



Prepared by, the Housing Finance and Development Division of the Georgia Department of Community Affairs

Participating Jurisdiction: Georgia Department of Community Affairs **Date:** November 2, 2022

Table of Contents

| Table of Contents | 1 |
|---|------|
| Consultation | 6 |
| A. Summary of the consultation process: | . 6 |
| B. List of Organizations Consulted: | . 6 |
| 1. Continuums of Care (CoCs) serving the jurisdiction's geographic area | 6 |
| a) 2022 Emergency Solutions Grant Awardees | 6 |
| b) Georgia Department of Community Affairs | 7 |
| 2. Homeless and domestic violence service providers: | 7 |
| (1) Comments: | . 17 |
| 3. Veterans' groups: | 18 |
| 4. Public Housing Authorities (PHAs): | 19 |
| a) Public Housing Authorities' recommendations and comments about needs (August 2022 Forums): | 20 |
| b) Public Housing Authorities' comments regarding the HOME-ARP program (August 2022 Forums): | 20 |
| 5. Public agencies that address the needs of the qualifying populations: | 20 |
| a) Department of Public Health | 20 |
| (1) Comments: See Appendix A | 21 |
| b) Department of Human Services, Division of Family and Children Services | 21 |
| (1) Comments: | . 21 |
| (2) Data provided by DFCS: | 21 |
| c) Department of Community Supervision | 22 |
| Comments from the Department: | . 22 |
| Data from the Department: | . 22 |
| Locations of Housing Partners by County (Partner names are redacted for the safety of the program): | 23 |
| d) Department of Community Health | 23 |
| (1) Comments: See Appendix A | 23 |
| e) Department of Community Affairs | 23 |
| 6. Public or private organizations that address fair housing, civil rights, and the needs of persons with disabilities: | 24 |
| a) Local Governments | 24 |
| (1) Comments: | 26 |

| b |) Dep | partment of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (9/26/2022) | 26 |
|------|-----------------------------|--|----|
| с |) Cor | nmunity Service Boards | 27 |
| | (1) | Agencies that serve people with disabilities recommendations and comments: | 31 |
| | (2) | For mental health accommodations: | 31 |
| | (3) | Fair housing agencies recommendations and comments (August 2022 Forums): | 32 |
| | Rec | ommendations included: | 32 |
| | (4) | Recommendations for supportive rental housing through HOME-ARP: | 32 |
| d |) NA | ACP of Georgia | 33 |
| | (1) | 80th Annual Georgia State NAACP Convention, October 8th, 2022 | 33 |
| | Cor | nments from the meeting: | 33 |
| | (2) | Follow-up Meeting with State Housing Committee Leadership | 34 |
| | Cor | nments from the meeting: | 34 |
| C. S | stakehol | der Forums, Meetings, and Conferences | 34 |
| 1. | Forum | 18 | 34 |
| 2. | Meeti | ngs | 35 |
| а |) Cor | ntinuum of Care Planning Meetings | 35 |
| | Cor | nments: See Continuums of Care (CoCs) serving the jurisdiction's geographic area | 35 |
| b |) Stal | keholder Meetings | 35 |
| | (1) | Georgia Department of Community Supervision, September 14th, 2022 | 35 |
| | (2) | Follow-up discussions on re-entry data | 35 |
| | Cor | nments: See Department of Community Supervision Comments | 35 |
| | (3) | Corporation for Supportive Housing (CSH), September 16th, 2022 | 35 |
| | Cor | nments: | 35 |
| | (4) 26 th , 2 | Georgia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities, September 022. | |
| | (5) | Georgia NAACP State Housing Committee | 36 |
| | Cor | nments: See NAACP of Georgia Comments | 36 |
| 3. | Confe | rences | 36 |
| D. S | Supplem | ental Forums | 36 |
| 1. | Backg | round: | 36 |
| 2. | Proces | 58: | 37 |
| 3. | Discu | ssion questions included two main themes: | 37 |
| 4. | Summ | ary of the Forums: | 37 |
| 5. | Comn | nents, recommendations, and insights from each forum: | 37 |
| а |) Pub | lic Housing Authorities' recommendations and comments about needs: | 37 |
| b |) Pub | lic Housing Authorities' comments regarding the HOME-ARP program: | 37 |
| с |) Fai | housing agencies' recommendations and comments: | 38 |

| | (1) | For mental health accommodations: | 38 |
|------------|----------|--|------|
| | (2) | Agencies that serve people with disabilities recommendations and comments: | 38 |
| | (3) | Recommendations for supportive rental housing through HOME-ARP: | 39 |
| E. H | IOME | -ARP Listserv and Survey | . 39 |
| 1. | Renta | al Housing Development: | 39 |
| 2. | Trans | sitional Shelter: | 39 |
| 3. | Hous | ing Placement Assistance in Rural Areas: | 40 |
| | ient per | e the public participation process, including information about and the dates of the publ riod and public hearing(s) held during the development of the plan: | . 40 |
| 1. | Desc | ribe any efforts to broaden public participation: | 40 |
| 2. prod | | narize the comments and recommendations received through the public participation | 40 |
| 3. | Sum | narize any comments or recommendations not accepted and state the reasons why: | 40 |
| Needs A | ssessm | ent and Gaps Analysis | 41 |
| | | e the size and demographic composition of qualifying populations within the Participati | |
| 1. | Num | ber of Homeless Individuals and Families in Georgia: | 42 |
| a |) Po | int in Time (PIT) Homeless Count 2022 (Gray, 2022) | 42 |
| | (1) | Counties counted included: | 42 |
| | (2) | 2011 – 2022 Balance of State Unsheltered PIT Counts | 43 |
| | (3) | 2011 – 2022 Balance of State Sheltered Point in Time Counts | 44 |
| | (4) | Homeless Count Trend 2011 - 2022 | 45 |
| | (5) | Sheltered versus Unsheltered Proportions | 46 |
| | (6) | Homeless Status by Gender | 47 |
| | (7) | Homeless Status by Race | 47 |
| | (8) | Homeless Status by Household Type | 48 |
| b |) Su | bpopulations | 48 |
| | (1) | Subpopulation: Veterans | 49 |
| | (2) | Subpopulation: Chronically Homeless | 49 |
| | (3) | Violence Against Women's Act (VAWA) | 50 |
| | Su | bpopulation Point in Time Count Methodology & Analysis | 50 |
| | (4) | Subpopulation: Children (US Department of Education, 2022) | 50 |
| | (5) | Subpopulation: Youth Aging Out of Foster Care | 53 |
| | Su | mmary of demographic information for the youth in care ages 18-21 | 53 |
| | (6) | Subpopulation: Reentry Housing Program | 55 |
| c |) Re | nt Burdened | 55 |
| | (1) | Rental Vacancy and Homeowner Vacancy | 55 |

| H. Describe the unmet housing and service needs of qualifying populations, including but not to: 57 | limited |
|--|---------|
| 1. Georgia 2021 Point in Time Count of Homeless Families and Individuals | |
| 2. McKinney Vento Homeless Children Count | |
| 3. Youth Aging Out of Foster Care | |
| 4. Veterans | 59 |
| 5. Violence Against Women Act | 59 |
| 6. Reentry Housing | 60 |
| 7. Current Shelter and Permanent Supportive Housing Resources Available: | 60 |
| a) Identify priority needs for qualifying populations: | 60 |
| (1) Need for Affordable Rental Housing for Extremely Low-Income Renters: | 60 |
| HOME-ARP Activities | 61 |
| I. Rental Housing Development | 61 |
| 1. Use of HOME-ARP Funding | 63 |
| J. Non-Congregate Shelter Development: | 63 |
| K. Administration | 64 |
| L. Tenant Based Rental Assistance | 64 |
| M. Supportive Services | 64 |
| N. Funds Per Year: | 64 |
| 1. Funds Per Year: | |
| Preferences | 65 |
| HOME-ARP Refinancing Guidelines | |
| Appendix A | 67 |
| O. Home-ARP Survey and Forum Attendee Feedback | |
| Appendix B | 76 |
| Appendix C | 81 |
| P. 2021 Homeless Count | |
| Appendix D | |
| Q. 2021 Housing Inventory Count | |
| Appendix E | |
| R. Georgia Housing Profile | |
| Appendix F | |
| S. Additional Forum Attendees | |
| 1. GA Public Housing Authorities Focus Group for New Housing for Homeless Grant Prog | - |
| 2. Fair Housing Considerations Focus Group for New Housing for Homeless Grant Program | |
| 3. Focus Group for New Housing for Homeless Grant Programs – Considerations for Peop Disabilities | |

| Bibliography | |
|---|----|
| SF-424: Application for Federal Assistance and Related Certifications | 89 |

Consultation

A. Summary of the consultation process:

As part of the HOME-ARP planning process, HUD required the State of Georgia HOME Participating Jurisdiction to consult with agencies and service providers whose clientele include the HOME-ARP qualifying populations to identify unmet needs and gaps in housing or service delivery systems including:

- Continuums of Care (CoCs) serving the jurisdiction's geographic area
- Homeless and domestic violence service providers
- Veterans' groups
- Public housing agencies (PHAs)
- Public agencies that address the needs of the qualifying populations
- Public or private organizations that address fair housing, civil rights, and the needs of persons with disabilities

B. List of Organizations Consulted:

1. Continuums of Care (CoCs) serving the jurisdiction's geographic area

Georgia benefits from having both the HOME Participating Jurisdiction and the statewide Continuum of Care staff in the same agency, the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. Staff met regularly between January and March 2022 to determine the statewide needs of the HOME-ARP Qualifying Populations and gaps in the service delivery system. Likewise, most of the grantees participated in the DCA Forums. Their feedback is included in Appendix A.

| Name | Organization | Email |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Deborah Anglin | Hearts to Nourish Hope | danglin@heartstonourishhope.org |
| Donita Gaulden | City of Hinesville | dgaulden@cityofhinesville.org |
| Dr. Ronnie Mathis | South Georgia Partnership to End Homelessness | mathis@sgpeh.org |
| Jo Ann Kennedy | Habersham Homeless Ministries | joandjack@windstream.net |
| Katie Tucker | Flint Circuit Council on Family Violence, Inc. | katie.tucker@henryhavenhouse.org |
| Martine J Hill | The Bridge of Tiftarea, Inc. | martinejhill@gmail.com |
| Phyllis Brown | City of Albany, Georgia | PBrown@albanyga.gov |
| Tamara L. Conlin | Advantage Behavioral Health Systems | tconlin@advantagebhs.org |
| William G. Mockabee | The Salvation Army - Albany | William.Mockabee@uss.salvationarmy.org |
| Yurshema Flanders | Lowndes Associated to Ministries to People Inc. | yflanders@lampinc.org |

a) <u>2022 Emergency Solutions Grant Awardees</u>

| Yvonne Pryor | Inner City Night Shelter, Inc. | cns124@comcast.net |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|

| Name | | Title | Organization |
|--------|---------|--|--------------|
| Amanda | Brand | Coordinated Entry System Coordinator | DCA |
| Isaac | Davis | Coordinated Entry Systems Coordinator | DCA |
| Josh | Gray | Continuum of Care Program Manager | DCA |
| Keya | Hillman | Coordinated Entry System BOS | DCA |
| Ambra | Houser | Data Analyst COC | DCA |
| Tina | Moore | Continuum of Care Program Coordinator | DCA |
| Diana | Pitcher | Balance of State Continuum of Care Coordinator | DCA |

b) Georgia Department of Community Affairs

2. Homeless and domestic violence service providers:

| First | Last | Organization | Type of Organization/Pop Served |
|-----------|----------|--|------------------------------------|
| Shakeer | Abdullah | Clayton State University Foundation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Miselinda | Agbaka | Sankofa House, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Zina | Age | Aniz Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Alroi | Anderson | Decatur Housing Authority - HIC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Bartola | Anderson | Positive Transition Services | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Megan | Anderson | Furniture Bank of Metropolitan Atlanta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Deborah | Anglin | Hearts to Nourish Hope, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Uno | Anikpe | Covenant Community, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kenneth | Argot | The Salvation Army - Temple | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| John | Asbell | Georgia Power | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Gailer | Baity | Circle of Excellence | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Gailer | Baity | Elite Eagles Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kavian | Baker | Sisters for Society | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Dionne | Ball | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tracie | Ball | Open Door Home, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tom | Balog | Lawrenceville Cooperative Ministry | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Michael | Banner | Here's to Life Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sushma | Barakoti | Refugee Women's Network, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sable | Barber | Project Real Life Youth Occupational Training Corps, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Farley | Barge | Sojourn Ministries, Inc. DBA Navigate Recovery Gwinnett | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Franklin | Battle | Project Real Life Youth Occupational Training Corps, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Selina | Beene | HOPE Through Divine Intervention | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Natalie | Belcher | City of LaGrange | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|----------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Brenda | Bell | Georgia Rehabilitation Outreach | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Alison | Bender | Brookdale Resource Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kate | Benson | Covenant House Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ariana | Berksteiner | United Ministries of Savannah | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| John | Berry | St. Vincent de Paul Society - Conference Support | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Marvin | Blissett | Grady Health System | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sheila | Boazman | Promise Land Community Development | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Katrina | Bostick | Family Promise of Greater Savannah, Inc. (IHN) | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Dennis | Bowman | Nicholas House, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Martha | Boyce | Carroll County Emergency Shelter, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Alan | Bradford | Mercy Care | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Cassandra | Bray | AIDS Athens | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Carolyn | Bridges | Cobb CoC Compliance | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rick | Brown | EOA Savannah-Chatham | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Yolanda | Brown | NAESM, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Stacy | Brungardt | The Collective at Cumberland | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Micahel | Bryant | New Life Community Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Connie | Buchanan | Community Advanced Practice Nurses | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Terisa | Buchanan | Community Action For Improvement | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Joyce | Buehner | Youth Empowerment Success Services | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Brittany | Burnett | United Way of the CSRA (2-1-1) | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| M. Joy | Burton-Rollins | Antioch Urban Ministries Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Dawn | Butler | Fulton County | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lori-ane | Campbell | The Salvation Army - Gwinnett County | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tamara | Carrera | Community Assistance Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Cheryl | Carter | The Drake House | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rachel | Castillo | Advocates for Bartow's Children | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Val | Cater | Gilgal | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Marty | Chambers | The Salvation Army - Brunswick | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Anita | Chaney | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Leng | Chang | Together We Can Foundation, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Ryan | Clark | Oakhurst Recovery Program | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|---------------|--|-------------------------------|
| John | Cole | New Life Social Services of Atlanta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Barbara | Coleman | Connecting Henry, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Talibah | Coleman | Able Housing Services Corp. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sarah | Collins | Laurens County Board of Health | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sharon | Collins | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Melanie | Conner | Rainbow Village, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Emily | Cooper | Dalton's Greater Works, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Afrika | Cotton | Fulton County DBHDD - Homeless | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mia | Covington | Clifton Sanctuary Ministries, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Terri | Criscio | SSG Dustin Michael Wright Foundation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jasmine | Cunningham | City of Atlanta FLOW - AHA | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Pauline | Cunningham | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Brenda | Dalin | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Joseph | Daniels | Georgia Center for Youth Excellence Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Dominique | Darby | The Salvation Army - Peachcrest | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jennifer | Darsey | United Way of the Coastal Empire, Liberty | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Michael | David | The Salvation Army - Columbus | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Edward | David Smith | HomeFree-USA | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Donna | Davidson | Easter Seals North Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Earline | Davis | Housing Authority of Savannah | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Wallace | Davis | Volunteers of America Southeast | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mercida | Demps | Walk of Faith by the Holy Spirit Ministry Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Anita | DeMyers | Trinity Community Ministries | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Elizabeth | Dillard | Homeless Resource Network | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ceisha | Dix | Community Action For Improvement | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ayana | Domingo-Hanse | The Urban League of Greater Atlanta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Pamela | Dowell | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tyler | Driver | The Extension | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Charlene | Edwards | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Bennett | Ekandem | Family Heritage Foundation, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Matthew | Elder | Family Promise of Gwinnett County, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Matthew | Elder | United Way of Greater Atlanta/HomeFirst Gwinnett | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Tina | Emond | United Way of Greater Atlanta/HomeFirst Gwinnett | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Brittany | Eubanks | Partnership for Community Action | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Francis | Evans | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ernestine | Faircloth | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Eryca | Fambro | Gwinnett County Community Development Program | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kelli | Farrell | Harmony House of Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Douglas | Faust | Decatur Housing Authority | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ashley | Felix | House of Globalization | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mark | Fields | Veteran Opportunities Unlimited | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rosalynn | Figgins | Open Arms, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Victoria | Fincher | Atlanta EHV | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Michael | Fisher | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Yurshema | Flanders | Lowndes Associated Ministries to People, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Edwin | Ford | Vision 21 Concepts, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Milan | Ford | Transforming CDC, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Latrina | Foster | Fulton County DBHDD - Housing | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Patricia | Francis | Family Initiative of the CSRA | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Will | Francis | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| William | Francis | The HUB Community Development Corp. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Aisha | Frazier | Gift Transitional Home Care, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Robin | Frischkom | Macon Outreach | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sheila | Fuller | Jerusalem House, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Raechelle | Gafney | The Salvation Army - Fayette | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Maria | Gamble | Saved By Grace Glynn | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mellony | Gaston | Atlanta Children's Shelter | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Donita | Gaulden | City of Hinesville Next Step Program | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Barbara | Gibson | Women's Resource Center - HIC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Carolyn | Gilliard | The Salvation Army - Kroc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Stephen | Goggans | Richmond County Health Department | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Steven | Gottlieb | Atlanta Legal Aid Society, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mary | Grace King | Frontline Housing Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Rozell | Green | Another Chance Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|------------|------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Vincent | Green | Turner Hill Community Development Corporation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Charles | Griffin | Carrollton Housing Authority | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| William | Grow | Lowndes County Board of Health | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Auvronette | Guilbeaux | Phoenix Pass, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rosanna | Haggerty | Community Solutions | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lucy | Hall | Mary Hall Freedom House | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rhonda | Hall | Advocates for Bartow's Children | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tres | Hamilton | Coastal GA Community Action Authority | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Corby | Hannah | Housing Plus Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Latoya | Hardman | Family Promise of Augusta (formerly - Interfaith Hospitality Network) | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ebony | Harris | Youth Empowerment Success Services | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mary | Harrison | CSRA EOA | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rocky | Harrison | 90 Works | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Leslie | Hartman | Safe Harbor Children's Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Carl | Hartrampf | Metro Atlanta Task Force for the Homeless | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Shelena | Hawkins | City of Albany | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mechelle | Henry | The Salvation Army - Athens | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Barry | Henson | Recovery Foundations Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Anne | Hernandez | Grady Health System | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ryan | Hersh | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Martine | Hill | The Bridge of Tiftarea, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sarita | Hill | Macon Bibb County EOC Homeless Services Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ann | Hires | Southwest Georgia Community Action Council, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ruth | Hodo | Zion Baptist Church | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Deana | Holiday Ingraham | City of East Point | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Raphael | Holloway | Gateway Center 24/7 | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Wanda | Hunter | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Yasmyne | Hunter | LaGender, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Dana | Inman | Atlanta Center for Self Sufficiency, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ann | Isaac | CE Fulton County | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| BreNita | Jackson | Breakthru House, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|---------|--|-------------------------------|
| Yolanda | Jackson | Jackson Nicole's House of Hope Homel | |
| Shannon | Jarrell | Harmony House of Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Connie | Jee | Asian American Resource Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jennifer | Jobson | Midtown Assistance Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tony | Johns | Crossroads Community Ministries | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tremachel | Johnson | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jessica | Jones | Avita Community Partners (R1) | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lanona | Jones | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lavon | Jones | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Patrick | Jones | Community Friendship, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Shedra | Jones | Atlanta / Fulton County Pre-Arrest Diversion Initiative | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tommie | Jones | Union Mission - Housing and ETC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Cate | Jordan | 90 Works | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rasheeda | Jordan | Positive Impact Health Center, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Melanie | Kagan | Cobb CoC Compliance | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Stephanie | Kaple | Union Mission - Housing and ETC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Cindy | Kelley | Chatham-Savannah Authority for the Homeless | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jo Ann | Kennedy | Habersham Homeless Ministries, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Katherine | Kennedy | The Boyce L Ansley School | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ann | Kerlin | One Roof Outreach | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Erin | Kettl | TRANScending Barriers Atlanta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Chaiwon | Kim | Center for Pan Asian Community Services Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Xavier | Kim | Asian American Resource Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rhonda | Kindred | Clayton CSA Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Maureen | Kornowa | Home of Hope at Gwinnett Children's Shelter | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Chanosha | Lawton | Aiken Housing Authority | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Clara | Lett | Rainbow Community Center, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Daniel | Levison | Restart320 | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Nara | Lim | Council of Youth Anti-Drug | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Shannon | Linsey | Atlanta Housing Authority | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Erin | Lopez | 1 | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Melinda | Lord | Athens-Clarke County HMIS Compliance | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Michael | Lucas | Atlanta Volunteer Lawyers Foundation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-------------|----------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Marquitrice | Mangham | In Her Shoes, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Cathryn | Marchman | Non-Congregate Coordinated Response/Partners for Home | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Santiago | Marquez | Latin American Association | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Janice | Marquis | Harmony House of Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rusty | Marsh | Augusta Rescue Mission | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Renee | Martin | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Nesha | Mason | The Drake House | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Steven | Mason | Bigger Vision of Athens | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ronnie | Mathis | South Georgia Partnership to End Homelessness | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Michael | McAuliff | Metro Atlanta Youth for Christ | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Miki | McBride | Edgewood Center / Affordable Housing Solutions, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Douglas | McClure | The Salvation Army - Rome | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Blayne | McDonald | Interfaith Hospitality Network of Athens | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Michael | McGriff | Jerusalem House, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rickie | МсКее | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Yannik | McKie | The McKie Foundation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Latoya | McLennon | HomeStretch - Housing Initiative of North Fulton, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Margy | McLynn | Duluth Cooperative Ministry - HIC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ann | Mills | Overcomers House Incorporated | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| James | Milner | Odyssey III-Community Concerns, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jessica | Mitch | Good Neighbor Homeless Shelter | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Flora | Mitchell | Sound Landing Incorporated | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Tammy | Mixon-Calderon | Wesley Community Centers of Savannah, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| William | Mockabee | The Salvation Army - Augusta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| John | Moeller | Inspiritus | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Katie | Molina | Athens Area Homeless Shelter/Job TREC program | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Joy | Monroe | Single Parent Alliance & Resource Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mishawna | Moore | Families First | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Asher | Morris | City of Atlanta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Glenda | Morton | Southside Medical Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|----------------|--------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Denna' | Muncy | Harmony House of Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Arthur | Murray | Step Up/Pathways to Housing | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Linda | Nichol | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Awodele | Omilami | Hosea Helps | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sameka | Orekyeh | Morning Glory Transitional Home | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Missy | Owen | The Davis Direction Foundation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Nyasha | Pace | Grady Health System | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kimberly | Parker | Central Outreach and Advocacy Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Talaya | Parker | HomeStretch - Housing Initiative of North Fulton, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Erika | Parks | On1Accord Residential Services | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rosemarie | Parks | Ware County Board of Health | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kathy | Parsons | Impact International, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ineze | Patterson | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Andre | Pereira | The Salvation Army - Gainesville | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lori | Perez | 90 Works | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Wendy | Phillips | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Matthew | Pieper | Open Hand Atlanta, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Shea | Post | Athens Area Homeless Shelter/Job TREC program | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jesse | Pratt Lopez | Trans Housing Coalition | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Anneta | Price-Parris | Christ The Restorer Ministry Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kenneth | Prince | Quest Community Development Organization | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lejla | Prljaca | Gwinnett Housing Corporation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Emmanuell a | Prudent | The Salvation Army - Jonesboro | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Yvonne | Pryor | Inner City Night Shelter | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Joy | Quarles | City Of Atlanta - ATL311/ Supportive Services | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Khristian | Ralls | Housing Authority of Newnan | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Leslie | Raymer | Decatur Presbyterian Church- Threshold Ministry | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Alieizoria | Redd | Covenant House Georgia | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Angela | Repass | The Salvation Army - International | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Melvia | Richards | DeKalb Community Development - HPRP/ESG Compliance | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mark | Ricketts | National Church Residences | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Maxwell | Riley | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Mariel | Risner Sivley | Georgia Supportive Housing Assoc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Megan | Roberts VandeBogert | Hope thru Soap, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lisa | Robertshaw | F.A.I.T.H. in Rabun County, Inc. HIC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Melba | Robinson | The Salvation Army - Haven ATL | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Nicole | Roebuck | Aid Atlanta Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sondra | Rogers | The Salvation Army | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Gwendolyn | Rolfes | Family Advancement Ministries | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Demetrius | Roman | Grace Life Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Richard | Rufolo | Georgia Legal Services | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Detria | Russell | Martin Luther King Sr Community Resources Collaborative | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Vanessa | Russell | Catholic Charities of the Archdiocese of Atlanta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Marie | Sampson | Paradise For Living Services, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Janeane | Schmidt | The Salvation Army - Fulton | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Darlene | Schultz | 3Keys, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Brad | Schweers | Intown Collaborative Ministries, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Scylance | Scott | Antioch Ministries | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Althea | Scott-Mallory | U Hope CDC, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rorie | Scurlock | United Way of Greater Atlanta/HomeFirst Gwinnett | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jennifer | Shearin | Dalton-Whitfield Community Development Corp. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Janice | Sheffield | Chatham-Savannah Authority for the Homeless | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Abby | Sheppard | Buckhead Christian Ministry | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Michael | Sheppard | Atlanta Mission - Shepherd's Inn | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| John | Shereikis | DCA | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sara | Shropshire | Athens-Clarke County HMIS Compliance | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Eleanor | Shy | MUST Ministries | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Veronica | Sigalo | Zion Keepers Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jessica | Simmerson | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Cindy | Simpson | CHRIS 180 | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Marion | Simpson | Young Adult Guidance Center, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Keisha | Smikle | Africa's Children's Fund | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Alicia | Smith | The Salvation Army - Douglas | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Kenita | Smith | H.O.P.E, Inc. (Helping Other People be Empowered) | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Patricia | Smith | Solomon's Temple Foundation Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Donna | Smythe | Action Ministries N. GA Trans. Housing | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Gbolade | Soneyin | Jefferson Place Assessment Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Honey | Sparre | FaithWorks | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Teresa | Stephens | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Falecia | Stewart | MUST Ministries | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mark | Stone | Brother Charlie Rescue Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Lisa | Straughter | The Meeting Place II Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Sandra | Strozier | Housing Authority of Newnan | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| James | Sullivan | The Salvation Army - Albany | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Angela | Susten | Living Room | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jennifer | Taylor | Ninth District Opportunity, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Brandee | Thomas | United Way of Greater Atlanta/HomeFirst Gwinnett | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Yvette | Thomas | Community Action For Improvement | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Elizabeth | Thompson | Making A Way Housing, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Patricia | Thompson | The Salvation Army - Dalton | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kelly | Thorpe | Forces United | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Joan | Toder | Kennesaw State University, HIC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Carolyn | Tolbert | Helping Oppressed Mothers Endure, Inc | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kelli | Tolbert | The Drake House | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Katie | Tucker | Flint Circuit Council - (Haven House)- HIC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Patricia | Tyus | Housing Authority of Fulton County | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Belisa | Urbina | Ser Familia Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jose | Valentin | The Salvation Army - Cobb Marietta | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Steve | Vancza | Atlanta Mission - Fuqua Hall | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jeffery | Vollman | North Georgia Health District | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Julie | Wade | Park Place Outreach | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Toni | Walden | The Salvation Army - Thomasville | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Demonte | Walker | Berean Christian Church, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Scott | Walker | The 3 Keys | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Wanda | Walker | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |

