

8.2	Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan. N/A
8.3	Capital Fund Financing Program (CFFP). N/A
9.0	<p>Housing Needs. The City of North Tonawanda’s Consolidated Plan cites census and other data that indicate past decades of declining population; data suggest that the decline will continue. There has also been a significant decrease in “younger” residents and an increase in those over the age of 50 years. Single family homes comprise nearly 70% of the City’s housing stock; the remaining 30% represents a wide array of rental options.</p> <p>While there is an adequate supply of rental housing in the City with a broad range of rents, low income households are only able to access the older, less-costly units located in the downtown areas. The threat to this housing is its age...many of the “old multi-families” in the City were built more than 100 years ago. If these units fail to meet HQS in the near future tenants may have difficulty relocating to newer properties as many of them are priced well-above the 40th percentile.</p> <p>Currently the wait for a Section 8 voucher is estimated to be 1-2 years for an applicant with a residency preference, and there are about 300 residents on the waiting list today. While that may not seem like a huge number of people waiting for assistance it is a significant number given the fact that the PHA has only 603 vouchers.</p>
9.1	<p>Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs. This Section 8 only PHA will respond to voucher NOFAs that are issued in an attempt to increase the number of HCVs available to the low-income households of North Tonawanda. We will continue to encourage and support the development of affordable single-family and renter housing, as well as the rehabilitation of older multi-family housing. We will make FSS, housing counseling, financial literacy training, and a host of other housing-related services and programs available to any client who needs or wants them. And we will continue to enhance and expand the information and services offered through our Housing Resource Center.</p>
10.0	<p>Additional Information.</p> <p>a) Progress toward meeting mission and goals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PHA has not been awarded any new vouchers in recent years, presumably because the wait for assistance is relatively low in comparison to many other PHAs. - PHA earned maximum score on SEMAP Indicators 5 & 6...related to HQS enforcement and compliance.. - PHA provides owners with opportunities to obtain LBP education, certifications, paint and materials. - PHA provides clients with wide selection of housing resources through its <i>Bank of America Housing Resource Center</i>; two FT staff assigned. - PHA offers a wide variety of housing counseling, financial literacy training and homebuyer education / support groups to the public. - PHA employs a full-time Landlord Relations Specialist who concentrates on expanding the pool of participating landlords. - PHA sponsors Housing Expo...a trade show for landlords...and periodically publishes a Landlord Newsletter for those participating in Sec.8. - PHA employs Exception Payment Standards to increase affordability in higher cost areas of the City. - PHA implemented homeownership program as soon as it was permitted under Section 8 Program; Currently there are 8 Sec.8 Homeowners - PHA facilitates tenant moves to areas outside its jurisdiction and absorbs all in-coming ports.. - PHA promotes self-sufficiency by conducting on-going follow up with FSS participants to encourage training and employment. - PHA recognizes, rewards and encourages FSS participants through its Shining Star Ceremony. - PHA continues to enroll new participants in FSS despite the fact that the minimum program size was reached years ago. - PHA has applied for and received IDA funds from HHS and area banks to match savings of Sec. 8 households working toward homeownership. - PHA provides fair housing information and advocacy to tenants, landlords, staff, general public, etc. - PHA conducts outreach to owners to ensure their understanding of fair housing and equal opportunity. - PHA supports the work of fair housing organizations through membership in the Fair Housing Partnership & Housing Opportunities Made Equal. <p>b) Significant Amendment & Substantial Deviation / Modification:</p> <p>Since this PHA only administers Section 8 Programs, a Significant Amendment or Substantial Deviation/Modification to the Plan might be something like the addition or elimination of a set-aside of funding, the closing/opening of the Section 8 waiting list, implementation of a new or revised selection preference, implementation of a significant regulation, etc.</p>
11.0	<p>Required Submission for HUD Field Office Review. In addition to the PHA Plan template (HUD-50075), PHAs must submit the following documents. Items (a) through (g) may be submitted with signature by mail or electronically with scanned signatures, but electronic submission is encouraged. Items (h) through (i) must be attached electronically with the PHA Plan. Note: Faxed copies of these documents will not be accepted by the Field Office.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Form HUD-50077, <i>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations</i> (which includes all certifications relating to Civil Rights) Attached (b) Form HUD-50070, <i>Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only) (c) Form HUD-50071, <i>Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only) (d) Form SF-LLL, <i>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only) (e) Form SF-LLL-A, <i>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Continuation Sheet</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only) (f) Resident Advisory Board (RAB) comments. A public hearing was held on October 14, 2009 at the North Tonawanda office of the PHA. There were three attendees but none had any comment, addition or revision. (g) Challenged Elements (h) Form HUD-50075.1, <i>Capital Fund Program Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only) (i) Form HUD-50075.2, <i>Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only) <p>VAWA Policy is attached</p>

**PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations:
Board Resolution to Accompany the PHA 5-Year and Annual PHA Plan**

Acting on behalf of the Board of Commissioners of the Public Housing Agency (PHA) listed below, as its Chairman or other authorized PHA official if there is no Board of Commissioners, I approve the submission of the 5-Year and/or Annual PHA Plan for the PHA fiscal year beginning Jan. 2010, hereinafter referred to as "the Plan", of which this document is a part and make the following certifications and agreements with the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in connection with the submission of the Plan and implementation thereof:

1. The Plan is consistent with the applicable comprehensive housing affordability strategy (or any plan incorporating such strategy) for the jurisdiction in which the PHA is located.
2. The Plan contains a certification by the appropriate State or local officials that the Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan, which includes a certification that requires the preparation of an Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice, for the PHA's jurisdiction and a description of the manner in which the PHA Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan.
3. The PHA certifies that there has been no change, significant or otherwise, to the Capital Fund Program (and Capital Fund Program/Replacement Housing Factor) Annual Statement(s), since submission of its last approved Annual Plan. The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement/Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report must be submitted annually even if there is no change.
4. The PHA has established a Resident Advisory Board or Boards, the membership of which represents the residents assisted by the PHA, consulted with this Board or Boards in developing the Plan, and considered the recommendations of the Board or Boards (24 CFR 903.13). The PHA has included in the Plan submission a copy of the recommendations made by the Resident Advisory Board or Boards and a description of the manner in which the Plan addresses these recommendations.
5. The PHA made the proposed Plan and all information relevant to the public hearing available for public inspection at least 45 days before the hearing, published a notice that a hearing would be held and conducted a hearing to discuss the Plan and invited public comment.
6. The PHA certifies that it will carry out the Plan in conformity with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.
7. The PHA will affirmatively further fair housing by examining their programs or proposed programs, identify any impediments to fair housing choice within those programs, address those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available and work with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement and maintain records reflecting these analyses and actions.
8. For PHA Plan that includes a policy for site based waiting lists:
 - The PHA regularly submits required data to HUD's 50058 PIC/IMS Module in an accurate, complete and timely manner (as specified in PIH Notice 2006-24);
 - The system of site-based waiting lists provides for full disclosure to each applicant in the selection of the development in which to reside, including basic information about available sites; and an estimate of the period of time the applicant would likely have to wait to be admitted to units of different sizes and types at each site;
 - Adoption of site-based waiting list would not violate any court order or settlement agreement or be inconsistent with a pending complaint brought by HUD;
 - The PHA shall take reasonable measures to assure that such waiting list is consistent with affirmatively furthering fair housing;
 - The PHA provides for review of its site-based waiting list policy to determine if it is consistent with civil rights laws and certifications, as specified in 24 CFR part 903.7(c)(1).
9. The PHA will comply with the prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of age pursuant to the Age Discrimination Act of 1975.
10. The PHA will comply with the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and 24 CFR Part 41, Policies and Procedures for the Enforcement of Standards and Requirements for Accessibility by the Physically Handicapped.
11. The PHA will comply with the requirements of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, Employment Opportunities for Low-or Very-Low Income Persons, and with its implementing regulation at 24 CFR Part 135.
12. The PHA will comply with acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24 as applicable.

