

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing

PHA Plans

5 Year Plan for Fiscal Years 2005 - 2009
Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2008

**NOTE: THIS PHA PLANS TEMPLATE (HUD 50075) IS TO BE COMPLETED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS LOCATED IN APPLICABLE PIH NOTICES**

**PHA Plan
Agency Identification**

PHA Name: MUNICIPALITY OF JUNCOS

PHA Number: RQ 077

PHA Fiscal Year Beginning: (mm/yyyy) 07/2008

Public Access to Information

Phone: (787) 734-0030/0031

E-mail: hudjuncos@yahoo.com

Information regarding any activities outlined in this plan can be obtained by contacting: (select all that apply)

- Main administrative office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- PHA local offices

Display Locations For PHA Plans and Supporting Documents

The PHA Plans (including attachments) are available for public inspection at: (select all that apply)

- Main administrative office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- PHA local offices
- Main administrative office of the local government
- Main administrative office of the County government
- Main administrative office of the State government
- Public library
- PHA website
- Other (list below)

PHA Plan Supporting Documents are available for inspection at: (select all that apply)

- Main business office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- Other (list below)
PHA local office

5-YEAR PLAN
PHA FISCAL YEARS 2005 - 2009
[24 CFR Part 903.5]

A. Mission

State the PHA's mission for serving the needs of low-income, very low income, and extremely low-income families in the PHA's jurisdiction. (select one of the choices below)

- The mission of the PHA is the same as that of the Department of Housing and Urban Development: To promote adequate and affordable housing, economic opportunity and a suitable living environment free from discrimination.
- The PHA's mission is: (state mission here)

B. Goals

The goals and objectives listed below are derived from HUD's strategic Goals and Objectives and those emphasized in recent legislation. PHAs may select any of these goals and objectives as their own, or identify other goals and/or objectives. Whether selecting the HUD-suggested objectives or their own, **PHAS ARE STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO IDENTIFY QUANTIFIABLE MEASURES OF SUCCESS IN REACHING THEIR OBJECTIVES OVER THE COURSE OF THE 5 YEARS.** (Quantifiable measures would include targets such as: numbers of families served or PHAS scores achieved.) PHAs should identify these measures in the spaces to the right of or below the stated objectives.

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing.

- PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing
Objectives:
- Apply for additional rental vouchers:
 - Reduce public housing vacancies:
 - Leverage private or other public funds to create additional housing opportunities:
 - Acquire or build units or developments
 - Other (list below)
- PHA Goal: Improve the quality of assisted housing
Objectives:
- Improve public housing management: (PHAS score)
 - Improve voucher management: (SEMAP score)
 - Increase customer satisfaction:
 - Concentrate on efforts to improve specific management functions: (list; e.g., public housing finance; voucher unit inspections)
 - Renovate or modernize public housing units:
 - Demolish or dispose of obsolete public housing:

- Provide replacement public housing:
- Provide replacement vouchers:
- Other: (list below)

PHA Goal: Increase assisted housing choices

Objectives:

- Provide voucher mobility counseling:
- Conduct outreach efforts to potential voucher landlords
- Increase voucher payment standards
- Implement voucher homeownership program:
- Implement public housing or other homeownership programs:
- Implement public housing site-based waiting lists:
- Convert public housing to vouchers:
- Other: (list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitality

PHA Goal: Provide an improved living environment

Objectives:

- Implement measures to deconcentrate poverty by bringing higher income public housing households into lower income developments:
- Implement measures to promote income mixing in public housing by assuring access for lower income families into higher income developments:
- Implement public housing security improvements:
- Designate developments or buildings for particular resident groups (elderly, persons with disabilities)
- Other: (list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals

PHA Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households

Objectives:

- Increase the number and percentage of employed persons in assisted families:
- Provide or attract supportive services to improve assistance recipients' employability:
- Provide or attract supportive services to increase independence for the elderly or families with disabilities.
- Other: (list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans

- PHA Goal: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing
Objectives:
 - Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:
 - Undertake affirmative measures to provide a suitable living environment for families living in assisted housing, regardless of race, color, religion national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:
 - Undertake affirmative measures to ensure accessible housing to persons with all varieties of disabilities regardless of unit size required:
 - Other: (list below)

Other PHA Goals and Objectives: (list below)

Annual PHA Plan

PHA Fiscal Year 2007

[24 CFR Part 903.7]

i. Annual Plan Type:

Select which type of Annual Plan the PHA will submit.

Standard Plan

Streamlined Plan:

- High Performing PHA**
 Small Agency (<250 Public Housing Units)
 Administering Section 8 Only

Troubled Agency Plan

ii. Executive Summary of the Annual PHA Plan

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (r)]

Provide a brief overview of the information in the Annual Plan, including highlights of major initiatives and discretionary policies the PHA has included in the Annual Plan.

iii. Annual Plan Table of Contents

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (r)]

Provide a table of contents for the Annual Plan, including attachments, and a list of supporting documents available for public inspection.

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Annual Plan

- i. Executive Summary
- ii. Table of Contents
 - 1. Housing Needs
 - 2. Financial Resources
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 - 4. Rent Determination Policies
 - 5. Operations and Management Policies
 - 6. Grievance Procedures
 - 7. Capital Improvement Needs
 - 8. Demolition and Disposition
 - 9. Designation of Housing
 - 10. Conversions of Public Housing
 - 11. Homeownership
 - 12. Community Service Programs
 - 13. Crime and Safety
 - 14. Pets (Inactive for January 1 PHAs)

- 15. Civil Rights Certifications (included with PHA Plan Certifications)
- 16. Audit
- 17. Asset Management
- 18. Other Information

Attachments

Indicate which attachments are provided by selecting all that apply. Provide the attachment's name (A, B, etc.) in the space to the left of the name of the attachment. Note: If the attachment is provided as a **SEPARATE** file submission from the PHA Plans file, provide the file name in parentheses in the space to the right of the title.

Required Attachments:

- Admissions Policy for Deconcentration
- FY 2005 Capital Fund Program Annual Statement
- Most recent board-approved operating budget (Required Attachment for PHAs that are troubled or at risk of being designated troubled ONLY)

Optional Attachments:

- PHA Management Organizational Chart
- FY 2005 Capital Fund Program 5 Year Action Plan
- Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP) Plan
- Comments of Resident Advisory Board or Boards (must be attached if not included in PHA Plan text)
- Other (List below, providing each attachment name)
The Administrative Plan for the Housing Choice Voucher Program is also available for inspection at: Department of Housing, Calle Escuté, Juncos, PR

Supporting Documents Available for Review

Indicate which documents are available for public review by placing a mark in the "Applicable & On Display" column in the appropriate rows. All listed documents must be on display if applicable to the program activities conducted by the PHA.

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
X	PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	State/Local Government Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan	5 Year and Annual Plans
	Fair Housing Documentation: Records reflecting that the PHA has examined its programs or proposed programs, identified any impediments to fair housing choice in those programs, addressed or is addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available, and worked or is working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdictions' initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement.	5 Year and Annual Plans
	Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction/s in which the PHA is located (which includes the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI)) and any additional backup data to support statement of housing needs in the jurisdiction	Annual Plan: Housing Needs

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
	Most recent board-approved operating budget for the public housing program	Annual Plan: Financial Resources;
	Public Housing Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy Policy (A&O), which includes the Tenant Selection and Assignment Plan [TSAP]	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
X	Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
	Public Housing Deconcentration and Income Mixing Documentation: 1. PHA board certifications of compliance with deconcentration requirements (section 16(a) of the US Housing Act of 1937, as implemented in the 2/18/99 <i>Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act Initial Guidance; Notice</i> and any further HUD guidance) and 2. Documentation of the required deconcentration and income mixing analysis	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
	Public housing rent determination policies, including the methodology for setting public housing flat rents <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
	Schedule of flat rents offered at each public housing development <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Section 8 rent determination (payment standard) policies <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
	Public housing management and maintenance policy documents, including policies for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (including cockroach infestation)	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
	Public housing grievance procedures <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	Section 8 informal review and hearing procedures <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
	The HUD-approved Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program Annual Statement (HUD 52837) for the active grant year	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Most recent CIAP Budget/Progress Report (HUD 52825) for any active CIAP grant	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Most recent, approved 5 Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program, if not included as an attachment (provided at PHA option)	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Approved HOPE VI applications or, if more recent, approved or submitted HOPE VI Revitalization Plans or any other approved proposal for development of public housing	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Approved or submitted applications for demolition and/or	Annual Plan: Demolition

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
	disposition of public housing	and Disposition
	Approved or submitted applications for designation of public housing (Designated Housing Plans)	Annual Plan: Designation of Public Housing
	Approved or submitted assessments of reasonable revitalization of public housing and approved or submitted conversion plans prepared pursuant to section 202 of the 1996 HUD Appropriations Act	Annual Plan: Conversion of Public Housing
	Approved or submitted public housing homeownership programs/plans	Annual Plan: Homeownership
	Policies governing any Section 8 Homeownership program <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Homeownership
	Any cooperative agreement between the PHA and the TANF agency	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	FSS Action Plan/s for public housing and/or Section 8	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Most recent self-sufficiency (ED/SS, TOP or ROSS or other resident services grant) grant program reports	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	The most recent Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHEDEP) semi-annual performance report for any open grant and most recently submitted PHDEP application (PHDEP Plan)	Annual Plan: Safety and Crime Prevention
X	The most recent fiscal year audit of the PHA conducted under section 5(h)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h)), the results of that audit and the PHA's response to any findings	Annual Plan: Annual Audit
	Troubled PHAs: MOA/Recovery Plan	Troubled PHAs
	Other supporting documents (optional) (list individually; use as many lines as necessary)	(specify as needed)

1. Statement of Housing Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (a)]

A. Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction/s Served by the PHA

Based upon the information contained in the Consolidated Plan/s applicable to the jurisdiction, and/or other data available to the PHA, provide a statement of the housing needs in the jurisdiction by completing the following table. In the "Overall" Needs column, provide the estimated number of renter families that have housing needs. For the remaining characteristics, rate the impact of that factor on the housing needs for each family type, from 1 to 5, with 1 being "no impact" and 5 being "severe impact." Use N/A to indicate that no information is available upon which the PHA can make this assessment.

Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction by Family Type							
Family Type	Overall	Afford-ability	Supply	Quality	Access-ibility	Size	Loca-tion
Income <= 30% of AMI	281	5	4	4	3	4	2
Income >30% but	14	4	4	4	3	4	2

Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction by Family Type							
Family Type	Overall	Afford-ability	Supply	Quality	Access-ibility	Size	Loca-tion
<=50% of AMI							
Income >50% but <80% of AMI	2	3	3	4	2	2	3
Elderly	13	5	4	4	5	5	4
Families with Disabilities	5	5	4	4	5	5	5
Race/Ethnicity							
Race/Ethnicity							
Race/Ethnicity							
Race/Ethnicity							

What sources of information did the PHA use to conduct this analysis? (Check all that apply; all materials must be made available for public inspection.)

- Consolidated Plan of the Jurisdiction/s
Indicate year: 2000
- U.S. Census data: the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (“CHAS”) dataset
- American Housing Survey data
Indicate year:
- Other housing market study
Indicate year: 2004
- Other sources: (list and indicate year of information)
Section 8 waiting list 2004-2006

B. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant- Based Assistance Waiting Lists

State the housing needs of the families on the PHA’s waiting list/s. **Complete one table for each type of PHA-wide waiting list administered by the PHA.** PHAs may provide separate tables for site-based or sub-jurisdictional public housing waiting lists at their option.

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
Waiting list type: (select one)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Section 8 tenant-based assistance		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Housing		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Combined Section 8 and Public Housing		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Housing Site-Based or sub-jurisdictional waiting list (optional)		
If used, identify which development/subjurisdiction:			
	# of families	% of total families	Annual Turnover

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
Waiting list total	300		
Extremely low income <=30% AMI	281	.94	
Very low income (>30% but <=50% AMI)	14	.05	
Low income (>50% but <80% AMI)	2	.007	
Families with children	240	.80	
Elderly families	13	.043	
Families with Disabilities	5	.017	
Race/ethnicity			
Characteristics by Bedroom Size (Public Housing Only)			
1BR			
2 BR			
3 BR			
4 BR			
5 BR			
5+ BR			
Is the waiting list closed (select one)? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			
If yes:			
How long has it been closed (# of months)?			
Does the PHA expect to reopen the list in the PHA Plan year? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			
Does the PHA permit specific categories of families onto the waiting list, even if generally closed? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			

C. Strategy for Addressing Needs

Provide a brief description of the PHA’s strategy for addressing the housing needs of families in the jurisdiction and on the waiting list **IN THE UPCOMING YEAR**, and the Agency’s reasons for choosing this strategy.

(1) Strategies

Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA within its current resources by:

Select all that apply

- Employ effective maintenance and management policies to minimize the number of public housing units off-line
- Reduce turnover time for vacated public housing units
- Reduce time to renovate public housing units
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through mixed finance development
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through section 8 replacement housing resources
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by establishing payment standards that will enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction
- Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families assisted by the PHA, regardless of unit size required
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by marketing the program to owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by effectively screening Section 8 applicants to increase owner acceptance of program
- Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordination with broader community strategies
- Other (list below)

Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units by:

Select all that apply

- Apply for additional section 8 units should they become available
- Leverage affordable housing resources in the community through the creation of mixed - finance housing
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant-based assistance.
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30 % of AMI

Select all that apply

- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in public housing
- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in tenant-based section 8 assistance
- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families with economic hardships
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI

Select all that apply

- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to the elderly:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for the elderly
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to the elderly, should they become available
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families with Disabilities

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for families with disabilities
- Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the section 504 Needs Assessment for Public Housing
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities, should they become available
- Affirmatively market to local non-profit agencies that assist families with disabilities
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

Strategy 1: Increase awareness of PHA resources among families of races and ethnicities with disproportionate needs:

Select if applicable

- Affirmatively market to races/ethnicities shown to have disproportionate housing needs
- Other: (list below)

Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

Select all that apply

- Counsel section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty or minority concentration and assist them to locate those units
- Market the section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty /minority concentrations
- Other: (list below)

Other Housing Needs & Strategies: (list needs and strategies below)

(2) Reasons for Selecting Strategies

Of the factors listed below, select all that influenced the PHA's selection of the strategies it will pursue:

- Funding constraints
- Staffing constraints
- Limited availability of sites for assisted housing
- Extent to which particular housing needs are met by other organizations in the community
- Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and other information available to the PHA
- Influence of the housing market on PHA programs
- Community priorities regarding housing assistance
- Results of consultation with local or state government
- Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board
- Results of consultation with advocacy groups
- Other: (list below)

2. Statement of Financial Resources

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (b)]

List the financial resources that are anticipated to be available to the PHA for the support of Federal public housing and tenant-based Section 8 assistance programs administered by the PHA during the Plan year.

Note: the table assumes that Federal public housing or tenant based Section 8 assistance grant funds are expended on eligible purposes; therefore, uses of these funds need not be stated. For other funds, indicate the use for those funds as one of the following categories: public housing operations, public housing capital improvements, public housing safety/security, public housing supportive services, Section 8 tenant-based assistance, Section 8 supportive services or other.

Financial Resources: Planned Sources and Uses		
Sources	Planned \$	Planned Uses
1. Federal Grants (FY 2005 grants)		
a) Public Housing Operating Fund		
b) Public Housing Capital Fund		
c) HOPE VI Revitalization		
d) HOPE VI Demolition		
e) Annual Contributions for Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance	\$238,387.00	

Financial Resources: Planned Sources and Uses		
Sources	Planned \$	Planned Uses
f) Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (including any Technical Assistance funds)		
g) Resident Opportunity and Self-Sufficiency Grants		
h) Community Development Block Grant		
i) HOME		
Other Federal Grants (list below)		
2. Prior Year Federal Grants (unobligated funds only) (list below)		
3. Public Housing Dwelling Rental Income		
4. Other income (list below)		
4. Non-federal sources (list below)		
Total resources		

3. PHA Policies Governing Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (c)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete subcomponent 3A.

(1) Eligibility

- a. When does the PHA verify eligibility for admission to public housing? (select all that apply)
- When families are within a certain number of being offered a unit: (state number)
 - When families are within a certain time of being offered a unit: (state time)
 - Other: (describe)
- b. Which non-income (screening) factors does the PHA use to establish eligibility for admission to public housing (select all that apply)?
- Criminal or Drug-related activity
 - Rental history
 - Housekeeping
 - Other (describe)
- c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?
- d. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?
- e. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

(2)Waiting List Organization

- a. Which methods does the PHA plan to use to organize its public housing waiting list (select all that apply)
- Community-wide list
 - Sub-jurisdictional lists
 - Site-based waiting lists
 - Other (describe)
- b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to public housing?
- PHA main administrative office
 - PHA development site management office
 - Other (list below)
- c. If the PHA plans to operate one or more site-based waiting lists in the coming year, answer each of the following questions; if not, skip to subsection **(3) Assignment**
1. How many site-based waiting lists will the PHA operate in the coming year?
 2. Yes No: Are any or all of the PHA's site-based waiting lists new for the upcoming year (that is, they are not part of a previously-HUD-approved site based waiting list plan)?
If yes, how many lists?
 3. Yes No: May families be on more than one list simultaneously

If yes, how many lists?

4. Where can interested persons obtain more information about and sign up to be on the site-based waiting lists (select all that apply)?

- PHA main administrative office
- All PHA development management offices
- Management offices at developments with site-based waiting lists
- At the development to which they would like to apply
- Other (list below)

(3) Assignment

a. How many vacant unit choices are applicants ordinarily given before they fall to the bottom of or are removed from the waiting list? (select one)

- One
- Two
- Three or More

b. Yes No: Is this policy consistent across all waiting list types?

c. If answer to b is no, list variations for any other than the primary public housing waiting list/s for the PHA:

(4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting:

Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 40% of all new admissions to public housing to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Transfer policies:

In what circumstances will transfers take precedence over new admissions? (list below)

- Emergencies
- Overhoused
- Underhoused
- Medical justification
- Administrative reasons determined by the PHA (e.g., to permit modernization work)
- Resident choice: (state circumstances below)
- Other: (list below)

c. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to public housing (other than date and time of application)? (If “no” is selected, skip to subsection **(5) Occupancy**)
2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences: (select below)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans’ families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a “1” in the space that represents your first priority, a “2” in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use “1” more than once, “2” more than once, etc.

Date and Time

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans’ families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction

- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

4. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements:

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Occupancy

a. What reference materials can applicants and residents use to obtain information about the rules of occupancy of public housing (select all that apply)

- The PHA-resident lease
- The PHA's Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy policy
- PHA briefing seminars or written materials
- Other source (list)

b. How often must residents notify the PHA of changes in family composition? (select all that apply)

- At an annual reexamination and lease renewal
- Any time family composition changes
- At family request for revision
- Other (list)

(6) Deconcentration and Income Mixing

a. Yes No: Did the PHA's analysis of its family (general occupancy) developments to determine concentrations of poverty indicate the need for measures to promote deconcentration of poverty or income mixing?

b. Yes No: Did the PHA adopt any changes to its **admissions policies** based on the results of the required analysis of the need to promote deconcentration of poverty or to assure income mixing?

c. If the answer to b was yes, what changes were adopted? (select all that apply)

Adoption of site based waiting lists
If selected, list targeted developments below:

Employing waiting list “skipping” to achieve deconcentration of poverty or income mixing goals at targeted developments
If selected, list targeted developments below:

Employing new admission preferences at targeted developments
If selected, list targeted developments below:

Other (list policies and developments targeted below)

d. Yes No: Did the PHA adopt any changes to **other** policies based on the results of the required analysis of the need for deconcentration of poverty and income mixing?

e. If the answer to d was yes, how would you describe these changes? (select all that apply)

- Additional affirmative marketing
 Actions to improve the marketability of certain developments
 Adoption or adjustment of ceiling rents for certain developments
 Adoption of rent incentives to encourage deconcentration of poverty and income-mixing
 Other (list below)

f. Based on the results of the required analysis, in which developments will the PHA make special efforts to attract or retain higher-income families? (select all that apply)

- Not applicable: results of analysis did not indicate a need for such efforts
 List (any applicable) developments below:

g. Based on the results of the required analysis, in which developments will the PHA make special efforts to assure access for lower-income families? (select all that apply)

- Not applicable: results of analysis did not indicate a need for such efforts
 List (any applicable) developments below:

B. Section 8

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer section 8 are not required to complete sub-component 3B.
Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).

(1) Eligibility

a. What is the extent of screening conducted by the PHA? (select all that apply)

- Criminal or drug-related activity only to the extent required by law or regulation
- Criminal and drug-related activity, more extensively than required by law or regulation
- More general screening than criminal and drug-related activity (list factors below)
- Other (list below)

b. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

d. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

e. Indicate what kinds of information you share with prospective landlords? (select all that apply)

- Criminal or drug-related activity
- Other (describe below)
Family's current and prior address (as shown in the PHA records) and the name and address (if known to the PHA) of the landlord at the family's current and prior address.

(2) Waiting List Organization

a. With which of the following program waiting lists is the section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting list merged? (select all that apply)

- None
- Federal public housing
- Federal moderate rehabilitation
- Federal project-based certificate program
- Other federal or local program (list below)

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to section 8 tenant-based assistance? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
- Other (list below)

(3) Search Time

a. Yes No: Does the PHA give extensions on standard 60-day period to search for a unit?

If yes, state circumstances below:

The length of extension for a voucher, beyond the initial 60 days terms, must be established based on a good cause accepted by the PHA, such a decrease in housing availability and/or decrease in housing that are in accordance with HQS requirements or family needs; sickness or unexpectedly incident, out of participant control, that impede the search in the initial term. Two (2) thirty (30) day extensions will be granted by the PHA if warranted.

(4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting

- Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 75% of all new admissions to the section 8 program to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to section 8 tenant-based assistance? (other than date and time of application) (if no, skip to subcomponent **(5) Special purpose section 8 assistance programs**)

2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a "1" in the space that represents your first priority, a "2" in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either

through an absolute hierarchy or through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use “1” more than once, “2” more than once, etc.

Date and Time

Former Federal preferences

- 1 Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- 2 Victims of domestic violence
- 3 Substandard housing
- 4 Homelessness
- 5 High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans’ families
- Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)
Elderly and Disabilities

4. Among applicants on the waiting list with equal preference status, how are applicants selected? (select one)

- Date and time of application
- Drawing (lottery) or other random choice technique

5. If the PHA plans to employ preferences for “residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction” (select one) **DOES NOT APPLY**

- This preference has previously been reviewed and approved by HUD
- The PHA requests approval for this preference through this PHA Plan

6. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements: (select one)

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Special Purpose Section 8 Assistance Programs

a. In which documents or other reference materials are the policies governing eligibility, selection, and admissions to any special-purpose section 8 program administered by the PHA contained? (select all that apply) **DOES NOT APPLY**

- The Section 8 Administrative Plan
- Briefing sessions and written materials
- Other (list below)

b. How does the PHA announce the availability of any special-purpose section 8 programs to the public?

- Through published notices
- Other (list below)

4. PHA Rent Determination Policies

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (d)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete sub-component 4A.

(1) Income Based Rent Policies

Describe the PHA's income based rent setting policy/ies for public housing using, including discretionary (that is, not required by statute or regulation) income disregards and exclusions, in the appropriate spaces below.

a. Use of discretionary policies: (select one)

- The PHA will not employ any discretionary rent-setting policies for income based rent in public housing. Income-based rents are set at the higher of 30% of adjusted monthly income, 10% of unadjusted monthly income, the welfare rent, or minimum rent (less HUD mandatory deductions and exclusions). (If selected, skip to sub-component (2))

---or---

- The PHA employs discretionary policies for determining income based rent (If selected, continue to question b.)

b. Minimum Rent

1. What amount best reflects the PHA's minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

2. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies?

3. If yes to question 2, list these policies below:

c. Rents set at less than 30% than adjusted income

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to charge rents at a fixed amount or percentage less than 30% of adjusted income?

2. If yes to above, list the amounts or percentages charged and the circumstances under which these will be used below:

d. Which of the discretionary (optional) deductions and/or exclusions policies does the PHA plan to employ (select all that apply)

For the earned income of a previously unemployed household member

For increases in earned income

Fixed amount (other than general rent-setting policy)

If yes, state amount/s and circumstances below:

Fixed percentage (other than general rent-setting policy)

If yes, state percentage/s and circumstances below:

For household heads

For other family members

For transportation expenses

For the non-reimbursed medical expenses of non-disabled or non-elderly families

Other (describe below)

e. Ceiling rents

1. Do you have ceiling rents? (rents set at a level lower than 30% of adjusted income) (select one)

Yes for all developments

Yes but only for some developments

No

2. For which kinds of developments are ceiling rents in place? (select all that apply)

For all developments

- For all general occupancy developments (not elderly or disabled or elderly only)
- For specified general occupancy developments
- For certain parts of developments; e.g., the high-rise portion
- For certain size units; e.g., larger bedroom sizes
- Other (list below)

3. Select the space or spaces that best describe how you arrive at ceiling rents (select all that apply)

- Market comparability study
- Fair market rents (FMR)
- 95th percentile rents
- 75 percent of operating costs
- 100 percent of operating costs for general occupancy (family) developments
- Operating costs plus debt service
- The “rental value” of the unit
- Other (list below)

f. Rent re-determinations:

1. Between income reexaminations, how often must tenants report changes in income or family composition to the PHA such that the changes result in an adjustment to rent? (select all that apply)

- Never
- At family option
- Any time the family experiences an income increase
- Any time a family experiences an income increase above a threshold amount or percentage: (if selected, specify threshold)_____
- Other (list below)

g. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to implement individual savings accounts for residents (ISAs) as an alternative to the required 12 month disallowance of earned income and phasing in of rent increases in the next year?

(2) Flat Rents

1. In setting the market-based flat rents, what sources of information did the PHA use to establish comparability? (select all that apply.)

- The section 8 rent reasonableness study of comparable housing
- Survey of rents listed in local newspaper
- Survey of similar unassisted units in the neighborhood
- Other (list/describe below)

B. Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer Section 8 tenant-based assistance are not required to complete sub-component 4B. **Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).**

(1) Payment Standards

Describe the voucher payment standards and policies.

a. What is the PHA's payment standard? (select the category that best describes your standard)

- At or above 90% but below 100% of FMR
- 100% of FMR
- Above 100% but at or below 110% of FMR
- Above 110% of FMR (if HUD approved; describe circumstances below)

b. If the payment standard is lower than FMR, why has the PHA selected this standard? (select all that apply)

- FMRs are adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- The PHA has chosen to serve additional families by lowering the payment standard
- Reflects market or submarket
- Other (list below)
It was necessary to adjust the amount paid in rent by the 90% of the FMR to serve the maximum number of vouchers between the quantity approved with the budget approved.

c. If the payment standard is higher than FMR, why has the PHA chosen this level? (select all that apply)

- FMRs are not adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- Reflects market or submarket
- To increase housing options for families
- Other (list below)

d. How often are payment standards reevaluated for adequacy? (select one)

- Annually
- Other (list below)

e. What factors will the PHA consider in its assessment of the adequacy of its payment standard? (select all that apply)

- Success rates of assisted families
- Rent burdens of assisted families
- Other (list below)
 - Study of the market rent in our jurisdiction
 - Availability of units
 - Budget approved for housing payments

(2) Minimum Rent

a. What amount best reflects the PHA’s minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

b. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies? (if yes, list below)

1. When the family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an eligibility determination for a Federal, State or local assistance program including a family that includes a member who is a noncitizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence under the Immigration and Nationality Act who would be entitled to public benefits but for title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Act of 1996;
2. When the family would be evicted because it is unable to pay the minimum rent;
3. When the income of the family has decrease because of change circumstances, including loss of employment; and
4. When a death has occurred in the family.

5. Operations and Management

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (e)]

Exemptions from Component 5: High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this section. Section 8 only PHAs must complete parts A, B, and C(2)

A. PHA Management Structure

Describe the PHA’s management structure and organization.

(select one)

- An organization chart showing the PHA’s management structure and organization is attached.
- A brief description of the management structure and organization of the PHA follows:

B. HUD Programs Under PHA Management

List Federal programs administered by the PHA, number of families served at the beginning of the upcoming fiscal year, and expected turnover in each. (Use "NA" to indicate that the PHA does not operate any of the programs listed below.)

Program Name	Units or Families Served at Year Beginning	Expected Turnover
Public Housing	n/a	
Section 8 Vouchers	53	
Section 8 Certificates	n/a	
Section 8 Mod Rehab	n/a	
Special Purpose Section 8 Certificates/Vouchers (list individually)	n/a	
Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)	n/a	
Other Federal Programs(list individually)	23	

C. Management and Maintenance Policies

List the PHA's public housing management and maintenance policy documents, manuals and handbooks that contain the Agency's rules, standards, and policies that govern maintenance and management of public housing, including a description of any measures necessary for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (which includes cockroach infestation) and the policies governing Section 8 management.

- (1) Public Housing Maintenance and Management: (list below)
- (2) Section 8 Management: (list below)

6. PHA Grievance Procedures

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (f)]

Exemptions from component 6: High performing PHAs are not required to complete component 6. Section 8-Only PHAs are exempt from sub-component 6A.

A. Public Housing

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established any written grievance procedures in addition to federal requirements found at 24 CFR Part 966, Subpart B, for residents of public housing?

If yes, list additions to federal requirements below:

2. Which PHA office should residents or applicants to public housing contact to initiate the PHA grievance process? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
 PHA development management offices
 Other (list below)

B. Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established informal review procedures for applicants to the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program and informal hearing procedures for families assisted by the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program in addition to federal requirements found at 24 CFR 982?

If yes, list additions to federal requirements below:

2. Which PHA office should applicants or assisted families contact to initiate the informal review and informal hearing processes? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
 Other (list below)
PHA local office

7. Capital Improvement Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (g)]

Exemptions from Component 7: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this component and may skip to Component 8.

A. Capital Fund Activities

Exemptions from sub-component 7A: PHAs that will not participate in the Capital Fund Program may skip to component 7B. All other PHAs must complete 7A as instructed.

(1) Capital Fund Program Annual Statement

Using parts I, II, and III of the Annual Statement for the Capital Fund Program (CFP), identify capital activities the PHA is proposing for the upcoming year to ensure long-term physical and social viability of its public housing developments. This statement can be completed by using the CFP Annual Statement tables provided in the table library at the end of the PHA Plan template **OR**, at the PHA's option, by completing and attaching a properly updated HUD-52837.

Select one:

- The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement is provided as an attachment to the PHA Plan at Attachment (state name)

-OR-

- The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement is provided below: (if selected, copy the CFP Annual Statement from the Table Library and insert here)

(2) Optional 5-Year Action Plan

Agencies are encouraged to include a 5-Year Action Plan covering capital work items. This statement can be completed by using the 5 Year Action Plan table provided in the table library at the end of the PHA Plan template **OR** by completing and attaching a properly updated HUD-52834.

- a. Yes No: Is the PHA providing an optional 5-Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund? (if no, skip to sub-component 7B)
- b. If yes to question a, select one:
- The Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan is provided as an attachment to the PHA Plan at Attachment (state name
- or-
- The Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan is provided below: (if selected, copy the CFP optional 5 Year Action Plan from the Table Library and insert here)

B. HOPE VI and Public Housing Development and Replacement Activities (Non-Capital Fund)

Applicability of sub-component 7B: All PHAs administering public housing. Identify any approved HOPE VI and/or public housing development or replacement activities not described in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement.

- Yes No: a) Has the PHA received a HOPE VI revitalization grant? (if no, skip to question c; if yes, provide responses to question b for each grant, copying and completing as many times as necessary)
- b) Status of HOPE VI revitalization grant (complete one set of questions for each grant)

1. Development name:
2. Development (project) number:
3. Status of grant: (select the statement that best describes the current status)
 - Revitalization Plan under development
 - Revitalization Plan submitted, pending approval
 - Revitalization Plan approved
 - Activities pursuant to an approved Revitalization Plan underway

- Yes No: c) Does the PHA plan to apply for a HOPE VI Revitalization grant in the Plan year?
- If yes, list development name/s below:

Yes No: d) Will the PHA be engaging in any mixed-finance development activities for public housing in the Plan year?
If yes, list developments or activities below:

Yes No: e) Will the PHA be conducting any other public housing development or replacement activities not discussed in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement?
If yes, list developments or activities below:

8. Demolition and Disposition

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (h)]

Applicability of component 8: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to conduct any demolition or disposition activities (pursuant to section 18 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437p)) in the plan Fiscal Year? (If “No”, skip to component 9; if “yes”, complete one activity description for each development.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided the activities description information in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? (If “yes”, skip to component 9. If “No”, complete the Activity Description table below.)

Demolition/Disposition Activity Description
1a. Development name:
1b. Development (project) number:
2. Activity type: Demolition <input type="checkbox"/> Disposition <input type="checkbox"/>
3. Application status (select one) Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application <input type="checkbox"/>
4. Date application approved, submitted, or planned for submission: <u>(DD/MM/YY)</u>
5. Number of units affected:
6. Coverage of action (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input type="checkbox"/> Total development
7. Timeline for activity: a. Actual or projected start date of activity: b. Projected end date of activity:

9. Designation of Public Housing for Occupancy by Elderly Families or Families with Disabilities or Elderly Families and Families with Disabilities

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (i)]

Exemptions from Component 9; Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

1. Yes No: Has the PHA designated or applied for approval to designate or does the PHA plan to apply to designate any public housing for occupancy only by the elderly families or only by families with disabilities, or by elderly families and families with disabilities or will apply for designation for occupancy by only elderly families or only families with disabilities, or by elderly families and families with disabilities as provided by section 7 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437e) in the upcoming fiscal year? (If “No”, skip to component 10. If “yes”, complete one activity description for each development, unless the PHA is eligible to complete a streamlined submission; PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 10.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? If “yes”, skip to component 10. If “No”, complete the Activity Description table below.

Designation of Public Housing Activity Description
1a. Development name: 1b. Development (project) number:
2. Designation type: Occupancy by only the elderly <input type="checkbox"/> Occupancy by families with disabilities <input type="checkbox"/> Occupancy by only elderly families and families with disabilities <input type="checkbox"/>
3. Application status (select one) Approved; included in the PHA’s Designation Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application <input type="checkbox"/>
4. Date this designation approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (DD/MM/YY)
5. If approved, will this designation constitute a (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> New Designation Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Revision of a previously-approved Designation Plan?
6. Number of units affected: 7. Coverage of action (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input type="checkbox"/> Total development

10. Conversion of Public Housing to Tenant-Based Assistance

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (j)]

Exemptions from Component 10; Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

A. Assessments of Reasonable Revitalization Pursuant to section 202 of the HUD FY 1996 HUD Appropriations Act

1. Yes No: Have any of the PHA's developments or portions of developments been identified by HUD or the PHA as covered under section 202 of the HUD FY 1996 HUD Appropriations Act? (If "No", skip to component 11; if "yes", complete one activity description for each identified development, unless eligible to complete a streamlined submission. PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 11.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? If "yes", skip to component 11. If "No", complete the Activity Description table below.

Conversion of Public Housing Activity Description
1a. Development name: 1b. Development (project) number:
2. What is the status of the required assessment? <input type="checkbox"/> Assessment underway <input type="checkbox"/> Assessment results submitted to HUD <input type="checkbox"/> Assessment results approved by HUD (if marked, proceed to next question) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain below)
3. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No: Is a Conversion Plan required? (If yes, go to block 4; if no, go to block 5.)
4. Status of Conversion Plan (select the statement that best describes the current status) <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion Plan in development <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion Plan submitted to HUD on: (DD/MM/YYYY) <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion Plan approved by HUD on: (DD/MM/YYYY) <input type="checkbox"/> Activities pursuant to HUD-approved Conversion Plan underway
5. Description of how requirements of Section 202 are being satisfied by means other than conversion (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Units addressed in a pending or approved demolition application (date submitted or approved: <input type="checkbox"/> Units addressed in a pending or approved HOPE VI demolition application (date submitted or approved:)

<input type="checkbox"/> Units addressed in a pending or approved HOPE VI Revitalization Plan (date submitted or approved:)
<input type="checkbox"/> Requirements no longer applicable: vacancy rates are less than 10 percent
<input type="checkbox"/> Requirements no longer applicable: site now has less than 300 units
<input type="checkbox"/> Other: (describe below)

B. Reserved for Conversions pursuant to Section 22 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

C. Reserved for Conversions pursuant to Section 33 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

11. Homeownership Programs Administered by the PHA

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (k)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions from Component 11A: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete 11A.

1. Yes No: Does the PHA administer any homeownership programs administered by the PHA under an approved section 5(h) homeownership program (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h)), or an approved HOPE I program (42 U.S.C. 1437aaa) or has the PHA applied or plan to apply to administer any homeownership programs under section 5(h), the HOPE I program, or section 32 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437z-4). (If “No”, skip to component 11B; if “yes”, complete one activity description for each applicable program/plan, unless eligible to complete a streamlined submission due to **small PHA** or **high performing PHA** status. PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 11B.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? (If “yes”, skip to component 12. If “No”, complete the Activity Description table below.)

Public Housing Homeownership Activity Description (Complete one for each development affected)
1a. Development name:
1b. Development (project) number:
2. Federal Program authority:

<input type="checkbox"/> HOPE I <input type="checkbox"/> 5(h) <input type="checkbox"/> Turnkey III <input type="checkbox"/> Section 32 of the USHA of 1937 (effective 10/1/99)
3. Application status: (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Approved; included in the PHA's Homeownership Plan/Program <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application
4. Date Homeownership Plan/Program approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (DD/MM/YYYY)
5. Number of units affected: 6. Coverage of action: (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input type="checkbox"/> Total development

B. Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to administer a Section 8 Homeownership program pursuant to Section 8(y) of the U.S.H.A. of 1937, as implemented by 24 CFR parts 982? (If "No", skip to component 12; if "yes", describe each program using the table below (copy and complete questions for each program identified), unless the PHA is eligible to complete a streamlined submission due to high performer status. **High performing PHAs** may skip to component 12.)

2. Program Description:

a. Size of Program

- Yes No: Will the PHA limit the number of families participating in the section 8 homeownership option?

If the answer to the question above was yes, which statement best describes the number of participants? (select one)

- 25 or fewer participants
 26 - 50 participants
 51 to 100 participants
 more than 100 participants

b. PHA-established eligibility criteria

- Yes No: Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participation in its Section 8 Homeownership Option program in addition to HUD criteria?

If yes, list criteria below:

12. PHA Community Service and Self-sufficiency Programs

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (1)]

Exemptions from Component 12: High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this component. Section 8-Only PHAs are not required to complete sub-component C.

A. PHA Coordination with the Welfare (TANF) Agency

1. Cooperative agreements:

- Yes No: Has the PHA has entered into a cooperative agreement with the TANF Agency, to share information and/or target supportive services (as contemplated by section 12(d)(7) of the Housing Act of 1937)?

If yes, what was the date that agreement was signed? DD/MM/YY

2. Other coordination efforts between the PHA and TANF agency (select all that apply)

- Client referrals
- Information sharing regarding mutual clients (for rent determinations and otherwise)
- Coordinate the provision of specific social and self-sufficiency services and programs to eligible families
- Jointly administer programs
- Partner to administer a HUD Welfare-to-Work voucher program
- Joint administration of other demonstration program
- Other (describe)

B. Services and programs offered to residents and participants

(1) General

a. Self-Sufficiency Policies

Which, if any of the following discretionary policies will the PHA employ to enhance the economic and social self-sufficiency of assisted families in the following areas? (select all that apply)

- Public housing rent determination policies
- Public housing admissions policies
- Section 8 admissions policies
- Preference in admission to section 8 for certain public housing families
- Preferences for families working or engaging in training or education programs for non-housing programs operated or coordinated by the PHA
- Preference/eligibility for public housing homeownership option participation
- Preference/eligibility for section 8 homeownership option participation
- Other policies (list below)

b. Economic and Social self-sufficiency programs

(DOES NOT APPLY)

1. The PHA is complying with the statutory requirements of section 12(d) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (relating to the treatment of income changes resulting from welfare program requirements) by: (select all that apply)

- Adopting appropriate changes to the PHA's public housing rent determination policies and train staff to carry out those policies
- Informing residents of new policy on admission and reexamination
- Actively notifying residents of new policy at times in addition to admission and reexamination.
- Establishing or pursuing a cooperative agreement with all appropriate TANF agencies regarding the exchange of information and coordination of services
- Establishing a protocol for exchange of information with all appropriate TANF agencies
- Other: (list below)

D. Reserved for Community Service Requirement pursuant to section 12(c) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

13. PHA Safety and Crime Prevention Measures

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (m)]

Exemptions from Component 13: High performing and small PHAs not participating in PHDEP and Section 8 Only PHAs may skip to component 15. High Performing and small PHAs that are participating in PHDEP and are submitting a PHDEP Plan with this PHA Plan may skip to sub-component D.

A. Need for measures to ensure the safety of public housing residents

1. Describe the need for measures to ensure the safety of public housing residents (select all that apply)

- High incidence of violent and/or drug-related crime in some or all of the PHA's developments
- High incidence of violent and/or drug-related crime in the areas surrounding or adjacent to the PHA's developments
- Residents fearful for their safety and/or the safety of their children
- Observed lower-level crime, vandalism and/or graffiti
- People on waiting list unwilling to move into one or more developments due to perceived and/or actual levels of violent and/or drug-related crime
- Other (describe below)

2. What information or data did the PHA used to determine the need for PHA actions to improve safety of residents (select all that apply).

- Safety and security survey of residents
- Analysis of crime statistics over time for crimes committed "in and around" public housing authority
- Analysis of cost trends over time for repair of vandalism and removal of graffiti

- Resident reports
- PHA employee reports
- Police reports
- Demonstrable, quantifiable success with previous or ongoing anticrime/anti drug programs
- Other (describe below)

3. Which developments are most affected? (list below)

B. Crime and Drug Prevention activities the PHA has undertaken or plans to undertake in the next PHA fiscal year

1. List the crime prevention activities the PHA has undertaken or plans to undertake: (select all that apply)

- Contracting with outside and/or resident organizations for the provision of crime- and/or drug-prevention activities
- Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
- Activities targeted to at-risk youth, adults, or seniors
- Volunteer Resident Patrol/Block Watchers Program
- Other (describe below)

2. Which developments are most affected? (list below)

C. Coordination between PHA and the police

1. Describe the coordination between the PHA and the appropriate police precincts for carrying out crime prevention measures and activities: (select all that apply)

- Police involvement in development, implementation, and/or ongoing evaluation of drug-elimination plan
- Police provide crime data to housing authority staff for analysis and action
- Police have established a physical presence on housing authority property (e.g., community policing office, officer in residence)
- Police regularly testify in and otherwise support eviction cases
- Police regularly meet with the PHA management and residents
- Agreement between PHA and local law enforcement agency for provision of above-baseline law enforcement services
- Other activities (list below)

2. Which developments are most affected? (list below)

D. Additional information as required by PHDEP/PHDEP Plan

PHAs eligible for FY 2005 PHDEP funds must provide a PHDEP Plan meeting specified requirements prior to receipt of PHDEP funds.

- Yes No: Is the PHA eligible to participate in the PHDEP in the fiscal year covered by this PHA Plan?
- Yes No: Has the PHA included the PHDEP Plan for FY 2005 in this PHA Plan?
- Yes No: This PHDEP Plan is an Attachment. (Attachment Filename: ____)

14. RESERVED FOR PET POLICY

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (n)]

15. Civil Rights Certifications

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (o)]

Civil rights certifications are included in the PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations.

16. Fiscal Audit

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (p)]

1. Yes No: Is the PHA required to have an audit conducted under section 5(h)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h))?
(If no, skip to component 17.)
2. Yes No: Was the most recent fiscal audit submitted to HUD?
3. Yes No: Were there any findings as the result of that audit?
4. Yes No: If there were any findings, do any remain unresolved?
If yes, how many unresolved findings remain? _____
5. Yes No: Have responses to any unresolved findings been submitted to HUD?
DOES NOT APPLY
If not, when are they due (state below)?

17. PHA Asset Management

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (q)]

Exemptions from component 17: Section 8 Only PHAs are not required to complete this component. High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this component.

1. Yes No: Is the PHA engaging in any activities that will contribute to the long-term asset management of its public housing stock, including how the Agency will plan for long-term operating, capital investment, rehabilitation, modernization, disposition, and other needs that have **not** been addressed elsewhere in this PHA Plan?
2. What types of asset management activities will the PHA undertake? (select all that apply)

- Not applicable
- Private management
- Development-based accounting
- Comprehensive stock assessment
- Other: (list below)

3. Yes No: Has the PHA included descriptions of asset management activities in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table?

18. Other Information

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (r)]

A. Resident Advisory Board Recommendations

1. Yes No: Did the PHA receive any comments on the PHA Plan from the Resident Advisory Board/s?
2. If yes, the comments are: (if comments were received, the PHA **MUST** select one)
 - Attached at Attachment (**attachment D**) Residents Advisory Board Comments
 - Provided below:
3. In what manner did the PHA address those comments? (select all that apply)
 - Considered comments, but determined that no changes to the PHA Plan were necessary.
 - The PHA changed portions of the PHA Plan in response to comments
List changes below:
 - Other: (list below)

B. Description of Election process for Residents on the PHA Board

1. Yes No: Does the PHA meet the exemption criteria provided section 2(b)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937? (If no, continue to question 2; if yes, skip to sub-component C.)
2. Yes No: Was the resident who serves on the PHA Board elected by the residents? (If yes, continue to question 3; if no, skip to sub-component C.) *See attachment Band C*
3. Description of Resident Election Process
 - a. Nomination of candidates for place on the ballot: (select all that apply)
 - Candidates were nominated by resident and assisted family organizations
 - Candidates could be nominated by any adult recipient of PHA assistance

- Self-nomination: Candidates registered with the PHA and requested a place on ballot
- Other: (describe)
Candidates could be nominated by any member of the PHA staff.

b. Eligible candidates: (select one)

- Any recipient of PHA assistance
- Any head of household receiving PHA assistance
- Any adult recipient of PHA assistance
- Any adult member of a resident or assisted family organization
- Other (list)

c. Eligible voters: (select all that apply)

- All adult recipients of PHA assistance (public housing and section 8 tenant-based assistance)
- Representatives of all PHA resident and assisted family organizations
- Other (list)

C. Statement of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

For each applicable Consolidated Plan, make the following statement (copy questions as many times as necessary).

1. Consolidated Plan jurisdiction: (Puerto Rico)

Puerto Rico Consolidate Plan. There have been no changes since the last Annual Plan.

2. The PHA has taken the following steps to ensure consistency of this PHA Plan with the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction: (select all that apply)

- The PHA has based its statement of needs of families in the jurisdiction on the needs expressed in the Consolidated Plan/s.
- The PHA has participated in any consultation process organized and offered by the Consolidated Plan agency in the development of the Consolidated Plan.
- The PHA has consulted with the Consolidated Plan agency during the development of this PHA Plan.
- Activities to be undertaken by the PHA in the coming year are consistent with the initiatives contained in the Consolidated Plan. (list below)

Apply for additional Federal Funds

Make alliances with public and private organizations to provide supportive and educational services to tenants

- Other: (list below)

2. PHA Request for support from the Consolidated Plan Agency

Yes No: Does the PHA request financial or other support from the State or local government agency in order to meet the needs of its public housing residents or inventory? If yes, please list the 5 most important requests below:

D. Other Information Required by HUD

Use this section to provide any additional information requested by HUD.

The PHA plan proposes minor changes to the Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan establishing a policy to secure and include staff utilization of Upfront Income Verification (UIV) information gathered to verify the household income of program participants. This is a key strategy in reducing income and rent error attributable to unreported income and to increase accuracy and efficiency in determining family eligibility and computing rent calculations.

Attachments

PHA Plan Table Library:

Does Not Apply

1. Component 7: Capital Fund Program Annual Statement Parts I, II, and III
2. Optional Public Housing Asset Management Table

Additional Attachments

- Attachment A: Organizational Chart
- Required Attachment B: Resident Member on the PHA Governing Board
- Required Attachment C: Membership of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards
- Required Attachment D: Comments of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards & Explanation of PHA Response
- Required Attachment E: Documents and Certifications supporting the PHA Plan
 - List of Persons assisting the meeting to designate the Participant Board and to revised the draft for Public Hearing and Review
 - List of Persons assisting the Public Hearing
 - Form HUD-50075(Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan)
 - Form HUD-50077 PHA Certification of Compliance with PHA Plans and Related Regulations
 - Standard Form-LLL
- Required Attachment F: Brief Statement of Progress in Meeting the Five Year Plan Mission and Goals
- Newspaper Ad promoting and announcing the Hearing Process
- Administrative Plan 2008

REQUIRED ATTACHMENT B: Resident Member on the PHA Governing Board

Yes No: Does the PHA governing board include at least one member who is directly assisted by the PHA this year? (if no skip to #2)

A. Name of resident member(s) on the governing board:

1. Marisol Dávila
2. Lady E. Díaz
3. Olga Molina
4. Ruth Falcón
5. Dominga Calderón

A. How was the resident board member selected: (select one)?

Elected

Appointed

ALL THE HEAD OF THE PARTICIPANTS' FAMILIES, THAT ARE MODEL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SECTION 8 PROGRAM WERE INVITED TO BECOME PART OF THE PARTICIPANTS' BOARD IN A MEETING CELEBRATED IN THE PHA LOCAL OFFICE. THOSE WHO ACCEPTED ARE DESIGNATED MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

C. The term of appointment is (include the date term expires): *TWELVE MONTHS BEGINNING JANUARY 2008 AND ENDING DECEMBER 2008.*

2. A. If the PHA governing board does not have at least one member

who is directly assisted by the PHA, why not? **DOES NOT APPLY**

- the PHA is located in a State that requires the members of a governing board to be salaried and serve on a full time basis
- the PHA has less than 300 public housing units, has provided reasonable notice to the resident advisory board of the opportunity to serve on the governing board, and has not been notified by any resident of their interest to participate in the Board.
- Other (explain):

B. Date of next term expiration of a governing board member: *December 2008*

C. Name and title of appointing official(s) for governing board (indicate appointing official for the next position):

GOVERNING BOARD IS FOR PUBLIC HOUSING. IN TENANT-BASED THE OFFICIAL IN CHARGED IS THE SECTION 8 DIRECTOR OR COORDINATOR. IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF JUNCOS, MRS. DEBORAH DIAZ IS THE SECTION 8 DIRECTOR.

REQUIRED ATTACHMENT C: Membership of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards

List members of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards: (If the list would be unreasonably long, list organizations represented or otherwise provide a description sufficient to identify how members are chosen.)

1. Marisol Dávila
2. Lady E. Díaz
3. Olga Molina
4. Ruth Falcón
5. Dominga Calderón

INTRODUCTION

i. PURPOSE OF THE PLAN [24 CFR 982.54]

The purpose of this Administrative Plan (Plan) is to establish policies for carrying out the programs in a manner consistent with HUD requirements, and in a manner consistent with local goals and objectives outlined in the agency plan. All pre-merger regular tenancy contracts, Housing Voucher contracts, and over fair market rent tenancy contracts have been transitioned to the Housing Choice Voucher Program as of October 1, 2001.

The Municipality of Juncos (hereinafter referred to as the PHA) is responsible for complying with all changes in HUD regulations pertaining to the HUD programs it administers. If such changes conflict with this Plan, HUD regulations will have precedence. The PHA Board of Commissioners must approve the original Plan, and any changes. The pertinent sections must be included in the agency plan with a copy provided to HUD.

Applicable regulations include:

- 24 CFR Part 5: General Program Requirements
- 24 CFR Part 8: Nondiscrimination
- 24 CFR Part 982: Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance: Housing Choice Voucher Program
- 24 CFR 984: Self Sufficiency Program
- 24 CFR 985: Management Assessment Program

The PHA plan proposed minor changes to the Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan establishing a policy to secure and include staff utilization of Upfront Income Verification (UIV) information gathered to verify the household income of program participants. This is a key strategy in reducing income and rent error attributable to unreported income and to increase accuracy and efficiency in determining family eligibility and computing rent calculations.

Local rules incorporated in this Plan are intended to promote local housing objectives consistent with the intent of federal housing legislation.

ii. RULES AND REGULATIONS [24 CFR 982.52]

This Plan defines the PHA's local policies for operation of the housing programs in the context of federal laws and regulations. All Section 8 issues not addressed in this document are governed by federal regulations, HUD memos, notices, guidelines, or other applicable law. The policies in this Plan have been designed to ensure compliance with the consolidated annual contributions contract (ACC) and all HUD-approved applications for program funding.

I. SELECTION AND ADMISSION PROCEDURES

The Housing Authority has developed detailed procedures for the administration of Section 8 Existing Housing Certificate and Voucher Programs. These procedures provide the framework for directing, managing, supervising and monitoring program activities. They include local procedures and policies for the treatment of applicants and participants as follow:

1. Outreach to Families

The overall objective of this activity is to assure that program availability is adequately publicized in order to reach eligible families and owners of rental housing units. Affirmative marketing efforts are a key component, since certain groups are difficult to reach by conventional means, in order to ensure that all eligible candidates have an opportunity to participate in the program.

Each time the Section 8 Office enters into Annual Contributions Contract for new units, it makes known to the public- via publication in the Section 8 Bulletin Board and/or other suitable means- the availability and nature of housing assistance for very low income families. This notice contains the following information:

- When families may apply for the program. (Including datelines, when applicable.)
- A brief description of the Section 8 Program, including the possibility of families receiving assistance for the units which they are currently occupying
- It states that occupants and applicants of public and/or other housing may apply for the Section 8 Housing Programs if they wish to participate.
- Special outreach for handicapped families.

The following steps are undertaken annually to assure a successful outreach program for attracting families (if necessary):

- Identify resources available for performing outreach functions, including staff, community service and housing counseling agencies, churches, employers, unions, etc.
- Review methods for taking applications in order to ensure that adequate provisions are made for hardship cases, and review desirability of pooling application resources with other HA services, in order to provide information on a wider range of housing opportunities.
- Plan to implement outreach, aimed at the families least likely to apply, in advance of the date on which formal application-taking procedures are given.

-Alternative means of delivering the outreach message are analyzed, including those listed below:

- a.) Newspaper announcements in widely circulated newspapers and/or other suitable means.
- b.) The "Word of Mouth" approach by currently assisted and/or applicant families, encouraging them to inform their friends, relatives and neighbors about the program.
- c.) Supportive outreach assistance provide by other organizations.

2. Applying for Admission

The application process will involve two phases. The first is the "initial" application for assistance referred to as a pre-application. This first phase results in the family's placement on the waiting list. The second phase is the "final determination of eligibility" referred to as the full application. The full application takes place when the family reaches the top of the waiting list. At this time, the PHA verifies all HUD and PHA eligibility factors in order to determine the family's eligibility for the issuance of a voucher.

All persons who wish to apply for any of the Housing Choice Voucher Program's (Section 8) programs must submit pre-applications. Applications will be made accessible upon request from a person with a handicap.

To provide specific reasonable accommodation to persons with handicaps/disabilities, upon request, the information may be mailed to the applicant, mailed to the applicant's contact person, completed by a designee, or any other specified reasonable accommodation.

The full application is completed in the applicant's own handwriting, unless the applicant is a handicapped/disabled person who requests assistance or other accommodation. Applicants may be interviewed by the PHA staff to review the information on the full application form.

Verification of handicap/disability as it relates to 504, Fair Housing, or ADA reasonable accommodation may be requested at that time, or mailed to the applicant. All applicants are advised that reasonable accommodations are available.

To be eligible for admission, an applicant must be a "family" ("Family" may be a single person or a group of persons), must be income eligible, must be a citizen or a non-citizen who has eligible immigration status in accordance with 24 CFR part 5 and 982.201, must meet the additional criteria established below, including provisions on Social Security Numbers. (See section IV: Occupancy

policies, below, or applicable regulation).

Even if applicant is eligible because of family status, citizenship and income, the PHA is not required to assist such applicant for the grounds stated below. (See sections II, IV, X, XV and XXI; "Denial of Assistance", below, or applicable regulation).

Limits on Who May Apply

When the waiting list is open:

Any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Section 8 rental assistance will be given the opportunity to complete an application.

When the application is submitted to the PHA:

It establishes the family's date and time of application, and preferences for placement order on the waiting list.

The PHA will collect the following information necessary for proper selection from the waiting list:

- Applicant name
- Family unit size (number of bedrooms family qualifies for under PHA subsidy standards)
- Date and time of application
- Qualification for any local preference
- Gross annual income
- Disabled household
- Other targeted program qualifications

Briefing to Families Willing to Participate in the Program

Any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Section 8 rental assistance will be given the following information:

- Applying process
- Requirements to qualify (income limits)
- Preferences
- Verification procedures (terms, requirements)
- Terms and process for leasing
- Applicant responsibilities (inform changes, respond on specified datelines and time frames, etc.)

- Any other information deem necessary.

3. Waiting List

The PHA's initial determination of eligibility for placement on the waiting list will be made in accordance with the information provided by the applicant, which will not be verified until the applicant is selected for issuance of a certificate or voucher. That is, verification on eligibility requirements will be verified prior to the family being offered Section 8.

Families who have completed applications (after all required documents have been received, evaluated and accepted by the HA), and are in the application pool are considered according to the date and time of the application.

Family: (24 CFR, 812.2) a single or a group of persons living together, subject to the provisions and eligibility criteria established under the program [Family Composition 982.201 (c)].

Admission Preferences

Except for Special Admissions, participants must be selected from the PHA Waiting List. Eligible applicants are entitled to be placed on the Section 8 Waiting List and receive preference in selection for Vouchers if they meet certain Preferences. The PHA manages and applied preferences as stated on its most recent 5 year/ Annual Plan and as established on 24 CFR 982.207.

For those years where there have been no admission preferences, the applicants must be selected based on the date and time they applied. This also applies, when admission preferences are employed and there are two or more applicants with equal preferences status.

The Municipality of Juncos applies the Federal Preferences in a manner consistent with the provisions of Section 882.219, the non-discrimination requirements as established in Section 882.111, and Section 984.104 (c) of the FSS Program.

Once there is availability for vouchers, the PHA publishes the information and notified those persons on the waiting list. Those in the waiting list are notified by mail and if available, by making phone calls.

Implementation of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) PIH Notice 2006-23

In order to comply with the VAWA legislation, our housing agency is establishing administrative procedures that prevent the eviction or termination of assistance from our Section 8 programs of victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, if the asserted grounds for such actions are instances of abuse perpetrated against them or their immediate families.

Our Section 8 participants who claim having been or being victimized-according to the VAWA provisions-will be requested to present evidence of undergoing legal actions against their victimizers and/or reports by the State Family Department that support their allegations of abuse.

After verifying the validity of the participants' claims, we will put into effect reasonable accommodation provisions to ensure protection of the family's rights to assistance, including:

- (1) the exclusion from the Program of the victimizer (if he/she were a participant),
- (2) authorizing relocation of the family as a preventive measure (if they so desire),
- (3) documenting in file those instances of violence that arise from the abuser's actions, as a way to protect the remaining family members from being evicted on account of the disturbances created within the community by the aggressor/stalker,
- (4) other pertinent administrative actions that might arise from particular situations.

Applicants who are disqualified will be notified via an official letter and may ask for a revision using the process of the informal hearing.

Procedures for Removing Applicant Names from the Waiting List

The applicants are remove from the waiting list when one of the followings happens:

1. there is no answer to the mailing notification,
2. with the evidence submitted, the family does not qualified for the assistance,
3. the family notifies (in writing) that they are no willing to participate on the Program, due to a change in their status; or
4. for the grounds stated in parts II, IV, X, XVI and XXI of this Plan, or applicable regulation.
5. if the written invitation is returned by the post office and marked "undeliverable" or "no such address".

The above also applies when the family is notified the issuance of the voucher.

Removal from Waiting List and Purging [24 CFR 982.204(c)]

The waiting list will be purged annually to ensure that it is current and accurate. In order to purge the waiting list, a notice will be mailed asking applicants for confirmation of continued interest.

All notices requiring a response will state that failure to respond within thirty (30) days will result in the applicant's name being inactivated on the waiting list.

If the applicant provides information that s/he did not respond to the notice because of a family member's handicap/disability, the PHA will reinstate the applicant at the original date and time of application.

Procedures for Closing and Reopening the PHA Waiting List

If there is insufficient funding to admit all eligible applicants to participate in the Section 8 Program, this PHA will suspend at any time, the acceptance or processing of new applications, or the addition of new listings to the waiting list.

When the number of applicants on the waiting list is such that new applicants would have to wait for more than one year for a certificate and/or a voucher, the PHA will suspend the taking of applications. This will avoid both unnecessary application processing costs and false hopes to applicant families that assistance would be available to them in the near future. Suspension of application-taking will be publicly announced in the same manner as the public notices for program availability, and once resumed, public notices will be made.

While the waiting list is open, the PHA will accept applications from eligible families, unless there is good cause for not accepting the application, such as denial of assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family for the grounds stated in the "Denial or Termination of Assistance" chapter of this Administrative Plan. [24 CFR 982.206(b)(2)].

Closing the Waiting List

The PHA may stop accepting applications, if the waiting list contains enough applicants to fill anticipated openings for the next 24 months. The waiting list will not be closed if it has a discriminatory effect inconsistent with applicable civil rights laws.

The waiting list open period shall be long enough to achieve a waiting list adequate to cover projected turnover and new allocations over the next 24 months. The PHA will give at least 30 days notice prior to closing the list. When the period for accepting applications is over, the PHA will add the new applicants to the list by: accepting telephone applications, accepting written applications, or accepting walk-in applications.

Comment [r1]: Verificar esto en la guía ¿de donde salió?

"Initial" Application Procedures [24 CFR 982.204(b)]

The PHA will utilize a preliminary application form. The information is to be filled out by the

applicant. The application may be taken by telephone, mailed to the applicant, or taken from an applicant who visits the office. All possible reasonable accommodation will be provided to the handicapped/disabled, upon request.

The purpose of the pre-application is to permit the PHA to preliminarily assess family eligibility or ineligibility, and to determine placement on the waiting list. The pre-application will contain at least the following information:

- Applicant Name
- Family Unit Size (number of bedrooms the family qualifies for under PHA subsidy standards)
- Date and time of application
- Qualification for any local preference
- Racial or ethnic designation of head of household
- Gross annual income
- Handicapped/disabled family members
- Other information, as needed to determine eligibility

Ineligible families will not be placed on the waiting list.

Pre-applications will not require an interview. The information on the application will not be verified until the applicant has been selected for final eligibility determination. Final eligibility will be determined when the full application process is completed and all information is verified.

Applicant Status While on Waiting List [CFR 982.204]

Applicants are required to inform the PHA of changes in address. Applicants are also required to respond to requests from the PHA to update information on their application, or to determine their continued interest in assistance.

If, after a review of the pre-application, the family is determined to be eligible, the family will be notified in writing, or may be notified by telephone, or in another manner, upon request, as a reasonable accommodation.

No answer to update the information on the pre-qualification, on reasonable time basis, will be considered as if the family is no interest to participate in the Program.

II. ISSUING OR DENYING VOUCHERS

Once the family's eligibility has been determined, the family is notified by mail of the determination taken and of the steps to follow.

The PHA will issue a voucher to the family after the family has been briefed on program requirements.

