

10 Key Takeaways

Environmental Review and HEROS Submissions

- 1. An environmental review is the process of reviewing a project and its potential environmental impacts to determine whether it meets federal, state, and local environmental standards.
- 2. A Quick Reference Guide is available online search "ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW REQUIREMENTS FOR FIRST COMPONENT RAD CONVERSIONS", document dated 2/29/16. Updated guidance will be issued in coming weeks, and will be posted to the RAD Resource Desk.
- 3. You should begin the process early, even as soon as you enter into a CHAP (if not sooner).
- 4. HUD cannot issue the RAD Conversion Commitment (RCC) until an environmental review has been completed.
- 5. If you have any debt financing, work through your lender to order required third-party environmental reports to avoid having to pay for a second report later.
- 6. PBRA and FHA transactions will require Part 50 Reviews (HUD conducts the Environmental Review). Non-FHA PBV transactions require Part 58 Reviews (Responsible Entity conducts the Environmental Review). Joint reviews for Part 50 and Part 58 programs are possible.
- 7. Pre-conversion spending is subject to environmental review. Environmental clearance is required from your Responsible Entity (RE) and/or local Public Housing Field Office before expending funds on pre-development activities, including for professional services that do not have a physical impact.
- 8. Responsible Entities are encouraged to use HUD recommended formats to document the environmental review record.

- 9. Environmental reports and documentation must cover all project activities or actions that are logically related to the RAD transaction, regardless of whether the activity is also assisted by HUD.
- 10. PHAs working with multi-phase conversions should discuss the project with their TM and local environmental staff as soon as possible to establish an environmental review strategy to avoid delays or duplication of effort.