standards for public comment in June 2022 (with comments due 8/1/22). The rule and standards seek to:

- Require the same health and safety standards for all HUD housing portfolios, including privately owned properties where HUD-assisted residents reside (e.g., vouchers)
- Specify the manner and timeframe for the remediation of health and safety deficiencies for three categories of health and safety defects with specific remediation timelines
- Require an annual self-inspection and reporting requirement
- Outline the NSPIRE framework including standards and administrative processes such as appeals and enforcement
- Revise the approach to scoring to promote these policy objectives



How does NSPIRE Emphasize Resident Safety? – Scoring

- Changed focus of scores away from cosmetic deficiencies and prioritization of physical assets to resident health and safety
- Higher weight placed on defects in units where residents spend their time
- Simplified scoring to include fewer inspectable areas
- Easier to calculate score to improve property self-inspections and compliance
- Maintained 100 point scale



Sunset of HQS and UPCS

UPCS and HQS has been the standard by which to measure the physical condition of properties for over 20 years





Recent NSPIRE Achievements

- Performed over 2,335 NSPIRE Demonstration inspections to evaluate NSPIRE Standards and processes
- Performed over 9,200 NSPIRE-V Demonstration inspections for the Voucher program
- Developed process models across the entire inspection lifecycle to include 13 process areas; developed over 220 use cases
- Developed the initial Federal IT application for testing in the field in the NSPIRE Demonstration
- Hosted 36 virtual workshops/webinars to date, which included over 1,400 attendees, to include executive directors, chief operating officers, and other Public Housing and Multifamily industry leadership, including academia and public health professionals
- Conducted four Customer Experience Workshops for HUD staff (additional external workshops to occur in 2023)
- Conducted eight Get Ready Session with over 764 participants





Upcoming Milestones

FY2023

Winter

Publish Scoring, Administrative Procedures & Standards notices for public comment

Publish Final NSPIRE Rule, with future effective date

NSPIRE training begins

Winter/Spring

Spring

Final NSPIRE Rule

effective for Public

Housing – April 1, 2023

Publish final Standards, Scoring, & Administrative procedures notices

NSPIRE Pilot & ongoing training

Summer

Fall

Implement resident feedback from Pilot – June 30, 2023

Public Housing compliance date – July 1, 2023



Multifamily Housing, Vouchers, CPD effective & compliance Date – October 1, 2023



- NSPIRE strengthens HUD's physical condition standards to emphasize resident health and safety
- NSPIRE is designed with the users in mind
- NSPIRE is a wholesale redesign to HUD's physical inspection program
- NSPIRE aligns Standards across rental assistance programs
- NSPIRE seeks to continually improve
- NSPIRE modernizes inspection technology

AND LABAN DEVELOPIN

OF PARTMENT

00

Policy Speaker: Tara Radosevich

he man all allower have a bla

Working draft – for discussion purposes only



Purpose

To help PHAs, owners, managers and industry understand the rulemaking process

Connect the dots on the NSPIRE Demonstration, NSPIRE proposed rule, and subordinate notices



Review areas open for comment

Ensure PHAs, owners and managers are ready for implementation



Introduction

- HUD's National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE) will replace Uniform Physical Condition standards (UPCS) and Housing Quality Standards (HQS) in HUD regulations
- NSPIRE will:
 - Revise 24 CFR Part 5 Subpart G Physical Condition Standards and Inspection Requirements
 - Replace the term "UPCS" in the regulations and associated guidance
 - Re-define the term "HQS" to be synonymous with HUD's Part 5 Subpart G regulations

Note: HUD's section of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) is Title 24 and is often referenced as 24 CFR

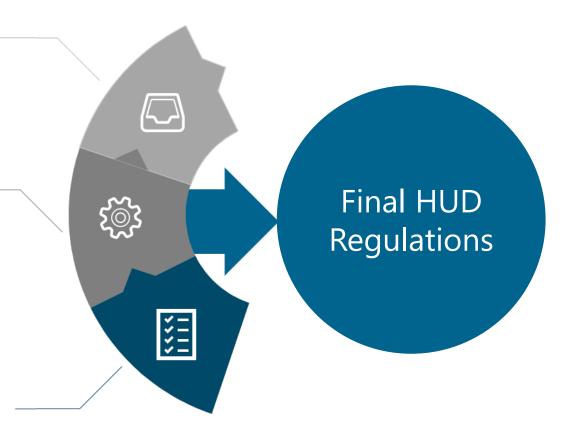


Inputs and Process

HUD will consider public comments on the NSPIRE regulations, standards and scoring before they are final

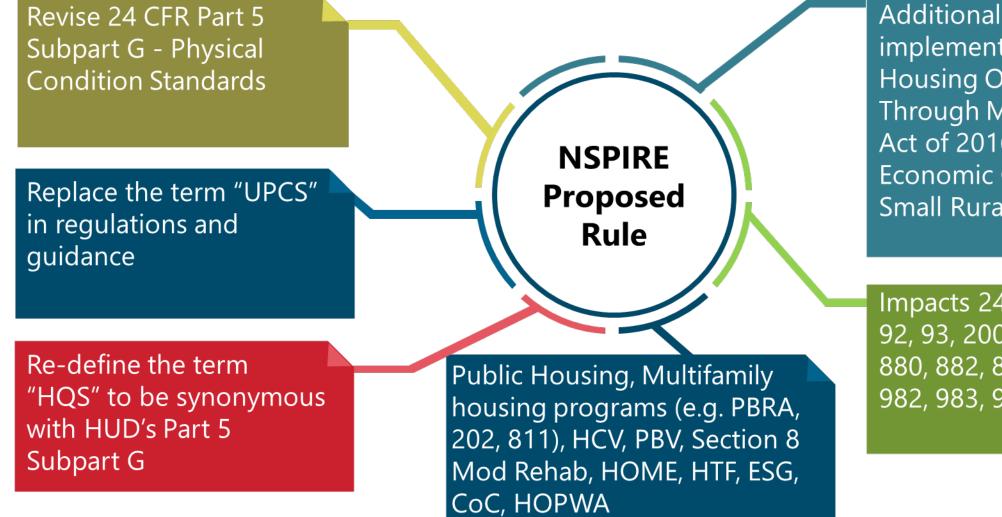
HUD used the NSPIRE Demonstration – to develop and test NSPIRE inspection process and standards

Implementing NSPIRE requires a rulemaking process with implementing "subordinate" notices in the Federal Register





NSPIRE Proposed Rule



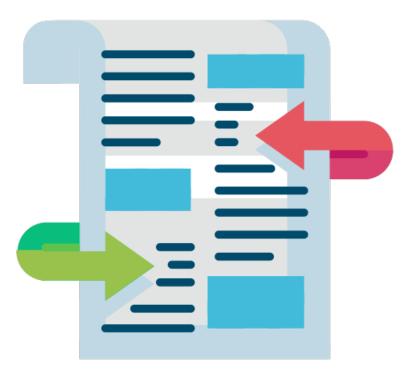
Additional implementation of Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act of 2016 (HOTMA) & Economic Growth Act for Small Rural PHAs