The voucher specifies the unit size for which the family qualifies. This unit size may also be used to determine the amount of assistance the PHA will pay to the owner on behalf of the family. The voucher includes both the date of voucher issuance and date of expiration. It contains a brief description of how the program works and explains the family obligations under the program.

Time of Selection [24 CFR 982.204]

When funding is available, families will be selected from the waiting list in their determined sequence, regardless of family size, and subject to income targeting requirements. When there is insufficient funding for the family at the top of the list, the PHA will not admit any other applicant until funding is available for the first applicant.

Based on the PHA's turnover and the availability of funding, groups of families may be selected from the waiting list to form a final eligibility "pool." Selection from the eligibility pool will be based on the completion of verification of eligibility.

Ineligible families will be offered an informal review (see section XII on this Plan) on the determination of ineligibility no later than thirty (30) days after the date their application was submitted.

Determination of Eligibility

Complete Full Application

After a family is selected from the waiting list, applicants will be required to:

Complete a full application in his or her own handwriting, unless a handicapped/disabled person requests assistance, as reasonable accommodation. The PHA staff may interview the applicant to clarify and review the information on the full application.

The applicant must complete the full application, and provide all requested documentation and information. Which could include:

- * original birth certificate of all members of the family unit
- * photocopies of the social security cards of all family members, plus the original cards for visual inspection and number verification
- * certification of negative penal record for all members 18 or older

(1) Sex related Criminal Activity (24 CFR 982.553)

Anyone convicted of any type of sexual offense that requires a lifetime registration as sexual offender under state law shall not be admitted.

- * Certification of school attendance for all members under 18 years of age, and/or evidence of full-time enrollment for those attending a college or university
- * Evidence of current income
- * A photograph of the family unit
- * CRIM certification for all member under 18 years of age
- * ASUME certification for all member under 18 years of age
- * Additional documentation may be required by the PHA to determine eligibility and/or family income

Requirement to Attend Interview

The PHA may require a full application interview attended by all adult family members. The purpose of the interview is to discuss the family's circumstances in greater detail, to clarify information that has been provided by the family, and to ensure that the information is true and complete.

The head of the family must sign all appropriate areas of the housing application. It is the applicant's responsibility to reschedule the interview if s/he misses the appointment. If the applicant does not reschedule or misses two scheduled meetings, the PHA may reject the application. The interview may be held in the office, by telephone, or at the applicant's home, upon request by a handicapped/disabled family, as a reasonable accommodation.

Applicants who fail to appear and want to reschedule a missed appointment must make the request to reschedule no later than seven days from the original appointment date. The request must be made to the staff person who scheduled the appointment.

Reasonable accommodation, such as accessible offices, inclusion of an advocate, or a home visit, will be provided to a handicapped/disabled family, upon request. The handicapped/disabled family's designee will be allowed to participate in the interview process at the family's request.

If an application is denied due to a failure to attend the full application interview, the applicant will be notified in writing and offered an opportunity to request an informal review. (See "Complaints and Appeals" section.)

All adult members must sign the HUD Form 9886, Release of Information, the application form, all PHA-required supplemental, the declarations and consents related to citizenship/immigration status, a consent form to release criminal conviction records and to allow PHA to receive and use records in accordance with HUD regulations, as well as, any other documents required by the PHA. Applicants

may be required to sign additional release of information forms for information, not covered by the HUD form 9887.

Failure to complete required forms, or provide requested information, will be cause for denial of the application for failure to provide necessary certifications, releases, and documents, as required by HUD or the PHA.

If the PHA will request additional documents or information in writing, if it determines at or after the interview, that they are needed. The family will be given 15 days to supply the information. If the requested information is not supplied by the due date, the PHA will provide the family a notification of denial for assistance. (See "Complaints and Appeals" section XII of this Plan.)

Briefing of Families

When the family receives a voucher, the following items will be fully explained:

- Family and owner responsibilities under the lease and HAP contracts.
- How to find a suitable unit.
- Housing Quality Standards.
- Procedures for both the family and owner regarding dwelling unit inspections.
- Fair Housing Equal Opportunity and Grievance Procedures.

A Voucher Holders Packet will be given to the family containing the following:

- Request for lease approval
- Required lease provisions
- Lead-based paint notices and certificate
- Fair housing information
- Schedule of utility allowances
- Informal hearing procedures
- Information on the total tenant payment (tenant rent)

-Portability eligibility (24 CFR 982.354 & 982.355)

Verification

The Municipality of Juncos Section 8 Program will verify information related to waiting list preferences, eligibility, admission and level of benefits prior to admission. Periodically during occupancy, items related to eligibility and rent determination shall also be reviewed and verified. Income, assets, and expenses will be verified, as well as disability status, need for a live-in aide and other reasonable accommodations, full-time student status of family members 18 years of age and older, Social Security Numbers, citizenship/eligible noncitizen status. Age and relationship will only be verified in those instances where needed to make a determination of level of assistance.

ACCEPTABLE METHODS OF VERIFICATION

Age, relationship, U.S. citizenship, and Social Security Numbers will generally be verified with documentation provided by the family. For citizenship, the family's certification will be accepted. (Or for citizenship documentation such as listed below will be required.) Verification of these items will include photocopies of the Social Security cards and other documents presented by the family, the INS SAVE approval code, and forms signed by the family.

The participant's file must be documented with the required family documents which are: social security cards photocopies and original certificate of birth of each member of the family, evidence of the income, study evidence form, utilities bills, permanent medical expenses (if applicable), CRIM certification and certificate of negative penal record, certification in which the household inform name, age, relationship, family group, status, income and source of the income. Also, the file should have evidence of annual revision of the utilities (Utilities Schedule Form) and the Third Party Verification form. The owner should provide CRIM Certification that shows no debts, ASUME Certification, Department of Treasure Certification that shows no debts and the annual evidence of the income tax, Municipal Patent in cases that the annual rent is higher than \$5,000.00, certificate of no penal record and legal evidence of the ownership of the residence (deeds to the house). Owner documents must be included in the participants file.

Other information will be verified by third party verification. This type of verification includes written documentation (with forms sent directly to and received directly from a source, not passed through the hands of the family). This verification may also be direct contact with the source, in person or by telephone. It may also be a report generated by a request from the Municipality of Juncos Section 8 Program or automatically by another government agency, i.e., the Social Security Administration. Verification forms and reports received will be contained in the applicant/tenant file. Oral third party documentation will include the same information as if the documentation had been written, i.e., name date of contact, amount received, etc.

Example of the documentation that the Municipality of Juncos will request, among others (see Table: Verification Requirements for Individual Items), is a certification from the CRIM (Center for Municipal Income and Tax Collection) to be considered for negative ownership for real estate properties to the tenant declaration for asset verification and, a certification from the Department of Labor and Human Resources to be considered for job verification.

When third party verification cannot be obtained, the Municipality of Juncos Section 8 Program will accept documentation received from the applicant/participant. Hand-carried documentation will be accepted if the Municipality of Juncos Section 8 Program has been unable to obtain third party verification in a four week period of time. Photocopies of the documents provided by the family will be maintained in the file.

When neither third party verification nor hand-carried verification can be obtained, the Municipality of Juncos Section 8 Program will accept a notarized statement signed by the head, spouse or co-head. Such documents will be maintained in the file.

The PHA Plan proposes minor changes to the Housing Choice Voucher Program Administrative Plan establishing a policy to secure and include staff utilization of up front income verification (UIV) information gathered to verified the household income of program participants. This is a key strategy in reducing income and rent errors attributable to unreported income and to increase accuracy and efficiency in determining family eligibility and computing rent calculations.

TYPES OF VERIFICATION

The chart below outlines the factors that may be verified and gives common examples of the verification that will be sought. To obtain written third party verification, the Municipality of Juncos Section 8 Program will send a request form to the source along with a release form signed by the applicant/participant via first class mail.

Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Item to Be Verified	3 rd party verification	Hard-carried verification
General Eligibility Items		
Social Security Number	Letter from Social Security, electronic reports	Social Security card
Citizenship	N/A	Signed certification, voter's registration card, birth

Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Item to Be Verified	3 rd party verification	Hard-carried verification
		certificate, etc.
Eligible immigration status	INS SAVE confirmation #	INS card
Disability	Letter from medical professional, SSI, etc.	Proof of SSI or Social Security disability payments
Full time student status (if >18)	Letter from school	For high school students, any document evidencing enrollment
Need for a live-in aide	Letter from doctor or other professional knowledgeable of condition	N/A
Child care costs	Letter from care provider	Bills and receipts
Disability assistance expenses	Letters from suppliers, care givers, etc.	Bills and records of payments
Medical expenses	Letters from providers, prescription record from pharmacy, medical professional's letter stating assistance or a companion animal is needed	Bills, receipts, records of payment, dates of trips, mileage log, receipts for fares and tolls
Value of and Income from Assets		
Savings, checking accounts	Letter from institution	Passbook, most current statements
CDs, bonds, etc	Letter from institution	Tax return, information brochure from institution, the CD, the bond
Stocks	Letter from broker or holding company	Stock or most current statement, price in newspaper or through Internet
Real property	Letter from tax office,	Property tax statement (for

Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Item to Be Verified	3 rd party verification	Hard-carried verification
	assessment, etc.	current value), assessment, records or income and expenses, tax return
Personal property	Assessment, bluebook, etc	Receipt fo purchase, other evidence of worth
Cash value of life insurance policies	Letter from insurance company	Current statement
Assets disposed of for less than fair market value	N/A	Original receipt and receipt at disposition, other evidence of worth
Income		
Earned income	Letter from employer	Multiple pay stubs
Self-employed	N/A	Tax return from prior year, books of accounts
Regular gifts and contributions	Letter from source, letter from organization receiving gift (i.e., if grandmother pays day care provider, the day care provider could so state)	Bank deposits, other similar evidence
Alimony/child support	Court order, letter from source, letter from Human Services	Record of deposits, divorce decree
Periodic payments (i.e., social security, welfare pensions, workers' comp, unemployment)	Letter or electronic reports from the source	Award letter, letter announcing change in amount of future payments
Training program participation	Letter from program provider indicating - whether enrolled	N/A

Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Item to Be Verified	3 rd party verification	Hard-carried verification
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - whether training is HUD-funded - whether State or local program - whether it is employment training - whether payments are for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in order to participate in a program 	

Denial and Termination of Assistance

The PHA policies on denial and termination of assistance will be determine as establishes on this Administrative Plan and as establishes in the 24 CFR Subpart L Sections 982.551 to 982.553 and in accordance with dispositions on the 24 CFR 5.105.

Policy Governing the Voucher Term and Any Extensions of the Voucher Term.

The voucher issued to the family will be determined by the size of the family.

The length of extension for a voucher, beyond the initial 60 days term, must be established based on a good cause accepted by the PHA, such as decrease in housing availability and/or decrease in housing that are in accordance with HQS requirements or family needs; sickness or unexpectedly incident, out of participant control, that impede the search in the initial term. Two (2) thirty (30) day extensions will be granted by the PHA if warranted.

After the request for lease approval is submitted, the PHA will extend the voucher for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days based on a good cause. In case a voucher expires, the family may reapply and be added to the waiting list in order of priority.

The family may obtain the pertinent request form for lease approval. The family will be given ample opportunity to discuss and raise questions with relation to the abovementioned orientation. Personal assistance will be provided to families in an attempt to help them find adequate housing.

The PHA will encourage participation of owners of suitable units located outside areas of low

income or minority concentrations. Owners will be oriented in relation to this matter.

Voucher Term Extensions

The PHA may grant extensions to the 60 standard when there's a difficulty in finding an affordable housing unit due to a reasonable and justified circumstance. Justified circumstances include:

- When the family has demonstrate there's a difficulty in finding a suitable unit during the initial term. The family must demonstrate its efforts to find a unit by: the Program, contact owners and real estate companies, search newspaper listings, explore neighborhoods for "For Rent" signs, check with local churches, and other community organizations.
- Whether there is a reasonable possibility that the family may need additional advice and assistance to find a suitable unit;
- Depending on the level of support services requested by and provided to the family;
- Extenuating circumstances that prevented the family from finding a unit, such as:
 - Serious illness in the family;
 - Death in the family;
 - Family emergency;
 - Obstacles due to employment;
- Whether the family has already submitted requests for approval of the tenancy for units that were not approved by the PHA; and
- Whether family size or other special requirements made finding a unit difficult.

When the voucher term expires and the family demonstrate its efforts to finds an affordable unit, the PHA will place the family on the waiting list with a new application date without requiring it to reapply.

On the other hand, if the voucher terms expires and the family fails to demonstrate its efforts to comply with such terms, the PHA will require that the family reapply when the PHA begins accepting applications.

Extensions should be requested in writing and evidenced.

III. POLICY ON SPECIAL RULES FOR USE OF AVAILABLE FUNDS (SPECIAL PURPOSE): ASSISTANCE TARGETED BY HUD

General Rules

When HUD awards special funding for certain family types, families who qualify are placed on the regular waiting list. When a specific type of funding becomes available, the waiting list is searched for the first available family meeting the targeted funding criteria, unless, as a requirement of the program, eligible families are referred from a social service agency. The PHA will follow the applicable regulation in the administration of the special purpose vouchers.

Special Funding: NOFA (Notice of Funding Availability)

Additional vouchers funding, such as Occupancy NOFA, would be selected from the waiting list proceeding the regular selection procedures and/or those procedures establishes in the Federal Register.

Special Population Vouchers

Vouchers target to an special population, such as Family Unification, Welfare-to-Work, Mainstream Opportunities- Services to Persons with Disabilities, will be publicly announced and selected from an special waiting list.

Special Housing Types Funding

When HUD awards funding to a PHA program which is targeted for families living in specified units, such as Housing Demolition, Mainstream Housing - Elderly Designation, etc., the PHA must use the assistance for the families living in those units. The PHA must admit said families under a Special Admission procedure.

Special Admission is given to families that are not on the waiting list, or without considering the family's position on the waiting list. The PHA must maintain records showing that a family was admitted with HUD-targeted assistance. Special admission families need not to qualify for any preference. They are not counted against the limit of local preference admissions. The PHA must maintain a separate record of these admissions.

IV. OCCUPANCY POLICIES

The PHA may only admit an eligible family to the program. To be eligible, the applicant must be a "family", must be income-eligible, and must be a citizen or a noncitizen who has eligible immigration status as determined in accordance with 24 CFR part 5.

1. Family Composition and Income Eligibility

The PHA defines family and income eligibility as stated on the 24 CFR parts 982.201. This definition includes "live-in-aide" and single person, among others.

To consider a person a "live-in-aide", such person must be essential for the care and aide of the person who serves as a companion. To determine its eminent presence in the dwelling unit, the family must submit appropriate medical certification and a tenant certification that justified the need of the presence of an additional person to take care of it and aide. Approval of a live-in aide for reasonable accommodation will be in accordance with CFR 24 Part 8.

Per Title 24 CFR 982.316, the PHA may refuse to approve a particular person as a live-in aide, or may withdraw such approval if:

- The person commits or has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;
- The person commits or has committed drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity; or
- The person currently owes rent or other amounts to the PHA or to another PHA in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

2. Continuously Assisted Family

As established in the 24 CFR 982.201, an applicant is continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act if the family is already receiving assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program when the family is admitted to the voucher program.

It is in this regard that the PHA has established the following policy concerning whether and to what extent a brief interruption between assistance, and admission to the voucher program will be considered to break continuity of assistance:

"Any family currently involved with any federally assisted public housing project has a total of some 365 calendar days or one year between the period they have left a federal housing program and applied for assistance under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, in order to be considered under continuously assisted. "

3. Standards for Denying Admission or Terminating Assistance Based on Criminal Activity or Alcohol Abuse in Accordance with Sec. 982.553

The members of the household may not engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal

activity or other criminal activity that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises.

Action or inaction by family.

The PHA may deny assistance for an applicant or terminate assistance for a participant under the programs because of the family's action or failure to act as described in this section or Sec. 982.553. The provisions of this section do not affect denial or termination of assistance for grounds other than action or failure to act by the family.

Requirement to deny admission or terminate assistance.

1. For provisions on denial of admission and termination of assistance for illegal drug use, other criminal activity, and alcohol abuse that would threaten other residents, the PHA applies the rules on the 24 CFR Sec. 982.553.
2. If the family has been engaged in criminal activity or alcohol abuse as described in Sec. 982.553.

Per Sec. 982.553, the PHA must prohibit admission to the program of an applicant for three (3) years from the date of eviction if a household member has been evicted from federally assisted housing for drug-related criminal activity. However, it is the PHA decision to admit the household if the PHA determines:

- (A) That the evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the PHA; or
- (B) That the circumstances leading to eviction no longer exist (for example, the criminal household member has died or is imprisoned).
- (C) If the PHA determines (with evidence) that the evicted person clearly did not participate in or know about the drug-related criminal activity and the leading to eviction no longer exist (as part B, above).

The PHA will prohibit admission if:

- (A) Any household member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug;
- (B) It is determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's illegal drug use or a pattern of illegal drug use may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents; or
- (C) Any household member has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted

housing.

(D) In order to accomplish with 24 CFR 982.553 anyone convicted of any type of sexual offense that requires a lifetime registration as sexual offender under state law shall not be admitted to the program.

Mandatory prohibition

The PHA must prohibit admission to the program if any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program. In this screening of applicants, the PHA must perform criminal history background checks necessary to determine whether any household member is subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement in the State where the housing is located and in other States where the household members are known to have resided.

Permissive prohibitions

The PHA may prohibit admission of a household to the program if the PHA determines that any household member is currently engaged in, or has engaged in during a reasonable time before the admission:

- (1) Drug-related criminal activity;
- (2) Violent criminal activity;
- (3) Other criminal activity which may threaten the health, safety, or right to **peaceful** enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; or
- (4) Other criminal activity which may threaten the health or safety of the owner, property management staff, or persons performing a contract administration function or responsibility on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor or agent).

If the PHA previously denied admission to an applicant because a member of the household engaged in criminal activity, it is the PHA decision to reconsider the applicant if the PHA has sufficient evidence that the members of the household are not currently engaged in, and have not engaged in, such criminal activity during a reasonable period, as determined by the PHA, before the admission decision.

- (1) The PHA would have “sufficient evidence” if the household member submitted a certification that she or he is not currently engaged in and has not engaged in such criminal activity during the specified period and provided supporting information from such sources as a probation officer, a landlord, neighbors, social service agency workers and criminal records, which the PHA verified.

- (2) For purposes of this section, a household member is “currently engaged in” criminal activity if the person has engaged in the behavior recently enough to justify a reasonable belief that the behavior is current.
- (3) Prohibiting admission of alcohol abusers. The PHA must establish standards that prohibit admission to the program if the PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

Terminating assistance for drug criminals

The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance for a family under the program if the PHA determines that:

- (A) Any household member is currently engaged in any illegal use of a drug; or
- (B) A pattern of illegal use of a drug by any household member interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

The PHA must immediately terminate assistance for a family under the program if the PHA determines that any member of the household has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing.

The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance under the program for a family if the PHA determines that any family member has violated the family's obligation under

Sec. 982.551 not to engage in any drug-related criminal activity.

Terminating assistance for other criminals

The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance under the program for a family if the PHA determines that any household member has violated the family's obligation under Sec. 982.551 not to engage in violent criminal activity.

Terminating assistance for alcohol abusers

The PHA must establish standards that allow termination of assistance for a family if the PHA determines that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

Evidence of criminal activity

The PHA may terminate assistance for criminal activity by a household member as authorized in this section if the PHA determines, based on a preponderance of the evidence, that the household member has engaged in the activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

Use of criminal record

(1) Denial - If a PHA proposes to deny admission for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record, the PHA must provide the subject of the record and the applicant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record, in the informal review process in accordance with Sec. 982.554. (See part 5, subpart J for provision concerning access to criminal records.)

(2) Termination of assistance - If a PHA proposes to terminate assistance for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record; the PHA must notify the household of the proposed action to be based on the information and must provide the subject of the record and the tenant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record in accordance with Sec. 982.555. In order to accomplish with 24 CFR 982.553 anyone convicted of any type of sexual offense that requires a lifetime registration as sexual offender under state law shall not be admitted to the program.

(3) Cost of obtaining criminal record - The PHA may not pass along to the tenant the costs of a criminal records check.

V. ENCOURAGING PARTICIPATION BY OWNERS OF SUITABLE UNITS LOCATED OUTSIDE AREAS OF LOW INCOME OR MINORITY CONCENTRATION

The PHA will publish a notice inviting owners to make dwelling units available for leasing by participating families. This notice is published via memoranda posted in the Municipal Government Reception Bulletin Board and the Section 8 Reception Area and/or other suitable means, as necessary, in order to reach a maximum number of owners and real estate brokers located in all geographical sectors within the jurisdiction of the Housing Administration. The PHA encourages program participation by owners of units located outside areas of poverty or minority concentration.

The PHA has an affirmative action marketing program to ensure that opportunities for program participation are adequately publicized in order to reach and/or accomplish the following:

-Families identified by the PHA as the least likely to apply (e.g., handicapped families, very low-income families, large families, homelessness families, women household families, and

victims of domestic violence)).

-Families identified in the Housing Assistance Plan.

-Owners of rental properties located outside areas of low-income or minority concentrations.

-Families identified in the Rental Rehabilitations Program

-Provide area- wide housing opportunities to families.

All outreach is done in accordance with the Section 8 Office's approved Equal Opportunity Housing Plan, Administrative Plan, and HUD guidelines for fair housing opportunity logotype, statement and slogan.

The best way to recruit new owners is to operate the housing choice voucher program effectively and treat owners professionally. This includes minimizing the time required to inspect units and to start HAP payments, applying program rules consistently, being timely and predictable in all program processing, maintaining effective and prompt communications with owners (e.g., returning calls quickly, identifying a single point of contact), and making payments accurately and on time. Positive stories about the program and participating families or owners can be a very effective means of recruiting new owners.

VI. ASSISTING A FAMILY THAT CLAIMS THAT ILLEGAL DISCRIMINATION HAS PREVENTED THE FAMILY FROM LEASING A SUITABLE UNIT: Discrimination Complain Procedure and Housing Accessibility Policy for the Disable. (See also Chapter XII)

As part of the information packet provide to the applicants, the applicants are given Information on federal, State and local equal opportunity laws, and a copy of the housing discrimination complaint form.

The PHA will assist the families that claim that illegal discrimination has prevented the family from leasing a suitable unit: Ex., single women with many children, according to the Fair Housing Act and Equal Opportunity and Non-Discriminatory Laws.

A family which claims that illegal discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability prevents the family from finding or leasing a suitable unit with assistance under the program; must fill a housing discrimination complaint in the PHA main administrative office.

Where a family alleges that illegal discrimination is preventing them from finding a suitable unit, the PHA will provide reasonable assistance this matter by directing the aggrieved to the necessary agencies.

A. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

1. FAIR HOUSING

It is the policy of the PHA to comply fully with all Federal, State, and local nondiscrimination laws, including but not limited to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Americans With Disabilities Act; and the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development regulations governing Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

No person shall, on the ground of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, familial status, age or disability be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any PHA housing programs.

To further its commitment to full compliance with applicable Civil Rights laws, the PHA will provide Federal/State/local information to applicants for and participants in the Section 8 Housing Program regarding unlawful discrimination and any recourse available to them if they believe they may be victims of discrimination. Such information will be made available with the application, and all applicable Fair Housing Information and Discrimination Complaint Forms will be made available at the PHA office. In addition, all written information and advertisements will contain the appropriate Equal Opportunity language and logo.

The PHA will assist any family that believes they have suffered illegal discrimination by providing them with copies of the housing discrimination form. The PHA will also assist them in completing the form, if requested, and will provide them with the address of the nearest HUD Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

2. Housing Accessibility Policy

Sometimes people with disabilities may need a reasonable accommodation in order to take full advantage of the PHA housing programs and related services. When such accommodations are granted they do not confer special treatment or advantage for the person with a disability; rather, they make the program fully accessible to them in a way that would otherwise not be possible due to their disability. This policy clarifies how people can request accommodations and the guidelines the PHA will follow in determining whether it is reasonable to provide a requested accommodation. Because disabilities are not always apparent, the PHA will ensure that all applicants/participants are aware of the opportunity to request reasonable accommodations.

The Municipal Government of Juncos complies with non-discrimination policies established by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (Fair Housing Act) by providing reasonable accommodations to persons with disabilities, whether registrants, applicants, or participants by:

Making application and registration forms available to organizations which service or represent the aged or persons with disabilities;

Complying with Federal, State and Local laws regarding accommodations for persons with disabilities and providing adequate office facilities;

Providing assistance to complete forms and to provide other documents required by program regulations;

Providing reasonable extensions of time for the completion of program requirements to the extent allowed by HUD regulations;

Providing extensions of the terms of Vouchers to the extent allowed by program regulations, or, if prohibited by regulations, requesting written approval by HUD for additional extensions to accommodate families containing persons with disabilities;

Conducting in-home visits for persons who are unable to visit the office due to medical conditions; and

Soliciting information on the accessibility of owners' units for persons with disabilities, and providing information on amenities the unit may provide for persons with disabilities.

3. Complaint Procedures

Introduction

These procedures establish the handling of complaints filed by applicants and/or participants in the Section 8 Program for the Municipal Government of Juncos. These procedures will guarantee the timely, joint resolution of complaints.

Filing of Complaints

Complaints shall be filed before the Section 8 Program Coordinator or a designated representative within the Office of Housing and Section 8 Program of the Municipal Government of Juncos.

Complaints shall be filed personally by the complainant. Upon the filing of a complaint, the parts

will conduct an informal discussion to attempt to arrive at a fair and reasonable resolution without having to conduct a Hearing. A decision will be made as expeditiously as possible. The Program Coordinator shall prepare a short written report of the informal discussion, which will include this decision. The complainant will be provided copy of this report within five work days after the decision is made. The written report will specify:

- a. Name of participants
- b. Date in which the complaint was filed
- c. Nature of the complaint
- d. Decision made by the Program Coordinator for resolution of the complaint, and basis for such decision
- e. Procedures through which the complainant may request a Hearing

Procedures for requesting a Hearing before an Official designated by the Mayor

When the complainant is not satisfied with the decision made by the Program Coordinator, a Hearing may be requested in writing within ten work days from the date of receipt of the decision.

The Request for Hearing shall include the following:

- a. The complaint
- b. Reasons for the complaint
- c. Action or remedy sought

By not requesting a Hearing within the established time frame, the complainant renounces the right to Hearing and accepts the Program Coordinator's decision as final and binding, unless just cause can be established for requesting a Hearing within the established time frame.

4. Disability procedures

General

The Section 8 Program of the Municipal Government of Juncos shall not discriminate against any person because of race, color, sex, religion, civil status, political affiliation, and/or physical or mental disability.

The Program is committed to offer quality and excellence in services, and to provide the necessary tools to help persons with disabilities in specific situations, and will arrange assistance in those cases referred to the Office of Assistance to Persons with Disabilities.

Procedures

- a. Persons requesting assistance will state their business at the Town Hall's Reception Area.
- b. Reception Area personnel will contact the Section 8 Program Coordinator or authorized representative. Accessibility arrangements will be made if necessary.
- c. Persons requesting assistance will present a Health Department identification issued in accordance to Laws 107 and 108 that stipulate an "Express Line" benefit.
- d. Persons requesting assistance will be referred to the Office of Assistance to Persons with Disabilities, located at the Public Transportation Service Station.
- e. The Office of Assistance to Persons with Disabilities will provide accessible transportation services to those Section 8 Program clients identified as having physical and/or mental disability in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

Procedures for Complaints of Violations of Rights

Any person with a disability who believes that service or treatment has not been just, and/or that has been discriminated upon because of race, color, sex, national origin, age, religion, political affiliation, and physical and/or mental disability should:

- a. Submit a written complaint in letter format to the Office of Housing and Section 8 Program explaining the alleged situation, who interviewed the person, and the reasons why he/she understands that discrimination has occurred. The complaint should be mailed or submitted in person to the following address:

Municipio de Juncos
Departamento de Vivienda
P.O. Box 1706
Juncos, PR 00777

- b. The Housing Department Director will verify the complaint and will notify the alleged victim regarding the determination and/or measures to be taken, and will attend to the situation in a term not exceeding 30 days.
- c. If the situation persists, the Mayor and the Legal Division shall be notified for appropriate action.
- d. If the complainant understands that the situation cannot be resolved satisfactorily, he/she will

be oriented to contact by telephone or file a written complaint with the following agency:

Oficina del Procurador de las
Personas con Impedimentos
Región de Humacao
CUH Station
Apartado 10021
Humacao, PR 00972-1021
(787) 850-1993

VII. PROVIDING INFORMATION ABOUT A FAMILY TO PROSPECTIVE OWNERS

The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit. At or before PHA approval of the tenancy, the PHA must inform the owner that screening and selection for tenancy is the responsibility of the owner.

The owner is responsible for screening of families on the basis of their tenancy histories. An owner may consider a family's background with respect to such factors as:

- (i) Payment of rent and utility bills;
- (ii) Caring for a unit and premises;
- (iii) Respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing;
- (iv) Drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety or property of others; and
- (v) Compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy.

PHA information about tenant

It is the PHA policy to provide information to the owner as established in the 24 CFR 982.307. This information includes:

- (i) The family's current and prior address (as shown in the PHA records); and
- (ii) The name and address (if known to the PHA) of the landlord at the family's current and prior address.

Owners' obligations are brief to the owner as stated in the 24 CFR part 982, mostly in section 982.452. This information will be given to both owners and participants.

VIII. DISAPPROVAL OF OWNERS

A property owner does not have a right to participate in the housing choice voucher program.

The PHA will not enter into a HAP contract with any owner who refuses or has a history of refusing to evict families, who disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the property, engage in drug-related or violent criminal activity, and threaten the health or safety of other residents, managers, employees of the Housing Department or the owner. This is in accordance with established HUD regulations as set forth in the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998.

The PHA must not approve an assisted tenancy if the PHA has been informed (by HUD or otherwise) that the owner is debarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation under 24 CFR part 24.

In addition, the PHA must not approve the assisted tenancy when it has been informed by HUD that:

- The federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner for a violation of the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements and such action is pending; or
- A court or administrative agency has determined that the owner violated the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements.

In its administrative discretion, the PHA may deny approval of an assisted tenancy for any of the following reasons, including but not limited to those aforementioned:

- (1) The owner has violated obligations under a HAP contract under Section 8 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f);
- (2) The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;
- (3) The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;
- (4) The owner has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the tenant-based programs, or with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or leased under any other federal housing program;
- (5) The owner has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants of units assisted under Section 8 or any other federally assisted housing program for activity engaged in by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of the household that:
 - (i) Threatens the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
 - (ii) Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of the PHA, or of owner employees or other persons engaged in management of the housing;

- (iii) Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences, by persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; or
 - (iv) Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity; or
- (6) The owner has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local housing codes; or
- (7) The owner has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines or assessments.

Leases Between Relatives

The PHA must not approve a unit if the owner is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA determines that approving the unit would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities. This restriction against PHA approval of a unit only applies at the time a family initially receives tenant-based assistance for occupancy of a particular unit, but does not apply to PHA approval of a new tenancy with continued tenant-based assistance in the same unit.

Conflicts of Interest

PHAs must also not approve contracts in which any of the following parties have a current interest or will have an interest in the HAP contract for one year thereafter:

- Present or former member or officer of the PHA, except a participant commissioner;
- Employee of the PHA or any contractor, subcontractor or agent of the PHA who formulates policy or influences program decisions;
- Public official, member of a governing body, or state or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities related to the programs; or
- Members of U.S. Congress.

The HUD Field Office may waive the conflict of interest requirements, except for members of Congress, for good cause.

It should be clearly noted that nothing contained within 24 CFR 982.306 is intended to give any owner any right to participate in the program. For purposes of this plan the term "owner" includes a principal or other interested parties.

IX. SUBSIDY STANDARDS [24 CFR 982.54(d)(9)]

HUD guidelines require PHAs to establish subsidy standards for the determination of family unit size that provide for a minimum commitment of subsidy while avoiding overcrowding. The standards

used for the unit size must be within the minimum unit size requirements of HUD's Housing Quality Standards (HQS). This chapter explains the subsidy standards that PHA will use to determine the voucher size (family unit size) for families when they are selected from the waiting list, the PHA's procedures for a family size change, and for family selection of a unit of a different size than the voucher size.

1. Determining Family Unit (Voucher) Size [24 CFR 982.402]

The PHA does not concern itself with who shares a bedroom/sleeping room, but requires at least one person per bedroom when determining the voucher unit size. The PHA's subsidy standards for determining voucher size shall be applied in a manner consistent with fair housing guidelines.

All standards in this section relate to the number of bedrooms on the voucher, not the family's actual living arrangements.

The voucher unit size remains the same, as long as the family composition remains the same, regardless of the actual unit rented.

One bedroom will be assigned for the head of household and or spouse or co-head, and one bedroom will be awarded to each two family members, regardless of sex, age or relationship. Exceptions will be made for medical reasons, or for a live-in aide.

The PHA may reexamine the subsidy standard annually.

Generally, the PHA assigns one bedroom to two people, within the following guidelines:

Foster children will be included in determining unit size, only if they will be in the unit for more than six months.

Live-in attendants will generally be provided a separate bedroom. No additional voucher bedrooms are provided for the attendant's family.

Space will not be provided for a family member, other than a spouse, who will be absent most of the time, such as a member absent due to military service.

A single pregnant woman, with no other family members, is treated as a two-person family.

2. Exceptions to Subsidy Standards [24 CFR 982.402]

The PHA may grant exceptions from the subsidy standards, upon request, providing the PHA determines the exceptions are justified by the health or handicap/disability of family members, or

other individual circumstances.

The PHA will grant an exception upon request as an accommodation for persons with handicaps/disabilities. Circumstances may dictate a larger size than the subsidy standards permit when persons cannot share a bedroom because of a need, such as a:

- A verified medical or health reason; or
- An elderly or disabled family that requires a live-in attendant.

Request for Exceptions to Subsidy Standards

The family may request a larger size voucher than indicated by the PHA subsidy standards. The request must explain the need or justification for a larger voucher bedroom-size. Documentation verifying the need or justification will be required by the PHA.

The PHA will not issue a larger voucher due to additions of family members, other than by birth, adoption, marriage, or court-awarded custody.

A doctor, other medical professional, such as a nurse, psychiatrist, psychologist, or a social service professional must provide a certification of the need for additional bedrooms.

Changes for Applicants

The voucher size is determined prior to the briefing by comparing the family composition to the PHA subsidy standards. If an applicant requires a change in the voucher size, the above referenced guidelines will apply.

Changes for Participants

The PHA must approve the members of the family residing in the unit. The family must obtain PHA approval of any additional family member prior to that person moving into the assisted unit, unless the addition is by birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody, in which case the family must inform the PHA within 14 days, and the above referenced guidelines will apply.

In order to add a household member other than through birth or adoption (including a live-in aide) the family must request that the new member be added to the lease. Before adding the new member to the lease, the individual must complete an application form stating their income, assets, and all other information required of an applicant. The individual must provide their Social Security Number if they have one, and must verify their citizenship/eligible immigrant status (Their housing will not be delayed due to delays in verifying eligible immigrant status other than delays caused by the family). The new family member will go through the screening process similar to the process for

applicants. The PHA will determine the eligibility of the individual before allowing them to be added to the lease. If the individual is found to be ineligible or does not pass the screening criteria, they will be advised in writing and given the opportunity for an informal review. If they are found to be eligible and do pass the screening criteria, the PHA will grant approval to add their name to the lease. At the same time, the family's annual income will be recalculated taking into account the income and circumstances of the new family member. The effective date of the new rent will be in accordance with Section XVI of this Plan, part: Effective Date of Rent Changes Due to Interim or Special Reexaminations.

Underhoused and Overhoused Families

If a unit does not meet HQS space standards because of an increase in family size due to a birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody (unit too small), the PHA will issue a new voucher of the appropriate size, and assist the family in locating a suitable unit. Additions to the household other than through birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody, are not eligible for a larger voucher bedroom size, and these additional members may not be added to the household, if the addition violates HQS due to overcrowding.

3. Unit Size Selected [24 CFR 982.402(c)]

The family may select a different size dwelling unit than that listed on the voucher. There are three criteria to consider:

Subsidy Limitation: The payment standard for a family shall be the lower of:

The PHA payment standard amount for the family unit size; or

The PHA payment standard amount for the unit size rented by the family.

Utility Allowance: The utility allowance used to calculate the gross rent is based on the actual size of the unit the family selects, regardless of the size authorized on the family's voucher.

Housing Quality Standards: The standards allow a maximum occupancy of two persons per living/sleeping room as shown in the table below. Sleeping area would include: living room, den, dining room, library, or other rooms used for sleeping.

HQS GUIDELINES FOR UNIT SIZE SELECTED

Unit Size Maximum	Number in Household
0 Bedroom	2
1 Bedroom	4

Unit Size Maximum	Number in Household
2 Bedrooms	6
3 Bedrooms	8
4 Bedrooms	10
5 Bedrooms	12
6 Bedrooms	14

X. FAMILY ABSENCE FROM THE DWELLING UNIT[24CFR 982.312]

The family may be absent from the unit for brief periods. The family may not be absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days in any circumstance, or for any reason. Housing assistance payments terminate if the family is absent for longer than the maximum period permitted. The term of the HAP contract and assisted lease also terminate. (The owner must reimburse the PHA for any housing assistance payment for the period after the termination.)

Absence means that no member of the family is residing in the unit.

The family must supply any information or certification requested by the PHA to verify that the family is residing in the unit, or relating to family absence from the unit. The family must cooperate with the PHA for this purpose. The family must promptly notify the PHA of absence from the unit, including any information requested on the purposes of family absences.

It is the responsibility of the head of household to report changes in family composition. The PHA will evaluate absences from the unit using this policy.

Space will not be provided for a family member, other than a spouse, who will be absent most of the time, such as a member absent due to military service.

To verify family occupancy or absence from the dwelling unit, the PHA may:

- Telephone calls to the family every 90 to 120 days, and/or correspondence directly to the family at the unit, or may choose to make a personal visit to the family of the leased residence.
- Additionally, when deemed necessary, the PHA reserve the right to question the owner and/or neighbors at the leased residence.

The PHA will allow the family to be absent from the dwelling unit for no more than 90 days under the following (first three must verified circumstances):

- Illness or hospitalization (medical history verification requested).
- Illness of a relative who needs care from a family member, in another location (medical history verification requested).
- Any other PHA approved and verified circumstances, e.g., military service (reserves, etc.)
- Vacations for no more than 30 days.

Absence of Any Member

A member of the household is considered permanently absent if s/he is away from the unit for six consecutive months or more in a twelve-month period, except as otherwise provided in this plan. If a member of the household is subject to a court order that restricts him/her from the home for more than six months, the person will be considered permanently absent.

Absence due to Medical Reasons

If a family member leaves the household to enter a facility such as a hospital, nursing home, or rehabilitation center, the PHA will require verification from a reliable, qualified source as to the likelihood of his/her return, and the anticipated length of his/her absence. If the verification indicates the family member is permanently confined to a nursing home, h/she will be considered permanently absent. If the verification indicates the family member will return in less than 180 consecutive days, the family member will be considered temporarily absent. If the permanently absent person is the sole member of the household, assistance will be terminated in accordance with the PHA's policy.

Absence Due to Full-time Student Status

Full time students who attend school away from the home will be treated in the following manner:

A student (other than head of household or spouse) who attends school away from home, but lives with the family during school recesses may, at the family's choice, be considered either temporarily or permanently absent. If the family decides that the member is permanently absent, income of that member will not be included in total household income, the member will not be included on the lease, and the member will not be included for determination of voucher size.

Income of Temporarily Absent Family Members

The PHA must count all income of family members whom the PHA has approved to reside in the unit, even if they are temporarily absent.

If the spouse is temporarily absent and in the military, all military pay and allowances (except hazardous duty pay when exposed to hostile fire and any other HUD-defined exceptions to military pay) is counted as income.

XI. HOW TO DETERMINE WHO REMAINS IN THE PROGRAM IF A FAMILY BREAKS UP

In circumstances of a family break-up, the PHA will make a determination of which family member will retain the certificate or voucher, taking into consideration the following factors:

1. To whom the certificate or voucher was issued.
2. The interest of minor children or of ill, elderly, or disabled family members.
3. Whether the assistance should remain with the family members remaining in the unit.
4. Whether family members were forced to leave the unit as a result of actual or threatened physical violence by a spouse or other member(s) of the household.

If a court determines the disposition of property between members of the assisted family in a divorce or separation under a settlement of judicial decree, the PHA will be bound by the court's determination of which family members continue to receive assistance in the program.

Because of the number of possible different circumstances in which a determination will have to be made, the PHA will make determinations on a case by case basis.

The PHA will issue a determination within 10 business days of the request for a determination. The family member requesting the determination may request an informal hearing in compliance with the informal hearings in Section XII.

No new HAP Contract will be required if a new head of household is approved whenever the form HUD-50058 will have the information and the file maintain the required documentation to explain the change in head of household.

XII. CHANGES REQUIRING NEW HAP CONTRACT

The PHA must approve a new tenancy and execute a new HAP contract in the following cases:

- If the owner or family request a new lease;
- If there are any changes in the lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
- If there are changes in lease provisions governing the term of lease; and
- If the family moves to a new unit, even if the new unit is in the same building or complex. Changes in the lease, other than those identified above, do not necessitate the execution of a new HAP contract. The owner must notify the PHA, however, of any changes in the amount of rent to owner at least 60 days before the changes go into effect. Any such changes would be subject to rent reasonableness requirements.

XII. COMPLAINTS, INFORMAL REVIEWS FOR APPLICANTS, INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS

1. Complaints

The PHA will investigate and respond to complaints by participant families, owners, and the general public. The PHA may require that complaints other than HQS violations be put in writing. Anonymous complaints are investigated whenever possible.

2. Informal Review for the Applicant

The PHA will give an applicant for participation in the Section 8 Existing Program notice of a decision denying assistance to the applicant, within fourteen (14) business days after the conclusion of the investigation. The notice will contain a brief statement of the reasons for the PHA decision. The notice will state that the applicant may request an informal review within 10 business days of the denial and will describe how to obtain the informal review.

When an Informal Review is not Required

The PHA will not provide the applicant an opportunity for an informal review for any of the following reasons:

1. A determination of the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards.
2. A PHA determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a certificate or voucher term.
3. A PHA determination not to grant approval to lease a unit under the program or to

approve a proposed lease.

4. A PHA determination that a unit selected by the applicant is not in compliance with HQS.
5. A PHA determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of family size or composition.
6. General policy issues or class grievances.
7. Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA.

Informal Review Process

The PHA will give an applicant an opportunity for an informal review of the PHA decision denying assistance to the applicant. The procedure is as follows:

1. The review will be conducted by any person or persons designated by the other than the person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of this person.
2. The applicant will be given an opportunity to present written or oral objections to the PHA decision.
3. The PHA will notify the applicant of the PHA decision after the informal review within 14 calendar days. The notification will include a brief statement of the reasons for the final decision.

Considering Circumstances

In deciding whether to terminate assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family, the Housing Authority may consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure.

The Housing Authority may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. The Housing Authority may permit the other members of a participant family to continue receiving assistance.

If the Housing Authority seeks to terminate assistance because of illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance, or pattern of abuse of alcohol, such use or possession or pattern of abuse must have occurred within one year before the date that the Housing Authority provides notice to the family of the Housing Authority determination to deny or terminate assistance. In determining whether to terminate assistance for these reasons the PHA will consider evidence of whether the household member:

1. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program (as applicable) and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol;
2. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol; or
3. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol.

Informal Review Procedures for Denial of Assistance on the Basis of Ineligible Immigration Status

The applicant family may request that the PHA provide for an informal review after the family has notification of the INS decision on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. The applicant family must make this request within 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or within 30 days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For applicant families, the Informal Review Process above will be utilized with the exception that the applicant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or of the INS appeal decision to request the review.

3. Informal Hearings for Participants

When a Hearing is Required

1. The PHA will give a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing to consider whether the following PHA decisions relating to the individual circumstances of a participant family are in accordance with the law, HUD regulations, and PHA policies:
 - a. A determination of the family's annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment.
 - b. A determination of the appropriate utility allowance (if any) for tenant-paid

utilities from the PHA utility allowance schedule.

- c. A determination of the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards.
 - d. A determination that a Certificate Program family is residing in a unit with a larger number of bedrooms than appropriate for the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards, or the PHA determination to deny the family's request for an exception from the standards.
 - e. A determination to terminate assistance for a participant family because of the family's action or failure to act.
 - f. A determination to terminate assistance because the participant family has been absent from the assisted unit for longer than the maximum period permitted under the PHA policy and HUD rules.
2. In cases described in paragraphs 3.1 (d), (e), and (f) of this Section, the PHA will give the opportunity for an informal hearing before the PHA terminates housing assistance payments for the family under an outstanding HAP contract.

When a Hearing is not Required

The PHA will not provide a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing for any of the following reasons:

- 1. Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA.
- 2. General policy issues or class grievances.
- 3. Establishment of the PHA schedule of utility allowances for families in the program.
- 4. A PHA determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a certificate or voucher term.
- 5. A PHA determination not to approve a unit or lease.
- 6. A PHA determination that an assisted unit is not in compliance with HQS. (However, the PHA will provide the opportunity for an informal hearing for a decision to terminate assistance for a breach of the HQS caused by the family.)
- 7. A PHA determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of the family size.

8. A determination by the PHA to exercise or not exercise any right or remedy against the owner under a HAP contract.

Notice to the Family

1. In the cases described in chapter 12, section 3, part 1 (a), (b), and (c) of this Section, the PHA will notify the family, within ten (10) business days, that the family may ask for an explanation of the basis of the PHA's determination, and that if the family does not agree with the determination, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision.
2. In the cases described in chapter 12, section 3, part 1 (d), (e), and (f) of this Section, the PHA will give the family a written notice as soon as the determination are taken or family action/inaction are exposed, that the family may request a hearing within 10 business days of the notification. The notice will:
 - a. Contain a brief statement of the reasons for the decision; and
 - b. State if the family does not agree with the decision, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision within 10 business days of the notification.

Hearing Procedures

The PHA and participants will adhere to the following procedures:

1. Discovery
 - a. The family will be given the opportunity to examine before the hearing any PHA documents that are directly relevant to the hearing, no more than ten (10) days before the hearing will be conceded to make this procedure. The family will be allowed to copy any such document at the family's expense. If the PHA does not make the document(s) available for examination on request of the family, the PHA may not rely on the document at the hearing.
 - b. The PHA will be given the opportunity to examine, at the PHA's offices within ten (10) days before the hearing, any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The PHA will be allowed to copy any such document at the PHA's expense. If the family does not make the document(s) available for examination on request of the PHA, the family may not rely on the document(s) at the hearing.

Note: The term document includes records and regulations.

2. Representation of the Family

At its own expense, a lawyer or other representative may represent the family.

3. Hearing Officer

- a. The hearing will be conducted by any person or persons designated by the PHA, other than a person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of this person.
- b. The person who conducts the hearing will regulate the conduct of the hearing in accordance with the PHA hearing procedures.

4. Evidence

The PHA and the family must have the opportunity to present evidence and may question any witnesses. Evidence may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

5. Issuance of Decision

The person who conducts the hearing must issue a written decision within 14 calendar days from the date of the hearing, stating briefly the reasons for the decision. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the family shall be based on a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing.

6. Effect of the Decision

The PHA is not bound by a hearing decision:

- a. Concerning a matter for which the PHA is not required to provide an opportunity for an informal hearing under this Section, or that otherwise exceeds the authority of the person conducting the hearing under the PHA hearing procedures.
- b. Contrary to HUD regulations or requirements, or otherwise contrary to Federal, State, or local law.
- c. If the PHA determines that it is not bound by a hearing decision, the PHA

will notify the family within 14 calendar days of the determination, and of the reasons for the determination.

Considering Circumstances

In deciding whether to terminate assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family, the Housing Authority may consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure.

The Housing Authority may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. The Housing Authority may permit the other members of a participant family to continue receiving assistance.

If the Housing Authority seeks to terminate assistance because of illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance, or pattern of abuse of alcohol, such use or possession or pattern of abuse must have occurred within one year before the date that the Housing Authority provides notice to the family of the Housing Authority determination to deny or terminate assistance. In determining whether to terminate assistance for these reasons the PHA will consider evidence of whether the household member:

1. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program (as applicable) and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol;
2. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol; or
3. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol.

Informal Hearing Procedures for Denial of Assistance on the Basis of Ineligible Immigration Status

The participant family may request that the PHA provide for an informal hearing after the family has notification of the INS decision on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. This request must be made by the participant family within 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or within 30 days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For the participant families, the Informal Hearing Process above will be utilized with the exception

that the participant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or of the INS appeal decision.

XIII. RENT AND HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT

General

After October 1, 1999, the PHA will issue only vouchers to applicants, movers, and families entering the jurisdiction through portability. Certificates currently held will continue to be honored until the transition of the merger of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs as outlined in 24 CFR 982.502 is complete (see Section XXII for additional guidance).

Rent Reasonableness

The Municipality of Juncos will not approve or grant any initial or revised rent proposed by the owner under the Housing Choice Voucher Program ("tenant-based"), unless the amount proposed has been determined to be reasonable. Rent reasonability must be determined before the initial lease is effective, under the following terms and conditions:

- A. Before the rent proposed by the owner (initial or revised) is approved;
- B. If 60 days prior to the end of the annual lease (previous to the effectiveness of the new rent contract) the published FMR decrease 5% in comparison with the former FMR; and if
- C. The Municipality or HUD determines that rent reasonableness must be revised.

Comparability

To determine rent reasonableness, the Municipality will compare the proposed rent of the unit to be leased with other comparable units located within the same vicinity or jurisdiction, and with characteristics similar to the unit to be leased. The Municipality will consider location, quality, size, number of rooms, age, facilities/amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities of the unit to be leased, as well as those of comparable units.

The Municipality will keep updated statistical information of units for rent within its jurisdiction. The Municipality will also obtain from landlords/owners associations and housing administrative agencies, information regarding the added values that special or additional facilities will provide to a unit.

The Municipality may establish an average rent for each type and size in rooms of a unit to be leased. Starting from the rent average, the Municipality may increase or decrease the dollar value for each

characteristic or facility of any proposed unit.

Owners will be invited to provide information that will help the Municipality to keep the data updated and to maintain an inventory of comparable rent units. The owners may revise the determination taken over their unit and may give additional information or make improvements to the unit, which may help the Municipality in determine the establishment of a higher value.

The owner shall certify the rental for other units that he posses. By accepting each monthly rental payment for the subsidized unit, the owner certifies that the rental that he receives for the unit is not greater than the rent he received for other comparable units that he posses within the same municipal jurisdiction and that are not subsidized.

The inspector should fully complete a form (see appendix) and certify the compiled information. This form or questionnaire contains the information of the unit proposed for rent and of three comparable units (which have the same conditions and facilities).

Maximum Subsidy

The Fair Market Rent (FMR) published by HUD or the exception payment standard rent (requested by the PHA and approved by HUD) determines the maximum subsidy for a family.

For a regular tenancy under the Certificate Program, the FMR/exception rent limit is the maximum initial gross rent under the assisted lease. This only applies until the transition of the merger of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs as outlined in 24 CFR 982.502 is complete.

For the Voucher Program, the minimum payment standard will be 90% of the FMR and the maximum payment standard will be 110% of the FMR without prior approval from HUD, or the exception payment standard approved by HUD.

For a voucher tenancy in an insured or noninsured 236 project, a 515 project of the Rural Development Administration, or a Section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate project the payment standard may not exceed the basic rent charged including the cost of tenant-paid utilities.

For manufactured home space rental, the maximum subsidy under any form of assistance is the Fair Market Rent for the space as outlined in 24 CFR 982.888.

Setting the Payment Standard

The Statute requires that the payment standard be set by the Housing Authority at between 90 and 110% of the FMR without HUD's prior approval. The PHA will review its determination of the payment standard annually after publication of the FMRs. The PHA will consider

vacancy rates and rents in the market area, size and quality of units leased under the program, rents for units leased under the program, success rates of voucher holders in finding units, and the percentage of annual income families are paying for rent under the Voucher Program. If it is determined that success rates will suffer or that families are having to rent low quality units or pay over 40% of income for rent, the payment standard may be raised to the level judged necessary to alleviate these hardships.

The PHA may establish a higher payment standard (although still within 110% of the published fair market rent) as a reasonable accommodation for a family that includes people with disabilities. With approval of the HUD Field Office, the payment standard can go to 120%.

Payment standards will not be raised solely to allow the renting of luxury quality units.

If success levels are projected to be extremely high and rents are projected to be at or below 30% of income, the Housing Authority will reduce the payment standard. Payment standards for each bedroom size are evaluated separately so that the payment standard for one bedroom size may increase or decrease while another remains unchanged. The PHA may consider adjusting payment standards at times other than the annual review when circumstances warrant.

Before increasing any payment standard, the Housing Authority will conduct a financial feasibility test to ensure that in using the higher standard, adequate funds will continue to be available to assist families in the program.

Selecting the Correct Payment Standard for a Family

- A. For the voucher tenancy, the payment standard for a family is the lower of:
 - 1. The payment standard for the family unit size; or
 - 2. The payment standard for the unit size rented by the family.
- B. If the unit rented by a family is located in an exception rent area, the Housing Authority will use the appropriate payment standard for the exception rent area.
- C. During the HAP contract term for a unit, the amount of the payment standard for a family is the higher of:
 - 1. The initial payment standard (at the beginning of the lease term) minus any amount by which the initial rent to owner exceeds the current rent to owner;

or

2. The payment standard as determined at the most recent regular reexamination of family income and composition effective after the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- D. At the next annual reexamination following a change in family size or composition during the HAP contract term and for any reexamination thereafter, paragraph C above does not apply.
- E. If there is a change in family unit size resulting from a change in family size or composition, the new family unit size will be considered when determining the payment standard at the next annual reexamination.

Area Exception Rents

In order to help families find housing outside areas of high poverty or when voucher holders are having trouble finding housing for lease under the program, the Housing Authority may request that HUD approve an exception payment standard rent for certain areas within its jurisdiction. The areas may be of any size, though generally not smaller than a census tract. The Housing Authority may request one such exception payment standard area or many. Exception payment standard rent authority may be requested for all or some unit sizes, or for all or some unit types. The exception payment standard area(s) may not contain more than 50% of the population of the FMR area.

When an exception payment standard rent has been approved and the FMR increases, the exception rent remains unchanged until such time as the Housing Authority requests and HUD approves a higher exception payment standard rent. If the FMR decreases, the exception payment standard rent authority automatically expires.

Assistance and Rent Formulas

A. Total Tenant Payment

The total tenant payment is equal to the highest of:

1. 10% of the family's monthly income
2. 30% of the family's adjusted monthly income
3. The Minimum rent

4. If the family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency and a part of those payments, adjusted in accordance with the family's actual housing costs, is specifically designated by such agency to meet the family's housing costs, the portion of those payments which is so designated. If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this provision is the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.

Plus any rent above the payment standard.

B. Minimum Rent.

The PHA has set the minimum rent as \$50. However, if the family requests a hardship exemption, the PHA will suspend the minimum rent for the family beginning the month following the family's hardship request. The suspension will continue until the Housing Authority can determine whether hardship exists and whether the hardship is of a temporary or long-term nature. During suspension, the family will not be required to pay a minimum rent and the Housing Assistance Payment will be increased accordingly. The PHA grant an exemption from payment of minimum rent if the family is unable to pay the minimum rent because of financial hardship. In cases that the family doesn't have any income and request a hardship exemption, the hardship will be determined according the PHA verification of family income that includes: third party verification and documentation that sustained the information provide by the family. The documentation required to verified the income are: Labor Department Certification, Non-Income Tax Evidence and Credit Report. After the verification if the PHA determines a qualifying hardship exists the PHA exempt the family from the minimum rent requirement so long as such hardship continues. Such exemption shall apply from the beginning of the month following the family's request from a hardship exemption until the end of the qualifying financial hardship. On the other hand, if the PHA determines there is no qualifying financial hardship exemption, the PHA will reinstate the minimum rent, including back rent owed from the beginning of the suspension. The family must pay the back rent on terms and conditions established by the PHA.

1. A **hardship exists** in the following circumstances:

- a. When the family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an eligibility determination for a Federal, State or local assistance program including a family that includes a member who is a noncitizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence under the Immigration and

Nationality Act who would be entitled to public benefits but for title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Act of 1996;

- b. When the family would be evicted because it is unable to pay the minimum rent;
 - c. When the income of the family has decreased because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment; and
 - d. When a death has occurred in the family.
2. **No hardship.** If the Housing Authority determines there is no qualifying hardship, the minimum rent will be reinstated, including requiring back payment of minimum rent to the Housing Authority for the time of suspension.
3. **Temporary hardship.** If the Housing Authority determines that there is a qualifying hardship but that it is of a temporary nature, the minimum rent will not be imposed for a period of 90 days from the month following the date of the family's request. At the end of the 90-day period, the minimum rent will be imposed retroactively to the time of suspension. The Housing Authority will offer a reasonable repayment agreement for any minimum rent back payment paid by the Housing Authority on the family's behalf during the period of suspension.
4. **Long-term hardship.** If the Housing Authority determines there is a long-term hardship, the family will be exempt from the minimum rent requirement until the hardship no longer exists.
5. **Appeals.** The family may use the informal hearing procedure to appeal the Housing Authority's determination regarding the hardship. No escrow deposit will be required in order to access the informal hearing procedures.
- C. Section 8 Merged Vouchers
- 1. The payment standard is set by the Housing Authority between 90% and 110% of the FMR or higher or lower with HUD approval.
 - 2. The participant pays the greater of the Total Tenant Payment or the minimum rent, plus the amount by which the gross rent exceeds the payment standard.
 - 3. No participant when initially receiving tenant-based assistance on a unit shall pay more than 40% of their monthly-adjusted income if the gross rent exceeds the applicable payment standard.

D. Section 8 Preservation Vouchers

1. Payment Standard
 - a. The payment standard is the lower of:
 - i. The payment standard amount for the appropriate family unit size; or
 - ii. The payment standard amount for the size of the dwelling unit actually rented by the family.
 - b. If the dwelling unit is located in an exception area, the PHA will use the appropriate payment standard for the exception area.
 - c. During the HAP contract term, the payment standard for the family is the higher of :
 - i. The initial payment standard (at the beginning of the HAP contract term), as determined in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section, minus any amount by which the initial rent to the owner exceeds the current rent to the owner; or
 - ii. The payment standard as determined in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section, as determined at the most recent regular reexamination of family income and composition effective after the beginning of the HAP contract term.
 - d. At the next regular reexamination following a change in family composition that causes a change in family unit size during the HAP contract term, and for any examination thereafter during the term:
 - i. Paragraph (c)(i) of this section does not apply; and
 - ii. The new family unit size must be used to determine the payment standard.
2. The PHA will pay a monthly housing assistance payment on behalf of the family that equals the lesser of:
 - a. The payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or

- b. The gross rent minus the total tenant payment.

E. Manufactured Home Space Rental: Section 8 Vouchers

1. The payment standard for a participant renting a manufactured home space is the published FMR for rental of a manufactured home space.
2. The space rent is the sum of the following as determined by the Housing Authority:
 - a. Rent to the owner for the manufactured home space;
 - b. Owner maintenance and management charges for the space; and
 - c. Utility allowance for tenant paid utilities.
3. The participant pays the rent to owner less the HAP.
4. HAP equals the lesser of:
 - a. The payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or
 - b. The rent paid for rental of the real property on which the manufactured home owned by the family is located.

F. Rent for Families under the Noncitizen Rule

A mixed family will receive full continuation of assistance if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The family was receiving assistance on June 19, 1995;
2. The family was granted continuation of assistance before November 29, 1996;
3. The family's head or spouse has eligible immigration status; and
4. The family does not include any person who does not have eligible status other than the head of household, the spouse of the head of household, any parent of the head or spouse, or any child (under the age of 18) of the head or spouse.

If a mixed family qualifies for prorated assistance but decides not to accept it, or if the family has no eligible members, the family may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance to permit the family additional time for the orderly transition of some or all of its members to locate other affordable housing. Under this provision the family receives full assistance. If assistance is granted under this provision prior to November 29, 1996, it may last no longer than three years. If granted after that date, the maximum period of time for assistance under the provision is 18 months. The PHA will grant each family a period of 6 months to find suitable affordable housing. If the family cannot find suitable affordable housing, the PHA will provide additional search periods up to the maximum time allowable.

Suitable housing means housing that is not substandard and is of appropriate size for the family. Affordable housing means that it can be rented for an amount not exceeding the amount the family pays for rent, plus utilities, plus 25%.

The family's assistance is prorated in the following manner:

1. Find the prorated housing assistance payment (HAP) by dividing the HAP by the total number of family members, and then multiplying the result by the number of eligible family members.
2. Obtain the prorated family share by subtracting the prorated HAP from the gross rent (contract rent plus utility allowance).
3. The prorated tenant rent equals the prorated family share minus the full utility allowance.

Utility Allowance

The Housing Authority maintains a utility allowance schedule for all tenant-paid utilities (except telephone), for cost of tenant-supplied refrigerators and ranges, and for other tenant-paid housing services (e.g., trash collection, disposal of waste and refuse).

The utility allowance schedule is determined based on the typical cost of utilities and services paid by energy-conservative households that occupy housing of similar size and type in the same locality. In developing the schedule, the Housing Authority uses normal patterns of consumption for the community as a whole and current utility rates.

The Housing Authority reviews the utility allowance schedule annually and revises any allowance for a utility category if there has been a change of 10% or more in the utility rate since the last time the

utility allowance schedule was revised. The Housing Authority maintains information supporting the annual review of utility allowances and any revisions made in its utility allowance schedule. Participants may review this information at any time by making an appointment with the PHA.

The Housing Authority uses the appropriate utility allowance for the size of dwelling unit actually leased by the family (rather than the family unit size as determined under the Housing Authority subsidy standards).

At each reexamination, the Housing Authority applies the utility allowance from the most current utility allowance schedule.

The Housing Authority will approve a request for a utility allowance that is higher than the applicable amount on the utility allowance schedule if a higher utility allowance is needed as a reasonable accommodation to make the program accessible to and usable by the family member with a disability.

The utility allowance will be subtracted from the family's share to determine the amount of the Tenant Rent. The Tenant Rent is the amount the family owes each month to the owner. The amount of the utility allowance is then still available to the family to pay the cost of their utilities. Any utility cost above the allowance is the responsibility of the tenant. Any savings resulting from utility costs below the amount of the allowance belong to the tenant. Nevertheless, if the tenant failed to pay the utilities costs since is receiving the amount assigned for it, the utilities reimbursement will be deny until it pay the entire debts or show evidence that is follow a payment agreement. That applies in delay debts of \$150.00 or more. In cases that the utilities reimbursement are reestablish after the pay of the debts, the pays will be prospective, no retroactive pays would be done. To verified the amount owed by the tenant, the PHA will required copy of the utilities or services bills at household name. No bills at spouse or other person name will be accepted.

Distribution of Housing Assistance Payment

The Housing Authority pays the owner the lesser of the housing assistance payment or the rent to owner. If payments are not made when due, the owner may charge the PHA a late payment, agreed to in the Contract and in accordance with generally accepted practices in the PHA jurisdiction if the following conditions apply:

- A. It is the owner's practice to charge such penalties for assisted and unassisted tenants; and
- B. The owner also charges such penalties against the tenant for late payment of family rent to the owner.

Late charges will not be paid when the reason for the lateness is attributable to factors beyond the

control of the PHA.

Change of Ownership

The PHA requires a written request by the owner who executed the HAP contract in order to make changes regarding who is to receive the PHA's rent payment or the address as to where the rent payment should be sent.

In addition, the PHA requires a written request from the new owner to process a change of ownership. The following documents must accompany the written request:

- A. Deed of Trust showing the transfer of title; and
- B. Tax Identification Number or Social Security Number.

New owners will be required to execute IRS form W-9. The PHA may withhold the rent payment until the taxpayer identification number is received.

XIV. INELIGIBLE/ELIGIBLE HOUSING

The following types of housing cannot be assisted under the Section 8 Tenant-Based Program:

- A. A public housing or Indian housing unit;
- B. A unit receiving project-based assistance under a Section 8 Program;
- C. Nursing homes, board and care homes, or facilities providing continual psychiatric, medical or nursing services;
- D. College or other school dormitories;
- E. Units on the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, and similar public or private institutions;
- F. A unit occupied by its owner. This restriction does not apply to cooperatives or to assistance on behalf of a manufactured home owner leasing a manufactured home space; and
- G. A unit receiving any duplicative Federal, State, or local housing subsidy. This does not prohibit renting a unit that has a reduced rent because of a tax credit.

The PHA will not approve a lease for any of the following special housing types, except as a

reasonable accommodation for a family with disabilities:

- A. Congregate housing
- B. Group homes
- C. Shared housing
- D. Cooperative housing
- E. Single room occupancy housing

The PHA will approve leases for the following housing types:

- A. Single family dwellings
- B. Apartments
- C. Manufactured housing
- D. Manufactured home space rentals
- E. House boats
- F. Lease-purchase agreements. A family leasing a unit with assistance under the program may enter into an agreement with an owner to purchase the unit. So long as the family is receiving such rental assistance, all requirements applicable to families otherwise leasing units under the tenant-based program apply. Any homeownership premium (e.g., increment of value attributable to the value of the lease-purchase right or agreement such as an extra monthly payment to accumulate a downpayment or reduce the purchase price) included in the rent to the owner that would result in a higher subsidy amount than would otherwise be paid by the PHA must be absorbed by the family.

In determining whether the rent to owner for a unit subject to a lease-purchase agreement is a reasonable amount in accordance with 24 CFR 982.503, any homeownership premium paid by the family to the owner must be excluded when the PHA determines rent reasonableness.

XV. OWNER OR FAMILY DEBTS TO THE SECTION 8 PROGRAM

This section describes the PHA's policies for the recovery of monies overpaid to families and

owners. In addition, this section outlines the collection methods and guidelines for the handling and collection of different types of debts. The Section 8 Program policy is to communicate program guidelines to owners and families so as to minimize overpayments. The PHA clearly documents, in the tenant file, the amount and nature of owner or family debts, as well as the method of calculation. Owners and families may receive copies of all relevant documentation regarding their debts, upon request.

The PHA will make every effort to collect delinquent family or owner debts. The Section 8 Program will use a variety of collection tools to recover debts including, but not limited to:

- Request for lump sum payments
- Small claim or civil court actions
- Payment agreements
- Termination of family program participation
- Reductions in HAP to owner
- Abatements
- Collection agencies
- Referrals to the Municipality Department of Revenue and Recovery

PAYMENT AGREEMENT FOR FAMILIES

A payment agreement or repayment agreement, as used in this Plan, is a document entered into between the PHA and a person who owes a debt to the Section 8 Program. It is similar to a promissory note, but contains more details regarding the nature of the debt, the terms of payment, any special provisions of the agreement, and the remedies available to the PHA upon default of the agreement.

If the PHA offers a payment agreement, it will determine the terms. The PHA may not offer a payment agreement in all circumstances. The maximum length of time the PHA will enter into a payment agreement with a family is 36 months and the amount never to exceed \$10,000. Any debt of more than \$10,000 will be submitted to the inspector general office for legal action.

DEBTS OWED FOR CLAIMS

If a family owes money to the PHA, the family must repay in full within the terms established in the following table:

Debt Amount	Term in Months	Amount of First Payment
\$0.01 - \$500	3 to 6 months	20% - 33% of the debt

\$501 - \$1,000	7 to 11 months	10% - 20% of the debt
\$1,001 - \$2,500	12 - 18 months	6% - 10% of the debt
\$2,501 - \$3,000	19 - 24 months	5% - 10% of the debt
\$3,000 - \$5,000	25-36 months	5% - 10% of the debt

Delinquent Payments

A payment will be considered to be in arrears if:

- The payment has not been received by the close of the business day on which the payment was due. If the due date is on a weekend or holiday, the due date will be at the close of the next business day.

If the family's payment agreement is in arrears, and the family has not contacted or made arrangements with the Section 8 Program, the PHA will:

- Require the family to pay the balance in full
- Pursue civil collection of the balance due
- Terminate the housing assistance

A transferring family, delinquent on its payment agreement, is required to pay the balance in full prior to the issuance of a voucher.

DEBTS DUE TO MISREPRESENTATIONS / NON-REPORTING OF INFORMATION

HUD's definition of program fraud and abuse is a single act or pattern of actions that:

Constitutes false statement, omission, or concealment of a substantive fact, made with intent to deceive or mislead, and that results in payment of Section 8 program funds in violation of Section 8 program requirements.

Family Error/Late Reporting

Families who owe money to the Section 8 Program due to the family's failure to report increases in income or fail to report any information which will cause an incorrect HAP to be paid to the owner, will be required to repay in accordance with the guidelines in the payment agreement section.

Program Fraud

If a family owes money as a result of program fraud, the case may be referred for prosecution and the family's program participation will be terminated.

GUIDELINES FOR PAYMENT AGREEMENTS

Payment agreements will be executed between the Section 8 Program and the head of household and/or spouse. Monthly payments may be decreased in cases of family hardship, and if requested with reasonable notice from the family, upon verification of the hardship, and the approval of the program manager.

A family current on its repayments may transfer. No transfer will be approved until a delinquent debt is paid in full.

Additional Monies Owed: If the family already has a payment agreement in place and incurs an additional debt to the Section 8 Program:

The City will not enter into more than one payment agreement with the family. The family may be allowed 30 days to pay the second debt in full.

OWNER DEBTS TO THE SECTION 8 PROGRAM

If the Section 8 Program determines that the owner has retained housing assistance or claim payments the owner is not entitled to, the PHA may reclaim the amounts from future housing assistance or claim payments owed the owner for any units under contract. If future housing assistance or claim payments are insufficient to reclaim the amounts owed, the PHA will seek one or more of the following remedies:

- Require the owner to pay the amount in full within 30 days
- Pursue collections through collection agencies and/or the local court system
- Restrict the owner from future participation

WRITING OFF DEBTS

The Finance Director may write off uncollectable debts. In determining whether a debt is uncollectable, the lack of success in collecting, along with the following factors will be considered:

- The debtor's whereabouts is unknown
- The debt is more than one year old
- The debtor is judgment proof
- The debtor is deceased
- The amount is less than \$250.00

XVI. RECERTIFICATION (See also Chapter II : *Issuing or Denying Vouchers* and Chapter IV:

*Occupancy Policies)***CHANGES IN LEASE OR RENT**

If the participant and owner agree to any changes in the lease, all changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of the changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with this Administrative Plan.

Owners must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent at least sixty (60) days before the changes go into effect. Any such changes are subject to the PHA determining them to be reasonable.

Assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner if any of the following changes are made:

- A. Requirements governing participant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
- B. In the lease terms governing the term of the lease;
- C. If the participant moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.

The approval of the PHA is not required for changes other than those specified in A, B, or C above.

ANNUAL REEXAMINATION

At least annually the PHA will conduct a reexamination of family income and circumstances. The results of the reexamination determine (1) the rent the family will pay, and (2) whether the family subsidy is correct based on the family unit size.

The PHA will send a notification letter to the family letting them know that it is time for their annual reexamination and scheduling an appointment. The letter includes forms for the family to complete in preparation for the interview. The letter includes instructions permitting the family to reschedule the interview if necessary. The letter tells families who may need to make alternate arrangements due to a disability that they may contact staff to request an accommodation of their needs.

During the interview, the family will provide all information regarding income, assets, expenses, and other information necessary to determine the family's share of rent. The family will sign the HUD consent form and other consent forms that later will be mailed to the sources that will verify the family circumstances.

Upon receipt of verification, the PHA will determine the family's annual income and will calculate their family share.

Families are not required to, but may at any time, request an interim reexamination based on a decrease in income, an increase in allowable expenses, or other changes in family circumstances. Upon such request, the PHA will take timely action to process the interim reexamination and recalculate the family share.

Effective Date of Rent Changes for Annual Reexaminations

The new family share will generally be effective upon the anniversary date with 30 days notice of any rent increase to the family.

If the rent determination is delayed due to a reason beyond the control of the family, then any rent increase will be effective the first of the month after the month in which the family receives a 30-day notice of the amount. If the new rent is a reduction and the delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective as scheduled on the anniversary date.

If the family caused the delay, then any increase will be effective on the anniversary date. Any reduction will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

Missed Appointments

If the family fails to respond to the letter and fails to attend the interview, a second letter will be mailed. The second letter will advise of a new time and date for the interview, allowing for the same considerations for rescheduling and accommodation as above. The letter will also advise that failure by the family to attend the second scheduled interview will result in the PHA taking action to terminate the family's assistance.

INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS

During an interim reexamination only the information affected by the changes being reported will be reviewed and verified.

Families are required to report the following changes to the PHA between regular reexaminations. These changes will trigger an interim reexamination.

- A. Any income increase or decrease between 10 percent or more of the income previously reported and/or when those changes could affect (in any way) the family

share to the rent.

- B. A member has been added to the family through birth or adoption or court-awarded custody.
- C. A household member is leaving or has left the family unit.
- D. Family break-up (See Section XI above)

Special Reexaminations

If a family's income is too unstable to project for 12 months, including families that temporarily have no income or have a temporary decrease in income, the PHA may schedule special reexaminations every 60 days until the income stabilizes and an annual income can be determined.

Effective Date of Rent Changes Due to Interim or Special Reexaminations

Unless there is a delay in reexamination processing caused by the family, any rent increase will be effective the first of the second month after the month in which the family receives notice of the new rent amount. If the family causes a delay, then the rent increase will be effective on the date it would have been effective had the process not been delayed (even if this means a retroactive increase).

If the new rent is a reduction and any delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective the first of the month after the interim reexamination should have been completed.

If the new rent is a reduction and the family caused the delay or did not report the change in a timely manner, the change will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

XVII. POLICY ON RESTRICTIONS ON THE NUMBER OF MOVES BY A PARTICIPANT FAMILY [24CFR982.314(C)]

HUD regulations permit families to move with continued assistance to another unit within the limits of the PHA, or to a unit outside of the PHA jurisdiction under portability procedures. The regulations also allow the PHA the discretion to develop policies to define any limitations or restrictions on moves. This chapter describes the procedures for moves within and outside the PHA jurisdiction, and the policies for restrictions and limitations on moves.

MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE

Participating families are allowed to move to another unit after the initial 12 months has expired, if the landlord and the participant have mutually agreed to terminate the lease, or if the Housing

Authority has terminated the HAP contract. The Section 8 Program will issue the family a new voucher if the family does not owe the PHA or any other Housing Authority money, has not violated a Family Obligation, has not moved or been issued a certificate or voucher within the last 12 months, and if the Section 8 Program has sufficient funding for continued assistance. If the move is necessitated for a reason other than family choice, the 12-month requirement will be waived.

When A Family May Move

The Section 8 Program will allow the family to move to a new unit if:

- A. The assisted lease for the old unit has terminated;
- B. The owner has given the tenant a notice to vacate, has commenced an action to evict the tenant, or has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant; or
- C. The tenant has given notice of lease termination (if the tenant has a right to terminate the lease on notice to the owner).

Procedures Regarding Family Moves

Families considering transferring to a new unit will be scheduled to attend a mover's briefing. All families who are moving, including any families moving into or out of the PHA Section 8 Program jurisdiction, will be required to attend a mover's briefing prior to the PHA entering a new HAP contract on their behalf.

This briefing is intended to provide the following:

- A. A refresher on program requirements and the family's responsibilities. Emphasis will be on giving proper notice and meeting all lease requirements such as leaving the unit in good condition;
- B. Information about finding suitable housing and the advantages of moving to an area that does not have a high concentration of poor families;
- C. Payment standards, exception payment standard rent areas, and the utility allowance schedule;
- D. An explanation that the family share of rent may not exceed 40% of the family's monthly adjusted income if the gross rent exceeds the applicable payment standard;

- E. Portability requirements and opportunities;
- F. The need to have a reexamination conducted within 120 days prior to the move;
- G. An explanation and copies of the forms required to initiate and complete the move;
and
- H. All forms and brochures provided to applicants at the initial briefing.

Families are required to give proper written notice of their intent to terminate the lease. In accordance with HUD regulations, no notice requirement may exceed 60 days. During the initial term, families may not end the lease unless they and the owner mutually agree to end the lease. If the family moves from the unit before the initial term of the lease ends without the owner's and the PHA Section 8 Program approval, it will be considered a serious lease violation and subject the family to termination from the program.

The family is required to give the PHA a copy of the notice to terminate the lease at the same time as it gives the notice to the landlord. A family's failure to provide a copy of the lease termination notice to the PHA will be considered a violation of Family Obligations and may cause the family to be terminated from the program.

A family who gives notice to terminate the lease must mail the notice by certified mail or have the landlord or his agent sign a statement stating the date and time received. The family will be required to provide the certified mail receipt and a copy of the lease termination notice to the PHA, or a copy of the lease termination notice and the signed statement stating the date and time the notice was received. If the landlord or his/her agent does not accept the certified mail receipt, the family will be required to provide the receipt and envelope showing that the attempt was made.

Failure to follow the above procedures may subject the family to termination from the program.

LOCAL POLICY FOR POLICY FOR MOBILITY AND PORTABILITY FOR THE SECTION 8 EXISTING HOUSING CERTIFICATE AND VOUCHER PROGRAMS

The PHA has developed the following policy concerning limitation on adjacent PHA's Certificate and Voucher moves:

This PHA will not accept, or refer, mobility or portability of Certificates or Vouchers from, or to, any adjacent PHA's.

The determination taken to establish this policy is based on the fact that the adjacent PHA's are within commuting distance from our PHA.

The Certificates and Vouchers can be administered and serviced by these PHA's Municipalities without having to assign them to, or receive them from, our PHA.

XVIII. PORTABILITY

General Policies

A family whose head or spouse has a domicile (legal residence) in the jurisdiction of the PHA at the time the family first submits its application for participation in the program to the PHA may lease a unit anywhere in the jurisdiction of the PHA or outside the PHA jurisdiction as long as there is another entity operating a tenant-based Section 8 program covering the location of the proposed unit.

Families participating in the Voucher Program will not be allowed to move more than once in any 12-month period and under no circumstances will the PHA allow a participant to improperly break a lease. Under extraordinary circumstances the PHA may consider allowing more than one move in a 12-month period.

Families may only move to a jurisdiction where a Section 8 Program is being administered.

For income targeting purposes, the family will count towards the initial housing authority's goals unless the receiving housing authority absorbs the family. If absorbed, the admission will count towards the receiving housing authority's goals.

If a family has moved out of their assisted unit in violation of the lease, the PHA will not issue a voucher and will terminate assistance.

The portability must be requested in written at least three months prior to the ending of the actual lease or before the initial lease is signed. It will be granted in compliance with applicable laws and the availability of funds.

Income Eligibility

- A. A family must be income-eligible in the area where the family first leases a unit with assistance in the Voucher Program.
- B. If a portable family is already a participant in the Initial Housing Authority's Voucher Program, income eligibility is not re-determined.

Portability: Administration by Receiving Housing Authority

- A. When a family utilizes portability to move to an area outside the Initial Housing Authority jurisdiction, another Housing Authority (the Receiving Housing Authority) must administer assistance for the family if that Housing Authority has a tenant-based program covering the area where the unit is located.
- B. A Housing Authority with jurisdiction in the area where the family wants to lease a unit must issue the family a voucher. If there is more than one such housing authority, the Initial Housing Authority may choose which housing authority shall become the Receiving Housing Authority.

Portability Procedures

- A. When the PHA is the Initial Housing Authority:
 - 1. The PHA will brief the family on the process that must take place to exercise portability. The family will be required to attend an applicant or mover's briefing.
 - 2. The PHA will determine whether the family is income-eligible in the area where the family wants to lease a unit (if applicable).
 - 3. The PHA will advise the family how to contact and request assistance from the Receiving Housing Authority.
 - 4. The PHA will, within ten (10) calendar days, notify the Receiving Housing Authority to expect the family.
 - 5. The PHA will immediately mail to the Receiving Housing Authority the most recent HUD Form 50058 (Family Report) for the family, and related verification information.
- B. When the PHA is the Receiving Housing Authority:
 - 1. When the portable family requests assistance from the PHA, the PHA will within ten (10) calendar days inform the Initial Housing Authority whether it will bill the Initial Housing Authority for assistance on behalf of the portable family, or absorb the family into its own program. When the PHA receives a portable family, the family will be absorbed if funds are available and a voucher will be issued.

2. The PHA will issue a voucher to the family. The term of the PHA's voucher will not expire before the expiration date of any Initial Housing Authority's voucher. The PHA will determine whether to extend the voucher term. The family must submit a request for tenancy approval to the PHA during the term of the PHA's voucher.
3. The PHA will determine the family unit size for the portable family. The family unit size is determined in accordance with the PHA's subsidy standards.
4. The PHA will within ten (10) calendar days notify the Initial Housing Authority if the family has leased an eligible unit under the program, or if the family fails to submit a request for tenancy approval for an eligible unit within the term of the voucher.
5. If the PHA opts to conduct a new reexamination, the PHA will not delay issuing the family a voucher or otherwise delay approval of a unit unless the re-certification is necessary to determine income eligibility.
6. In order to provide tenant-based assistance for portable families, the PHA will perform all Housing Authority program functions, such as reexaminations of family income and composition. At any time, either the Initial Housing Authority or the PHA may make a determination to deny or terminate assistance to the family in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552.
7. The PHA may deny or terminate assistance for family action or inaction in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552 and 24 CFR 982.553.

C. Absorption by the PHA

1. If funding is available under the consolidated ACC for the PHA's Voucher Program when the portable family is received, the PHA will absorb the family into its Voucher Program. After absorption, the family is assisted with funds available under the consolidated ACC for the PHA's Tenant-Based Program.

D. Portability Billing

1. To cover assistance for a portable family, the Receiving Housing Authority may bill the Initial Housing Authority for housing assistance payments and administrative fees. The billing procedure will be as follows:
 - a. As the Initial Housing Authority, the PHA will promptly reimburse the Receiving Housing Authority for the full amount of the housing assistance payments made by the Receiving Housing Authority for the portable family.

The amount of the housing assistance payment for a portable family in the Receiving Housing Authority's program is determined in the same manner as for other families in the Receiving Housing Authority's program.

- b. The Initial Housing Authority will promptly reimburse the Receiving Housing Authority for 80% of the Initial Housing Authority's on-going administrative fee for each unit month that the family receives assistance under the tenant-based programs and is assisted by the Receiving Housing Authority. If both Housing Authorities agree, we may negotiate a different amount of reimbursement.

E. When a Portable Family Moves

When a portable family moves out of the tenant-based program of a Receiving Housing Authority that has not absorbed the family, the Housing Authority in the new jurisdiction to which the family moves becomes the Receiving Housing Authority, and the first Receiving Housing Authority is no longer required to provide assistance for the family.

XIX. CHARGES AGAINST THE SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE [24CFR982.155]

Occasionally, it is necessary for the PHA to spend money from its Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve to meet unseen or extraordinary expenditures or for its other housing related purposes consistent with State law.

Any charge against the Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve, must first be authorized by the Mayor, who is the Executive Director.

XX. INSPECTION POLICIES, HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS, AND DAMAGE CLAIMS

The PHA will inspect all units to ensure that they meet Housing Quality Standards (HQS). No unit will be initially placed on the Section 8 Existing Program unless the HQS is met. Units will be inspected at least annually, and at other times as needed, to determine if the units meet HQS.

The PHA must be allowed to inspect the dwelling unit at reasonable times with reasonable notice. The family and owner will be notified of the inspection appointment by first class mail. If the family cannot be at home for the scheduled inspection appointment, the family must call and reschedule the inspection or make arrangements to enable the Housing Authority to enter the unit and complete the inspection.

If the family misses the scheduled inspection and fails to reschedule the inspection, the PHA will

only schedule one more inspection. If the family misses two inspections, the PHA will consider the family to have violated a Family Obligation and their assistance will be terminated.