13. The PHA will take appropriate affirmative action to award contracts to minority and women's business enterprises under 24 CFR 5.105(a).
14. The PHA will provide the responsible entity or HUD any documentation that the responsible entity or HUD needs to carry out its review under the National Environmental Policy Act and other related authorities in accordance with 24 CFR Part 58 or Part 50, respectively.
15. With respect to public housing the PHA will comply with Davis-Bacon or HUD determined wage rate requirements under Section 12 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.
16. The PHA will keep records in accordance with 24 CFR 85.20 and facilitate an effective audit to determine compliance with program requirements.
17. The PHA will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992, and 24 CFR Part 35.
18. The PHA will comply with the policies, guidelines, and requirements of OMB Circular No. A-87 (Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments), 2 CFR Part 225, and 24 CFR Part 85 (Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State, Local and Federally Recognized Indian Tribal Governments).
19. The PHA will undertake only activities and programs covered by the Plan in a manner consistent with its Plan and will utilize covered grant funds only for activities that are approvable under the regulations and included in its Plan.
20. All attachments to the Plan have been and will continue to be available at all times and all locations that the PHA Plan is available for public inspection. All required supporting documents have been made available for public inspection along with the Plan and additional requirements at the primary business office of the PHA and at all other times and locations identified by the PHA in its PHA Plan and will continue to be made available at least at the primary business office of the PHA.
21. The PHA provides assurance as part of this certification that:
 - (i) The Resident Advisory Board had an opportunity to review and comment on the changes to the policies and programs before implementation by the PHA;
 - (ii) The changes were duly approved by the PHA Board of Directors (or similar governing body); and
 - (iii) The revised policies and programs are available for review and inspection, at the principal office of the PHA during normal business hours.
22. The PHA certifies that it is in compliance with all applicable Federal statutory and regulatory requirements.

City of North Tonawanda PHA
PHA Name

NY405
PHA Number/HA Code

5-Year PHA Plan for Fiscal Years 2010 - 2014

Annual PHA Plan for Fiscal Years 2010 - 2011

I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information provided in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate. **Warning:** HUD will prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil penalties. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)

Name of Authorized Official Elizabeth Huckabone	Title President
Signature E. Huckabone	Date 10/15/09

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT OF 2005

INTRODUCTION

The federal Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) includes important legal protections relative to housing for victims of domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. Out of recognition that domestic violence is a leading cause of homelessness, and that victims of domestic violence are often discriminated against in housing because of the acts of their abusers, federal law now explicitly addresses some of these issues. Amendments to the Section 8 statute clarify that victims of domestic violence may not be evicted from or denied housing if the asserted grounds for the eviction is an instance of domestic violence. PHAs and all landlords, owners and managers participating in Section 8 Programs must comply with this law.

A. DEFINITIONS (as defined in VAWA)

Domestic Violence “includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other adult person against a victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies.”

Dating Violence means “violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of the interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.”

Stalking means “to follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate; or to place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person; and in the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to: that person, a member of the immediate family of that person, or the spouse or intimate partner of that person.”

Immediate Family Member is a “spouse, parent, brother or sister, or child of the person, or an individual with whom that person stands *in loco parentis* (in place of a parent); or any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood or marriage.”

Where this plan references “domestic violence” it is meant to include dating violence and stalking.

B. APPLICABILITY

PHAs and all landlords, owners and managers participating in the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, Project-Based Voucher Program and Moderate Rehabilitation Program must comply with this law.