Impacts 24 CFR Parts 5, 92, 93, 200, 574, 576, 578, 880, 882, 884, 886, 902, 982, 983, 985

New Items in the Proposed Rule

Changes introduced for comment:

- Standards review process every 3 years; additional categories for health and safety
- "Affirmatives" in regulation (e.g. GFCI outlets, lighting, HVAC, water safety)
- Remove site and neighborhood requirements (HCV programs)
- Special considerations for single room occupancy (SROs) units (HCV, CPD programs)
- New requirements for resolving health and safety deficiencies
- Self-inspections for Public and Multifamily Housing programs
- Administrative referrals to the DEC for scores 30 and below, and <60





NSPIRE Implementing Notices

The NSPIRE Rule will be implemented through "subordinate notices" and incorporate:

NSPIRE Standards Notice (proposed and final)

Administrative Notice

Scoring Notice (proposed and final)

Small Rural Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) and Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP)

Implementing notices for Community Planning and Development (CPD) programs (HOME, HTF, ESG, COC, HOPWA)

Resident Feedback



NSPIRE Standards Notice

- Notice included 13 questions for comment on mold, safe drinking water, requirements for a permanent heating source, minimum temperature, electrical outlets, deficiency correction time frames and pest infestation
- Included an attachment with 63 "tables" covering individual housing components or hazard inspected
- Proposed updates to the HOTMA Life Threatening or "HOTMA LT" standards for conditions that must be resolved before move-in/24 hours if occupied in the voucher program





NSPIRE Scoring Notice

- Will be published in Federal Register for comment
- Relevant to public housing and Multifamily housing program properties
- Scoring will reflect NSPIRE goals
 - Health and safety of residents over curb appeal, site conditions
 - Deficiencies in Units > Inside > Outside
- Notice will also include
 - What's changing from UPCS scoring
 - Methodology used to revise scoring
 - Expected sampling strategy
 - Justification for scoring decisions

SCORING NOTICE

Proposed Estimated Late January



NSPIRE Administrative Notice

- Information to submit in advance of inspection. REAC may collect:
 - Elevator, fire sprinkler certificates
 - Whether there are any current water safety alerts, name of public water system
 - Property construction date verification, scan of lead-based paint inspection (if built before 1978)
- Process for technical reviews
- Post inspection report process, how to report correction of deficiencies
- Communication with residents, making final inspections available for review
- Self inspection process
- Administrative referrals process for failing scores

ADMINISTRATIVE NOTICE Issued Late January



Rulemaking Process

Why is this taking so long? Why can't you just tell us more?

> Federal rulemaking is covered by the Administrative Procedures Act and **we must...**

1. Make information available to all in the same way (Federal Register, website) 2. Take comments during a specified period, which post to a public docket

3. Issue a final rulewith HUD'sresponses tocomments received

4. Final rule will provide an effective date for the revised regulations



Rulemaking Process Cont.

Proposed and final regulations and subordinate notices go through Office of Management and Budget (OMB) review

- Review by OMB is at least 90 days
- OMB also considers the full administrative and economic/cost impact of all regulations, and HUD's "Regulatory Impact Analysis" with the final rule



NSPIRE Inspections

When will NSPIRE Inspections start?

When the rule is **final** *and* effective.*



NSPIRE Inspections Cont.

*But also:

- NSPIRE Subordinate notices are published as final
- Consider there may be "compliance dates" in the final rule
- Public housing regs planned to be effective April 2023; HUD may delay inspections until July 2023
- Multifamily housing, HCV/PBV, Section 8 Mod Rehab and CPD programs planned for October 2023
- PHAs and owners will still get advance notice of scheduled inspections



- HUD's physical condition standards are based on federal regulations and implementing notices
- Changes to federal regulations are completed with advance notice and fair opportunity for public comment
- HUD used the NSPIRE Demonstration to design and test the NSPIRE standards and inspection process
 - Note: Demonstration scores are not scores of record
- NSPIRE inspections will commence once the rule is final and effective. All regulations, policies, and effective dates are TBD until published as final
- "Hoping" for rule effective in April 2023 for public housing, and October 2023 for Multifamily Housing, HCV/PBV and CPD programs
- PH inspections will commence July 2023

AND CABAN DEVELOPIN

OFRARTMENT S.

Standards

Speaker: Cliff Kornegay

Working draft – for discussion purposes only



Module Objectives

- Define key focus areas for HUD's National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE) Standards
- Describe new framework for physical inspections and key changes from UPCS/HQS to NSPIRE
- Demonstrate new deficiency rationales and categories
- Review key Standards
- Describe how to view NSPIRE Standards and available resources on HUD.gov





What is the Same?

- 40 standards remain mostly unchanged
- Life threatening H&S deficiencies require 24-hour repair timeframe
- Continued assessment on deficiencies in H&S and function and operability

What is Changing?

- Moved away from 5 distinct inspectable areas: unit, common areas, building systems, site, building exterior
- Removed non-H&S items such as overgrown vegetation, nonsecurity/safety fence damage, common area paint peeling, damaged trim, common area paint peeling, exterior caulking damage, scratched counter tops
- Changed focus away from cosmetic deficiencies and prioritization of physical assets and the resident health and safety



- Consolidation of inspectable areas to 3: outside, inside, and unit
- More stringent requirements for heating, call-for-aid systems, GFCI/AFCI, electrical outlets, mold, infestation, and structural systems
- Enhancement to smoke alarms, CO detectors, fire doors, dryer exhaust, guardrails and handrails
- Revised H&S classifications and timeframes increased urgency to 24-hour repair for life threatening and severe non-life threatening items and 30-day repair for moderate deficiencies

Deficiency Classification



- Health & Safety (H&S) make up most of the NSPIRE deficiencies because they are focused on the most critical elements that impact resident safety and habitability
- Two other categories of NSPIRE deficiencies:
 - Function and Operability (F&O)
 - Condition and Appearance (C&A)
- These deficiencies will make up a much smaller portion of overall NSPIRE deficiencies
- These new categories allow HUD to focus on the most important defects and conditions to support healthy and safe homes



H&S Determinations

Life Threatening	Severe	Moderate	Low
ControlDeficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a high risk of death or severe illness or injury to a resident.	 Deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a high risk of permanent disability, or serious injury or illness, to a resident; or the physical security or safety of a resident or their property would be seriously compromised. 	Deficiencies that, if evident in home or on property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or their property could be compromised.	<image/> <text></text>



Inspectable Areas

NSPIRE establishes the three inspectable areas of a REAC inspection into three easily identified locations: Unit, Inside, and Outside.

- This increases the usability of the standards and streamlines the inspection process
- Ensures that all residents live in safe, habitable homes, the items and components located inside the building, outside the building, and within the units of HUD housing must be functionally adequate, operable, and free of health and safety hazards
- This streamlined approach allows inspectors to cite deficiencies based on where they are standing and eliminates potential subjectivity or ambiguity about a deficiency's location



Inspectable Areas Continued

Unit

Inside

A "Unit" of housing refers to the interior components of an individual dwelling, where the resident lives.