| Eugene | Walker, Jr. | Housing Authority of DeKalb County | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
|-----------|--------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Lynn | Walsh | Rainbow Housing Assistance Corporation | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Kenisha | Washington | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Luther | Washington | Family Life Restoration Center, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Charlene | Watkins | East Augusta CDC | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Jesse | Webb | AHART | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Randy | Weldon | Southwest Georgia Community Action Council, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Leonard | Westmorland | Fulton County CoC- HMIS Compliance Only | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Melissa | Wheeler | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Marlene | White | Decatur Cooperative Ministry | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Willie | Wiggins Jr | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Willie | Wiggins, Jr. | Oakhurst Recovery Program | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Ashley | Williams | Hope Atlanta - SNHP | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Barbara | Williams | Jesus Set the Captive Free, Inc. | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| DeBorah | Williams | Redeemed Community Outreach | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Rhonda | Williams | DePaul USA Daybreak | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Shawn | Williams | Caring Works - Hope House | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Christina | Wilson | The Center for Community Empowerment | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Pamela | Wilson | | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Karyn | Woods | The Temple-Zaban Couples Center | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Dale | Wrigley | Houston County Board of Health | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Holly | York | North Fulton Community Charities | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Meredith | Young | Rockdale County | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Shalondra | Young | United Methodist Children's Home | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Soyoung | Yun | MCA Homeless Court | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Mojgan | Zare | Atlanta Harm Reduction Coalition | Homeless Shelter/Srv Provider |
| Total | 335 | | |

(1) *Comments:*

"We recommend carve-out funding to enable support with housing navigations, benefits applications, and reexaminations; treatment or case planning, transportation for clients, coordination of ongoing healthcare – including mental health and substance use treatment, support with managing tenancy and community relationships as well as organization support to develop [the] capacity to provide quality services."

"Clients need support maintaining housing and support access [to] other services to support their stability."

"We have many families who can't afford rent anymore. As a result, they are moving [in] together, causing [the] overcrowding of homes. As a consequence of this, we have seen a marked increase in cases of domestic violence (+112%) and child sexual abuse (+231%)."

"There is a great need for affordable housing with supportive services for the elderly 62 years of age or older. These units will provide the very low-income elderly with options that allow them to live independently in an environment that provides support activities such as cleaning, cooking, and transportation. The goal is to encourage recipients to live as independently as possible with some assistance in activities of daily living (ADLs) that are needed."

"Due to safety precautions taken to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, we reduced our bed capacity in our emergency shelter to a single head of household/family in each of our eight bedrooms. Historically families have shared bedrooms to serve as many homeless individuals as possible. Reducing our bed capacity ultimately reduced the number of families we could help at a time in the facility. Although we placed families seeking shelter in a local hotel for overflow, hotel stays are not the safest options for victims of domestic violence, confidentiality is hard to ensure, providing support services in a hotel or virtual environment is not conducive to being client-centered, and hotel operational cost is expensive over a long span of time. The additional healthcare crisis the COVID-10 pandemic, and any future similar pandemic, creates for homeless victims of domestic violence makes it necessary for us to prioritize providing new strategies to house those fleeing dangerous situations in socially distanced acceptable ways."

| First | Last | Organization | Title |
|---------|-------------|---|---|
| Jenifer | Turner Reid | VETLANTA | Co-Founder & Vice President, VETLANTA |
| Jim | Lindenmayer | Cherokee County Homeless Veteran Program | Director |
| John | Phillips | | Civilian Aide to the Secretary of the Army – Georgia (North) |
| Total | 3 | | - |

3. Veterans' groups:

| First | Last | Title | Organization |
|-----------|-------------|--|---|
| Chanosha | Lawton | | Aiken Housing Authority |
| Angela | Lowery | Director, Underwriting | Atlanta Housing |
| Michael | Wilson | Sr VP Transactions Management & Capital Markets | Atlanta Housing |
| Morris | Miller | Real Estate Underwriter | Atlanta Housing |
| Tricia | Manning | Senior Underwriter | Atlanta Housing |
| Willa | Turner | Senior Underwriter | Atlanta Housing |
| Ken | Sadeckas | | Atlanta Housing |
| Shannon | Linsey | | Atlanta Housing Authority |
| Marshall | Aiken | Development Partner | Beverly J. Searles Foundation |
| D'Amber | Smith | HCV Leasing Specialist | Brunswick Housing Authority |
| Len | Williams | | Housing Authority of Columbus, Georgia |
| Rose | Simpson | Special Purpose Coordinator | Carrollton Housing Authority |
| Charles | Griffin | | Carrollton Housing Authority |
| Laura | Johnson | Chief Real Estate Officer | Housing Authority of Columbus, Georgia |
| Lisa | Walters | CEO | Housing Authority of Columbus, Georgia |
| Rickey | Miles | Modernization Manager | Housing Authority of Columbus, Georgia |
| Sara | Paternaude | Development Manager | Decatur Housing Authority |
| Douglas | Faust | CEO/Executive Director | Decatur Housing Authority |
| Alroi | Anderson | | Decatur Housing Authority - HIC |
| Eugene | Walker, Jr. | | Housing Authority of DeKalb County |
| Michael | Spann | | East Point Housing Authority |
| Cassius | Coleman | Development Manager | Beverly J. Searles Foundation |
| Beth | Brown | Executive Director | Gainesville Housing Authority |
| Maria | Calkins | ROSS Coordinator | Gainesville Housing Authority |
| Philip | Searles | Chief Officer of Redundancy Chief | Beverly J. Searles Foundation |
| Patricia | Tyus | | Housing Authority of Fulton County |
| Melanie | Thompson | CEO | Hinesville Housing Authority |
| Noel | Taylor | Director of Development | Marietta Housing Authority |
| Pete | Waldrep | Executive Director | Marietta Housing Authority |
| Scott | Campbell | Asst. Director of Development | Marietta Housing Authority |
| Brandie | Garner | Director of Housing Choice Voucher Program | Marietta Housing Authority |
| Carrie | Jarrett | Director of Real Estate and Property Management | Milledgeville Housing Authority |
| Deborah | Washington | Resident Services | Milledgeville Housing Authority |
| Khristian | Ralls | | Housing Authority of Newnan |

4. Public Housing Authorities (PHAs):

| Sandra | Strozier | Executive Director | Housing Authority of Newnan |
|----------|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Hannah | Phillips | | North West Georgia Housing |
| | | | Authority |
| Sandra | Hudson | | North West Georgia Housing |
| | | | Authority |
| Toya | Harris | | Perry Housing Authority |
| Rena | Boykin | Housing Manager | LaGrange Housing Authority |
| Earline | Davis | | Housing Authority of Savannah |
| Monifa | Johnson | Director | Statesboro Housing Authority |
| Patricia | Allen | | Thomaston Housing |
| Brenda | Gragg | Program Director | The Salvation Army - Toccoa |
| Robert | Gidney | | Warner Robins Housing Authority |
| Michelle | Yawn | Director | Winder Housing Authority |
| | | | Alamo Housing Authority |
| John | Marria | DBA | Cairo Housing Authority |
| Monifa | Johnson | Director | Statesboro Housing Authority |
| Joshua | Beck | Director | Vidalia Housing Authority |
| Vivian | Walker | Housing Authority Director | City of Washington |
| Total | 50 | | |

a) <u>Public Housing Authorities' recommendations and comments about needs (August 2022</u> <u>Forums):</u>

"There is very little affordable rental housing available for qualified populations."

"Elderly people need with supportive services for wellness checks, and to do household chores and provide personal assistance to cook meals and do other tasks."

"Every communities' needs are different with some communities having a robust service network while others lack basic services for these qualified populations."

"Transportation assistance for doctors' appointments, grocery shopping, etc. is essential in rural areas."

b) <u>Public Housing Authorities' comments regarding the HOME-ARP program (August 2022</u> Forums):

Public Housing Authorities participating in this program will need the grant to cover soft costs to administer the program and comply with all federal requirements, so they don't need to use other sources of funds to cover these expenses.

5. Public agencies that address the needs of the qualifying populations:

a) <u>Department of Public Health</u>

| First | Last | Organization |
|---------|-----------|--|
| Christy | Kuriatnyk | Georgia Dept. of Public Health / Georgia Healthy Homes |

| | | Coalition |
|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Dale | Wrigley | Houston County Board of Health |
| Sarah | Collins | Laurens County Board of Health |
| William | Grow | Lowndes County Board of Health |
| Jeffery | Vollman | North Georgia Health District |
| Stephen | Goggans | Richmond County Health Department |
| Rosemarie | Parks | Ware County Board of Health |
| Total | 7 | |

(1) Comments: See Appendix A

b) <u>Department of Human Services</u>, Division of Family and Children Services

| First | Last | Title | Organization |
|-----------|----------|---|--|
| Victrecia | Hines | Early Learning and Development Manager | DFCS |
| Lynn | Barmore | Cold Case Project | Georgia Office of Administration of Courts |
| Candis | Jones | Director, Independent Living Program | DFCS |
| Nesha | Jairam | Well-Being Section Data and Systems Manager | DFCS |
| Carmen | Callaway | Director, Well-Being Services | DFCS |
| Tameyer | Evans | State Program Manager, DFCS Out of School Services Program | DFCS |
| Total | 6 | | |

(1) Comments:

"There are a few barriers that remain with ensuring that eligible foster youth/former foster youth have access to the FYI vouchers. They include:

- Lack of resources to help foster youth locate viable housing: In general, participants of any housing voucher program are responsible for locating and securing an eligible rental property that will meet the physical unit criteria as well as the rental cost-to-income ratio for renting
- Lack of funds for start-up rental costs: Rental units that meet both the unit criteria and the rental cost-to- income ratio often still require the initial costs for deposits to be covered directly by the renter
- Criminal History Requirements: All recipients of any housing voucher type (including FYI) must be able to successfully pass DCA Criminal History Screening"
- (2) Data provided by DFCS:

See Appendix B

| First | Last | Title | Organization |
|--------|--------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Libby | Tyre | | Georgia Department of Community Affairs |
| Samar | Abdelmageed | Data Analyst | Georgia Commission for Family Violence |
| Tamara | Middlebrooks | Project and Housing Manager | Reentry Services Division |
| Brian | DiNapoli | RPH Community Liaison | Housing Trust Fund |
| Total | 4 | | |

c) Department of Community Supervision

Comments from the Department:

"[The Emergency Solutions Grant] ESG had too many hurdles"

"[The Department of Community Supervision] DCS has a very transient population."

"[The Emergency Solutions Grant – COVID] [E]SG-CV did not want out of county participants."

"The [Transitional Housing for Offender Reentry] THOR program has no funding. It is private pay."

"[Reentry Partnership Housing] RPH receives \$830,000 in state appropriations. It averages a \$1.8 million need. There is a \$1 million gap here."

Data from the Department:

3,058 persons who started supervision during FY 2022 (July 1, 2021-June 30, 2022) had an unstable residence or were homeless during the first 180 days of starting supervision. (Department of Community Supervision, Reentry Services Division, 2022)

The following criteria were used to collect the data:

- Supervisees who had three or more address changes. (Because of data collection practices, counting supervisees with two or more changes would have resulted in an inaccurate data result.)
- Supervisees who were homeless.
- Supervisees who had an interaction of residence unstable.
- Supervisees who responded yes to living in a shelter/temporary housing facility or need help in obtaining a stable residence.

Locations of Housing Partners by County (Partner names are redacted for the safety of the program):

| Barrow | Dougherty | Johnson |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Bartow | Douglas | Liberty |
| Bibb (2) | Emanuel | Lowndes |
| Carroll | Floyd | Muscogee (3) |
| Chatham (3) | Franklin | Newton (2) |
| Clarke (4) | Fulton (10) | Richmond (3) |
| Clayton | Habersham | Ware |
| Dekalb (3) | Hall (2) | |

d) <u>Department of Community Health</u>

| First | Last | Title | Organization |
|--------|------------|---------------------|--|
| Jerome | Greathouse | MFP Housing Manager | Georgia Department of Community Health |
| Total | 1 | | |

(1) Comments: See Appendix A

| e |) Department of Community | Affairs |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------|
| · • | <u>Department of Community</u> | 1 mail b |

| First | Last | Title | Organization |
|----------|--------------|---|--------------|
| Amanda | Brand | Coordinated Entry System Coordinator | DCA |
| Samanta | Carvalho | Director, Office of Community Housing | DCA |
| Austin | Chancy | Housing Policy Analyst | DCA |
| Melanie | Clark | Compliance Officer | DCA |
| LaKeshia | Clements | Housing Tax Credit Lead | DCA |
| Tonya | Curry | Deputy Commissioner | DCA |
| Meagan | Cutler | Housing Policy Analyst | DCA |
| Isaac | Davis | Coordinated Entry Systems Coordinator | DCA |
| Tarika | Dorner | Portfolio Analyst | DCA |
| Bryce | Farbstein | Policy Analyst | DCA |
| Melissa | Florkowski | Lead Housing Policy Analyst | DCA |
| Gary | Garner | Senior Tax Credit Underwriter | DCA |
| Tarron | Gibbs-Powell | Senior Portfolio Analyst | DCA |
| Pamela | Goshay | Staff Attorney | DCA |
| Adam | Graham | Environmentalist Review Specialist | DCA |
| Grace | Graszer | Assistant Director, Office of Portfolio Management | DCA |
| Josh | Gray | Continuum of Care Program Manager | DCA |
| David | Harding | Senior Housing Policy Analyst | DCA |
| Rick | Heermans | Continuum of Care Assistant | DCA |
| Rebecca | Hickom | Coordinated Entry System Coordinator. | DCA |

| Keya | Hillman | Coordinated Entry System BOS | DCA |
|--------------|-------------|---|-------------------------|
| Ambra | Houser | Data Analyst COC | DCA |
| Jim | Jafari | construction management specialist | DCA |
| LaDrina | Jones | ESG Program Compliance Officer | DCA |
| Mitch | Kelly | Scoring Round Manager | DCA |
| Chandra | McGhee | HMIS Data Analyst | DCA |
| Tina | Moore | Continuum of Care Program Coordinator | DCA |
| Ilona | Nagy | Relocation Specialist | DCA |
| Cynthia | Patterson | Director, Office of Homeless and Special Needs Housing | DCA |
| Diana | Pitcher | Balance of State Continuum of Care Coordinator | DCA |
| Jack | Popper | Affordable Housing Policy Manager | DCA |
| Sherrie | Potter | Assistant Office Director | DCA |
| Jasmine | Rockwell | HMIS Data Analyst | DCA |
| Rhonda | Taylor | HMIS Data Team Lead | DCA |
| Tzwanza | Taylor | Compliance Manager | DCA |
| Kate | Tettamant | Shelter Plus Care Program Coordinator | DCA |
| Corinne | Thornton | Director, Office of Regional Services | DCA |
| Valerie | Tunchez | Federal Compliance Specialist | DCA |
| Stephen | Vlkovic | Lead Asset Manager | DCA |
| Shon | Walker | Federal Compliance Manager | DCA |
| Chris | Weed-Hurley | Single Family Homebuyer Underwriter | DCA |
| Isha | Williams | Tax Credit Specialist | DCA |
| Sandy | Wyckoff | Tax Credit Manager | DCA |
| Brenda | Wade | Grant Administration Manager | Southwest Georgia RC |
| Kim Burch | Kennedy | Director of Planning & Government Services | Northeast Georgia RC |
| Natalie | Bradley | Region 8 Representative | DCA |
| Katrina | Ogbe | Nursing Home Transition Coordinator | Northeast Georgia RC |
| Harvider | Makkar | Special Needs Housing Manager | DCA |
| Total | 48 | | |

6. Public or private organizations that address fair housing, civil rights, and the needs of persons with disabilities:

| First | Last | Organization |
|---------|-------------|---|
| Marlene | Fosque | Gwinnett County Community Development Program |
| Nicole | Hendrickson | Gwinnett County Community Development Program |
| Brielle | Shinall | Bartow County |
| Valerie | Gilreath | Bartow County |
| Ken | Patton | City of Canton |

a) Local Governments

| Kristin | Allin | City of Decatur |
|-----------|------------------|---|
| Anna | Day | City of Thomasville |
| Shelena | Hawkins | City of Albany |
| Asher | Morris | City of Atlanta |
| Joy | Quarles | City Of Atlanta - ATL311/ Supportive Services |
| Donita | Gaulden | City of Hinesville Next Step Program |
| Deana | Holiday Ingraham | City of East Point |
| Cindy | Kelley | Chatham-Savannah Authority for the Homeless |
| Janice | Sheffield | Chatham-Savannah Authority for the Homeless |
| Natalie | Belcher | City of LaGrange |
| Jasmine | Cunningham | City of Atlanta FLOW - AHA |
| Meredith | Young | Rockdale County |
| Hayley | Banerjee | Athens |
| Phyllis | Brown | Albany |
| Deborah | Lonon | City of Atlanta |
| December | Thompson | City of Atlanta |
| LaToya | Underwood | City of Atlanta |
| Marquette | Key | City of Atlanta |
| Monique | Wood | City of Atlanta |
| Nicole | Barnes | City of Atlanta |
| Daniel | Evans | City of Augusta |
| Hawthorne | Welcher | City of Augusta |
| Lasima | Turmon | City of Augusta |
| Sonya | Johnson | City of Augusta |
| Linda | Boswell | Clayton County |
| Robert | Scott | Columbus |
| Allen | Mitchell | Dekalb County |
| Wanzina | Jackson | Macon |
| Kerri | Reid | City of Savannah |
| Tanya | Wilcoxon | City of Savannah |
| Kimberly | Roberts | Cobb County |
| Stanley | Wilson | Fulton County |
| Jessica | Tullar | City of Gainesville |
| Vivian | Walker | City of Washington |
| Donna | Marain | City of Augusta |
| Anthony | Grant | City of Atlanta |
| Phyllis | Sa | City of Atlanta |
| Anna | Day | City of Thomasville |
| Matthew | Elder | Gwinnett County Community Development Program |
| Hayley | Banerjee | Athens |
| Phyllis | Brown | Albany |

| Total 46 | |
|----------|--|
|----------|--|

(1) Comments:

"Clayton County needs great assistance for minority / low-income individuals and families at risk of eviction. Preferably that nonprofits can dispense supportive services and financial assistance."

"The rural parts of the state need assistance with homelessness and those in trouble of being homeless. The metro area always gets the funds and the rural areas get left out."

"We are a rural community; whereby, there has traditionally been a lack of housing for eligible families. Additional housing will help to supply the demand for more affordable housing for low-income families."

"There is a lack of income base rental housing development in Chatham County. Homeless individuals need immediate rental housing that is available with staff employed that understand that the individual is homeless or is at risk of being homeless. Individuals who are homeless, or are at risk of being homeless, may not be prepared to seek/obtain a house with a house voucher through a privately owned apartment or house. Some individuals need assistance from housing development to maintain their home once they obtain housing."

"Athens-Clarke County is the smallest county (regarding land) in the state. It also is home to the University of Georgia. Developers work to create off-campus housing options for students that are unaffordable to local families and individuals on fixed incomes. The combination of a lack of space for new construction and the realities of the market makes it difficult for us to create the housing stock we need for our low to moderate-income community members."

| First | Last | Title | Organization |
|----------|----------|--|--------------|
| Aiyanna | Hagger | Housing Transition Coordinator | DBHDD |
| Nakisha | Sheppard | | DBHDD |
| Olga | Pittman | Children, Young Adults, and Families (CYF) Specialist | DBHDD |
| Scarlett | Freelin | Housing Transition Coordinator | DBHDD |
| Terrence | Franklin | | DBHDD |
| Dana | McCrary | Director for the Office of Recovery Transformation | DBHDD |

b) Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (9/26/2022)

| Letitia | Robinson | Assistant Director for OSH | DBHDD |
|----------|-------------|--|-------|
| Maxwell | Ruppersburg | Director, Office of Supportive Housing | DBHDD |
| Jeanette | Pollock | Special Projects Manager | DBHDD |
| Cheri | Patton | Residential Services Program Coordinator | DBHDD |
| Carol | Caraballo | Director, Office of Adult Mental Health | DBHDD |
| Total | 7 | | |

"[The Emergency Solutions Grant – COVID] ESG-CV was too cumbersome."

"Vouchers only work if there are landlords who will take them."

"We need a single point of contact at [the Department of Community Affairs] DCA who can help us locate housing for those we serve."

"We need handicap-accessible units."

"There is a need for transitional housing for 12-18 months that includes rehab wrap-around services. It will need to be an apartment setting that is semiindependent with intensive wrap-around services."

| / | | | | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| First | Last | Title | Organization | | |
| Evan | Mills | Director of Development & | Advantage Behavioral Health | | |
| | | Housing | Systems (R2) | | |
| John | Morris | THRIVE Community Programs | Advantage Behavioral Health | | |
| | | Team Lead | Systems (R2) | | |
| Laura | Alexander | Outcomes Coordinator | Advantage Behavioral Health | | |
| | | | Systems (R2) | | |
| Tammy | Conlin | CEO | Advantage Behavioral Health | | |
| | | | Systems (R2) | | |
| Tom | Hoover | CFO | Advantage Behavioral Health | | |
| | | | Systems (R2) | | |
| Sheshawn | Miller | Outpatient Residential | Albany Area Community Service | | |
| | | Coordinator | Board | | |
| Lee | Pavlik | Chief Financial Officer | Aspire Behavioral Health and | | |
| | | | Developmental Disability Service | | |
| Dana | Glass | Chief Executive Director | Aspire Behavioral Health and | | |
| | | | Developmental Disability Services | | |
| | | | (R4) | | |
| Barbara | Green-Flood | Managing Director, Eastern | Atlanta Regional Community | | |
| | | Region | Health Initiative (ARCHI) | | |
| Jennifer | Byrd | Hospital Liaison and Transition | Avita Community Partners (R1) | | |
| | | Coordinator | | | |
| Cindy | Levi | Chief Executive Officer | Avita Community Partners (R1) | | |

c) Community Service Boards

| Greg | Ball | Chief Financial Officer | Avita Community Partners (R1) |
|--------------|-------------------|---|--|
| Hariah | Hutkowski | Executive Support | Avita Community Partners (R1) |
| Jessica | Jones | Program Manager | Avita Community Partners (R1) |
| Michelle | Thompson | Director | Avita Community Partners (R1) |
| Barbara | June | Chief Operating Officer | Clayton Center Community |
| | | 1 0 | Service Board (R3) |
| Debra | Pinkston | Chief Financial Officer. | Clayton Center Community |
| | | | Service Board (R3) |
| Lee | Adams | Chief Executive Officer | Clayton Center Community |
| | - | | Service Board (R3) |
| Rhonda | Lane | Executive Support | Clayton Center Community |
| Nekita | Conton | Associate Clinical Director | Service Board (R3) |
| пекца | Carter | Associate Clinical Director | Clayton Center Community Service Board (R3) |
| Jerry | Smith | | Community Service Board of |
| Jelly | Sinti | | Middle Georgia (R5) |
| Denise | Forbes | Chief Executive Officer | Community Service Board of |
| 2 | 1 010 00 | | Middle Georgia (R5) |
| Elise | Tapley | Executive Support | Community Service Board of |
| | 1 2 | | Middle Georgia (R5) |
| Terry | Richards | CFO | Community Service Board of |
| | | | Middle Georgia (R5) |
| Cali | Hollis | Shelter Plus Care Coordinator | Community Service Board of |
| | | | Middle Georgia (R5) |
| Daisy | Coady | | Community Service Board of |
| P 1 ' | V D | | Middle Georgia (R5) |
| Fabio | Van Der Merwe | Chief Executive Officer | DeKalb Community Service Board (R3) |
| Jockars | Wedlowe | Chief Financial Officer | DeKalb Community Service Board |
| JUCKAIS | weulowe | Chief Financial Officer | (R3) |
| Sandra | Jimenez-Payton | Executive Support | DeKalb Community Service Board |
| Sundru | vinicite2 i ujton | Encourie Support | (R3) |
| Phyllis | Zupkow | Director of Residential Services | DeKalb Community Service Board |
| 5 | 1 | | (R3) |
| Monraye | Lightford | Director of Operations | Douglas County Community |
| | | | Service Board (R1) |
| Patricia | Henry | CFO | Douglas County Community |
| | | | Service Board (R1) |
| Yvonne | DePina | | Douglas County Community |
| Davil | Aaari | Managing Dorthon and Foundar | Service Board (R1) |
| Paul | Ascari | Managing Partner and Founder @ Rcbe Consulting | Douglas County Community Service Board (R1) |
| Phylicia | Anderson | | Gateway Community Service |
| 1 ilyilcia | | | Board |
| Felecia | Singleton | Executive Support | Gateway Community Service |
| | | | Board (R5) |
| Mark | Johnson | State Appt Manager | Gateway Community Service |
| | | | Board (R5) |
| David | Crews | Chief Financial Officer | Gateway Community Service |

| | | | Board (R5) |
|----------|------------|--|--|
| Jill | Baggett | Executive Support | Georgia Pines Community Service Board (R4) |
| R.J. | Hurn | LCSW | Georgia Pines Community Service Board (R4) |
| Tim | Hampton | Director, Information Technology | Georgia Pines Community Service Board (R4) |
| Allyson | Borges | Director of Community, Rehabilitation and Wellness, | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Kathleen | Varda | Vice President of Community Relations and Development | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Melanie | Dallas | Chief Executive Officer | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Melissa | Stone | Executive Coordinator and Board Liaison | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Deana | Wimbish | | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Jarrod | Cochran | | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Yolanda | Kent | Residential Program Manager | Highland Rivers Health (R1) |
| Priya | Patel | | Legacy Behavioral Health Services (R4) |
| Ivria | Hampton | | Legacy Behavioral Health Services (R4) |
| Candice | Ingram | Exec Support | Legacy Behavioral Health Services (R4) |
| Pamela | Cartwright | Chief Executive Officer | Legacy Behavioral Health Services (R4) |
| William | Huling | Chief Financial Officer | Legacy Behavioral Health Services (R4) |
| Latonya | Ellis | | Legacy Behavioral Health Services (R4) |
| Marla | Flynn | Chief Financial Officer | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Jennifer | Hamilton | Housing Coordinator | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Carla | Myers | Behavioral Health Clinical Director | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Heather | Roesner | Chief Executive Officer | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Rick | Solmon | Chief Financial Officer | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Kelly | O'Bryant | Corporate Compliance Officer | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Connie | Bradshaw | Housing Specialist | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Thomas | Ford | Chief Executive Officer (ret.) | Lookout Mountain Community Services (R1) |
| Kenyatta | Walker | Chief Executive Officer | McIntosh Trail Community Service Board (R6) |
| Stefanie | Jackson | Chief Executive Officer (Previous) | McIntosh Trail Community Service Board (R6) |

| Angela | Holt | Chief Executive Officer | Middle Flint Behavioral |
|-----------|-------------|---|---|
| | | | HealthCare (R6) |
| Elaina | Ethridge | Exec Support | Middle Flint Behavioral |
| | | | HealthCare (R6) |
| Sue | Davis | Co-CFO | Middle Flint Behavioral |
| | | | HealthCare (R6) |
| Vanessa | Cliatt | Permanent Supportive Housing | Middle Flint Behavioral |
| | | Manager | HealthCare (R6) |
| Laurie | Hair | Co-CFO | Middle Flint Behavioral |
| | | | HealthCare (R6) |
| Molly | Jones | Exec Support | New Horizons Behavioral Health |
| - | | | (R6) |
| Andrea | Winston | Executive Director | New Horizons Behavioral Health |
| | | | (R6) |
| Cheryl | Williams | Social Services Coordinator. | New Horizons Behavioral Health |
| 5 | | | (R6) |
| Michael | Blackshear | CFO | Oconee Community Service Board |
| | | | (R2) |
| Reginald | Rogers | Interim CEO | Oconee Community Service Board |
| reginara | 1005015 | | (R2) |
| Robin | Edmond | Exec Support | Oconee Community Service Board |
| Room | Lamona | Exec Support | (R2) |
| Carolyn | Womble | | Oconee Community Service Board |
| Carofyn | wonnoic | | (R2) |
| Tyrone | Evans | Chief Executive Officer | Oconee Community Service Board |
| Tyrone | Lvans | Chief Executive Officer | (R2) |
| Jade | Benefield | CEO | Pathways Center for Behavioral |
| Jace | Deneniela | CEO | and Developmental Growth (R6) |
| Jenelle | Hess | Exec Support | Pathways Center for Behavioral |
| Jenene | 11055 | Exec Support | and Developmental Growth (R6) |
| Liz | Strickland | Exec Support | Pathways Center for Behavioral |
| LIZ | Sulckiallu | Exec Support | and Developmental Growth (R6) |
| Stephanie | Ellis | Administrative Officer, SHRM- | |
| Stephanie | EIIIS | CP, MSHR, PHR | Pathways Center for Behavioral and Developmental Growth (R6) |
| | | | and Developmental Growth (Ko) |
| Vathlaan | Cardan | Chief Administrative Officer SOC Coordinator | Dethurses Conten for Dehavioral |
| Kathleen | Gordon | SOC Coordinator | Pathways Center for Behavioral |
| A -1-1 | Determine | | and Developmental Growth (R6) |
| Ashley | Putnam | Admin Asst. | Pineland Behavioral Health and |
| <u> </u> | . | | Developmental Disabilities (R5) |
| Dawn | Arnette | | Pineland Behavioral Health and |
| - | | | Developmental Disabilities (R5) |
| June | A. DiPolito | Executive Director | Pineland Behavioral Health and |
| | | | Developmental Disabilities (R5) |
| Kate | Wanke | | Pineland Behavioral Health and |
| | | | Developmental Disabilities (R5) |
| Erika | Parks | | River Edge Behavioral Health |
| | | | (R2) |
| JoAnne | Sims | Exec Support | River Edge Behavioral Health |
| | | | (R2) |
| Shane | Hester | Chief Financial Officer | River Edge Behavioral Health |

| | | | (R2) |
|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Shannon | Terrell Gordon | CEO (Previous) | River Edge Behavioral Health |
| | | | (R2) |
| Michelle | Everett | | River Edge Behavioral Health |
| | | | (R2) |
| NyKhia | Burke- | Supportive Housing Residential | River Edge Behavioral Health |
| | Cummings | Supervisor | (R2) |
| Charles | Williamson | Chief Executive Officer | Serenity Behavioral Health System |
| | | | (R2) |
| Shirley | Bowman | | Serenity Behavioral Health System |
| | | | (R2) |
| William | Deal | Chief Financial Officer | Serenity Behavioral Health System |
| | | | (R2) |
| Angie | Mock | Exec Support | Unison Behavioral Health (R5) |
| Katrina | Wheeler | Chief Financial Officer | Unison Behavioral Health (R5) |
| Shonda | Miller | Director of Operations | Unison Behavioral Health (R5) |
| Tiffany | Henderson | CEO | Unison Behavioral Health (R5) |
| Matthew | Yarbrough | Supportive Living Program Lead | Unison Behavioral Health (R5) |
| Amoni | Douglas | | View Point Health (R3) |
| Ashlee | Russell | Exec Support | View Point Health (R3) |
| Eric | Naughton | CFO | View Point Health (R3) |
| Jennifer | Hibbard | CEO | View Point Health (R3) |
| Jennifer | Robertson | Exec Support | View Point Health (R3) |
| Stephine | Lennen | Supervisor, Administrative | View Point Health (R3) |
| | | Support | |
| Total | 106 | | |

(1) Agencies that serve people with disabilities recommendations and comments:

Non-congregate shelter space is going to be essential to expand the continuum of care.

One behavioral health care provider stated that "70-80% of the homeless clients are successful in permanent supportive housing but the other 15-20% could use the 24/7 support provided in a non-congregate shelter environment to transition them to housing."

(2) For mental health accommodations:

"Understand the rules for emotional support animals."

"Recommend discussing this program with the HUD VASH voucher program staff to identify other considerations. For example, veterans with PTSD may not be able to comfortably go into a crowded loud leasing office to pay their rent." "Consult with the Georgia [EOA] Commission of Equal Access for recommendations."

(3) Fair housing agencies recommendations and comments (August 2022 Forums): The discussion focused on fair housing considerations for the qualified populations and necessary considerations for adequately addressing fair housing and equal housing opportunities.

Recommendations included:

"Note that homelessness status itself is not a protected class but that many have attributes that are protected."

"Consider providing funds to address the social and relational skills needs of qualified populations."

"Provide supportive services to help people navigate the housing paperwork process."

"Rigorously follow the State's Language Access Plan to provide adequate access to housing and services. For example, use local groups that know the language and culture to market the housing and service opportunities."

"Expand the proportions of the required housing units for people with physical disabilities to more than building 5% fully accessible units and more than 2% units for other disabilities such as hearing impairment."

(4) Recommendations for supportive rental housing through HOME-ARP:

"Access to case managers and space for meeting with them in a rental housing setting."

"Transportation assistance."

"In-unit washers and dryers or affordable laundromats."

"Trauma-informed property management staff."

"Enhanced security because these populations are most vulnerable to crime."