The VAWA protects an individual when even one incident of domestic violence occurs against the victim, and when that incident forms the basis for the PHA's or landlord's action against the victim. The law provides that criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, engaged in by a member of the tenant's household or any guest or other person under the tenant's control, shall not be the cause for termination of assistance or tenancy if the tenant or an immediate family member of the tenant's family is the victim or threatened victim of that abuse. The law explicitly provides that an incident of actual or threatened domestic violence does not qualify as a "serious or repeated violation of the lease."

VAWA states that a Section 8 landlord may bifurcate a lease in order to evict the offender while allowing the victim to remain in the assisted unit.

While the intent of this law is to protect victims of domestic violence from eviction and / or housing discrimination, it permits eviction if the landlord demonstrates "an actual and immediate threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property" if the tenant's lease is not terminated.

C. DOCUMENTATION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

If a tenant seeks protection under VAWA, the PHA or landlord may ask the tenant to provide verification of the domestic violence before complying with the law. However, nothing in the statute requires the PHA or landlord to ask for this documentation; they may comply based solely on the individual's statement or other corroborating evidence.

VAWA allows the PHA or owner responding to an incident of domestic violence that could affect the tenant's participation in the Section 8 program to request in writing that the individual submit documentation of the domestic violence within 14 days of the request. The PHA or owner may request that the individual use HUD form 50066 but may also choose to accept other documentation. If the tenant does not submit the requested documentation within 14 days, none of the protections afforded to victims of domestic violence apply. The PHA would be free to terminate assistance and the owner would be free to evict. However, the PHA or owner may also extend the deadline at its discretion.

In lieu of or in addition to the certification form, the PHA or owner may ask the tenant to provide a police or court record of the incident or documentation signed and attested to by an employee, agent or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney or medical professional, from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing the domestic violence.

If the PHA or owner requires the HUD certification, they must first discuss the delivery of the form with the tenant as delivering it through the mail may place the victim at risk if the abuser monitors the mail.

D. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE PHA

Since this statute primarily addresses lease termination and eviction, it tends to impact the actions of the property owner more often than the actions of the PHA. It is the owner who is prohibited from evicting the tenant and only rarely will the PHA have to consider whether or not the tenant's assistance should be terminated. However, there may be times when the PHA will have to determine if domestic violence played a role in the tenant's offending behavior.

For example, a tenant may move in violation of the lease and claim that they had to move in order to elude an abuser. In this case and others, the PHA has to decide whether or not the tenant's assistance should be terminated due to some program violation. In cases such as these, the PHA will require the tenant to submit timely documentation of the domestic violence.

It is also certainly possible that in spite of the PHA notifying owners of their obligations under VAWA, an owner may succeed in evicting a tenant in violation of VAWA. Therefore, it will be necessary for staff to ascertain the grounds for any eviction to ensure that the PHA does not end up terminate assistance (due to the eviction) in violation of VAWA.

The tenant may fully satisfy this PHA's documentation requirements by producing a police report or court record that documents the incident. Alternatively, the tenant may provide a statement in which an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, or a medical professional, from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence issues, attests that the professional believes that the incident or incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse. The victim must sign and attest to the third-party documentation, and the documentation must name the offender. The victim will be provided with and encouraged to use HUD form 50066, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence or Stalking, to facilitate documentation and certification of the incident(s) of domestic violence.

Although the tenant is expected to submit documentation within 14 days of the date of request, the PHA may extend that deadline at its discretion.

E. CONFIDENTIALITY

If an individual provides certification or documentation of domestic violence, the PHA will keep that information confidential. The PHA will not share the information with any other entity unless the victim requests, in writing, that the PHA do so.

F. NOTICE TO TENANTS AND LANDLORDS

The PHA notified all participating tenants and landlords of their rights and responsibilities under VAWA by mailing each one a fact sheet.

The fact sheet has also been incorporated in the tenant and landlord handbooks to ensure that all future participants are aware of their rights and responsibilities relative to domestic violence and tenancy.

Furthermore, both handbooks provide instructions for obtaining HUD form 50066, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking.