1		Section III	
2		Asset Management	
3			
4		Chapter 10	
5		Accounts Receivable	
6		Financing and Cash Flow	
7		Structures	
8			
9			
9	10.1	Introduction	
4.0	101	Introduction	
10 11	Please refe	er to Production, Chapter 15 for guidance related to Accounts Receivable Financing as	
12		o Asset Management concerns, except as outlined below.	
13			
14			
15 16	<del>chapter su</del>	upersedes this Notice.	
10 17			
	10.2	Applicable Programs	
18			
19	The Office	e of Residential Healthcare Facilities ("ORCF") will evaluate ARA/R Financing loan	
20		itilizing the guidance provided in this chapter and Production, Chapters 15 (Accounts	
21		e Financing) and 16 (Cash Flow Structures/DACAs and DAISAs) for the following	
22	programs:		
23		Section 232 for new construction or substantial rehabilitation	
24	2.	Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(f) <sup>1</sup> for purchase or refinance	
25 26	3.	Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(a)(7) and Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(f) pursuant to Section 223(a)(7) for refinancing	
27 28	4.	Section 241(a) for supplemental loans in connection with a Section 232 insured mortgage under one of the categories described above	
29 30 31 32	5.	Section 223(d) operating loss loans in connection with a Section 232 insured mortgage loan under one of the categories described above	

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Negative working capital (accounts payable exceeding accounts receivable) may not be included as existing indebtedness in proposed Section 232 refinance transactions.

10.3

# **Accounts Receivable Financing Application Considerations**

35 36

37

38

39

40 41

42

Generally, HUD approval must be obtained for any ARA/R Loan or any material modification of an existing ARA/R Loan, (as defined in Production, Chapter 15.4.B), and the ARA/R Lender must execute an Intercreditor Agreement with the FHA Lender, the Operator and the Borrower. Pre-2013 ICAs will no longer be acceptable and will no longer be renewed/extended. The next renewal/extension must place the ICA on the newest form. A proposed cash flow chart must be included with all submissions. (See Production, Chapter 16 Cash Flow Structures, DACAs and DAISAs for guidance on cash flow charts). Please refer to Production, Chapter 15 for general guidance on A/R Financing.

43 44 45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53 54

55

56

A. Review of Accounts Receivable Financing: An ARA request to review A/R loan request financing may be submitted at any time during the life of an FHA-insured mortgage. For example, an ARA/R loan request may be submitted: along with a Transfer of Physical Assets (TPA); included in a submission for a new and/or change of Operator; Change of Participants (CHOP); or with a request to approve a new ARA/R loan or modification of an existing ARA/R loan. If the ARA/R loan is being put in place in conjunction with an FHAinsured loan closing (or with a TPACHOP that is being processed concurrently with an FHAinsured loan closing), review of the ARA/R approval request takes place as part of the firm commitment process and loan closing. Production will consult with the Account Executive(s) for the subject Projects. Otherwise, requests to approve ARA/R financing are directed to the ORCF Account Executive (AE) assigned to the project. In all instances, including post-closing requests, the submission must be by the FHA Lender, and Lender's Counsel, not the Operator or Borrower.

57 58 59

60

61

62

63

64

B. In all of If the above instances, it will be determined if loan is part of a portfolio, and HUD has completed a portfolio review acceptance letter applies and whether the, any proposed ARA/R loan financing is consistent must comply with such letter the terms of the HUD Portfolio Corporate Credit Review approval letter. This includes any reviewed and anyapproved cash flow charts or documents approved in connection therewith with the portfolio review and approval process. See Production, Chapter 16.2 (Cash Flow Structures, DACA's and DAISA's), and Production, Chapter 17 (Portfolios).

65 66 67

68

C. The parties may propose as part of the AR loan review request that HUD pre approve certain future modifications or that HUD permit certain additional types of obligations to be secured by Operator project collateral.

69 70 71

D.C. All existing HUD loans entering into a new accounts receivable line of credit New A/R Financing must comply with current policies pertaining to Accounts Receivable Financing.

72 73 74

75

E.D. Projects being added to When requesting modification of an existing HUD, ORCFapproved accounts receivable lines of creditA/R loan, the existing A/R Financing must also <u>be amended to comply with the current ORCF mortgage insurance documents. guidance pertaining to Accounts Receivable Financing (i.e., no legacy courtesy).</u>

<del>40.3</del>

# Accounts Receivable Financing Application Considerations

Please refer to Production, Chapter 15.3.

10.4

## **Document Requirements and Reviews**

 Please see Production, Chapter 15.4 and the current Accounts Receivable Checklist available on the 232 loan servicing website for a list of the key documents that ORCF reviews when considering a to be provided in connection with an request for AR Financing, except as included below.