"Recommendation to provide funds in rounds for specific qualified populations such as a round for permanent supportive housing for chronically homeless people

with behavioral health needs or a round specifically for people fleeing domestic violence so that these groups' specific needs are adequately considered."

| First | Last | Interaction |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Jeriene | Bonner | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Ada | Brown | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Gladys | Smalls | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Cheryl | Baldwin | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Chartel | | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Chandra | Hunter | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Ken | Bryant | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Shelby | Hall | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Sandra | Hill | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Cherry | Wills | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Jacqueline | Ross | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Neat | Robinson | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Michele | Collins | DCA |
| Chris | Houston | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Vincent | Abril | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Kelly | Evans | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Tracy | Turman | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Linda | Carter | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Martha | Jackson | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Rutha | Jackson | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Sony | Callaway Pippen | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Gerald | Griggs | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Marion | Warren | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Herlene | White | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Gloria | Fallings Lamar | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Dwain | Smith | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Mary | Beckman | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Sandra | Watkins | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Martha | Jackson | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Wane | Hailes | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| Penny | Poole | Georgia NAACP Convention |
| | Total 31 | |

d) <u>NAACP of Georgia</u>

(1) 80th Annual Georgia State NAACP Convention, October 8th, 2022

Comments from the meeting:

A participant told a story about being blackballed by a local government housing advocacy program due to her mother being a recipient of housing funds.

"ARP funds have not gone to those for which it was intended."

"The Georgia NAACP would like to partner with DCA."

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|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| First | Last | Title | | |
| Penny | Poole | Georgia NAACP, State Housing Chair | | |
| Evans | Walker-Wells | NAACP Legal Fellow | | |
| Kelly | Evans | GA DCA, HOME-ARP Manager | | |
| Total | 3 | | | |

(2) Follow-up Meeting with State Housing Committee Leadership

Comments from the meeting:

"Hotel/motels are slums."

"Law enforcement criminalizes people who live in hotels/motels. They are profiling residents."

"Hotels/motels are price gouging residents. There is no legal action taken."

"South Carolina has a successful model and we can link you to it."

"We sent a letter for partnership on the Emergency Rental Assistance Program and never received an answer from DCA. We would like to use our network of NAACP units to facilitate minority participation."

C. Stakeholder Forums, Meetings, and Conferences

1. Forums

To meet HUD's requirement, the Georgia Department of Community Affairs held the following four stakeholder forums between January 5, 2022, and February 3, 2022, with a total of 219 attendees.

Georgia HOME-ARP Forum for Homeless Shelter and Service Providers Held on January 5, 2022, with 105 attendees

Georgia HOME-ARP Forum for Affordable Housing Developers Held on January 12, 2022, with 93 attendees

Georgia HOME-ARP Forum for HOME Participating Jurisdictions Held on January 13, 2022, with 17 attendees

Georgia HOME-ARP Forum for Domestic Violence Service Providers, Veteran's Service Providers, and Public Agencies

Held on February 3, 2022, with 4 attendees

2. Meetings

a) <u>Continuum of Care Planning Meetings</u>

Georgia benefits from having both the HOME Participating Jurisdiction and the statewide Continuum of Care staff in the same agency, the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. Staff met regularly between January and March 2022 to determine the statewide needs of the HOME-ARP Qualifying Populations and gaps in the service delivery system.

Comments: See Continuums of Care (CoCs) serving the jurisdiction's geographic area.

| | (1) Georgia Department of Community Supervision, September 14 th , 2022 | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| FirstLastTitleOrg | | Organization | | | |
| | Tamara | Middlebrooks | Project and Housing Manager | Department of Community Supervision | |
| | | | | Reentry Services Division | |
| | Kelly | Evans | HOME-ARP Manager | Department of Community Affairs | |

b) <u>Stakeholder Meetings</u>

| (2) Following (2) | 2) Follow-up discussions on re-entry data | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
| First | Last | Title | Organization | |
| Tamara | Middlebrooks | Project and Housing Manager | Department of Community Supervision Reentry Services Division | |
| Kelly | Evans | HOME-ARP Manager | Department of Community Affairs | |
| Maria | Stephenson | Director of Research and Data Services | Department of Community Supervision | |
| Michele | Stanley | Director of Reentry Services | Department of Community Supervision Reentry Services Division | |

Comments: See Department of Community Supervision Comments

(3) Corporation for Supportive Housing (CSH), September 16th, 2022

| Name | Title | Organization |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Deirdre Bolden | Director, Southeast | Corporation for Supportive |
| | | Housing (CSH) |
| Kelly S. Evans | HOME-ARP Manager | DCA |

Comments:

"The Supportive Housing Institute is available to provide technical assistance to

developers, local governments, and non-profits. Core competencies include:

- Deeper understanding of how to develop new supportive housing projects
- *Competitive edge among supportive housing providers*
- Powerful network of peers and experts
- Strong, effective development team that leverages the strengths of each team member"

| (4) | Georgia Department o | of Behavioral Health and I | Developmental Dise | abilities, September 26 th , |
|------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 2022 | | | | |

| Name | Title | Organization |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Bryant, Cedric | Business Operations | DBHDD |
| - | Specialist | |
| Ruppersburg, Maxwell | Director, Office of Supportive | DBHDD |
| | Housing | |
| Robinson, Letitia | Assistant Director, Office of | DBHDD |
| | Supportive Housing | |
| Caraballo, Carol | Director, Office of Adult Mental | DBHDD |
| | Health | |
| Jeanette Pollock | Special Projects Manage | DBHDD |
| Evans, Kelly | HOME-ARP Manager | DCA |

Comments: See Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (9/26/2022) *Comments*

| First | Last | Title | Email |
|-------|--------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Penny | Poole | State Housing Committee Chair, GA NAACP | president@naacpgwinnett.org |
| Evan | Walker-Wells | Legal Fellow, NAACP | ewells@naacpnet.org |
| Kelly | Evans | HOME-ARP Manager, DCA | Kelly.Evans@dca.ga.gov |

(5) Georgia NAACP State Housing Committee

Comments: See NAACP of Georgia Comments

3. Conferences

Fall 2022 GAHRA Conference presentation to Public Housing Authorities (22 attendees) 80th Annual Georgia NAACP State Conference presentation (26 attendees)

D. Supplemental Forums

1. Background:

The <u>HOME-ARP Allocation Plan Guidance</u> requires HOME Participating Jurisdictions to adequately consult with stakeholders from specific groups. At a minimum, Participating

Jurisdictions must consult with the Continuums of Care serving the jurisdiction's geographic area, homeless and domestic violence service providers, veterans' groups, public housing agencies, public agencies that address the needs of the qualifying populations, and public or private organizations that address fair housing, civil rights, and the needs of persons with disabilities.

In June 2022, the Georgia Department of Community Affairs submitted the HOME-ARP Allocation Plan to HUD and HUD reviewed it and found that DCA had not consulted with enough stakeholders from these groups: public housing authorities, fair housing agencies, and organizations serving people with disabilities

2. Process:

DCA conducted three forums to gain insights from these key stakeholders: public housing authorities, fair housing agencies, and organizations serving people with disabilities. Each forum began with an overview of the Georgia HOME-ARP Allocation Plan including the funding priorities, activities goals, and timelines followed by a discussion.

3. Discussion questions included two main themes:

- 1) What should the State of Georgia should consider regarding the housing needs for people who are homeless or at risk for homelessness in their service area?
- 2) Will the agency apply for HOME-ARP funds for non-congregate shelter and rental housing construction funds?

4. Summary of the Forums:

| Stakeholders | Date | Participants |
|--|-----------------|--------------|
| Public Housing Authorities | August 9, 2022 | 24 |
| Fair Housing Agencies | August 10, 2022 | 2 |
| Organizations Serving People with Disabilities | August 11, 2022 | 29 |

5. Comments, recommendations, and insights from each forum:

a) <u>Public Housing Authorities' recommendations and comments about needs:</u> *"There is very little affordable rental housing available for qualified populations."*

"Elderly people need with supportive services for wellness checks, and to do household chores and provide personal assistance to cook meals and do other tasks."

"Every communities' needs are different with some communities having a robust service network while others lack basic services for these qualified populations."

"Transportation assistance for doctors' appointments, grocery shopping, etc. is essential in rural areas."

b) <u>Public Housing Authorities' comments regarding the HOME-ARP program:</u> *"Public Housing Authorities participating in this program will need the grant to cover soft costs to administer the program and comply with all federal* requirements, so they don't need to use other sources of funds to cover these expenses."

"[The Department of Community Affairs] DCA should invest all the funds upfront in the first and second rounds of funding for rental construction so that delays in construction and other barriers do not lead to DCA having to return funds at the end of the grant term."

c) Fair housing agencies' recommendations and comments:

The discussion focused on fair housing considerations for the qualified populations and necessary considerations for adequately addressing fair housing and equal housing opportunities. *Recommendations included:*

"Note that homelessness status itself is not a protected class but that many have attributes that are protected."

"Consider providing funds to address the social and relational skills needs of qualified populations."

"Provide supportive services to help people navigate the housing paperwork process."

"Rigorously follow the State's Language Access Plan to provide adequate access to housing and services. For example, use local groups that know the language and culture to market the housing and service opportunities."

"Expand the proportions of the required housing units for people with physical disabilities to more than building 5% fully accessible units and more than 2% units for other disabilities such as hearing impairment."

(1) For mental health accommodations:
"Understand the rules for emotional support animals."

"Recommend discussing this program with the HUD VASH voucher program staff to identify other considerations. For example, veterans with PTSD may not be able to comfortably go into a crowded loud leasing office to pay their rent."

"Consult with the Georgia [EOA] Commission of Equal Access for recommendations."

(2) Agencies that serve people with disabilities recommendations and comments:

"Non-congregate shelter space is going to be essential to expand the continuum of care."

One behavioral health care provider stated that "70-80% of the homeless clients are successful in permanent supportive housing but the other 15-20% could use the

24/7 support provided in a non-congregate shelter environment to transition them to housing."

(3) Recommendations for supportive rental housing through HOME-ARP: "Access to case managers and space for meeting with them in a rental housing setting."

"Transportation assistance."

"In-unit washers and dryers or affordable laundromats."

"Trauma-informed property management staff."

"Enhanced security because these populations are most vulnerable to crime."

"Recommendation to provide funds in rounds for specific qualified populations such as a round for permanent supportive housing for chronically homeless people with behavioral health needs or a round specifically for people fleeing domestic violence so that these groups' specific needs are adequately considered."

E. HOME-ARP Listserv and Survey

The State of Georgia created two ongoing outreach methods to engage stakeholders and the public in the HOME-ARP planning process and these methods are still available for engagement. Anyone interested in providing input or learning about the HOME-ARP program can register for email notifications through the State of Georgia HOME-ARP listserv and is encouraged to complete a survey. As of April 27, 2022, thirty (30) people have filled out the HOME-ARP survey.

List-Serv Link: https://bit.ly/GaHOME-ARPListserv

Through discussions with stakeholders during the public forums, survey responses, and in communication with Continuum of Care staff, the main themes of the feedback we received can be grouped into these three categories:

1. Rental Housing Development:

By far the most identified need during the consultation process is the lack of affordable rental housing units, especially in rural areas.

2. Transitional Shelter:

Another need identified during the consultation process is a need for a longer-term supportive housing solution that bridges the gap between emergency shelter and

independent rental housing for homeless individuals and families who need ongoing support as they transition from homelessness into stable housing.

3. Housing Placement Assistance in Rural Areas:

The lack of homeless shelters and service organizations in rural areas hinders the ability to adequately meet the needs of those families and individuals. A more robust system of coordinated housing placement and services is needed in rural areas to help people transition from homelessness.

Detailed written feedback received from forum attendees and survey respondents is in Appendix A of this document.

F. Describe the public participation process, including information about and the dates of the public comment period and public hearing(s) held during the development of the plan:

- *Public comment period:* May 2, 2022 May 16, 2022
- *Public hearing:* May 11, 2022

1. Describe any efforts to broaden public participation:

The State posted notices in May 2022 informing the public in Georgia that the HOME-ARP Allocation Plan draft was available for comment and review, and of the online public hearing. The review period was from May 2, 2022 to May 16, 2022. The online public hearing was held on May 11, 2022. The notice was advertised in English on the DCA website and online social media.

2. Summarize the comments and recommendations received through the public participation process:

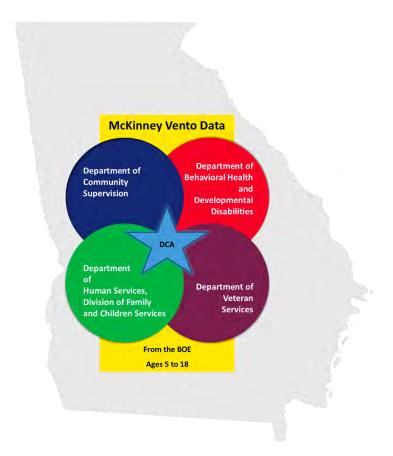
DCA did not receive any substantive comments that would materially alter the contents of the HOME-ARP Allocation Plan by close of business 05/16/2022. All comments received in the survey and by other means are included in Appendix A.

3. Summarize any comments or recommendations not accepted and state the reasons why:

DCA did not receive any comments or recommendations that were not accepted.

Needs Assessment and Gap Analysis

Evaluation of the size and demographic composition of the Balance of State population, and the assessment of the unmet needs of that population, uncovered a lack of coordination between Georgia state departments and the Department of Community Affairs. Despite the best intentions, partners within other Georgia state departments do not understand how to navigate and access the Department of Community Affairs housing and shelter programs. Gaps within the service delivery system would best be addressed through a strategic plan to de-silo state-level departments and share data, programmatic activity, and programmatic procedures across shared service populations. Significant improvement in reducing the number of unsheltered participants could be achieved by improving access to existing programs.



Meanwhile, the need is significant, therefore, the Georgia Department of Community Affairs

must continue to expand existing programs with the addition of HOME-ARP funds.

G. Describe the size and demographic composition of qualifying populations within the Participating Jurisdiction:

1. Number of Homeless Individuals and Families in Georgia:

The 2021 Point in Time Count data for individuals and families in shelters show Georgians who identify as Black or African American are more likely to experience homelessness in comparison to other races, and those who identify as male are more likely to experience homelessness than other genders. People with severe mental illnesses, chronic substance abuse issues, and/or are fleeing domestic violence make up a large proportion of the special need groups in the shelter count.

a) <u>Point in Time (PIT) Homeless Count 2022 (Gray, 2022)</u>

In 2021, HUD gave communities the option to cancel/modify their unsheltered survey counts due to the potential risk of COVID-19 transmission during an in-person survey. As a result, HUD excluded the unsheltered population sub-totals. Therefore, the 2021 Point in Time Homeless Count data in Appendix B and the table on the next page presented an incomplete count of the number of homeless individuals in Georgia last year. The 2022 Homeless Point in Time Count was for the night of February 21, 2022. The Street count was followed by a seven-day service-based count. DCA worked with 18 count coordinators to cover 30 counties. The data collection focused on quality over quantity, with an emphasis on full county coverage. The Counting Us app was used again for survey collection. Simtech Solutions provided a predictive statistical model to derive unsheltered homeless estimates in counties that are not physically counted. DCA is exploring further refinements to the final written report, including margins of error for estimates.

(1) Counties counted included:

| Bartow | Bibb | Brooks | Bryan | Burke |
|-----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|
| Camden | Carroll | Cherokee | Clayton | Coweta |
| Dougherty | Douglas | Floyd | Glynn | Gwinnett |
| Habersham | Hall | Henry | Hall | Laurens |
| Liberty | Lowndes | McIntosh | Murray | Newton |
| Pickens | Rockdale | Stephens | Tift | White |
| | | | | |

Whitfield



(2) 2011 – 2022 Balance of State Unsheltered PIT Counts

From 2019 to 2022, the Balance of State Continuum of Care has experienced a 73% increase in the number of people who are experiencing unsheltered homelessness at a given time. Several factors contribute to this increase, including but not limited to, more street outreach programs, better counting techniques, new data for the predictive model for the unsheltered count, lack of affordable housing, and the pandemic. Even with the increase this year, are unsheltered population is still 26% lower than it was in 2013.

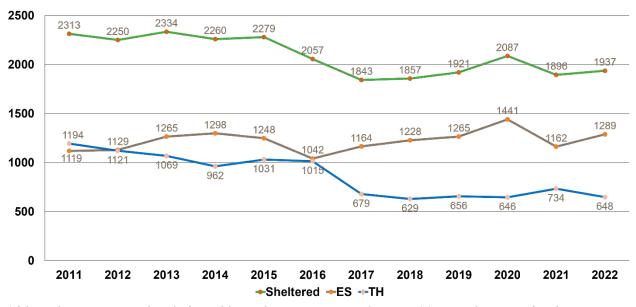
| Total /0 Change Tear Over Tear | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2013 | - 40% | | | | | |
| 2015 | - 34% | | | | | |
| 2017 | - 47% | | | | | |

2022 + 73%

+21%

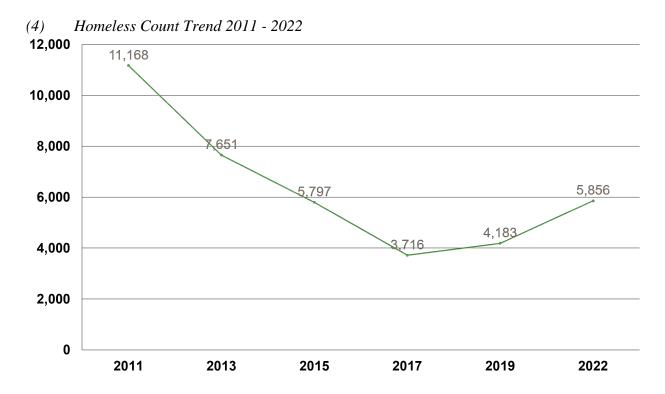
2019

Total % Change Year Over Year



(3) 2011 – 2022 Balance of State Sheltered Point in Time Counts

Although we can see the sheltered homeless count over the past 11 years has remained constant, there have been some fluctuations.



From 2019 to 2022, the Balance of State Continuum of Care has experienced a 40% increase in the number of people who are homeless at a given time. Several factors contribute to this increase, including but not limited to, the new methodology and predictive model for the unsheltered count, the identification of additional providers for the sheltered count, and the overall national trends.

| Total % Change Year Over Year | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| 2013 | - 31% | | | |
| 2015 | - 24% | | | |
| 2017 | - 36% | | | |
| 2019 | + 13% | | | |
| 2022 | + 40% | | | |

45

(5) Sheltered versus Unsheltered Proportions

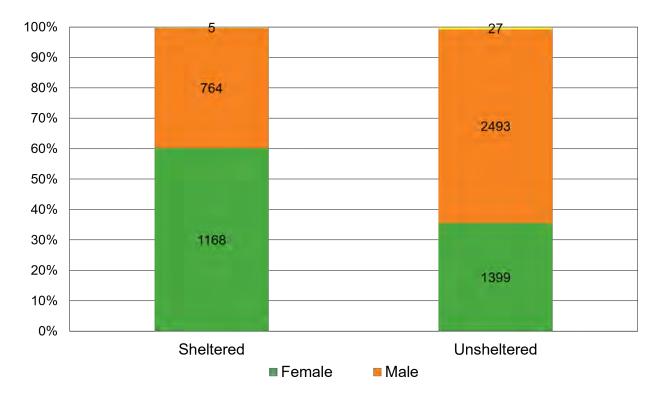


The proportion of unsheltered homeless has decreased since 2011, and it appears to have become relatively stable since 2017.

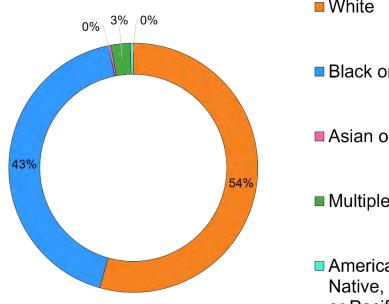
| Onsheltered percentages | |
|-------------------------|-----|
| 2011 | 79% |
| 2013 | 69% |
| 2015 | 60% |
| 2017 | 50% |
| 2019 | 54% |
| 2022 | 67% |

Unsheltered percentages

(6) Homeless Status by Gender



Homeless Status by Race (7)



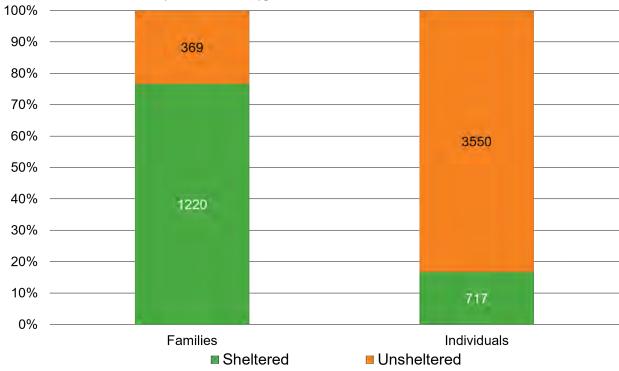
White

Black or African American

Asian or Asian American

Multiple Races

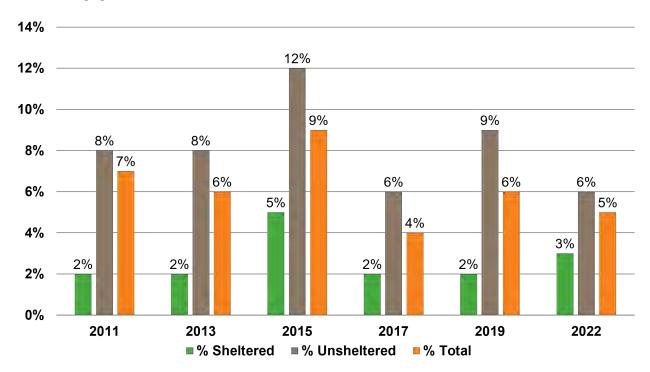
American Indian, Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian, or Pacific Islander



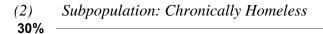
(8) Homeless Status by Household Type

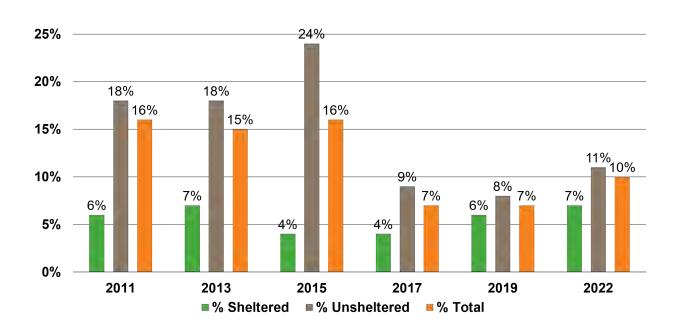
b) <u>Subpopulations</u>

The 2021 Point in Time Count data for individuals and families in shelters show Georgians who identify as Black or African American are more likely to experience homelessness in comparison to other races, and those who identify as male are more likely to experience homelessness than other genders. People with severe mental illnesses, chronic substance abuse issues, and/or are fleeing domestic violence make up a large proportion of the special need groups in the shelter count.



(1) Subpopulation: Veterans





(3) Violence Against Women's Act (VAWA)

According to the National Network to End Domestic Violence, personal safety and economic security are connected. Victims experiencing domestic violence have concerns about their ability to provide for themselves and their families, which increases the need for remaining n, or returning to, an abusive relationship. The NNEDV cited one study, which reported "women and men who experienced housing insecurity in12 months had a significantly higher prevalence of rape, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner in that same time period compared to those who did not experience food or housing insecurity." According to The National Coalition Against Domestic Violence, Georgia domestic violence shelters provided shelter to 7,214 victims of domestic violence in FY 2019. An additional 4,176 were turned away due to lack a of bed space. We recognize the data on this subject is underreported and difficult to track.

Subpopulation Point in Time Count Methodology & Analysis

Veteran and chronic data were extrapolated from the rate of Veteran and chronic homelessness captured in the unsheltered count. The increase in the count can be attributed to:

- Newer data for the predictive model
- Higher quality physical counts
- Use of observations in final Point in Time data
- Identification of more providers in the Continuum of Care
- Pandemic Impact

(4) Subpopulation: Children (US Department of Education, 2022)

The 2018-2019 school year data reported to the U.S. Department of Education, which includes families who are living in overcrowded housing or hotels and motels, counted 38,891 Georgia school-aged children experiencing homelessness. Of that total, 642 were unsheltered, 2,675 were sheltered, unaccompanied, or waiting for foster care, 7,632 were in hotels/motels, and 27,942 were doubled up. The McKinney Vento data only reports children between the ages of five and eighteen. The 2019-2020, and 2020-2021 data are skewed due to the COVID-19 Pandemic. The 2021-2022 school year data is currently not available.

| | 1-2012 | 2-2013 | 3-2014 | 4-2015 | 5-2016 | 6-2017 | 7-2018 | 8-2019 | 9-2020 | 2020-2021 |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| | 201 | 2012 | 2013- | 2014 | 201 | 201 | 201 | 2018- | 2019. | 202 |
| Unaccompanied | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homeless, Sheltered, | | | | | | | | | | |
| Awating Foster Care | 3583 | 3824 | 3375 | 3427 | 3499 | 2895 | 2545 | 2675 | 2322 | 1778 |
| Unsheltered | 570 | 746 | 708 | 663 | 732 | 721 | 736 | 642 | 619 | 602 |
| Hotels/Motels | 4323 | 5161 | 5770 | 6644 | 6700 | 6981 | 7347 | 7632 | 7265 | 6225 |
| Doubled Up | 24758 | 26191 | 26992 | 27057 | 27543 | 27739 | 28943 | 27942 | 25332 | 22556 |
| Total | 33234 | 35922 | 36845 | 37791 | 38474 | 38336 | 39571 | 38891 | 35538 | 31161 |

Table 1: McKinney Vento Homeless Children Numbers for Georgia

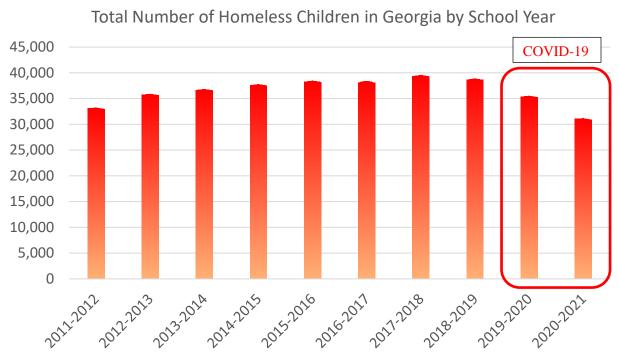


Table 2: Total Number of Homeless Children in Georgia by School Year

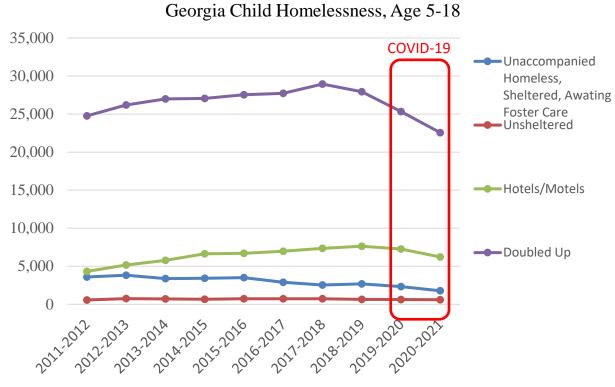


Table 3: Georgia Child Homelessness, Age 5-18

(5) Subpopulation: Youth Aging Out of Foster Care

(Department of Human Services, Division of Family and Children Services, 2022)

| BOARDING REGION | Total | PLACEMENT TYPE | Total |
|-----------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
| 01 | 47 | Child Care Institution | 327 |
| 02 | 31 | CPA Family Foster Home | 112 |
| 03 | 52 | DFCS Family Foster Home | 80 |
| 04 | 30 | Emergency Shelter | 2 |
| 05 | 33 | Higher Education Housing | 5 |
| 06 | 42 | Hospital | 3 |
| 07 | 28 | ICPC - Relative | 2 |
| 08 | 45 | ILP/Aftercare | 19 |
| 09 | 6 | Jail | 11 |
| 10 | 34 | Kinship - Fictive Kin | 14 |
| 11 | 10 | Kinship - Relative | 30 |
| 12 | 31 | Kinship Partnership Parent home | 1 |
| 13 | 117 | Other Resource | 35 |
| 14 | 146 | Parent/Primary Caretaker | 7 |
| 97 | 5 | Relative | 9 |
| (blank) | 12 | Relative - Paid | 2 |
| Grand Total | 669 | Runaway | 7 |
| | | Undisclosed | 3 |
| | | Grand Total | 669 |

Summary of demographic information for the youth in care ages 18-21

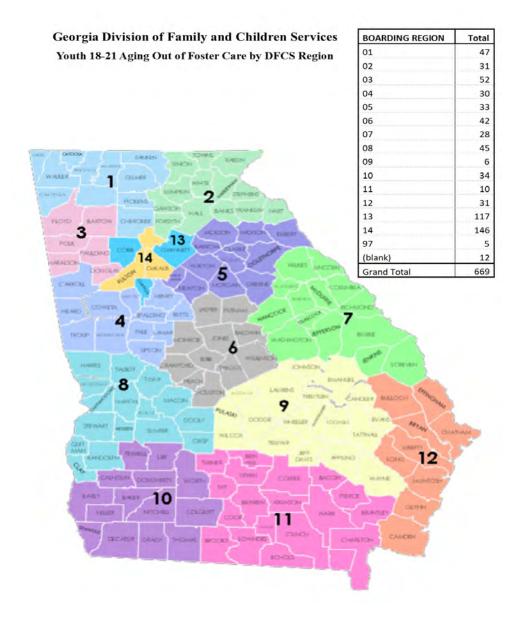
| AGE | Total | SEX | Total |
|-------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| 18 | 275 | F | 336 |
| 19 | 212 | Μ | 333 |
| 20 | 181 | Grand Total | 669 |
| 21 | 1 | | |
| Grand Total | 669 | | |

| | EXPECTANT YOUTH | Total |
|---|-------------------------------|-------|
|) | Expectant Youth | 5 |
| | Expectant Youth After Removal | 1 |
|) | Undisclosed | 663 |
| | Grand Total | 669 |

| RACE | Total |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Am Ind/AK Nat (Hispanic) | 1 |
| Asian/Oriental (non-Hispanic) | 2 |
| Black (Hispanic) | 3 |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 400 |
| Black (Unable to Determine) | 1 |
| Black-White (Hispanic) | 1 |
| Black-White (non-Hispanic) | 25 |
| Multiple (Non-Hispanic) | 1 |
| White (Hispanic) | 38 |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 197 |
| Grand Total | 669 |

| PARENTAL STATUS | Total |
|-----------------|-------|
| Expectant Youth | 14 |
| Legal Father | 18 |
| Putative Father | 6 |
| Yes | 43 |
| (blank) | 588 |
| Grand Total | 669 |

According to the Department of Human Services, Division of Family and Children Services, as of September 2022 there are 669 youth between the ages of 18 and 21 aging out of foster care in Georgia. 472 of those children are non-white. They are roughly 50-50 male to female. 81 youth are parents or expectant parents. The map below shows the number of youth per DFCS boarding region. The highest regional numbers are regions 13 and 14 which include the urban counties of Fulton, Dekalb, and Gwinnett counties. However, region 3 includes Rome, Georgia which is a much more rural area. It has far less than one-third the population of regions 13 and 14, however, it has a much higher percentage of youth aging out of foster care. Continued analysis will be needed at the county level to align with DCA reporting and to achieve reductions in housing backlog.



(6) Subpopulation: Reentry Housing Program

According to the Georgia Department of Community Supervision, 3,058 persons who started supervision during FY 2022 (July 1, 2021-June 30, 2022) had an unstable residence or were homeless during the first 180 days of starting supervision. (Department of Community Supervision, Reentry Services Division, 2022)

The following criteria were used to collect the data:

- 1. Supervisees who had three or more address changes. (Because of data collection practices, counting supervisees with two or more changes would have resulted in an inaccurate data result.)
- 2. Supervisees who were homeless.
- 3. Supervisees who had an interaction of residence unstable.
- 4. Supervisees who responded yes to living in a shelter/temporary housing facility or need help in obtaining a stable residence.
- c) <u>Rent Burdened</u>

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) defines "rent burdened" as spending more than 30 percent of income on housing and "severely rent burdened" as more than 50 percent.

Appendix B compares the number of households divided by the number of occupied housing units to determine the percentage of families by county that are paying more than 30% of their income for shelter. The median county percentage is 11%, with a standard deviation of 5%. Therefore, a 95% confidence interval will fall between 6% and 16%. Using 16% as the upper threshold, twenty-eight (28) counties are found to be statistical outliers. They are:

| Baldwin | Clayton | Liberty | Richmond |
|---------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Bibb | Crisp | Long | Spalding |
| Bulloch | DeKalb | Lowndes | Sumter |
| Candler | Dougherty | Muscogee | Taylor |
| Chatham | Fulton | Peach | Terrell |
| Chattahoochee | Gwinnett | Pulaski | Troup |
| Clarke | Lanier | Randolph | Ware |

(1) Rental Vacancy and Homeowner Vacancy

Within this population of highly rent burdened counties, six counties had a low rate of rental vacancy which was defined as less than 5%. These are counties that are identified as needing additional affordable rental units. Randolph county also had a disproportionately high owner-occupied vacancy rate of 5% and should be considered for homebuyer initiatives.

| County | 30+ Percent/ Occupied Housing Units | Rental vacancy rate | Homeowner vacancy rate |
|---------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Chattahoochee | 28% | 4% | 0% |
| Candler | 18% | 3% | 1% |
| Long | 23% | 2% | 1% |
| Clarke | 31% | 3% | 2% |
| Terrell | 17% | 1% | 2% |
| Randolph | 21% | 4% | 5% |

Table 4: Low Rental Vacancy

Within this population of highly rent burdened counties, sixteen counties had a higher than average rate of rental vacancy which was defined as 6% to 9%. The counties that have a disproportionately high rental vacancy rate should be evaluated for significant rental property rehabilitation through the 4% bond program and the HOME/CHIP program. Several counties stand out has counties which contain state universities and may be experiencing housing issues due to that special situation. Both Bibb and Troup counties also have a disproportionately high homeowner vacancy rate and should be considered for homebuyer programs.

| | 30+ Percent/ Occupied Housing | Rental | Homeowner |
|-----------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| County | Units | vacancy rate | vacancy rate |
| Taylor | 23% | 8% | 0% |
| Spalding | 17% | 6% | 1% |
| Bulloch | 21% | 8% | 1% |
| Pulaski | 20% | 8% | 1% |
| Lanier | 17% | 7% | 1% |
| Baldwin | 20% | 6% | 2% |
| DeKalb | 22% | 7% | 2% |
| Clayton | 25% | 9% | 2% |
| Fulton | 22% | 7% | 2% |
| Muscogee | 23% | 6% | 2% |
| Dougherty | 27% | 8% | 2% |
| Chatham | 20% | 9% | 2% |
| Crisp | 21% | 9% | 2% |
| Lowndes | 20% | 9% | 2% |
| Bibb | 25% | 8% | 3% |
| Troup | 20% | 6% | 3% |

Table 5: Higher than average rate of rental vacancy

Within this population of highly rent-burdened counties, four counties had a high rate of rental vacancy which was defined as 10% or greater. The counties that have a disproportionately high

rental vacancy rate should be evaluated for significant rental property rehabilitation through the 4% bond program and the HOME/CHIP program. Both Richmond and Liberty counties also have a disproportionately high homeowner vacancy rate and should be considered for homebuyer programs.

| 30+ Percent/ Occupied Housing Units | Rental vacancy rate | Homeowner vacancy rate |
|---|--|---|
| 17% | 10% | 1% |
| 19% | 10% | 2% |
| 26% | 11% | 3% |
| 24% | 10% | 3% |
| | Occupied Housing Units 17% 19% 26% | Occupied Housing UnitsRental vacancy rate17%10%19%10%26%11% |

Table 6: High rate of rental vacancy

H. Describe the unmet housing and service needs of qualifying populations, including but not limited to:

- Sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations.
- Those currently housed populations at risk of homelessness.
- Other families requiring services, housing assistance, or to prevent homelessness.
- Those at greatest risk of housing instability or in unstable housing situations.

1. Georgia 2021 Point in Time Count of Homeless Families and Individuals

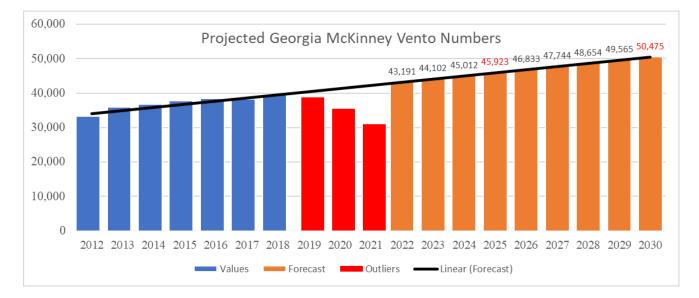
These are the people who were in shelters in Georgia on January 25, 2021

| Georgia 2021 Point in Time Count | Emergency Shelter | Transitional Housing | Total |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Summary of persons in each household type: | | | |
| Persons in households without children | 2095 | 1006 | 3101 |
| Persons in households with at least one adult & one child | 1274 | 847 | 2121 |
| Persons in households with only children | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Total Homeless Persons | 3379 | 1853 | 5232 |
| Demographic summary by ethnicity: | | | |
| Hispanic / Latino | 159 | 110 | 269 |
| Non-Hispanic / Non-Latino | 3220 | 1743 | 4963 |
| Total | 3379 | 1853 | 5232 |
| Demographic summary by gender: | | | |
| Female | 1421 | 836 | 2257 |
| Male | 1844 | 1016 | 2860 |
| Transgender | 23 | 0 | 23 |
| Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female) | 91 | 1 | 92 |
| Total | 3379 | 1853 | 5232 |
| Demographic summary by race: | | | |
| Black or African American | 2426 | 1288 | 3714 |
| White | 815 | 489 | 1304 |
| Asian | 31 | 10 | 41 |

| American Indian or Alaska Native | 11 | 2 | 13 |
|--|------|------|------|
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 9 | 3 | 12 |
| Multiple Races | 87 | 61 | 148 |
| Total | 3379 | 1853 | 5232 |
| Summary of all other populations reported: | | | |
| Severely Mentally Ill | 904 | 319 | 1223 |
| Chronic Substance Abuse | 704 | 400 | 1104 |
| Veterans | 172 | 124 | 296 |
| HIV/AIDS | 182 | 56 | 238 |
| Victims of Domestic Violence | 416 | 312 | 728 |
| Unaccompanied Youth | 146 | 56 | 202 |
| Parenting Youth | 39 | 32 | 71 |
| Children of Parenting Youth | 51 | 45 | 96 |

2. McKinney Vento Homeless Children Count

Statistical analysis of Georgia McKinney Vento trend data from the 2011-2012 to 2017-2018 school years shows an expected annual growth rate of 2.8, when outlier years are excluded. Based on that logic model, the forecast for 2025 is 45,923 children, and for 2030 is 50,475 children. Due to inconsistencies in categorizing the types of shelters from year to year, trend analysis by shelter category is unreliable.



3. Youth Aging Out of Foster Care

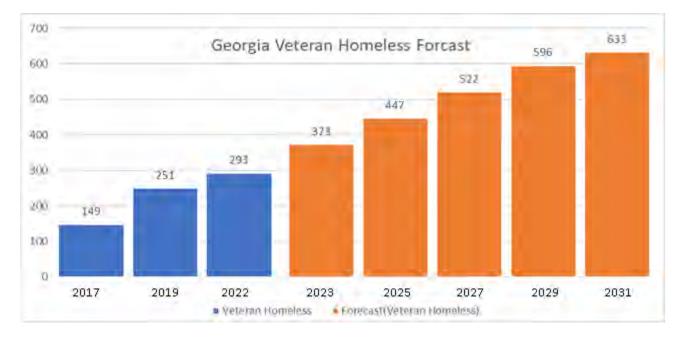
Using the conservative 2.8% projected growth rate from the McKinney Vento history data, the projected 2025 total of youth aging out of foster care in Georgia is 1147, and the projected 2030 total of youth aging out of foster care in Georgia is 1317.

| | | Age Bracket | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Year | Annual Total | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 2022 | 669 | 275 | 212 | 181 | 1 |
| 2023 | 951 | 283 | 275 | 212 | 181 |
| 2024 | 1060 | 291 | 283 | 275 | 212 |
| 2025 | 1147 | 299 | 291 | 283 | 275 |
| 2026 | 1179 | 307 | 299 | 291 | 283 |
| 2027 | 1212 | 316 | 307 | 299 | 291 |
| 2028 | 1246 | 325 | 316 | 307 | 299 |
| 2029 | 1281 | 334 | 325 | 316 | 307 |
| 2030 | 1317 | 343 | 334 | 325 | 316 |
| Growth Rate 102.8% | | | | | |

Table 7: Projected Youth Aging Out of Foster Care

4. Veterans

Understanding that the 2022 data is skewed due to COVID-19 and adjusting as much as possible for that fact within the model, the projected 2025 total of homeless veterans in Georgia is 447, and the projected 2031 total of homeless veterans in Georgia is 633.



5. Violence Against Women Act

According to the Department of Justice, seventy-eight percent of homeless women have been subjected to rape, physical assault, or stalking at some point in their lifetimes. (Jasinski, Wesely, Mustaine, & Wright, 2005) The 2021 Point in Time Count identified 728 out of 5232 who self-identified as a victim of domestic violence. Using the number of persons who identified as female, 2257, and the Justice Department's published study of 78%, the 2021 number is more likely closer to 1,760.

6. Reentry Housing

When asked, the Georgia Department of Community Supervision identified 3,058 persons who started supervision during FY 2022 (July 1, 2021-June 30, 2022) had an unstable residence or were homeless during the first 180 days of starting supervision. That represents roughly 1.5% of the supervised DCS population in any given year, and the total population under supervision is dropping annually. This does not consider existing supervisees who experience housing instability.

The Department of Community Supervision continues to report long-term housing as a major concern. The 2018 evaluation report on the Georgia Prisoner Re-entry Initiative, which became a national model, identified "the lack of permanent housing remains a significant problem and is perhaps the most difficult issue for the housing coordinator to remedy." (Applied Research Services, Inc., 2018) According to the report, one in four DCS clients who re-offend in the first 18 months since release will have experienced housing instability. However, recidivism rates drop to negative numbers for those clients who receive support, including housing support.

Due to the complex nature of this subpopulation, and the significant cost of recidivism, a full housing analysis will be needed to project the growth in need. For this plan, DCA will use 3,058 as the expected annual need.

7. Current Shelter and Permanent Supportive Housing Resources Available:

Based on the <u>HUD 2021 Georgia Housing Inventory Count Report</u>, the following total year-round beds were available:

- Emergency Shelters: 4,789
- Transitional Housing: 2,868
 - Total Shelter Beds: 7,657
- Permanent Supportive Housing: 8,188
- Rapid Re-Housing: 2,637
- Other Permanent Housing: 131
 - Total Other Beds: 10,956
- a) <u>Identify priority needs for qualifying populations:</u>
- (1) Need for Affordable Rental Housing for Extremely Low-Income Renters:

Affordability in Georgia is a problem as the cost of rent rises, creating a shortage of affordable rental homes available for extremely low-income renters.

According to the *National Low Income Housing Coalition* (NLIHC), twenty-four percent (24%) of households in Georgia are extremely low income. Extremely Low-Income households are those that make thirty percent (30%) of the average median income. In 2021, the annual income

of an extremely low-income household of four people is \$25,750 per year, while the household income needed to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at HUD's fair market rate in Georgia is \$40,398 per year.

Seventy-two percent (72%) of extremely low-income renter households have severe cost burdens. Households severely cost-burdened spend more than half of their income on housing costs and utilities. These households are at risk of experiencing homelessness and risk lack of access to safe and affordable housing. The NLIHC reports a shortage of 193,726 housing units available to people at extremely low incomes. The NILHC graphs and data are in Appendix D: 2021 Georgia Housing Profile of this document.

According to research conducted by <u>Apartmentlist.com</u>, rent prices have increased 17.6% nationally over the last twelve months. In their research, the data shows the City of Atlanta experienced a 26% rent growth since March 2020. Atlanta ranked tenth (10th) in the fastest metro rent increase among fifty (53) metropolitan areas with a population of more than one million people since March 2020.

Looking at the Fair Market Rents provided by <u>*HUD*</u>, for the City of Atlanta from the fiscal year 2019-2022, the rent has increased every year. Rents increased nearly four to six times from 2021-2022.

| Year – Metropolitan Atlanta | Efficiency | One- Bedroom | Two- Bedroom- | Three- Bedroom | Four- Bedroom |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2019 | \$945 | \$966 | \$1,106 | \$1,427 | \$1,752 |
| 2020 | \$996 | \$1,025 | \$1,167 | \$1,489 | \$1,824 |
| 2021 | \$1,016 | \$1,040 | \$1,185 | \$1,491 | \$1,823 |
| 2022 | \$1,111 | \$1,131 | \$1,289 | \$1,596 | \$1,951 |

HOME-ARP Activities

I. Rental Housing Development

Goal: Develop at least 200 rental housing units set aside for HOME-ARP Qualified Populations

Most of Georgia's HOME-ARP funds (73.5%) will be used to develop rural affordable housing developments in conjunction with Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) developments, HOME, and/or National Housing Trust Funds. HOME-ARP funds can pay up to 100% of the cost of construction and provide an operating reserve for the fifteen (15) year affordability period.

The total Georgia HOME-ARP funds budgeted for rental housing construction is \$ 64,424,131 to be distributed at a rate of \$12,884,826 per year for four years between 2023 and 2027, and \$12,884,827 in year five, 2027.

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs will set a per-unit cost limit of \$250,000 per unit and a per-unit operating cost limit of \$90,000 per unit to provide up to \$500 per month per unit for the fifteen-year mandated compliance period for a total of \$340,000 per unit maximum. At \$340,000 per unit, the State of Georgia can construct up to 190 units of affordable rental housing at a rate of up to 38 units each year for five years.

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs will administer the HOME-ARP rental housing development program directly. Developers will be able to apply for HOME-ARP funds through the annual competitive Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) application and an annually competitive NOFA for HOME-ARP with HOME and the National Housing Trust Fund. Both competitive processes include rigorous competitive scoring criteria. Developments that provide project-based rental assistance (PBRA) and coordinate with qualified population service providers will be given preference in scoring.

Pairing HOME-ARP with other funding sources has many benefits:

- Eliminates the need to develop architectural standards as well as processes and procedures as awarded developments will be required to align with existing protocol
- Eliminates the need to create a process for screening applicants/developers for capacity, knowledge, experience, etc.
- Allows existing staff to incorporate additional layered funding into underwriting processes

HOME-ARP-funded units must be reserved for populations as defined in the HOME-ARP Implementation Notice CPD-21-10 and placement must be coordinated through the state's coordinated entry (CE) system.

PJs must indicate the amount of HOME-ARP funding that is planned for each eligible HOME-ARP activity type and demonstrate that any planned funding for a nonprofit organization's operating assistance, capacity building, and administrative costs is within HOME-ARP limits.

The following table may be used to meet this requirement.

1. Use of HOME-ARP Funding

Based on the consultation process, the State of Georgia determined the following distribution of HOME-ARP funds is appropriate to meet the needs of the HOME-ARP qualified population.

| HOME-ARP Activity | Funding Amount | Percent of the Grant |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Affordable Rental Housing Development | \$ 64,424,131 | 73.5% |
| Non-Congregate Shelter Development | \$ 8,765,517 | 10% |
| Administration | \$ 8,765,517 | 10% |
| Tenant-Based Rental Assistance | \$ 3,600,000 | 4.1% |
| Supportive Services | \$ 2,100,000 | 2.4% |
| Total HOME-ARP Allocation | \$87,655,165 | 100% |

Describe how the characteristics of the shelter and housing inventory, service delivery system, and the needs identified in the gap analysis provided a rationale for the plan to fund eligible activities:

J. Non-Congregate Shelter Development: Goal: Develop at least 35 transitional shelter units

Ten percent (10%) of Georgia HOME-ARP funds will be used to develop non-congregate shelters operated by nonprofits and public agencies for qualified populations moving from emergency shelters to stable affordable housing.

The total Georgia HOME-ARP funds budgeted for non-congregate shelters is \$8,765,517 to be distributed through an annual competitive NOFA for five years between 2023 and 2027 until the funds are expended.

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs will set the per-unit cost limit of \$250,000 per unit. At \$250,000 per unit, the State of Georgia can construct around 35 non-congregate shelter units.

The HUD HOME-ARP program guidelines does not allow HOME-ARP funds to be used to operate or staff Non-Congregate Shelters therefore Project Sponsors will be responsible for operating and staffing their shelters.

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs will administer HOME-ARP non-congregate shelter development program directly. Shelter developers will be able to apply for HOME-ARP funds through an annual annually competitive NOFA that includes competitive scoring criteria for both the shelter developers and operators. Nonprofit and public agency shelter operators will

need to demonstrate the ability to have the adequate financial resource and administrative capacity to operate the non-congregate shelter units through the compliance period as defined in the HOME-ARP Implementation Notice CPD-21-10. Shelter plans must include plans to operate the shelters or convert units to affordable rental housing after the HOME-ARP compliance period.

K. Administration

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs will use HOME-ARP Administration Funds to provide day-to-day management and oversight of the program and ensure compliance.

L. Tenant Based Rental Assistance

There are currently over 350 households receiving Emergency Solutions Grant CARES Act (ESG-CV) temporary rental assistance. ESG-CV funds are scheduled to expire September 30, 2023 and ESG-CV subgrantees are expected to find other sources of funds to help their clients pay their rent. \$3,600,000 will provide 300 clients with \$1,000 per month for another year (September 30, 2024) to extend rental support to most of the ESG-CV clients if they cannot find other means of support. As with the Non-Congregate Shelter funds, these funds will be reviewed annually and any remaining unspent funds will be allocated to Rental Housing Construction.

M. Supportive Services

Georgia's HOME-ARP funds will be used to help HOME-ARP Qualified Populations locate, obtain, and retain housing, and to provide financial assistance to pay for rental application fees, security deposits, and utility deposits. The Georgia Department of Community Affairs Coordinated Entry Staff will be responsible for determining needs and ensuring that funds are not duplicated.

N. Funds Per Year:

Some HOME-ARP activities will be carried out for nine years and some for five years.

HOME-ARP administration and supportive services activities will begin as soon as HUD approves the HOME-ARP allocation plan and will continue until the funds expire on September 30, 2030.

HOME-ARP rental housing and non-congregate shelter construction annual funding rounds will begin in 2023 and will continue through 2017. Developments must be completed within three years. The amount per year in the table below are targeted goals to stay on track but may change depending on the number of fundable applications received in annual competitions.

Operating reserve accounts will be established to support rental housing developments through their fifteen (15) year affordability period and non-congregate shelter providers will be required to keep the shelters operational during the shelters' regulatory compliance periods. Once the non-congregate shelter compliance period is over, the shelter can remain in use as shelter units or be converted to affordable rental housing units.

At year three (3) in April 2025, and year six (6) in April 2027, the State of Georgia will analyze current conditions and remaining fund balances and redistribute funds to rental housing development through the annual HUD Action Plan.

| Activity | Affordable Rental Housing Development | Non-Congregate Shelter Development | Administration and Planning | Tenant Based Rental Assistance | Supportive Services | Total HOME-ARP Fund Activity Per Year |
|----------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 2022 | | | \$973,946 | | \$233,333 | \$1,207,279 |
| 2023 | \$12,884,826 | \$1,753,103 | \$973,946 | \$900,000 | \$233,333 | \$16,745,208 |
| 2024 | \$12,884,826 | \$1,753,103 | \$973,946 | \$2,700,000 | \$233,333 | \$18,545,208 |
| 2025 | \$12,884,826 | \$1,753,103 | \$973,946 | | \$233,333 | \$15,845,208 |
| 2026 | \$12,884,826 | \$1,753,104 | \$973,946 | | \$233,333 | \$15,845,209 |
| 2027 | \$12,884,827 | \$1,753,104 | \$973,946 | | \$233,333 | \$15,845,210 |
| 2028 | | | \$973,947 | | \$233,334 | \$1,207,281 |
| 2029 | | | \$973,947 | | \$233,334 | \$1,207,281 |
| 2030 | | | \$973,947 | | \$233,334 | \$1,207,281 |
| Total | \$64,424,131 | \$8,765,517 | \$8,765,517 | \$3,600,000 | \$2,100,000 | \$87,655,165 |

1. Funds Per Year:

Preferences

Identify whether the PJ intends to give preference to one or more qualifying populations or a subpopulation within one or more qualifying populations for any eligible activity or project:

- Preferences cannot violate any applicable fair housing, civil rights, and nondiscrimination requirements, including but not limited to those requirements listed in 24 CFR 5.105(a).
- PJs are not required to describe specific projects to which the preferences will apply.

The State of Georgia will not give a preference to one or more qualifying populations or a subpopulation with the use of HOME-ARP funds. Housing and non-congregate shelter developers and supportive service providers will be able to target their housing and services to any of the qualifying populations allowed under this funding.

Georgia HOME-ARP-funded rental units must be reserved for qualifying populations as defined in the HOME-ARP Implementation Notice CPD-21-10 and placement must be coordinated through the state's coordinated entry (CE) system. All housing and supportive services activities must adhere to all applicable fair housing, civil rights, and nondiscrimination requirements included but not limited to those requirements listed in 24 CFR 5.105(a).

HOME-ARP Refinancing Guidelines

If the PJ intends to use HOME-ARP funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily rental housing that is being rehabilitated with HOME-ARP funds, the PJ must state its HOME-ARP refinancing guidelines in accordance with 24 CFR 92.206(b). The guidelines must describe the conditions under with the PJ will refinance existing debt for a HOME-ARP rental project.

The State of Georgia does not intend to use HOME-ARP funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily rental housing to be rehabilitated with HOME-ARP funds at this time. If the State determines that the program will use the funds to refinance existing debt in a future program year, the State will follow the refinancing guidelines 24 CFR 92.206(b) and updated the HUD Annual Action Plan accordingly. Under no circumstances can the State use HOME-ARP funds to refinance multifamily loans made or insured by any federal program, including CDBG.

Appendix A

O. Home-ARP Survey and Forum Attendee Feedback

The following comments were made during the forums and in the HOME-ARP survey responses:

- The rural parts of the state need assist with homelessness and those in trouble of being homeless. The metro area always gets the funds and the rural areas get left out
- Tiny house communities are so needed
- Support and programs south of Macon
- Clayton County needs great assistance for minority / low-income individuals and families at risk of eviction. Preferably that nonprofits can dispense supportive services and financial assistance.
- Clients need support maintaining housing and support access other services to support their stability.
- We have many families who can't afford rent anymore. As a result, they are moving together, causing over-crowding of homes. As a consequence of this, we have seen a marked increase in cases of domestic violence (+112%) and child sexual abuse (+231%).
- There is a great need for affordable housing with supportive services for the elderly 62 years of age of older. These units will provide very low-income elderly with options that allow them to live independently in an environment that provides support activities such as cleaning, cooking, and transportation. The goal is to encourage recipients to live as independently as possible with some assistance in activities of daily living (ADLs) that are needed.
- Lack of affordable housing in most of the counties we serve....no place to rent.
- We are a rural community; whereby, there has traditionally been a lack of housing for eligible families. Additional housing will help to supply the demand for more affordable housing for low-income families.
- Rental Housing Development in this area would only be beneficial in this area if it where substantively subsidized. Housing options in the Savannah are available the larger barrier is affordability. Developing rental housing in the current market does little to provide obtainable options for the clients we serve.
- Non-Congregate Shelter Development are useable for the short term; however, they tend to be too short term or lasting effectiveness.
- Rental Housing Vouchers for our population are currently available. The barrier for these is not the availability but finding individuals to accept them. In this area and surrounding areas, property owners who accept vouchers have been difficult to find. The very few that do accept them often offer substandard housing options and housing in high crime areas. As such, supportive services would likely be most beneficial for our population and area. It is my

hope that the supportive services would include supportive housing, combining affordability with intensive coordinated services to assist individuals struggling with chronic mental health issues maintain stable housing and obtain appropriate health care, in addition to, providing permanence

- The poor need more money for housing that they can earn.
- There is a lack of income base rental housing development in Chatham County. Homeless individuals need immediate rental housing that are available with staff employed that understand that individual is homeless or is at risk of being homeless. Individual who are homeless or is at risk of being homeless may not be prepared to seeking/ obtain a house with a house voucher through a privately owned apartment or house. Some individual need assistances from housing development to maintain their home once they obtain housing.
- Growing gap in affordable housing options
- Most of the referrals that we get for our services in general are individuals that are homeless or at risk of homelessness. There is not enough housing in our area to house everyone that needs housing. Our PSH program has a waiting list. It is also difficult to find properties that will rent to our clientele due to their credit, and criminal backgrounds. Many individuals that are needing housing has very low or no income at all.
- Due to safety precautions taken to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, we reduced our bed capacity in our emergency shelter to a single head of household/family in each of our eight bedrooms. Historically families have shared bedrooms to serve as many homeless individuals as possible. Reducing our bed capacity ultimately reduced the number of families we could help at a time in the facility. Although we placed families seeking shelter in a local hotel for overflow, hotel stays are not the safest options for victims of domestic violence, confidentiality is hard to ensure, providing support services in a hotel or virtual environment is not conducive to being client-centered, and hotel operational cost are expensive over a long span of time. The additional healthcare crisis the COVID-10 pandemic, and any future similar pandemic, creates for homeless victims of domestic violence makes it necessary for us to prioritize providing new strategies to house those fleeing dangerous situations in socially distanced acceptable ways.
- We strive to ensure our clients find safe, affordable housing before leaving our shelter; however, that is not easy in our area. Rental properties that are affordable are extremely hard to find.
- We are a rural and high-poverty area and many of our landlords increase rental prices. The HUD 811 program has not been successful in our region. Our agency conducted a Community Needs Assessment in 2020, and much feedbacks were about affordable housing. This region needs affordable housing units and stocks.
- Rental costs have skyrocketed to outrageous amounts. This makes it a challenge for folks to be eligible for safe housing. It also makes it difficult to keep housing. Develop plans to address the below needs. Please consider; Folks who have bad credit, Folks who have had a previous eviction, A plan for helping people who can't maintain these high rents long term.

- For the housing first model to succeed, there must be enough affordable housing units available to place homeless individuals and families into. The creation of affordable rental housing, subsidized with federal, state, and local funding, allows agencies to place the unsheltered in a housing unit, assist in their stabilization and then connect them to needed services. Non-congregate shelter is also an option, but more permanent housing units solves the long-term problem and secures housing for those that are most vulnerable and in need of it.
- Athens-Clarke County is the smallest county (regarding land) in the state. It also is home to the University of Georgia. Developers work to create off-campus housing options for students that are unaffordable to local families and individuals on fixed incomes. The combination of a lack of space for new construction and the realities of the market makes it difficult for us to create the housing stock we need for our low to moderate-income community members.
- Needed for homeless, evictees so they can receive needed services--job training, counseling, etc.--until they obtain jobs/ample income to afford permanent housing. Affordable rents/housing is also necessary.
- Many people in homelessness on our streets have nowhere to go except a hotel for 2 weeks. This does not solve the solution. If we had funds available to stabilize people for up to 90 days to 6 months and assist them with mental health stabilization, work placement and structured living and building up to autonomous financial responsibility we could prevent chronic homelessness issues from continuing and break the cycle.
- Very difficult to find suitable and safe housing in our rural area.
- Preservation of affordable housing is in dire need of support especially unsubsidized affordable housing of smaller sizes. We are losing units, and there are not prioritized resources to do this at scale.
- I hope we will find a way to use these funds to support people living with and affected by HIV/AIDS. Particularly those that are at risk of homelessness
- HOME-ARP QAP scoring to incentivize affordable housing development to mitigate homelessness for the I/DD populations especially those at risk for homelessness due to living with aging parents. Perhaps co-housing for older adults work I/DD adults.
- How can we structure the funds to make sure that whatever is created is sustainable beyond 2030?
- I hope we will find a way to help people that are too chronically mentally ill to overcome some of the application eligibility requirements to get them housed
- Please don't forget about South GA. Can funds be used with USDA?

Forum feedback for populations to address with HOME-ARP funds:

- Diverse people from all backgrounds with amazing talents abilities and some burdened with monumental challenges
- Mental illness clients

- Precariously Housed
- Young adults 18-24
- Homeless, mentally ill, unemployed, underemployed, aging out of foster care, fleeing domestic violence.
- People with multiple barriers to stability. Frequent users of our local health care and justice systems
- Individuals who are working or have limited income and lack family/community resources to afford a place of their own.
- Homeless youth. Those that "couch surf" and don't meet HUD homeless definition. Youth who aged out of foster care. Parenting youth
- Chronically homeless individuals and families that have experienced COVID
- Those who are lacking one or more suitability factors to change their mindset of homelessness.
- Limited income and single parents
- Elderly, Veterans, Families, Teenagers, DV Survivors, Sexual Assault Victims.
- Working poor, dv women and children
- Minority and low-income individuals who have lost jobs / wages during the pandemic. These individuals are resilient
- Mental health diagnosis
- People with more than one issue; homeless AND disabled, low income AND domestic violence involved.
- Low wage earners and single parent households
- People with felony backgrounds-especially sex offenders
- Single individuals, single parents, low to moderate income, prison released
- Asset income constrained Employed 2. People in communities with very little "affordable housing" options 3. Chronically homeless
- Veteran families who are homeless or at risk of being homeless and the population of homeless individuals.
- Experiencing substance use disorder or mental health concerns
- Anyone experiencing homelessness or insufficient income to afford housing
- I believe that all are needed to help and accommodate struggling families, however supportive services can prevent and prepare a homeowner for increasing prices in many different areas of life.
- It is my belief that all families should have access to safe, decent, and affordable housing. With more rental opportunities, many families will realize their dreams and aspirations to live in affordable housing that's maintained in a safe manner.
- National church residences provide an array of supportive housing in jurisdictions in and outside Georgia. However, the funding in GA is the MOST limited and reliant on

fundraising. The ability to have a long-term commitment for supportive housing is the KEY to providing long term opportunities to address homelessness.

- Stop Gentrification in my town. Keep residents from fleeing at risk of becoming homeless. Rents out of control.
- During the COVID-19 pandemic, many homeless persons experience compounding risks of exposure as well as increased risks of serious symptoms and/or complications. To address the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on homeless people with a disability, immediate and comprehensive action, grounded in the principles of affordability for person who are coming out of chronic homelessness and yearn for a permanent place to call home is desperately needed.
- I encourage you to consider preservation of rural properties as well, as there are limited sources towards preservation of these critical properties.
- Lack of available housing, especially for lower-income earners

Georgia Supportive Housing Association

- Needs Unique to Georgia: Georgia lacks adequate funding to pay supportive housing providers for the essential supportive services they provide to vulnerable populations across the state. Georgia has committed developers of supportive housing, however, due to the burden of inadequate supportive services funding, many are making tough decisions to eliminate supportive housing projects from their portfolios. An additional related impact of the lack of resources is rapid turnover of staff due to low wages, and turnover at the executive level due to the funding stresses on these non-profit organizations. In addition, supportive housing providers have a lack of discretionary funds for emergency needs, a lack of funding for requisite expenses, and a scarcity of liquid assets to use as matching funds to apply for grants.
- **Recommendations for HOME-ARP Activities, Allocations, and Impact:** Coordinate with local jurisdictions and developers to braid and leverage HOME-ARP funds with other state and federalfunding sources, including: the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program, State and Local Housing Trust Funds, Community Development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-CV), the traditional HOME Investment Partnership program funds, and additional ARPA resources such as the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF)
 - GSHA Recommended the following investments:

| Purpose | Funding Amount | Percent of Grant | Statutory Limit |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Capital Investment for new Construction and/or | \$42M | 48% | For CDBG-CV, |
| Acquisition and Development of Existing Non- | | | Housing Support |
| Congregate Shelteror other facilities for creation | Braid with | | Services, Operation of |
| or conversion to integrated affordable housing with | HOME | | Shelters: 51% of |
| PSH. | Funds, | | clients must be low |
| | CDBG, | | and moderate income. |
| (ex: Affordable Rental Housing with PSH, | CDBG- | | The remaining clients |
| Acquisition and/or rehabilitation of motels to | CV, and | | may be of any income |
| create or expand non-congregate shelter facilities.) | ESG-CV | | |
| Supportive Services Non-Profit Operating, | \$22M | 25% | Non-Profit Capacity |
| | | | Building 5% |
| Non-Profit CapacityBuilding | | | |
| | | | Non-Profit |
| | | | Operating 5% |
| Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) | \$15M | 17% | |
| | Braid with ESG-CV | | |
| Administrative and Planning | \$8 million | 9% | 15% |
| Total HOME-ARPAllocations | \$87M | | |

- Award capital for projects that create permanent supportive housing units. Georgia needs more units of quality permanent supportive housing with low barriers to entry, which requires capital investments for new construction and development.
 - o Funding for capital investments in PSH units should include acquisition, construction, and associated development costs. This funding should support the creation of new PSH units targeted to households earning below 30% of Area Median Income with multiple barriers to housing stability. It should add to the community's inventory through new construction, rehabilitation of existing vacant units, the conversion of existing residential units to targeted use for PSH, or hotel/motel conversions to single-room occupancy (SRO). For these funds, DCA should incentivize units with low barriers to entry with limited restrictions on criminal background, credit and eviction history and no requirements for mental health stability and/or sobriety. Units should be service supported by a qualified provider, with tenant participation being voluntary.
 - Development models that incorporate a significant number of PSH units are desirable to meet our state needs.
 - o Allowing for greater than 20% set-aside of PSH units is consistent with the

Mandate. Thoughtfully designed developments that commit to greater than 50% of the units as PSH units can be consistent with the Mandate.

- Provide vitally needed funds for services, operating, and capacity building. DCA can consider creating a flexible spending fund (FSF) that supplements funding for supportive services, non-profit operating expenses, and non-profit capacity building. An allocation from HOME-ARP can seed a FSF for these critically needed purposes.
 - These critically needed purposes include:
 - Funding for housing stabilization activities: Support with housing and benefits applications and reexaminations; treatment or case planning; transportation for clients; coordination of ongoing healthcare, including mental health and substance use treatment; support with managing tenancy and community relationships as well as organizational support to develop capacity to provide quality services.
 - Community-Based Services Capacity Building
 - Needed matching funds for grants
 - Providing a bridge for supportive services provided to consumers. Funding for services will help agencies develop infrastructure and build capacity to bill Medicaid, as well as pay for non-Medicaid eligible services and consumers who do not have Medicaid insurance.
 - Capacity building, training, and ongoing technical assistance to providers of supportive housing
- Allocate funds for rental assistance. We recommend braiding HOME-ARP funds to capitalize a reserve of HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) funds to be used to develop PSH setasides in multifamily rental properties. This rental assistance can pair with HOME-ARP capital and/or funding from a (FSF). Utilization of CDBG-CV funds can be a complementary funding resource.
 - For an allocation amount of tenant-based rental assistance (TBRA), consider the practicality of allocating funds that will be subject to fair market standards.² In the current climate of increasing rents, voucher holders have limited access to affordable housing that meets FMR requirements due to limited inventory. Also, there is more funding for TBRA through other HUD programs like ESG and SHP. And, the State of Georgia may not have adequate provider capacity to administer these programs.
- We do not recommend HOME-ARP funds be connected to the 9% LIHTC program. The HOME-ARP funds are earmarked for homelessness and could potentially be usurped by affordable housing development projects without PSH units.
- Expected Outcome and Impact: The undersigned believe that the recommended allocation of HOME-ARP funding, with the allocation of braided funds, will result in existing PSH providers maintaining their programs and expanding capacity as well as the creation of new units and programs. We believe this funding, in addition to other projects utilizing the state's Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) 4% program, state and local housing trust funds,

HOME program funds, CDBG-CV, and ESG-CV, will create quality supportive housing at the scale needed. We share DCA's interest in serving Georgia's residents with significant vulnerabilities with housing and supportive care. We look forward to data from the statewide assessment of affordable housing and supportive housing to assist with concrete measures of need versus current supply, and a long-term statewide strategy to work with partners (such as the Continuums of Care and housing authorities) to preserve and expand affordable and PSH housing stock.

- Continued recommendation is to braid HOME-ARP funds. We support the use with the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program as proposed in the draft. Further braided of funds with CDBG, CDBG-CV) and the traditional HOME investment partnership program funds is desirable
- We recommend leveraging sustained funding, such as HOME funds and CDBG-CV (nonentitlement jurisdiction \$42.4M) to the one-tome HOME-ARP funds, to maximize impact. The braided funds can be used to create a flexible spending fund. It can be allocated to providers in grants for:
- Funding for housing stabilization activities Funding for such services (Medicaid & housing (continues to be unsystematic, inadequate, and unreliably funded via in-house fundraising. We recommend carve-out funding to enable support with housing navigations, benefits applications, and reexaminations; treatment or case planning, transportation for clients, coordination of ongoing healthcare including mental health and substance use treatment, support with managing tenancy and community relationships as well as organization support to develop capacity to provide quality services.
- Community-based services capacity building Georgia is lacking widespread service coordination, hiring and staff retention, which has become a significant challenge during the pandemic. The production of additional permanent supportive housing will require expanded capacity among service providers to meet the supportive service needs of the households these units will serve.
- Needs matching funds for grants During the pandemic, most PSH provides have less liquid assets and cash on hands, which causes an inability to match funds for existing grants and to apply for new grants
- Providing a bridge for supportive services provided to consumers Recommending that related terms for services funding tied to constructed or rehabilitated housing development also be for a 15-year period. This will ensure funders are provided with the commitment needed for the lifetime of the compliance period. If funding is to be provided directly to agencies, it is recommended that opportunity for collaboration and education be provided so that local providers are able to know and understand the resources available locally. (e.g.: NY State Regional Resource Development Centers (RRDC)) Funding for services will help agencies develop infrastructure and build capacity to bill Medicaid, as well as pay for non-Medicaid.

- Capacity building, training, and ongoing technical assistance to providers of supportive housing. Funding is needed to ensure existing and new supportive housing units meet quality standards, operate according to evidence-based practices, and can expand programs and develop new programs to meet the needs of their communities.
- In the Recommendations for HOME-ARP "HOME for the Homeless" provided by GSHA and CSH, we recommended that HOME-ARP funds not be connected to the 9% LIHTC program, as these dollars earmarked for homelessness could potentially be usurped by housing development projects without PSH units. Please allow us to clarify that safeguards can be put in place to prevent this, as follows:
 - Requiring a budget line item for supportive services as part of the HOME/ 9% preapplication, identifying that such budget would be part of the HOME-ARP funding commitment for the 15-year compliance period, in addition to the HOME-ARP construction/perm loan. These funds could be escrowed at closing by DCA with an annual drawdown by the owner.
- We also provide the following recommendations for allocation of these funds, as they are extraordinary in being tailored for use for supportive housing for people experiencing homelessness and people with high risks of homelessness in institutional and crisis systems. Our recommendations are as follows:
 - Allow for HOME-ARP funds to be used in 4% projects, when the round re-opens. Due to typical underwriting volume, these projects are larger volume than 9% projects, thus providing a larger volume of units. In addition, it is the primary vehicle of LIHTC preservation projects.
 - Again, adding funding for services to prevent homelessness/facilitate rehousing unsheltered households of the 15-year compliance period will create sustainability and satisfy lenders and syndicators underwriting of such services with operating expense of the property. These funds could be escrowed/expended at closing by DCA with an annual drawdown by the owner.
 - Because 4% deals bring in less equity than 9% deals, utilize HOME-ARP to offset the gap and add additional soft monies (traditional HOME, CDBG, AHP from FHLB etc.)
- Create regional resource development centers to act as coordination organizations to collaborate services between DBHDD, DCA, DCH et al for the benefit of households experiencing homelessness. These organizations would be responsible for facilitating rehousing and service coordination between agencies locally. These organizations can be subcontractors for Section 8 or state funded voucher programs in areas of Georgia where the local Public Housing Authority does not administer voucher programs.
- Ensure that special needs voucher programs align with the May application for LIHTC applications, and issue commitments before April. Certain programs, such as VASH and the GHVP, would pair well with supportive housing set asides.

Appendix B

| | 30+ Percent/ Occupied Housing Units | Rental vacancy rate | Homeowner vacancy rate |
|--------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mean | 12% | 6% | 2% |
| Median | 11% | 5% | 2% |
| Standard Deviation | 5% | 4% | 1% |

| Low | <6% | <1% | <1% |
|--------------|------|-----|-----|
| Low Average | 6% | 1% | 1% |
| Average | 11% | 5% | 2% |
| High Average | 16% | 9% | 3% |
| High | >16% | >9% | >3% |

| County | 30+ Percent/ Occupied Housing Units | Rental vacancy rate | Homeowner vacancy rate |
|----------|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Appling | 8% | 4% | 1% |
| Atkinson | 9% | 4% | 1% |
| Bacon | 6% | 6% | 1% |
| Baker | 8% | 1% | 1% |
| Baldwin | 20% | 6% | 2% |
| Banks | 10% | 5% | 2% |
| Barrow | 10% | 5% | 2% |
| Bartow | 14% | 4% | 3% |
| Ben Hill | 15% | 4% | 5% |
| Berrien | 10% | 7% | 1% |
| Bibb | 25% | 8% | 3% |
| Bleckley | 9% | 9% | 0% |
| Brantley | 8% | 1% | 1% |
| Brooks | 12% | 5% | 2% |
| Bryan | 13% | 8% | 2% |
| Bulloch | 21% | 8% | 1% |
| Burke | 10% | 13% | 1% |
| Butts | 13% | 2% | 5% |
| Calhoun | 8% | 3% | 1% |

| | 30+ Percent/ Occupied | Rental vacancy | Homeowner |
|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| County | Housing Units | rate | vacancy rate |
| Camden | 16% | 10% | 3% |
| Candler | 18% | 3% | 1% |
| Carroll | 12% | 3% | 1% |
| Catoosa | 9% | 4% | 1% |
| Charlton | 9% | 8% | 1% |
| Chatham | 20% | 9% | 2% |
| Chattahoochee | 28% | 4% | 0% |
| Chattooga | 15% | 7% | 2% |
| Cherokee | 11% | 3% | 2% |
| Clarke | 31% | 3% | 2% |
| Clay | 8% | 0% | 3% |
| Clayton | 25% | 9% | 2% |
| Clinch | 7% | 11% | 1% |
| Cobb | 15% | 5% | 1% |
| Coffee | 12% | 3% | 1% |
| Colquitt | 14% | 7% | 3% |
| Columbia | 7% | 15% | 6% |
| Cook | 15% | 7% | 1% |
| Coweta | 11% | 3% | 1% |
| Crawford | 6% | 2% | 1% |
| Crisp | 21% | 9% | 2% |
| Dade | 8% | 6% | 2% |
| Dawson | 7% | 9% | 2% |
| Decatur | 10% | 4% | 3% |
| DeKalb | 22% | 7% | 2% |
| Dodge | 10% | 7% | 0% |
| Dooly | 7% | 3% | 1% |
| Dougherty | 27% | 8% | 2% |
| Douglas | 15% | 6% | 2% |
| Early | 12% | 4% | 0% |
| Echols | 7% | 8% | 0% |
| Effingham | 8% | 4% | 1% |
| Elbert | 10% | 5% | 2% |
| Emanuel | 13% | 5% | 2% |
| Evans | 12% | 4% | 1% |
| Fannin | 9% | 20% | 5% |
| Fayette | 8% | 4% | 1% |

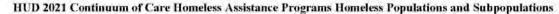
| | 30+ Percent/ | | |
|------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| Country | Occupied | Rental vacancy | Homeowner |
| County | Housing Units | rate | vacancy rate |
| Floyd | 16% | 7% | 1% |
| Forsyth | 7% | 5% | 1% |
| Franklin | 9% | 12% | 2% |
| Fulton | 22% | 7% | 2% |
| Gilmer | 9% | 12% | 2% |
| Glascock | 10% | 1% | 0% |
| Glynn | 14% | 13% | 2% |
| Gordon | 13% | 6% | 1% |
| Grady | 16% | 2% | 2% |
| Greene | 10% | 10% | 3% |
| Gwinnett | 17% | 5% | 1% |
| Habersham | 8% | 7% | 2% |
| Hall | 14% | 5% | 2% |
| Hancock | 15% | 5% | 5% |
| Haralson | 12% | 2% | 3% |
| Harris | 3% | 1% | 2% |
| Hart | 11% | 4% | 4% |
| Heard | 11% | 2% | 0% |
| Henry | 12% | 6% | 1% |
| Houston | 14% | 6% | 2% |
| Irwin | 10% | 3% | 2% |
| Jackson | 7% | 7% | 1% |
| Jasper | 6% | 5% | 2% |
| Jeff Davis | 12% | 9% | 2% |
| Jefferson | 16% | 6% | 2% |
| Jenkins | 10% | 16% | 3% |
| Johnson | 9% | 7% | 1% |
| Jones | 9% | 4% | 1% |
| Lamar | 11% | 9% | 1% |
| Lanier | 17% | 7% | 1% |
| Laurens | 15% | 3% | 1% |
| Lee | 9% | 3% | 1% |
| Liberty | 24% | 10% | 3% |
| Lincoln | 11% | 8% | 0% |
| Long | 23% | 2% | 1% |
| Lowndes | 20% | 9% | 2% |
| Lumpkin | 12% | 11% | 1% |
| Lumpkin | 12/0 | 11/0 | 1 /0 |

| | 30+ Percent/ | | |
|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| County | Occupied | Rental vacancy | Homeowner |
| Macon | Housing Units | rate | vacancy rate 2% |
| | 10% | | |
| Madison | | 0% | 0% |
| Marion | 5% | 3% | 1% |
| McDuffie | 15% | 4% | 1% |
| McIntosh | 8% | 11% | 2% |
| Meriwether | 14% | 2% | 4% |
| Miller | 10% | 3% | 0% |
| Mitchell | 13% | 1% | 2% |
| Monroe | 7% | 7% | 1% |
| Montgomery | 10% | 10% | 2% |
| Morgan | 6% | 4% | 1% |
| Murray | 10% | 7% | 1% |
| Muscogee | 23% | 6% | 2% |
| Newton | 16% | 2% | 1% |
| Oconee | 5% | 1% | 3% |
| Oglethorpe | 10% | 0% | 2% |
| Paulding | 9% | 3% | 3% |
| Peach | 17% | 10% | 1% |
| Pickens | 9% | 7% | 3% |
| Pierce | 9% | 3% | 1% |
| Pike | 5% | 2% | 1% |
| Polk | 16% | 4% | 2% |
| Pulaski | 20% | 8% | 1% |
| Putnam | 11% | 6% | 5% |
| Quitman | 4% | 7% | 14% |
| Rabun | 14% | 7% | 1% |
| Randolph | 21% | 4% | 5% |
| Richmond | 26% | 11% | 3% |
| Rockdale | 16% | 5% | 2% |
| Schley | 9% | 2% | 3% |
| Screven | 9% | 20% | 1% |
| Seminole | 14% | 3% | 3% |
| Spalding | 17% | 6% | 1% |
| Stephens | 13% | 8% | 2% |
| Stewart | 10% | 5% | 1% |
| Sumter | 19% | 10% | 2% |
| Talbot | 6% | 6% | 1% |

| | 30+ Percent/ | | |
|------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Occupied | Rental vacancy | Homeowner |
| County | Housing Units | rate | vacancy rate |
| Taliaferro | 10% | 14% | 1% |
| Tattnall | 7% | 4% | 1% |
| Taylor | 23% | 8% | 0% |
| Telfair | 12% | 10% | 1% |
| Terrell | 17% | 1% | 2% |
| Thomas | 16% | 4% | 2% |
| Tift | 15% | 2% | 1% |
| Toombs | 14% | 9% | 3% |
| Towns | 7% | 18% | 3% |
| Treutlen | 11% | 5% | 1% |
| Troup | 20% | 6% | 3% |
| Turner | 11% | 1% | 0% |
| Twiggs | 3% | 14% | 0% |
| Union | 8% | 8% | 2% |
| Upson | 15% | 5% | 2% |
| Walker | 12% | 7% | 2% |
| Walton | 11% | 4% | 0% |
| Ware | 17% | 5% | 1% |
| Warren | 10% | 3% | 0% |
| Washington | 12% | 4% | 3% |
| Wayne | 12% | 5% | 2% |
| Webster | 6% | 11% | 0% |
| Wheeler | 10% | 2% | 0% |
| White | 9% | 17% | 2% |
| Whitfield | 12% | 7% | 1% |
| Wilcox | 7% | 4% | 0% |
| Wilkes | 16% | 3% | 1% |
| Wilkinson | 9% | 1% | 2% |
| Worth | 13% | 4% | 2% |

Appendix C

2021 Homeless Count P.





Important Notes About This Data: This report is based on point-in-time information provided to HUD by Continuums of Care (CoCs) as part of their CoC Program application process, per the Important Notes About this bala this report is based on point-in-time information provided to PDD by Continuums of Care required to PCOCs) as part of their CoCs regram application process, per the Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) for the Fixed Year 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition. CoCs are required to provide an unduplicated count of homeless persons according to HUD standards (explained in HUD's annual HIC and PIT count notice and HUD's Point-in-Time Commit Methodology Guide https://www.hudexchange.info/hdx/guides/pii-hic/). HUD has conducted a limited data quality review but has not independently verified all of the information submitted by each CaC. The reader is therefore cautioned that since compliance with these standards may vary, the reliability and consistency of the homeless counts may also vary among CoCs. Additionally, a shift in the methodology a CoC uses to count the homeless may cause a change in homeless counts between reporting periods.