Working draft – for discussion purposes only

"Inside" refers to the common areas and building systems within the building interior and are not inside a unit. This could include interior laundry facilities, workout rooms, etc.



Outside

"Outside" refers to the building site, building exterior components, and any building systems located outside of the building or unit. This includes things like sidewalks, parking lots, and retaining walls.





Example Unit Health & Safety Defects







Chimney or flue piping is blocked, misaligned, or missing (i.e., evidence of prior installation, but now not present or is incomplete).

Electrical conductor is not enclosed or properly insulated (e.g., damaged sheathing, open port, missing knockout, missing outlet or switch cover, missing breaker or fuse, or missing lightbulb). Smoke alarm is not installed inside each sleeping area, outside each sleeping area, and on each level.

Core Health & Safety Focus

The eight focus areas are critical to the habitability and safety of residents





Addressing Fire Safety

NSPIRE improves fire safety standards in several ways from UPCS



Implementation of National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 72



New fire sprinkler defects related to the proper functioning of these systems



Minimum temperature requirement

Permanent heating source requirement



Prohibition of unvented space heaters



GFCIs, AFCIs, CO alarms, dryer exhaust, and electrical outlets



More stringent & specific fire door requirements



Addressing Fire Safety Cont.

NSPIRE conforms with (NFPA 72)

• NFPA 72 is the preeminent national standard for smoke alarms and fire and existing Housing Quality Standards for vouchers align with this standard

NSPIRE Smoke Alarm Standards Conform with 2019 NFPA 72 Requiring:

At least one working smoke alarm installed on every level of property At least one working smoke alarm installed outside every sleeping area At least one working smoke alarm installed inside each bedroom

 Lack of conformance with the NSPIRE smoke alarm standard requires mitigation within 24 hours

Within two years new NFPA 72 fire safety requirements will be in effect

• Fire alarms without sealed ten-year batteries will need to be fully replaced



Addressing Fire Safety Cont.

Properly functioning heating systems are critical to maintain healthy unit temperatures and prevent fires in public housing

Housing Opportunity through Modernization Act directed HUD to set minimum temperature standards

- PIH Notice 2018-19 set a minimum heating temperature standard for public housing
- The PIH notice set 68 degrees, which is carried over into NSPIRE

Forthcoming NSPIRE Standards Notice will contain the heating source and space heater requirements



Addressing Fire Safety Cont.

Properly functioning fire doors are critical to slow the spread of an active fire in buildings

Fire doors have been addressed in NSPIRE with a standard specific to fire doors

Under UPCS fire doors were inspected and cited with other non-fire doors The fire door standard details the specific function, operability and structural integrity requirements for fire doors Defects and deficiency criteria will be based on research and discussions with fire safety professionals



2

3

Properly functioning fire sprinklers are critical for the suppression of fires

Current NSPIRE version has additional defects and criteria Deficiency criteria is more detailed and objective

New deficiency for obstruction of the spray area

Some deficiencies have elevated severity levels



Additional Fire Safety Items

New Electrical Life Safety Deficiencies include:

Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters

Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters

Properly Wired Outlets

Grounded Outlets



Addressing Water Safety

Water safety was introduced through the NSPIRE Proposed Rule

HUD recognizes the EPA is the government agency tasked with testing and measuring water quality

HUD is considering collecting information on local water outages or water quality alerts

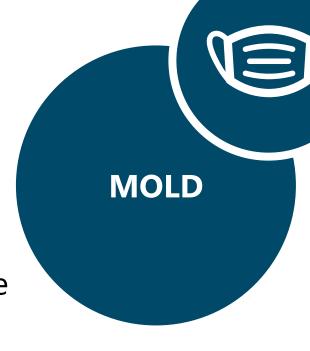
HUD is considering recording observations of lead water service lines in HUD assisted properties



Addressing Mold & Moisture

NSPIRE takes a comprehensive approach to mold and moisture

- Objective and measurable mold deficiency criteria that recognizes different severity levels
- The current mold standard also contains a deficiency for ventilation or dehumidification of bathrooms
- The most recent leak standard contains multiple deficiencies with specific criteria to capture a broad range of plumbing and environmental leaks
- NSPIRE is considering requiring the use of moisture meters and recommending the use of infrared cameras during inspections



Carbon Monoxide Alarms

- Transitioning from a survey question to an enforceable standard
- 2021 Consolidated Appropriations Act included a statutory requirement for CO alarms to be installed with the requirements of the 2018 International Fire Code
 - Effective date of requirement is December 27, 2022
 - Chapters 9 & 11 of the 2018 IFC contain the specific installation requirements & are available free online
- REAC notice published December 27, 2022 for the implementation of the CO requirements within UPCS before the NSPIRE final rule is published and effective
- Decision tree for CO installation guidance published to NSPIRE website December 27, 2022

CARBON

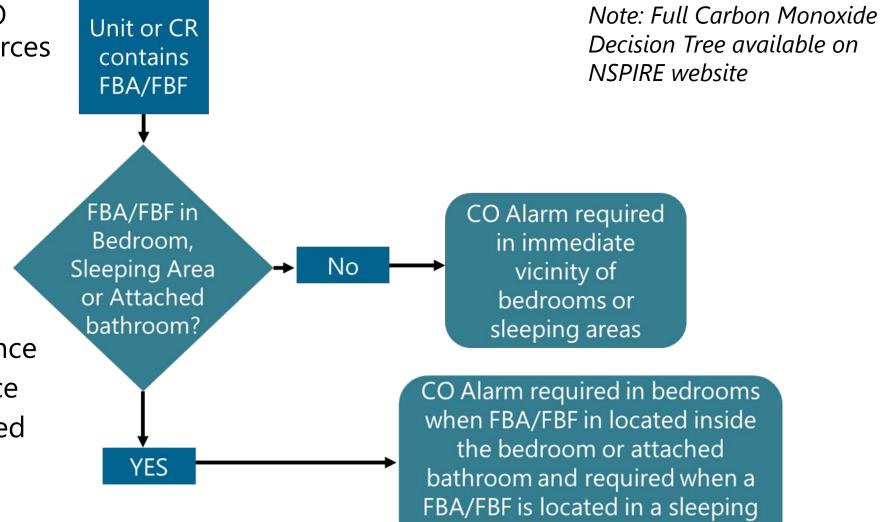
MONOXIDE



Carbon Monoxide Decision Tree Example

A guide for determining CO requirements based on sources of carbon monoxide and location

CR = Classroom
FBA = Fuel Burning Appliance
FBF = Fuel Burning Fireplace
FBFAF = Fuel Burning Forced
Air Furnace



area

Addressing Infestation

NSPIRE infestation standards are changing

- Objective deficiency criteria
 - Specific observed numbers of pests result in different severity levels
- REAC is considering alternative correction options and longer time frames for properties using industry best practices
 - An example of best practices would be integrative pest management



Addressing Lead Based Paint

NSPIRE will have a different approach than UPCS

- Current lead-based paint standard
 - Incorporates requirements from HUD's Lead Safe Housing Rule regulations for the voucher program
 - In buildings constructed before 1978, inspector will perform a visual assessment for deteriorated paint in units with children under age 6
 - NSPIRE does not replace HUD's safe lead requirements



STIN AND LABBAN DEVELOPMENT

NSPIRE Standards Webpage

You can find the standards on the NSPIRE Standards web page

This web page provides:

- Ability to view the standards and download:
 - Single standards
 - $_{\odot}$ All standards in a zip file
- Guidance for navigating the standards
- Access to previous versions of the standards
- Guidance for submitting feedback will be provided when the feature is available



NSPIRE Standards Webpage

Standards Update

HUD published the Proposed **National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE)** in the Federal Register on June 16, 2022. The public comment period closed on August 1, 2022. The final set of standards will be published in the Federal Register following HUD's review and adjudication of public comments.

Current Standards

	Version	I ant Undated	Inspectable area(s) standard applies to:		
STANDARDS	version	Last Updated	Unit	Inside	Outside
Address and Signage Standard	2.2	06-23-2022			Y
Bathtub and Shower Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y	
Cabinets Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y	
Call-for-Aid System Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y	
Carbon Monoxide Alarm Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y	
Ceiling Standard	2.2	06-23-2022	Y	Y	

NSPIRE Standards Template Guide

To help inspectors, quality control reviewers, and other stakeholders understand the terminology and layout of the NSPIRE standards, HUD developed a standards template guide to provide:

- Terminology
- Layout of the standards
- An overview of each component section of a standard, from front to back

standard was published (e.g., 7/31/28) imm sores is the built environment, if applicable (i.e., if the standard refers to an item) the imm take up the imm (e.g., wand, metal) make up the imm (e.g., wand, metal) make up the imm (e.g., where thend, facerc, drain) (incide if the applicable impectable area is within the unit detected if the applicable impectable area is writhin the immire area, but not the unit means area) vase to the imm	TITLE: States the tifte of the standard VESION: States the version of the standard (e.g., VI.3) DATE PROJECT: Lins the date the version of the standard was publiched (e.g., 7/31/20) BETATION: Befars the standard PROFORM: States the version of the standard was publiched (e.g., 7/31/20) BETATION: Befars the standard PROFORM: Lins the date, so, or purpose the ions serves in the belt environment, if suplicable (e.g., 4 the standard refers to an ione) RATE READEST: Lins the standard standard up the ion (e.g., word, meta) COMMON INTERUE: Lins the neutramound that make up the ion (e.g., word, meta) LODION: Interest the time in strend if the suplicable impecable area is which the word IDDION: Interest the is in strend if the suplicable impecable area is which the word IDDION: Interest is in strend if the suplicable impecable area is which the first IDDION: Interest is instrend if the suplicable impecable impecable area is unside the defining REME INFORMINE States addience information information in the instrend is the suplicable impecable impecable insert is undefined information information information area is unside the defining IDDION: States addience information infor
the lenn vals up de time (e.g., ward, encil) i mais up de time (e.g., showe hard, hanns, drain) (encid if de applicable impectable area is within the unit instead af de applicable impectable area is within the immérer area, but set the unit means area) vant as the applicable impectable area is encide the dwelling vant to the imm	PBPOSE: States the landice, use, or purpose the item serves is the bailt environment; if applicable (a.e., if the standard refers to an item) NOTE SUBJECT: Line there are common compares that make up the item (e.g., word, merch) COMPON COMPOSET: Is the ten or common compares that make up the item (e.g., word, merch) COMPON COMPOSET: Is the ten or common compares that make up the item (e.g., where tend, tourci, drain) COMPON COMPOSET: Is the ten is selected if the applicable impecable area is within the unit Issue Indie This bes is instead of the applicable impecable area is within the unit Issue Out-of- This bes is indexed if the applicable impecable area is within the unit Issue Data is in the code of the applicable impecable area is within the unit This bes is indexed if the applicable impecable area is units the tend of the applicable impecable area is units the definition provide area in units the instead of the applicable impecable area is units the definition provide area in the immetation information of the instead of the
4. Rolex, the bases are solected to define whether the specific deficiency applies to the	



Organization of NSPIRE Standards

TITLE: VERSION: DATE PUBLISHED:	HEATING, YENTILATION, AND AIR CONDITIONING (HYAC) Y2.2 64/23/22	Front
DEFINITION:	Bazing A system consisting of a beat survers and method of distribution designed to heat the survanding air and area. <u>Resolutions</u> A method of air distribution by air decits to transfer air from one location to assofter. <i>Nor</i> can be distributed painting to front. <u>Re-Conference</u> A system consisting of a confer source and method of distribution designed to cost the survanding air and	Matter
PIIRPOG-	27L	
COMMON COMPONENTS:	Prvide themal confort and aceptable indoor air quality. Internance, Confesser, Franze, Spapy regioner se vesse, Docs; Air handler, hafant er convecion heating covers; Bolke; Espansierin code: Remonauly: Ga handler view	
LOCATION:	Bit Uning ream, bedream, inches, bahream, deuet Imide Any index comme area (e.g., ball, bath, inches, effice, exercise ream, etc.) Oracide None	
MORE INFORMATION:	kee	
	A personerfly installed leading source is damaged, inspecialer, missing, or net installed and the netside temperature is below 48 approx farbranks; 20 Boto: CQ Instale	
DEFICIENCY 2:	A permanently installed heating source is damaged, inoperable, missing, or not installed and the outside temperature is 68 degrees	
	lahrenheit ar above. ⊠ Unit ⊠ Inside	Deficien
	hr cardinining system ar derior is not aperational.	Dencient
	Reating system or device hurled by combustion has a misaligned, disconnected, improperly connected, damaged, blocked, or missing	
	Munica and Antonio and	
	Conductors charaber cover or gas sharaff value is missing from a conduction-larked heating appliance. So that So Isole	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF I	ROUSING AND UNBAN DEVELOPMENT Page 1 of 15	Summary Changes

HUD redesigned the format and language of the Standards

- Beginning section (front matter)

 Defines the inspectable item
 Summarizes the deficiencies
- Deficiencies
 - In order of inspectable area
 Provides additional information on the process to inspect the deficiency
- Summary of Changes lists revisions to the standard



Deficiencies - Inspection Process

Example Standard: Address, Signage

NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL MATERIAL DATASETS OF THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL MATERIAL DATASETS OF THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL MATERIAL DATASETS OF THE PHYSICAL D						
DEFICIENCY I — OUTSIDE:	Address, signa	ADDRESS, SIGNAGE, OR BUILDING IDENTIFICATION CODES ARE BROKEN, ILLEGIBLE, OR NOT VISIBLE.				
Deficiency Criteria:	Address or build	Address or building identification codes are broken, illegible, or not visible.				
HEALTH AND SAFETY DETERMINATION:	Moderate	The Moderate Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or their property could be compromised.				
CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
HCV PASS / FAIL:	Fail					
HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
INSPECTION PROCESS:						
Observation:		operty and locate any signage or address. Jual buildings on the property and locate any signage or building identification codes identifying the				
REQUEST FOR HELP:	- None					
Action:	- Approach the e	entrance to the building from the main street, road, or parking area.				
MORE INFORMATION:	- None					

- Each deficiency includes an Inspection Process section
- Inspection Process subsections:
 Observation
 - Request for Help (e.g., from resident or POA)
 - \circ Action

More Information



Summary of Changes

- As part of its continuous improvement of NSPIRE, HUD documents the revisions it makes to each standard
- The Summary of Changes is provided at the end of each standard and lists:

 Fields updated in the standard
 Revision dates starting with the most recent version



NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF REAL ESTATI

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

ITLE: Ersion: Date published:	ADDRESS A V2.2 06/23/22	ND SIGNAGE		
FIELD		Change	Version	Date
		Abbreviated published version	V2.2	2022-06-23
	Name Variants	Removed from published version		
	Common Materials	Removed from published version		
	Rationale	Removed from published version		
T	ools or Equipment	Removed from published version		
Deficiency I			V2.2	2022-06-23
Health and Saf	ety Determination	Relabeled from "Standard" to "Moderate"		
•••••		Copy edits	¥2.1	2021-04-02
Deficiency I			V2.0	2020-10-28



- NSPIRE strengthens HUD's physical condition standards to emphasize resident health and safety in their units
- NSPIRE aligns inspection standards across all HUD-assisted properties, as directed by Congress
- Get ready now for changes to come (e.g., check fire doors, smoke detectors, carbon monoxide alarm)
- NSPIRE Standards can be found on HUD.gov

OFRARTM'

AND EVELL

Scoring Model

Speakers: Ashley Leia Sheriff and Cliff Kornegay

Working draft – for discussion purposes only



By the end of this module you will be able to:

- Contrast the mechanics of UPCS Scoring Model with the proposed NSPIRE Inspection Scoring Model features
- Align proposed NSPIRE goals with NSPIRE Inspection Scoring Model features
- Perform a simplistic scoring exercise
- Understand proposed changes to the sampling methodology
- Comprehend the applicability to PHAS





Background - UPCS Scoring Model

100-point score scale:

 The best possible inspection score is 100 and deficiencies generally cause the inspection score to decrease by some amount

Item and Area-Based Limits

 Under UPCS, the total score of 100 is comprised of five area scores that each comprised a certain limited percentage of the total score

Criticality and Severity Level:

 Under UPCS, each "item weight" is multiplied by a predetermined severity and criticality level

Area	Typical % of Property Inspection Score
Units	35
Building Systems	20
Common Areas	15
Building Exterior	15
Site	15

Criticality Level	Multiplier		
	Value	Severity	Multiplier
5	5.00	Level	Value
4	3.00	3	1.00
3	2.25	2	0.50
2	1.25	1	0.25
1	0.50		62



Background - UPCS Scoring Model

Item and Area-Based Limits

- Further, each area is inspected for specific items
 - For example: if a kitchen has 10 inspectable items (e.g., door, ceiling, cabinet, floor, lighting, HVAC, etc.,) each of the 10 items (if present) have a 10% "item weight"
- When a deficiency is cited, the impact that the deficiency has on the area score relates to this "item weight" that is subsequently multiplied by a few additional values, which are shown and described on the following slide



Draft NSPIRE Physical Inspection Model Features



UPCS Comparison to NSPIRE Scoring Model

UPCS	NSPIRE
Complex system of weightings, multipliers, and limits	Simplified three-step scoring system
Unsafe properties could still receive a passing score for a variety of reasons, including mechanisms of "capped" item and area weights	Unsafe properties will not receive a passing score due to focus on Health & Safety and Unit-based defects
Item and area weights could sometimes cause less important defects to disproportionately factor into inspection scoring	Defect Impact Weights Table makes clear the hierarchy of defect importance on Inspection Score

NSPIRE Draft Scoring Model

• Draft Defect point system:

- Each deficiency causes the inspection score to decrease by some prescribed amount according to severity and location
 - *Health and safety (H&S)* make up most of the NSPIRE deficiencies because they are focused on the most critical elements that impact resident safety and habitability.
- Sum of "Defect Points" will be normalized to accommodate different property sizes



Defect Examples

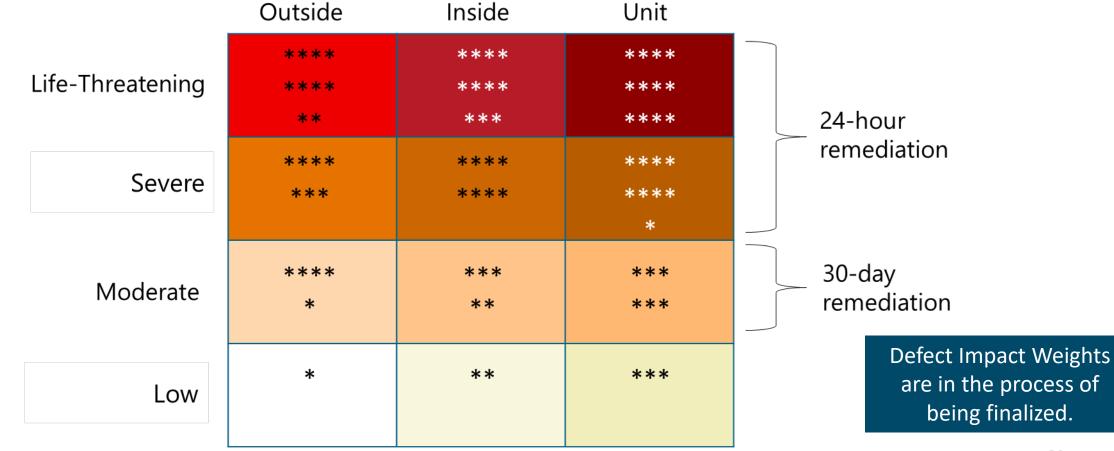
	Outside	Inside	Unit
Life- Threatening	Gas dryer exhaust ventilation system has restricted airflow.	Structural system exhibits signs of serious failure.	Flammable or combustible material is on or near an ignition source.
Severe	A sharp edge that can result in a cut or puncture hazard is present.	Fire labeled door does not close and latch or self-close and latch.	Call-for-aid system is blocked.
Moderate	Trip hazard on walking surface.	Plumbing leak that allows for water intrusion in unintended areas.	Refrigerator component is damaged such that it impacts functionality.
Low	Water runoff is unable to flow through the site drainage system.	Auxiliary lighting component is damaged or missing.	Presence of mold-like substance at very low levels is observed visually.

D



NSPIRE Draft Scoring Model

The **Notional Draft Defect Impact Weights Table** shown below is the backbone of the scoring model



Draft Scoring 3-Step Process

Under the draft NSPIRE Scoring Model, the steps to score an inspection are as follows:

- 1. Count defects of each type. Multiply counts by values in Defect Impact Weights table (shown in the previous slide). Sum all results. Calculation yields **total defect points.**
- 2. Size-adjust total defect points.
 - Divide total defect points by number of units inspected to adjust for property size
- 3. Subtract **size-adjusted defect points** from 100 to calculate **0-100 score.**



(Proposed Feature) Categorization into Letter Grades

Grade A	Good condition with the least number of concerning defects. Aligns with "Standard 1 Performing Property."	Inspection every 3 years	>=90	Passing	
Grade B	Good condition but with more concerning and yet easily addressable defects. Aligns with "Standard 2 Performing Property."	Inspection every 2 years	>=80<90	Grade	
Grade C	Okay condition with higher number of concerning and yet addressable defects. Close monitoring is needed. Aligns with "Standard 3 Performing Property."	Inspection annually	>=70<80	Substandard	
Grade D	Challenged condition with high prevalence H&S defects that may not be easily addressable. Close monitoring is needed. Aligns with "Standard 3 Performing Property."	Inspection annually	>=60<70	Grade	
Grade E	Failing condition with high prevalence of concerning H&S defects. Close, regular monitoring needed. Administrative action may be needed to protect residents.	Higher inspection frequency	>30<60	Failing	
Grade F	Failing condition with extremely high prevalence of concerning H&S defects. Actions should be taken to protect residents. Referred to DEC.	Highest inspection frequency	<=30	Grade 70	



Draft NSPIRE Sampling Plan

Draft NSPIRE Sampling Plan

- Not Finalized currently undergoing calibration
- Draft NSPIRE Sampling Plan:
 - Number of Units Sampled during inspections may increase under NSPIRE
 - Buildings may be inspected with a likelihood that is related to their number of units (e.g., buildings with higher unit counts are more likely to be inspected)
 - Resident-selected Units may be supplemental to the Inspection Sample

Operations & IT Information

AN DEVE

ANDU

Speakers: Marcel Jemio and Kevin Laviano





Delivering on NSPIRE is built on top of process improvements, talented people, and the use of state-of-the-art technology

- Service delivery model
- Inspection process (i.e., before, during, after the inspection)
- NSPIRE benefits
- Preparation for day 1 (i.e., planning, development, training)



Revitalized Service Delivery Model



We value our customers and seek to prioritize improvements that reestablish relevance and align services with customer needs **ENHANCED CONNECTIVITY**

to accelerate housing quality improvement

Connected Property Owners and Agents (POAs), HUD Oversight (i.e., REAC, OFO, DEC), and Program Offices increases transparency and coordination

ENHANCED OPERATIONS

to streamline business processes & user experience

Real-time data and intuitive automated workflows improve business processes focusing on timely detection, remediation, and improvement of homes

ENHANCED TECHNOLOGY

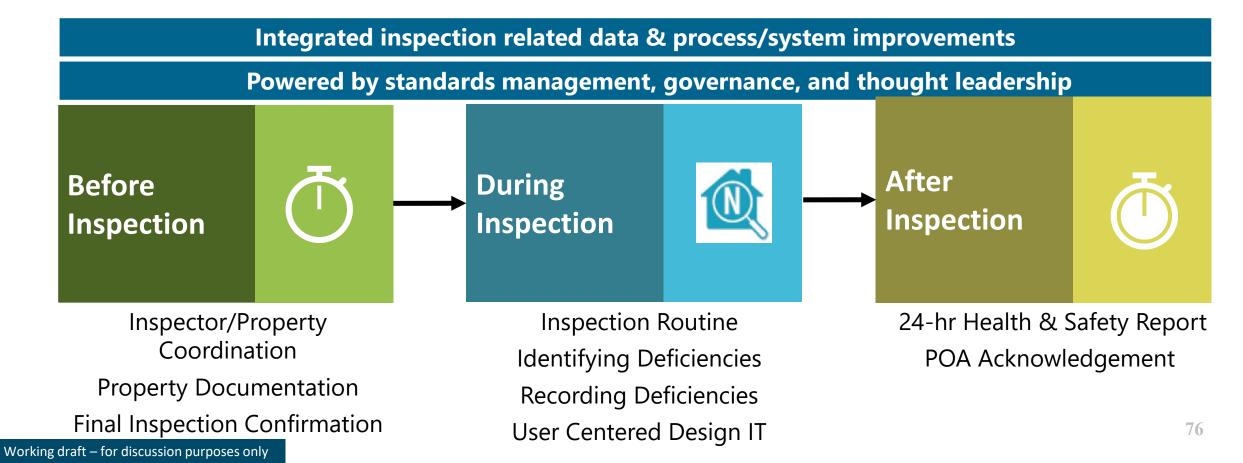
to increase productivity and data analytics

Modern, digital experience improves portfolio management, risk assessment, and predictive analytics



Improvements to Operations

- What happens before, during, and after inspections is changing
- We are designing as digital an experience as possible



SON AND LING AND EVELOP

Before-Inspection Highlights

- POAs will receive automatic emails directing them to verify their property profiles prior to inspection
- POAs will have access to an integrated dashboard to update property information including certificate upload (elevator, fire extinguishers, etc.)
- Continued effective coordination between NSPIRE inspectors and POA once inspection is scheduled
- HUD upgraded back-end automated systems to streamline internal inspection administrative processes (i.e., scheduling, inspectors' roles)





Inventory Management

Inventory Management is the process to ensure that property inventory for the inspection line of business are complete and accurate

Inventory Management – Key Changes 🕗

- Field Offices (FOs) will have the ability to track and query property profiles directly in the Salesforce platform but will still need to update the property profiles in the source systems
- Processes will be streamlined to notify down stream customers when to verify and update property profiles prior to an inspection thus resulting in increased inventory accuracy
- Variance report will identify properties with inconsistent, incomplete, or inaccurate profiles based on the inspection



Ordering is the process for creating property inspection orders

Ordering – Key Changes +

- Generate a collection of Inspection of Record Orders including properties to be inspected, which are then automatically routed to FOs and Program Offices (POs) for review and approval
- FOs new responsibility includes examining new orders for issues, or delaying the inspection for any property in the collection
- FOs and POs will receive automated notifications when orders are placed to vendors
- Ad-hoc orders initiated as "one-off" inspections performed as a result of Congressional inquiry, low scores, high risk, etc.



Scheduling

Scheduling is reengineered to include an Integrated Master Schedule (IMS) on Salesforce to improve resource, workload, and financial planning.