If the AR financing is proposed as part of an FHA-insured loan closing, the appropriate HUD form of Lender Narrative must be submitted. If proposed post-closing, the AR portion of the same template shall be submitted.

to review a new Accounts Receivable loan. The particular terms that must be included depend on an evaluation of the proposed transaction as a whole. However, for existing FHA-insured mortgages, ORCF will consider not only the important safeguards and conditions outlined in Production, Chapter 15.5, but also whether the Borrower and Operator are in compliance with all business agreements with the Department (i.e., not in default on those business agreements, current on financial statement submissions, passing scores on physical inspections and the like).

#### 10.5

### **Accounts Receivable Financing Work Outs**

 An AE is aware that the ARA/R Financing is a tool to ensure that an Operator continues to have cash advances for operations. If applicable, the AE will partner with the assigned field counsel when dealing with the ARA/R Lender and the FHA Lender to restructure the ARA/R loan to encourage the ARA/R Lender to continue making advances while issues with the Operator are being worked out between the FHA Lender and the ARA/R Lender. If the AE becomes aware that an Operator is having significant difficulties, including but not be limited to the occurrence of a Triggering Event (as defined in the applicable agreement), an AE shall Intercreditor Agreement), the AE should:

- 1. Review financials
- 2. Review state surveys

- 3. Discuss and assess with the Turnaround Team (Risk Mitigation Branch).
- 4. Seek assistance of the Office of General Counsel (OGC)
  - 5. Discuss the possibilities of bringing in a consultant
    - 6. Hold a meeting with all parties involved
    - 7. Discuss an action plan by Operator (if applicable)
- 119 8. Update iREMS regularly

120 121

116

117118

#### A. Lender Servicing

122123

124

125

126 127 Please see Asset Management, Chapter 3 (General Loan Servicing) for a discussion of HUD's expectations regarding the FHA Lender's servicing of loans as it pertains to Accounts Receivable Financing generally. The FHA Lender is a party to the Intercreditor Agreement and charged with its administration, as well as the administration of any deposit account control agreements (and other security documents, such as assigned cross-guaranties in a master lease structure, etc.)., and where the FHA lender is party to a multi-lender agreement relating to multi-project A/R Financing.

129 130

128

#### B. Portfolios and Account Receivable Financing.

131 132 133

134

135

136 137

138

139

140

Releasing a project from the ARa multi-project A/R Line of Credit – In the event that the AE receives a request from the BorrowerFHA Lender to release a propertyProject from the ARA/R Line of Credit collateral basethat includes other FHA-insured projects, the AE must receive a detailed analysis from the FHA Lender outlining the terms and conditions of said release. The details must include (and are not limited to) the following; the payoff date of the property mortgage balance, the AR Lender's concurrence and agreement with said release, any changes to the terms and conditions of the AR line of credit, and an analysis of the impact of the release on the borrowing base going forward. The AE must consult with OGC on any such release.:

141 142 143

144

145

146

147 148

149

150 151

152

153

154 155

#### Adding a project

- The payoff date of the property mortgage balance (if applicable),
- Copy of all draft AR loan documents,
- Copy of all existing AR Loan Documents,
- Copy of current and proposed Cash Flow Chart,
- Copy of current Operator Security Agreement,
- The requested, revised loan amount (if applicable) and the current loan amount,
- The reason why the loan is being reduced (if applicable),
- The Loan Modification request number,
- The A/R Lender's concurrence and agreement with said release (or termination),
- Any changes to the AR terms and conditions of the A/R Line of Credit—,
- Most recent borrowing base certificate,
- and an analysis of the impact of the release on the borrowing base certificate going forward

The AE must consult with OGC on any such release, especially regarding changes to the AR loan documents).

When a new project is being added to an existing ARA/R Line of Credit, the same process that is used in underwriting a new project must be utilized, when adding projects to a line. See Production, Chapter 6 Participant Credit and Financial Review.

#### **HUD Asset Management**

#### C. HUD Asset Management

 1. Occurrence of a Triggering Event – When there occurs a payment default or event of default under the Security Instrument or Regulatory Agreement which areis determined to be a "Triggering Event" pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement, the AE will work with the FHA Lender tomust notify HUD and may in its discretion issue a Triggering Event Notice to the ARA/R Lender and work with the parties involved to put in place an action plan to resolve the default. Any such action plan must be acknowledged by HUD.

2. Anticipation of a Cut-Off Notice – If an action plan in place fails and/or concerns as stated above cannot be corrected, the AE shall have a callconsult with the assigned OGCHUD field counsel; it may also be necessary and appropriate for the AE to include an assigned AE of the Turnaround Team (Risk Mitigation Branch). Please see Asset Management, Chapter 3 (General Loan Servicing).

3. Default or Cut Off Time Notice by AR Lender. When there occurs a "Triggering Event" pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement, the FHA Lender and ORCF may work with the A/R Lender to put in place an action plan to resolve the default. Any such action plan must be acknowledged by HUD. Once a Cut-Off Time occurs, FHA Lender can require the establishment of separate deposit accounts into which payments with respect to Accounts arising after the Cut-Off Time are to be deposited. A revised Cash Flow Chart must also be provided and is subject to HUD review and approval.

4. Availability Reduction Notice. When there occurs an "Availability Reduction" pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement that results in Availability being reduced by greater than twenty percent (20%) of the Maximum Commitment Amount, the Operator will provide HUD and FHA Lender written notice by electronic mail within 24 hours. FHA Lender should notify HUD using the HUD-93334-ORCF. Please see Asset Management, Chapter 3 (General Loan Servicing).

10.6

## Cash Flow Charts, DACAs and DAISAs

Please refer to Production, Chapter 16 Cash Flow Structures, DACAs and DAISAs for guidance related to these issues as they relate to FHA-insured projects that have closed and are serviced by the AE, except as outlined below..

203 204 205

200

201

202

Wherever the A/R Lender has a control agreement on an account or is the depository bank, the FHA Lender must also have a control agreement in place to perfect its security interest in the account.

206 207 208

209

210

If an account co-mingles funds from multiple FHA-insured Projects, this must be indicated on the cash flow chart. Where A/R Financing involves more than one FHA lender, there must be a written agreement between the FHA lenders on which lender will manage the relationship with the depository bank.

211 212 213

When an existing A/R Lender is being replaced, the parties must make arrangements acceptable to HUD for the termination of any existing DAISAs or DACAs in favor of such exiting A/R lender.

215 216

214

217

## 10.7

# **Submission and Review of Cash Flow** Charts, DACAs and DAISAs

218 219

The ORCF will evaluate cash flow structures, DACAs and DAISAs pursuant to the guidance provided in this chapter for the following programs:

220 221 222

223 224

225

226

227 228

- 1. Section 232 for new construction or substantial rehabilitation
- 2. Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(f)<sup>2</sup> for purchase or refinance
  - 3. Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(a)(7) or Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(f) pursuant to Section 223(a)(7) for refinancing
  - 4. Section 241(a) for supplemental loans in connection with a Section 232 insured mortgage loan under one HUD review of the categories described above
  - 5. Section 223(d) operating loss loans in connection with a Section 232 insured mortgage loan under one of the categories described

229 230 231

HUD Review of revised/new cash flow structures, DACAs and DAISAs may take place at various times:

233 234

232

A. Post-closing. Unless stated otherwise, post-closing submissions are to be directed to the AE assigned to the project.

235 236 237

1. Accounts Receivable – New line or modification of an existing line – Reviews are required any time a request for approval of a new ARA/R line is submitted, or any

<sup>238</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The amount by which accounts payable exceed accounts receivable is not a sum that may be included as existing indebtedness in proposed Section 232 refinance transactions.

request to approve a modification of an existing ARA/R line that will result in a change in the previously approved cash flow chart.

- 2. **Change to approved cash flow chart** Reviews are required when a change to the approved flow chart (opening new accounts, changing depositories, replacing or closing an existing DACA or DAISA account) is proposed.
- 3. Transfers of Physical Assets or Change in Operator of Participants (CHOP) involving ARA/R Financing Reviews are required in connection with a transfer of physical assets (TPA) or change in Operator CHOP that involves ARA/R financing. TPAsCHOPs not occurring in conjunction with an FHA-insured loan closing shall be directed to the AE assigned to the project. See CHOP chapter.
- 4. **After a Cut-Off Time has occurred** Once a Cut-Off Time occurs, FHA Lender can require the establishment of separate deposit accounts into which payments with respect to Accounts arising after the Cut-Off Time are to be deposited.
- B. In all the above instances, it will be determined if a portfolio acceptance letter applies and whether review was completed and an overall cash flow chart was approved during portfolio review, so that it can be determined ORCF will determine:
  - 1. If the proposed structure is consistent therewith; and
  - 2. If a DACA and/or DAISA form has been previously approved in conjunction with the portfolio <u>review</u>.
- C. In all of the above instances, if an existing ARA/R Lender is being replaced or a Project will no longer use any A/R Financing, the parties must make arrangements acceptable to HUD for termination of any existing DAISAs or DACAs in favor of such Lender.