State Name: Georgia

Summary by household type reported:

| animary by nousenois type reported. | Sheitered | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|
| | Emergency Shelter | Transitional Housing* | Unsheltered** | Total** |
| Households without children' | 2,082 | 940 | - | - |
| Households with at least one adult and one child2 | 459 | 293 | - | - |
| Households with only children ^a | 7 | 0 | - | _ |
| Total Homeless Households | 2,548 | 1,233 | - | 3,808 |
| Summary of persons in each household type: | | | | |
| Persons in households without children' | 2,095 | 1.006 | - | |
| Persons Age 18 to 24 | 139 | 57 | | - |
| Persons Over Age 24 | 1,956 | 949 | - | - |
| Persons in households with at least one adult and one child2 | 1,274 | 847 | | |
| Children Under Age 18 | 716 | 539 | - | - |
| Persons Age 18 to 24 | 117 | 34 | - | - |
| Persons Over Age 24 | -441 | 274 | - | - |
| Persons in households with only children ^a | 10 | U | - | - |
| Total Homeless Persons | 3,379 | 1,853 | - | 5,486 |

Demographic summary by ethnicity:

| sections and the restriction of contrasts of | Sheltered | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|
| | Emergency Shelter | Transitional Housing* | Unsheltered** | Total** |
| Hispanic / Latino | 159 | [10 | | - |
| Non-Hispanic / Non- Latino | 3,220 | 1,743 | - | - |
| Total | 3,379 | 1,853 | - | |
| Demographic summary by gender: | | | | |
| Female | 1,421 | 836 | | |
| Male | 1,844 | 1,016 | - | _ |
| Transgender | 23 | 0 | - | - |
| Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female) | 91 | 1 | - | |
| Total | 3,379 | 1,853 | - | - |
| | | | | |

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Tuesday, January 11, 20777

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HUD 2021 Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs Homeless Populations and Subpopulations



Important Notes About This Data: This report is based on point-instine information provided to HUD by Continuums of Care (CoCs) as part of their CoC Program application process, per the Notee of Funding Availability (NOFA) for the Fiscal Year 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition. CoCs are required to provide an unduplicated count of homeless persons according to HUD standards (septained in HUD's annual HIC and PTT count notice and HUD's Point-in-Time Count Methodology Guide https://www.hudeschange.info/hdv/guides/thi-hie). HUD has conducted a limited data quality review but has not independently verified all of the information submitted by each CoC. The reader is therefore cautioned that since compliance with these standards may vary, the reliability and considency of the homeless may cause a change in homeless to reporting periods.

Demographic summary by race:

| emographic summary by race. | SI | heltered | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|---|
| | Emergency Shelter | Transitional Housing* | Unsheltered** | Total** | |
| Black or African-American | 2,426 | 1,288 | - | - | |
| White | 815 | 489 | - | _ | |
| Asian | 31 | 10 | - | - | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 11 | 2 | - | - | |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 9 | 3 | - | - | |
| Multiple Races | 87 | 61 | - | - | _ |
| Total | 3.379 | 1,853 | 5- | | |

Summary of chronically homeless households by household type reported:

| | SI | reltered | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|--|
| | Emergency Shelter | Transitional Housing* | Unsheltered** | Total** | |
| Chronically Homeless households with at least one adult and one child- | 31 | 0 | | - | |
| Summary of chronically homeless persons in each household ty | pe: | | | | |
| Chronically Homeless persons in households without children | 562 | Ó. | - | - | |
| Chronically Homeless persons in households with at least one adult and one child | 85 | 0 | - | - | |
| Chronically Homeless persons in households with only children ³ | 0 | 0 | - | - | |
| Total Chronically Homeless Persons | 647 | 0 | <u></u> | - | |
| Summary of all other populations reported: | | | | | |
| Severely Mentally III | 904 | 319 | _ | - | |
| Chronic Substance Abuse | 704 | 400 | - | - | |
| Veterans | 172 | 124 | | | |
| HIV/AIDS | 182 | 56 | - | - | |
| Victims of Domestic Violence | 416 | 312 | - | - | |
| Unaccompanied Youth | 146 | 56 | - | - | |
| Unaccompanied Youth Under 18 | 10 | 0 | - | - | |
| Unaccompanied Youth 18-24 | 136 | 56 | - | - | |
| Parenting Youth | 39 | 32 | | - | |
| Parenting Youth Under 18 | 0 | 0 | - | - | |
| Parenting Youth 18-24 | 39 | 32 | - | - | |
| Children of Parenting Youth | 51 | 45 | _ | _ | |
| of Parameters and addition of a Transford Harmon rational | | | | | |

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Appendix D

Q. 2021 Housing Inventory Count



HUD 2021 Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs Housing Inventory Count Report

Important Notes About This Data: This report is based on information provided to HUD by Continuums of Care in the 2021 Continuum of Care application and has not been independently verified by HUD. CoCs were instructed to collect data for a point-in-time during the last week of January 2021. The data presented in this report are limited to beds available for occupancy on the night of the count (beds under development are excluded). For inquiries about data reported by a specific Continuum of Care, please contact that jurisdiction directly. CoC contact information can be found on the HUD Exchange web site (https://www.hudexchange.info/grantees/). In some cases, a community may have listed a program in the Housing Inventory Count but did not provide sufficient information/detail for HUD to understand the number of beds/units available and the target population served. Those programs have been removed for the purposes of this report.

State: Georgia

Summary of all available beds reported, aggregated to the state level:

| | | | | | | | | Subset of Total Bed Inventory | | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Family Units ¹ | Family Beds ⁱ | Adult-Only Beds | Child-Only Beds | Total Yr- Round Beds | Seasonal | Overflow / Voucher | Chronic Beds ² | Veteran Beds ⁴ | Youth Beds ³ |
| Emergency, Safe Haven and Transitional Housing | 1,128 | 3,260 | 4,338 | 59 | 7,657 | 301 | 132 | n/a | 279 | 226 |
| Emergency Shelter | 742 | 2,049 | 2,686 | 54 | 4,789 | 301 | 132 | n/a | .58 | 142 |
| Transitional Housing | 386 | 1,211 | 1.652 | 5 | 2.868 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 221 | 84 |
| Permanent Housing | 1,882 | 4,815 | 6,141 | 0 | 10,956 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 3,176 | 340 |
| Permanent Supportive Housing* | 1,277 | 2,882 | 5,306 | 0 | 8,188 | n/a | n/a | 3,739 | 2,819 | 47 |
| Rapid Re-Housing | 571 | 1,832 | 805 | 0 | 2,637 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 357 | 288 |
| Other Permanent Housing*** | 34 | 101 | 30 | 0 | 131 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 0 | 5 |
| Grand Total | 3,010 | 8,075 | 10,479 | 59 | 18,613 | 301 | 132 | 3,739 | 3,455 | 566 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

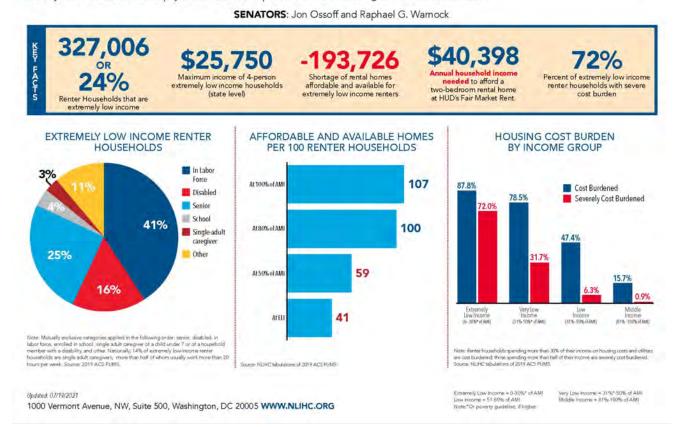
Appendix E

R. Georgia Housing Profile

2021 GEORGIA HOUSING PROFILE



Across Georgia, there is a shortage of rental homes affordable and available to extremely low income households (ELI), whose incomes are at or below the poverty guideline or 30% of their area median income (AMI). Many of these households are severely cost burdened, spending more than half of their income on housing. Severely cost burdened poor households are more likely than other renters to sacrifice other necessities like healthy food and healthcare to pay the rent, and to experience unstable housing situations like evictions.



Appendix F

S. Additional Forum Attendees

1. GA Public Housing Authorities Focus Group for New Housing for Homeless Grant Program

August 9, 2022 3:00 - 4:00 PM

| Name | Name of Organization | Type of Organization |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------|
| D'Amber Smith | | |
| Sadeckas, Ken | Atlanta Housing | Public Housing Authority |
| 14783969139 | | |
| Carrie Jarrett | Milledgeville Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Pete Walker | Housing Authority of Dekalb County | Public Housing Authority |
| Kevin Jones | Buford Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Kevin Jones | Buford Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Rick Parker | Athens Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Sara D. Patenaude | Housing Authority of the City of Decatur | Public Housing Authority |
| John Marria | | |
| Kevin Stuart | | |
| Sandra | Northwest Georgia Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Trey McElveen | Athens Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Monifa Johnson | Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, GA | Public Housing Authority |
| 17064015231 | | |
| Josh Beck | Housing Authority of Vidalia | Public Housing Authority |
| Rena Boykin | | |
| 12293394138 | | |
| Zena Zahran (Guest) | | |
| Michelle Yawn | Housing Authority of the City of Winder, GA | Public Housing Authority |
| Russell Nast | | |
| Zena Zahran | | |
| Rose Simpson | | |
| Adriana Meadows | Marietta Housing Authority | Public Housing Authority |
| Kevin Stuart | | |
| 17066783263 | | |
| Zena Zahran | | |

2. Fair Housing Considerations Focus Group for New Housing for Homeless Grant Programs

August 10, 2022 3:00 - 4:00 PM

| Name | Organization | Type of Organization |
|-------------------|---|----------------------|
| Christy Barnes | Georgia Department of Community Affairs | State Agency |
| Jessica Bernacchi | HUD | Federal Agency |

3. Focus Group for New Housing for Homeless Grant Programs – Considerations for People with **Disabilities**

August 11, 2022 3:00 - 4:00 PM

| Name | Organization | Type of Organization |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Jessica L. Jones | Avita Community Partners | Community Service Board |
| Greg Sadler (Guest) | | |
| Bowman, Shirley | Serenity Behavioral Health Systems | Community Service Board |
| Angela Holt | Middle Flint Behavioral HealthCare | Community Service Board |
| Michelle T. Thompson | Avita Community Partners | Community Service Board |
| Carla Myers | Lookout Mountain Community Services | Community Service Board |
| PHenry (Guest) | | |
| Pamela Cartwright | Legacy Behavioral Health Services | Community Service Board |
| Evan M. Mills | Advantage Behavioral Health Systems | Community Service Board |
| Meredith Swartz | Atlanta Regional Community Health Initiative | |
| Glass, Dana | Aspire Behavioral Health and Developmental Disability Services | Community Service Board |
| Phylicia Anderson, Gateway CSB (Guest) | Gateway Community Service Board | Community Service Board |
| | | |
| Shane Hester (Guest) | River Edge Behavioral Health | Community Service Board |
| 12294304005 Barbara Green-Flood 14788037808 | Atlanta Regional Community Health Initiative (ARCHI) | Community Service Board |
| Jerry Smith | Community Service Board of Middle Georgia | Community Service Board |
| Mariel Risner Sivley | Contraction of the second of the second | |
| (Guest) | Georgia Supportive Housing Association | |
| Shonda Miller | Unison Behavioral Health | Community Service Board |
| Erika Parks | River Edge Behavioral Health | Community Service Board |
| Elizabeth Appley | | |
| Deirdre Bolden | Atlanta Regional Community Health Initiative | |

| Sheshawn Miller | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | Supportive Housing Advisory on Residential | |
| | Experiences (SHARE) committee; Viewpoint | |
| Chad Jones (Guest) | Health | |
| | Behavioral Health Planning and Advisory | |
| Melissa Kazakides | Council (BHPAC) | |
| | Aspire Behavioral Health and Developmental | |
| Lee Pavlik | Disability Service | Community Service Board |
| | Aspire Behavioral Health and Developmental | |
| Lee Pavlik | Disability Service | Community Service Board |
| Cindy Levi | Avita Community Partners | Community Service Board |
| Priya Patel | Legacy Behavioral Health Services | Community Service Board |
| m f | | |

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State of Georgia HOME-ARP Allocation Plan SF-424s, SF-424d, and Certifications

-4

OMB Number: 4040-0004

Expiration Date: 12/31/2022

| Application for Federal Assistance SF-424 | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| * 1, Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected Application | * 2. Type of Application: New Continuation Revision | * If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): * Other (Specify): | | |
| * 3_Date Received: 05/03/2022 | 4. Applicant Identifier: | | | |
| 5a. Federal Entity Identifier: | | 5b, Federal Award Identifier: | | |
| State Use Only: | | | | |
| 6 Date Received by State: | 7. State Application | n Identifier: | | |
| 8. APPLICANT INFORMATION: | | | | |
| * a Legal Name: Georgia Depart | ment of Community Aff | airs | | |
| * b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Nu | Imber (EIN/TIN) | * c, UEI: | | |
| 58-1259426 | | 807479084000 | | |
| d. Address: | | | | |
| * Street1: 60 Executive | Park South, NE | | | |
| Street2: | | | | |
| * City: Atlanta | | | | |
| County/Parish: | | | | |
| * State: GA: Georgia | | | | |
| Province: | | | | |
| * Country: USA: UNITED | STATES | | | |
| * Zip / Postal Code: 30329-2296 | | | | |
| e. Organizational Unit: | | | | |
| Department Name: | | Division Name: | | |
| GA Dept. of Community Affai | rs | Housing Finance Development | | |
| f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application: | | | | |
| Prefix: Mr., * First Name: Tommy | | | | |
| Middle Name: | | | | |
| * Last Name: Lowman | | | | |
| Suffix: | | | | |
| Title: Division Director | | | | |
| Organizational Affiliation: | | | | |
| Georgia Department of Community Affairs | | | | |
| * Telephone Number: 404-679-3101 Fax Number: | | | | |
| | * Email Tommy.Lowmon@dca.ga.gov | | | |

| Application for Federal Assistance SF-424 |
|---|
| * 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type: |
| A: State Government |
| Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type: |
| |
| Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type: |
| |
| * Other (specify): |
| |
| * 10. Name of Federal Agency: |
| US Department of Housing and Urban Development |
| 11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number: |
| 14.239 |
| CFDA Title: |
| HOME Investment Partnership Program |
| |
| * 12. Funding Opportunity Number: |
| |
| * Title: |
| HOME - ARP |
| |
| |
| 13. Competition Identification Number: |
| |
| Title: |
| |
| |
| |
| 14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.): |
| |
| Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment |
| * 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project: |
| HOME - ARP |
| |
| |
| Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions |
| Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments |

| Application for Federal Assistance SF-424 | |
|--|---|
| 16. Congressional Districts Of: | |
| * a Applicant GA-ALL * b Program/Project GA-ALL | |
| Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed. | |
| Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment | |
| 17. Proposed Project: | |
| * a. Start Date: 06/01/2022 * b. End Date: 09/30/2030 | |
| 18. Estimated Funding (\$): | |
| * a, Federal 87,655,165.00 | |
| * b, Applicant | |
| * c. State | |
| * d. Local | |
| * e. Other | |
| * f Program Income | |
| * g. TOTAL 87,655,165.00 | |
| | - |
| * 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process? | |
| a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on | |
| b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review. | |
| C. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372. | |
| * 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.) | |
| Yes No | |
| If "Yes", provide explanation and attach | |
| Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment | |
| | - |
| 21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001) | |
| X ** I AGREE | |
| ** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency specific instructions. | |
| Authorized Representative: | |
| Prefix: Mr. * First Name: George | |
| Middle Name: Christoper | |
| * Last Name: Nunn | |
| Suffix: | |
| | - |
| * Title: Commissioner, GA Depart. of Community Affairs | _ |
| * Telephone Number: 404-679-0585 | |
| * Email: christopher.nunn@dca.ga.gov | |
| * Signature of Authorized Representative: Signature of Authorized Representative: 6-3-22 | |

View Burden Statement

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the Awarding Agency. Further, certain Federal assistance awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant:, I certify that the applicant:

- Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of project described in this application.
- 2. Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States and, if appropriate, the State, the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the assistance; and will establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives.
- 3. Will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title or other interest in the site and facilities without permission and instructions from the awarding agency. Will record the Federal awarding agency directives and will include a covenant in the title of real property acquired in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure non-discrimination during the useful life of the project.
- Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
- 5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progressive reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
- Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
- Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.

- Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards of merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
- Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
- 10. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to nondiscrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681 1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29) U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee 3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statue(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statue(s) which may apply to the application.

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- 11. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
- 12. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§1501-1508 and 7324-7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. §276c and 18 U.S.C. §874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§327-333) regarding labor standards for federally-assisted construction subagreements.
- 14. Will comply with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.
- 15. Will comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514; (b) notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738; (c) protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990; (d) evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains in accordance with EO 11988; (e) assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§1451 et seq.); (f) conformity of

Federal actions to State (Clean Air) implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.); (g) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended (P.L. 93-523); and, (h) protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (P.L. 93-205).

- 16. Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.
- 17. Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq).
- 18. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."
- 19. Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.
- 20. Will comply with the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) which prohibits grant award recipients or a sub-recipient from (1) Engaging in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect (2) Procuring a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect or (3) Using forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

| SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED CERTIFYING OFFICIAL | TITLE |
|---|----------------|
| LA. HAT | Commissioner |
| P.C.C.Mapsin | DATE SUBMITTED |
| APPLICANT ORGANIZATION | |
| Georgia Department of Community Affairs | 6.3-2022 |

SF-424D (Rev. 7-97) Back

HOME-ARP CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the participating jurisdiction certifies that:

Affirmatively Further Fair Housing -- The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing pursuant to 24 CFR 5.151 and 5.152.

Uniform Relocation Act and Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan --It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 4601-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24. It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements contained in the HOME-ARP Notice, including the revised one-for-one replacement requirements. It has in effect and is following a residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under 24 CFR Part 42, which incorporates the requirements of the HOME-ARP Notice. It will follow its residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the HOME-ARP program.

Anti-Lobbying -- To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:

1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;

2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and

3. It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of Jurisdiction -- The consolidated plan is authorized under State and local law (as applicable) and the jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations and program requirements.

Section 3 -- It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 75.

HOME-ARP Certification --It will use HOME-ARP funds consistent with Section 3205 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (P.L. 117-2) and the CPD Notice: *Requirements for the Use of Funds in the HOME-American Rescue Plan Program*, as may be amended by HUD, for eligible activities and costs, including the HOME-ARP Notice requirements that activities are consistent with its accepted HOME-ARP allocation plan and that HOME-ARP funds will not be used for prohibited activities or costs, as described in the HOME-ARP Notice.

Signature of Authorized Official

6-3-2022 Date

Commissioner GA Department of Community Affairs Title

ASSURANCES - NON-CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0040), Washington, DC 20503.

PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the awarding agency. Further, certain Federal awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant, I certify that the applicant:

- Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project cost) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of the project described in this application.
- 2. Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States and, if appropriate, the State, through any authorized representative, access to and the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the award; and will establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives.
- Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.
- Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
- Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards for merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
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- 7. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal or federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
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- Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq.).
- 14. Will comply with P.L. 93-348 regarding the protection of human subjects involved in research, development, and related activities supported by this award of assistance.
- 15. Will comply with the Laboratory Animal Welfare Act of 1966 (P.L. 89-544, as amended, 7 U.S.C. §§2131 et seq.) pertaining to the care, handling, and treatment of warm blooded animals held for research, teaching, or other activities supported by this award of assistance.
- 16. Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
- 17. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."
- Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.

| SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED CERTIFYING OFFICIAL | TITLE |
|---|------------------------------------|
| S. Cletab / Im | Commissioner |
| APPLICANT ORGANIZATION | DATE SUBMITTED |
| Georgia Department of Community Affairs | 8-10-2022 |
| | Standard Form 424B (Rev. 7-97) Bac |