Scheduling – Key Changes 🛗

- Vendors and POAs will have access to view scheduled inspections associated with their organization
- Prior to inspection day POAs will:
 - Receive an email link to their property profile for validation
 - Interface with a single platform to verify and update property profiles and view scheduled inspections
 - Upload certificates to Salesforce (e.g., fire suppression, elevator, boiler)
 - Provide an accurate point of contact to generate work orders and close out H&S items

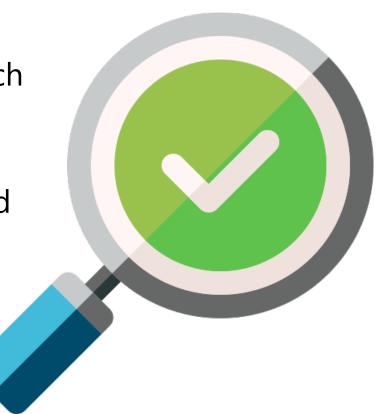


Tracking & Managing Inspections

ExAM Inspection INSP-01045			1		1/2			10445	+ Follow
·	> ~	\rightarrow	~ >	·	<u>></u> ~	>	In I	Review	Review Complete
Details						a e	xAM Deficient	cies (3+)	
✓ Information						QR-262 Correct Status: Develo	ive Timeframe:	30 days Acknowledged/Unmitigated A-077524	•
Inspection Name	INSP-01045		Owner	Matt Crockett		QR-262		A-077524	•
Inspection ID	REAC QA Internal Test Dev 12		Inspection Vendor	REAC QA Internal	1	Correct Status:	ive Timeframe:	24 hours Acknowledged/Unmitigated	
Development	A-077524	1	Assigned Inspector	Robert West		/ Develo	oment:	A-077524	
Inspection Unsuccessful Reason	N/A N/A	/	Number of Sample Buildings	2			2 <mark>6</mark> ive Timeframe:	30 days	•
Occupancy Percentage			Number of Sample Units	4		Status: Develo	oment:	Acknowledged/Unmitigated A-077524	
Inspection Due Date	In-Person	1	Number of Sample Alternate Units	0				View All	
			Total Number of Units	4					_
			Min Number of Units Required to Inspect	4			ssignment Ma	anager (3+)	•
			Total Number of Sample Units Inspected	4		Propert			•
			Cancellation Day of Inspection					H&S Acknowledgment NSPIRE Inspection	
			Cancellation Prior to Inspection			Propert	nent Template	Outside Inspection NSPIRE Inspection	
✓ Inspection Date/Ti	me Information						77 09-27-2022	. Horne impection	•

During Inspection Highlights

- Actions on the day of inspection are streamlined due to:
 - Previous validation of property profile information
 - Previous validation of profile sampling variables such as offline buildings and units, vacancy rates, and converted units (if applicable)
 - More efficient visual verification of properties based on "real time" information
 - Modern inspection software





Discussion – App Features

8:35 PM Wed Sep 28		111 5G E 48% 🔳 '
<	Inside Inspection	Submit All
Assessment Viewer		~
Assessable Record: A-074170 Assignment Manager: AM-1457 09	-27-2022	
Inside Standards		
(1/51) 2% Completed	•	
NOD OD N/	A	
12. Egress *		
NOD OD N/	Α	
13. Electrical - Conductor *		
NOD OD N/	A	
14. Electrical - GFCI or AFCI	Outlet or Breaker * 🚺	
NOD OD NA		
15. Electrical - Outlet and Sw	itch *	
NOD OD N/	A	
16. Electrical - Service Panel	•	
NOD OD N/	A	
17. Elevator *		

Electrical - GFCI or AF	CI Outlet or Breaker							
Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Outlet or Breaker								
AFCI breaker								
AFCI outlet								
GFCI breaker								
• GFCI outlet								
Cancel	Next							



Discussion – App Features

	Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Outlet or Breaker	Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Outlet or Breaker
	GFCI outlet	Corrective Timeframe
	• Test or reset button is inoperable	24 hours
		Image
		* This field is required
		Add Image
		Comment
		Does not test
		Room Inside
		Garage
		Cancel Previous
ly	Cancel Previous Next	Record Deficiency

me	
	~ C
1	
Add Image	
	~ C
	(L)
	Previous
Record Deficiency	



Discussion – App Features

	d_Safety_Report09-28-2022_15-19.pdf - Adobe Acrobat Re View Sign Window Help	ader DC (32-bit)	- 0	×
Home		and_Safety ×		
		/ 5 🕅 ⊖ ⊕ 129% ▾ 🙀 ♥ 🐺 📮 🖉		
	Location Building 1 Victory Square_1 Parking Garage	Electrical - GFCI or AFCI Outlet or Breaker GFCI outlet or GFCI breaker is not visibly damaged and the test or reset button is inoperable.	^	©
	Sampling Status In Sample	Comment Behind ac units in garage	- 10	L. Ko
•	Corrective Timeframe 24 hours		4	
	Location	Electrical - Outlet and Switch		
	Building 1 Victory Square_1	An unprotected outlet is present within six feet of a water source.	~	∣→



After-Inspection Highlights

- Property representatives given health & safety reports daily, acknowledge receipt electronically and have immediate access to H&S report via automated links
- Information flows and timeliness between QC reviewers, Inspection Vendors, and POAs will be improved
- The inspection report format will be more user friendly
- Under NSPIRE, deficiencies have specific mitigation/repair timeline requirements (i.e., 24-hrs, 30-days)





Health & Safety

Health & Safety – Key Changes 🕒

- Records will be created and tracked through resolution including POA mitigations, supporting documentation, and FO verification
- Multifamily and public housing organizations will receive H&S reports by their field office and region
- Automated notifications for: open H&S items; items awaiting mitigation; insufficient defect resolution; and, when defect resolution is complete
- Health & Safety reports are now electronically signed



Submitting Evidence of Mitigations for Health & Safety Deficiencies

NSPIRE Q Search		Greg Jackson 👻		
Home Inspections Deficiencies		×		
NSPIRE Deficiency	Submit Evidence of Mitigation			
QR-4355658	* Date/Time Mitigated	+ Follow Submit Evidence of Mitigation		
✓ Deficiency Information	Oct 20, 2022 📅 6:05 AM 🕔	tes & Attachments (2) Upload Files		
Deficiency ID QR-4355658		t 1 CO Detector 12, 2022 • 54KB Mobile App Image Nov 30, 2021 • Attac		
NSPIRE Health & Safety Life-Threatening	Evidence of Mitigation (REQUIRED)	Niew All		
Deficiency Details Unit -> Carbon Monoxide Alarm -> Carbon monox detector does not produce audio or visual alarm v tested -> Carbon monoxide detector does not pro audio or visual alarm when tested.	⚠️ Upload Files Or drop files	vill find the Chatter widget. This widget is used to mmunication between the property and Field Office ve. Click on the "Share an Update" box to begin		
Property TEST- MF PROPERTY		by typing w followed by their name! You can even include attachments in your message. You will receive an email when		
Deficiency Location <u>MF TEST UNIT 1</u>	Location (Unit/Inside/Outside) Unit	they reply!		
Deficiency Location Address		Doct		



Reviewing & Adjudicating Health & Safety Deficiencies Mitigations

NSPIRE			Q Search			🗄 🚓 ? 🌣 🤗
Field Office	Арр	NSPIRE Inspections 🗸 🗸	NSPIRE Deficiencies 🗸			,
NSPIRE Deficien						
QR-435565	58			Approve Mitigation		ollow Approve Mitigati
Details		Mitigation Reviewer (Comment			
V Deficiency Inform	mation	Evidence and repai	r is acceptable.			AM-338896 11-30-2021
NSPIRE Health & Safety	Life-Thr	Status			4	 All
Deficiency ID	QR-435	Mitigation Approve	ed		•	
Question Label	Unit -> monoxi or visua monoxi				Cancel Save	t. This widget is used to facili / and Field Office representat b begin typing your message, re by typing @ followed by th
	or visual	alarm when tested.			name! You can even include attachn receive an email when they reply!	nents in your message. You wil
Building Address			Deficiency Location	MF TEST UNIT 1		
Room/Location			Deficiency Location Address		Post	
			Location (Unit/Inside/Outside	Unit	Share an update	e Sha



Appeals is the process responsible for POAs submitting appeal requests associated with an inspection on their property

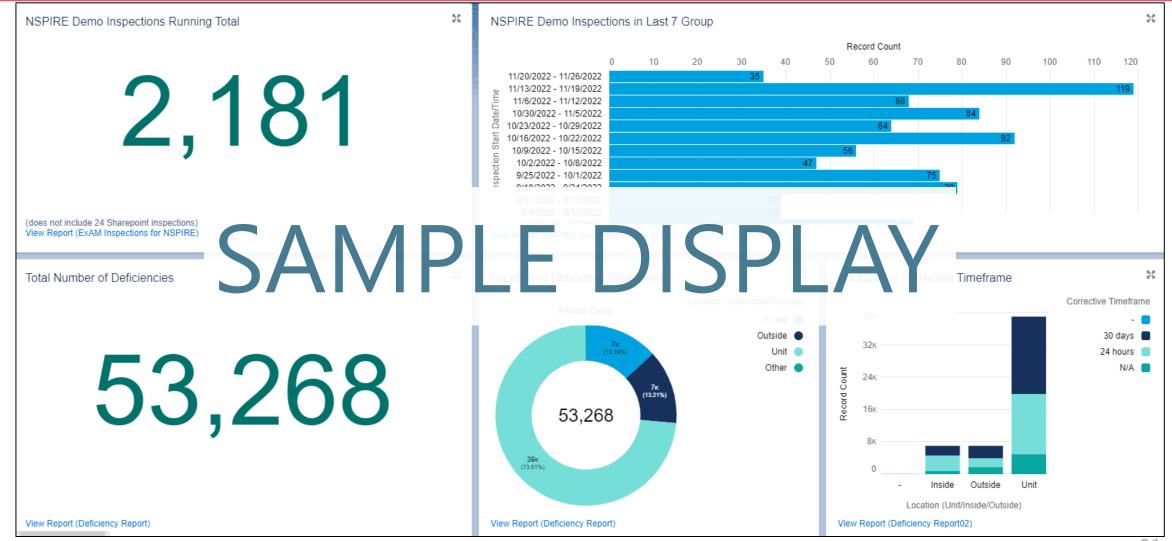
• POAs will submit appeals digitally via Salesforce

Appeals – Key Changes 📩

 Appeals lifecycle management is streamlined thereby improving visibility, tracking and reducing process cycle times



Sample Reports and Dashboards

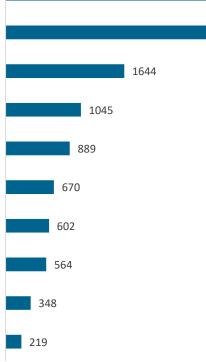




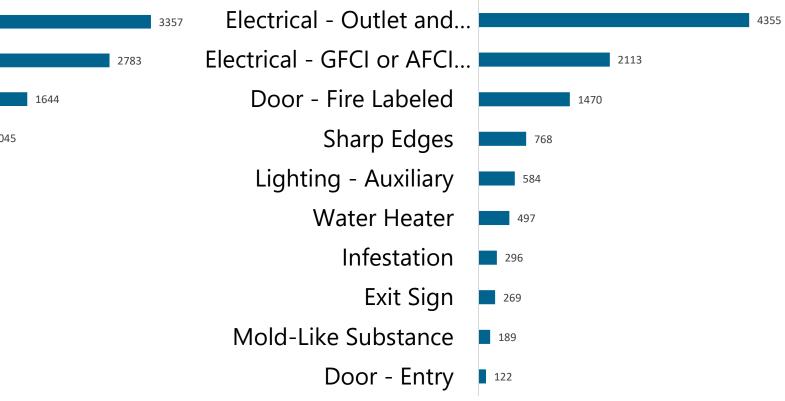
Top Defects Based on Demonstration

Top 10 Most Occurring Life Threatening Defects

Smoke Alarm Carbon Monoxide Alarm Electrical - Conductor Egress Electrical - Outlet and Switch Sprinkler Assembly Fire Extinguisher Call-For-Aid System Flammable and Combustible Item **Clothes Dryer Exhaust Ventilation**



Top 10 Most Occurring Severe Defects





Benefits to POAs & Field Staff

For Property Owners & Agents:

- Efficient coordination and scheduling
- System generated health and safety notifications and instructions for appropriate users
- Enhanced case management for appeals
- Technology solution can integrate with required systems such as property source systems, procurement systems, and financial systems
- Refreshed scoring model promotes emphasis on health and safety of residents

For Field Staff:

- Improved transparency and communication from REAC to equip Field Staff to provide tailored support to its customers
- Manually intensive tasks are automated to maximize staff's efforts on high value, high return items
- Direct input from staff informs ongoing NSPIRE process design and continuous improvement



Planning for Day 1

CALENDAR YEAR 2022					CALENDAR YEAR 2023				
JULY AUG SEPT OCT NOV DEC				JAN	FEB	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE

Stage 1 – Learning

Evaluate standards, evaluate protocol, & research initial IT

Stage 2 – Testing

Conduct inspections to collect data, perform field evaluation QA (i.e., side by side), & refine scoring model

Stage 3 – Pilot

Evaluate end-to-end lifecycle operations



NSPIRE Standards & Inspector Protocol Processes Refinement

System Development, Testing, and Improvement



Full NSPIRE toolkit will be available on the HUD.gov NSPIRE webpage https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/ public_indian_housing/reac/nspire



- NSPIRE strives to enhance connectivity, enhance operations, and enhance technology through the end-to-end inspection life-cycle for stakeholders
- POAs and Field staff will see benefits of streamlined workflows and reduction in manual work to improve property quality oversight
- The NSPIRE Demonstration serves as an opportunity to gather input from stakeholders, refine processes, and ensure all mechanisms are in place to facilitate the nationwide go-live
- Training will be provided for impacted groups

Questions and Feedback

OKRARTMENT S.

ALD LABAN DEVELOPHY

NSPIRE@hud.gov or search for "HUD NSPIRE" found on HUD.gov

Follow Us On Twitter: @HUDREAC

Working draft – for discussion purposes only