Types of Inspections

There are seven types of inspections the PHA will perform:

- A. Initial Inspection - An inspection that must take place to insure that the unit passes HQS before assistance can begin.
- B. Annual Inspection - An inspection to determine that the unit continues to meet HQS.
- C. Complaint Inspection - An inspection caused by the Authority receiving a complaint on the unit by anyone.
- D. Special Inspection - An inspection caused by a third party, i.e., HUD, needing to view the unit.
- E. Emergency - An inspection that takes place in the event of a perceived emergency. These will take precedence over all other inspections.
- F. Move Out Inspection- An inspection required for units in service before October 2, 1995, and optional after that date. These inspections document the condition of the unit at the time of the move-out.
- G. Quality Control Inspection - Supervisory inspections on at least 5% of the total number of units that were under lease during the Housing Authority's previous fiscal year.

Owner and Family Responsibility

- A. Owner Responsibility for HQS
 - 1. The owner must maintain the unit in accordance with HQS.
 - 2. If the owner fails to maintain the dwelling unit in accordance with HQS, the PHA will take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the owner obligations. The PHA's remedies for such breach of the HQS include termination, suspension or reduction of housing assistance payments and termination of the HAP contract.
 - 3. The PHA will not make any housing assistance payments for a dwelling unit that fails

to meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects the owner must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA approved extension).

4. The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS that is not caused by the owner, and for which the family is responsible. Furthermore, the PHA may terminate assistance to a family because of the HQS breach caused by the family.

B. Family Responsibility for HQS

1. The family is responsible for a breach of the HQS that is caused by any of the following:
 - a. The family fails to pay for any utilities that the owner is not required to pay for, but which are to be paid by the tenant;
 - b. The family fails to provide and maintain any appliances that the owner is not required to provide, but which are to be provided by the tenant; or
 - c. Any member of the household or a guest damages the dwelling unit or premises (damage beyond ordinary wear and tear).
2. If an HQS breach caused by the family is life threatening, the family must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other family-caused defects, the family must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA approved extension).
3. If the family has caused a breach of the HQS, the PHA will take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the family obligations. The PHA may terminate assistance for the family in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552.

Housing Quality Standards (HQS) 24 CFR 982.401

This Section states performance and acceptability criteria for these key aspects of the following housing quality standards:

- A. Sanitary Facilities
 1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must include sanitary facilities located in the unit. The sanitary facilities must be in proper operating condition and adequate for personal cleanliness and the disposal of human waste. The sanitary facilities must be usable in privacy.

2. Acceptability Criteria
 - a. The bathroom must be located in a separate private room and have a flush toilet in proper operating condition.
 - b. The dwelling unit must have a fixed basin in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water.
 - c. The dwelling unit must have a shower or a tub in proper operating condition with hot and cold running water.
 - d. The facilities must utilize an approvable public or private disposal system (including a locally approvable septic system).
- B. Food Preparation and Refuse Disposal
 1. Performance Requirements
 - a. The dwelling unit must have suitable space and equipment to store, prepare, and serve foods in a sanitary manner.
 - b. There must be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).
 2. Acceptability Criteria
 - a. The dwelling unit must have an oven, a stove or range, and a refrigerator of appropriate size for the family. All of the equipment must be in proper operating condition. Either the owner or the family may supply the equipment. A microwave oven may be substituted for a tenant-supplied oven and stove or range. A microwave oven may be substituted for an owner-supplied oven and stove or range if the tenant agrees and microwave ovens are furnished instead of an oven and stove or range to both subsidized and unsubsidized tenants in the

building or premises.

- b. The dwelling unit must have a kitchen sink in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water. The sink must drain into an approval public or private system.
- c. The dwelling unit must have space for the storage, preparation, and serving of food.
- d. There must be facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food waste and refuse, including temporary storage facilities where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

C. Space and Security

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must provide adequate space and security for the family.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. At a minimum, the dwelling unit must have a living room, a kitchen area, and a bathroom.
- b. The dwelling unit must have at least one bedroom or living/ sleeping room for each two persons. Children of opposite sex, other than very young children, may not be required to occupy the same bedroom or living/sleeping room.
- c. Dwelling unit windows that are accessible from the outside, such as basement, first floor, and fire escape windows, must be lockable (such as window units with sash pins or sash locks, and combination windows with latches). Windows that are nailed shut are acceptable only if these windows are not needed for ventilation or as an alternate exit in case of fire.
- d. The exterior doors of the dwelling unit must be lockable. Exterior doors are doors by which someone can enter or exit the dwelling unit.

D. Thermal Environment

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must have and be capable of maintaining a thermal environment healthy for the human body.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. There must be a safe system for heating the dwelling unit (and a safe cooling system, where present). The system must be in proper operating condition. The system must be able to provide adequate heat (and cooling, if applicable), either directly or indirectly, to each room, in order to assure a healthy living environment appropriate to the climate.
- b. The dwelling unit must not contain unvented room heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene. Electric heaters are acceptable.

E. Illumination and Electricity

1. Performance Requirement

Each room must have adequate natural or artificial illumination to permit normal indoor activities and to support the health and safety of occupants. The dwelling unit must have sufficient electrical sources so occupants can use essential electrical appliances. The electrical fixtures and wiring must ensure safety from fire.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. There must be at least one window in the living room and in each sleeping room.
- b. The kitchen area and the bathroom must have a permanent ceiling or wall light fixture in proper operating condition. The kitchen area must also have at least one electrical outlet in proper operating condition.
- c. The living room and each bedroom must have at least two electrical outlets in proper operating condition. Permanent overhead or wall-mounted light fixtures may count as one of the required electrical outlets.

F. Structure and Materials

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be structurally sound. The structure must not present any threat to the health and safety of the occupants and must protect the occupants from the environment.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. Ceilings, walls, and floors must not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling, missing parts, or other serious damage.
- b. The roof must be structurally sound and weather tight.
- c. The exterior wall structure and surface must not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, large holes, or defects that may result in air infiltration or vermin infestation.
- d. The condition and equipment of interior and exterior stairs, halls, porches, walkways, etc., must not present a danger of tripping and falling. For example, broken or missing steps or loose boards are unacceptable.
- e. Elevators must be working and safe.

G. Interior Air Quality

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be free of pollutants in the air at levels that threaten the health of the occupants.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The dwelling unit must be free from dangerous levels of air pollution from carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, and other harmful pollutants.
- b. There must be adequate air circulation in the dwelling unit.

- c. Bathroom areas must have one window that can be opened or other adequate exhaust ventilation.
- d. Any room used for sleeping must have at least one window. If the window is designed to be opened, the window must work.

H. Water Supply

1. Performance Requirement

The water supply must be free from contamination.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The dwelling unit must be served by an approvable public or private water supply that is sanitary and free from contamination.

I. Lead-based Paint

1. Definitions

- a. Chewable surface: Protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age; for example, protruding corners, window sills and frames, doors and frames, and other protruding woodwork.
- b. Component: An element of a residential structure identified by type and location, such as a bedroom wall, an exterior window sill, a baseboard in a living room, a kitchen floor, an interior window sill in a bathroom, a porch floor, stair treads in a common stairwell, or an exterior wall.
- c. Defective paint surface: A surface on which the paint is cracking, scaling, chipping, peeling, or loose.
- d. Elevated blood level (EBL): Excessive absorption of lead. Excessive absorption is a confirmed concentration of lead in whole blood of 20 ug/dl (micrograms of lead per deciliter) for a single test or of 15-19 ug/dl in two consecutive tests 3-4 months apart.
- e. HEPA: A high efficiency particle accumulator as used in lead

abatement vacuum cleaners.

- f. Lead-based paint: A paint surface, whether or not defective, identified as having a lead content greater than or equal to 1 milligram per centimeter squared (mg/cm²), or 0.5 % by weight or 5000 parts per million (PPM).

2. Performance Requirements

- a. The purpose of this paragraph of this Section is to implement Section 302 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, 42 U.S.C. 4822, by establishing procedures to eliminate as far as practicable the hazards of lead-based paint poisoning for units assisted under this part. This paragraph is issued under 24 CFR 35.24(b)(4) and supersedes, for all housing to which it applies, the requirements of subpart C of 24 CFR part 35.
- b. The requirements of this paragraph of this Section do not apply to 0-bedroom units, units that are certified by a qualified inspector to be free of lead-based paint, or units designated exclusively for the elderly. The requirements of subpart A of 24 CFR part 35 apply to all units constructed prior to 1978 covered by a HAP contract under part 982.
- c. If a dwelling unit constructed before 1978 is occupied by a family that includes a child under the age of six years, the initial and each periodic inspection (as required under this part) must include a visual inspection for defective paint surfaces. If defective paint surfaces are found, such surfaces must be treated in accordance with paragraph k of this Section.
- d. The Housing Authority may exempt from such treatment defective paint surfaces that are found in a report by a qualified lead-based paint inspector not to be lead-based paint, as defined in paragraph 1(f) of this Section. For purposes of this Section, a qualified lead-based paint inspector is a State or local health or housing agency, a lead-based paint inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health or housing agency, or an organization recognized by HUD.
- e. Treatment of defective paint surfaces required under this Section must be completed within 30 calendar days of Housing Authority

notification to the owner. When weather conditions prevent treatment of the defective paint conditions on exterior surfaces within the 30-day period, treatment as required by paragraph k of this Section may be delayed for a reasonable time.

- f. The requirements in this paragraph apply to:
 - i. All painted interior surfaces within the unit (including ceilings but excluding furniture);
 - ii. The entrance and hallway providing access to a unit in a multi-unit building; and
 - iii. Exterior surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age (including walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, but excluding outbuildings such as garages and sheds).
- g. In addition to the requirements of paragraph c of this Section, for a dwelling unit constructed before 1978 that is occupied by a family with a child under the age of six years with an identified EBL condition, the initial and each periodic inspection (as required under this part) must include a test for lead-based paint on chewable surfaces. Testing is not required if previous testing of chewable surfaces is negative for lead-based paint or if the chewable surfaces have already been treated.
- h. Testing must be conducted by a State or local health or housing agency, an inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health or housing agency, or an organization recognized by HUD. Lead content must be tested by using an X-ray fluorescence analyzer (XRF) or by laboratory analysis of paint samples. Where lead-based paint on chewable surfaces is identified, treatment of the paint surface in accordance with paragraph k of this Section is required, and treatment shall be completed within the time limits in paragraph c of this Section.
- i. The requirements in paragraph g of this Section apply to all protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age:
 - i. Within the unit;

- ii. The entrance and hallway providing access to a unit in a multi-unit building; and
 - iii. Exterior surfaces (including walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, but excluding outbuildings such as garages and sheds).
- j. In lieu of the procedures set forth in paragraph g of this Section, the Housing Authority may, at its discretion, waive the testing requirement and require the owner to treat all interior and exterior chewable surfaces in accordance with the methods set out in paragraph k of this Section.
- k. Treatment of defective paint surfaces and chewable surfaces must consist of covering or removal of the paint in accordance with the following requirements:
- i. A defective paint surface shall be treated if the total area of defective paint on a component is:
 - (1) More than 10 square feet on an exterior wall;
 - (2) More than 2 square feet on an interior or exterior component with a large surface area, excluding exterior walls and including, but not limited to, ceilings, floors, doors, and interior walls;
 - (3) More than 10% of the total surface area on an interior or exterior component with a small surface area, including, but not limited to, windowsills, baseboards and trim.
 - ii. Acceptable methods of treatment are the following: removal by wet scraping, wet sanding, chemical stripping on or off site, replacing painted components, scraping with infra-red or coil type heat gun with temperatures below 1100 degrees, HEPA vacuum sanding, HEPA vacuum needle gun, contained hydroblasting or high pressure wash with HEPA vacuum, and abrasive sandblasting with HEPA vacuum. Surfaces must be covered with durable materials with joint edges sealed and

caulked as needed to prevent the escape of lead contaminated dust.

- iii. Prohibited methods of removal are the following: open flame burning or torching, machine sanding or grinding without a HEPA exhaust, uncontained hydroblasting or high pressure wash, and dry scraping except around electrical outlets or except when treating defective paint spots no more than two square feet in any one interior room or space (hallway, pantry, etc.) or totaling no more than twenty square feet on exterior surfaces.
 - iv. During exterior treatment soil and playground equipment must be protected from contamination.
 - v. All treatment procedures must be concluded with a thorough cleaning of all surfaces in the room or area of treatment to remove fine dust particles. Cleanup must be accomplished by wet washing surfaces with a lead solubilizing detergent such as trisodium phosphate or an equivalent solution.
 - vi. Waste and debris must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws.
- l. The owner must take appropriate action to protect residents and their belongings from hazards associated with treatment procedures. Residents must not enter spaces undergoing treatment until cleanup is completed. Personal belongings that are in work areas must be relocated or otherwise protected from contamination.
 - m. Prior to execution of the HAP contract, the owner must inform the Housing Authority and the family of any knowledge of the presence of lead-based paint on the surfaces of the residential unit.
 - n. The Housing Authority must attempt to obtain annually from local health agencies the names and addresses of children with identified EBLs and must annually match this information with the names and addresses of participants under this part. If a match occurs, the Housing Authority must determine whether local health officials have tested the unit for lead-based paint. If the unit has lead-based paint, the Housing Authority must require the owner to treat the lead-based

paint. If the owner does not complete the corrective actions required by this Section, the family must be issued a voucher to move.

- o. The Housing Authority must keep a copy of each inspection report for at least three years. If a dwelling unit requires testing, or if the dwelling unit requires treatment of chewable surfaces based on the testing, the Housing Authority must keep the test results indefinitely and, if applicable, the owner certification and treatment. The records must indicate which chewable surfaces in the dwelling units have been tested and which chewable surfaces were tested or tested and treated in accordance with the standards prescribed in this Section, such chewable surfaces do not have to be tested or treated at any subsequent time.
- p. The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

J. Access

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

K. Site and Neighborhood

1. Performance Requirement

The site and neighborhood must be reasonably free from disturbing noises and reverberations and other dangers to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The site and neighborhood may not be subject to serious adverse environmental conditions, natural or manmade, such as dangerous walks or steps; instability; flooding, poor drainage, septic tank back-ups or sewage

hazards; mudslide; abnormal air pollution, smoke or dust; excessive noise, vibration or vehicular traffic; excessive accumulations of trash; vermin or rodent infestation; or fire hazards.

L. Sanitary Condition

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be in sanitary condition.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be free of vermin and rodent infestation.

M. Smoke Detectors

1. Performance Requirements

a. Except as provided in paragraph b below of this Section, each dwelling unit must have at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector, in proper operating condition, on each level of the dwelling unit, including basements but excepting crawl spaces and unfinished attics. Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards). If the dwelling unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system, designed for hearing-impaired persons as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

b. For units assisted prior to April 24, 1993, owners who installed battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detectors prior to April 24, 1993, in compliance with HUD's smoke detector requirements, including the regulations published on July 30, 1992 (57 FR 33846), will not be required subsequently to comply with any additional requirements mandated by NFPA 74 (i.e., the owner would not be required to install a smoke detector in a basement not used for living purposes, nor would the owner be required to change the location of the smoke detectors that have already been installed on the other floors of the unit).

Exceptions to the HQS Acceptability Criteria

The PHA will utilize the acceptability criteria as outlined above with applicable State and local codes. Additionally, the PHA has received HUD approval to require the following additional criteria:

- A. In each room, there will be at least one exterior window that can be opened and that contains a screen.
- B. Owners will be required to scrape peeling paint and repaint all surfaces cited for peeling paint with 2 coats of non-lead paint. An extension may be granted as a severe weather related item as defined below.
- C. Adequate heat shall be considered to be 68 degrees.
- D. In units where the tenant must pay for utilities, each unit must have separate metering device(s) for measuring utility consumption.
- E. A ¾" overflow pipe must be present on the hot water heater safety valves and installed down to within 6 inches of the floor.

Time Frames and Corrections of HQS Fail Items

- A. Correcting Initial HQS Fail Items

The PHA will schedule a timely inspection of the unit on the date the owner indicates that the unit will be ready for inspection, or as soon as possible thereafter (within 5 working days) upon receipt of a Request for Tenancy Approval. The owner and participant will be notified in writing of the results of the inspection. If the unit fails HQS again, the owner and the participant will be advised to notify the PHA to reschedule a re-inspection when the repairs have been properly completed.

On an initial inspection, the owner will be given up to 30 days to correct the items noted as failed, depending on the extent of the repairs that are required to be made. No unit will be placed in the program until the unit meets the HQS requirements.

- B. HQS Fail Items for Units under Contract

The owner or participant will be given time to correct the failed items cited on the inspection report for a unit already under contract. If the failed items endanger the family's health or safety (using the emergency item in Section 12.6), the owner or participant will be given 24 hours to correct the violations. For less serious failures,

the owner or participant will be given up to 30 days to correct the failed item(s).

If the owner fails to correct the HQS failed items after proper notification has been given, the PHA will abate payment and terminate the contract in accordance with Sections 12.7 and 17.0(B)(3).

If the participant fails to correct the HQS failed items that are family-caused after proper notification has been given, the PHA will terminate assistance for the family in accordance with Sections 12.2(B) and 17.0(B)(3).

C. Time Frames for Corrections

1. Emergency repair items must be abated within 24 hours.
2. Repair of refrigerators, range and oven, or a major plumbing fixture supplied by the owner must be abated within 72 hours.
3. Non-emergency items must be completed within 10 days of the initial inspection.
4. For major repairs, the owner will have up to 30 days to complete.

D. Extensions

At the sole discretion of the PHA, extensions of up to 30 days may be granted to permit an owner to complete repairs if the owner has made a good faith effort to initiate repairs. If repairs are not completed within 60 days after the initial inspection date, the PHA will abate the rent and cancel the HAP contract for owner noncompliance. Appropriate extensions will be granted if a severe weather condition exists for such items as exterior painting and outside concrete work for porches, steps, and sidewalks.

Emergency Fail Items

The following items are to be considered examples of emergency items that need to be abated within 24 hours:

- A. No hot or cold water
- B. No electricity

- C. Inability to maintain adequate heat
- D. Major plumbing leak
- E. Natural gas leak
- F. Broken lock(s) on first floor doors or windows
- G. Broken windows that unduly allow weather elements into the unit
- H. Electrical outlet smoking or sparking
- I. Exposed electrical wires which could result in shock or fire
- J. Unusable toilet when only one toilet is present in the unit
- K. Security risks such as broken doors or windows that would allow intrusion
- L. Other conditions which pose an immediate threat to health or safety

Abatement

When a unit fails to meet HQS and the owner has been given an opportunity to correct the deficiencies, but has failed to do so within in the required timeframe, the rent for the dwelling unit will be abated.

The initial abatement period will not exceed 7 days. If the corrections of deficiencies are not made within the 7-day time frame, the abatement will continue until the HAP contract is terminated. When the deficiencies are corrected, the PHA will end the abatement the day the unit passes inspection. Rent will resume the following day and be paid the first day of the next month.

For tenant caused HQS deficiencies, the owner will not be held accountable and the rent will not be abated. The tenant is held to the same standard and time frames for correction of deficiencies as owners. If repairs are not completed by the deadline, the PHA will send a notice of termination to both the tenant and the owner. The tenant will be given the opportunity to request an informal hearing.

XXI. PHA SCREENING OF APPLICANTS FOR FAMILY BEHAVIOR OR SUITABILITY FOR TENANCY.

The procedures and documents required for determining family eligibility are as follows:

- Applicants present evidence of all income received by the family including Social Security benefits, Social Services, pensions, child support, scholarships, assets, etc.
- Applicants and participants are required to disclose and verify their Social Security numbers as well as their children's Social Security numbers (children over 6 years of age), and their employers business identification number (if necessary).
- Certification of employment signed by the employer.
- Affidavits for seasonal workers or for the self employed.
- Eviction notice, where applicable.
- Evidence or receipt of most recently paid rent.
- Marriage certificate or divorce decree, where applicable.
- Birth certificates of all the members of the family.
- Good Conduct Certificate from the Police Department.
- Certification of ongoing studies for all children over 18 years of age.
- Affidavit for common-law couples.
- Income tax return forms.
- Certification of unemployment for persons who are older than 18 years of age and are not studying.
- Certification of a handicap or a medical disability.
- Property Title of the location currently occupied by the applicant in order to verify that the property is not owned by the applicant.
- Family group photograph.
- These items will be required at the discretion of the agency whenever applicable (provided that it will not impose financial hardship).

-Authorization for release of information for all members of households over 18 years of age.

The applicant is required to sign a form authorizing program personnel to corroborate the information presented with the respective public agencies and/or other institutions- e.g., the Social Services Department, the Housing Authority, the Social Security Administration, etc.- and to obtain verification of income.

Program personnel may also conduct interviews at their current place of residence and have their living conditions documented.

Income eligibility

1. To be eligible to receive assistance a family shall, at the time the family initially receives assistance under the Section 8 program shall be a family that is:
 - a. An extremely low-income or a very low-income family;
 - b. A low-income family continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act;
 - c. A low-income family that meets additional eligibility criteria specified by the Housing Authority;
 - d. A low-income family that is a nonpurchasing tenant in a HOPE 1 or HOPE 2 project or a property subject to a resident homeownership program under 24 CFR 248.173;
 - e. A low-income family or moderate-income family that is displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing;
 - f. A low-income family that qualifies for voucher assistance as a non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 (HOPE for public housing homeownership) or HOPE 2 (HOPE for homeownership of multifamily units) project.
2. Income limits apply only at admission and are not applicable for continued occupancy; however, as income rises the assistance will decrease.
3. The applicable income limit for issuance of a voucher is the highest income limit for the family size for areas within the housing authority's jurisdiction. The applicable income limit for admission to the program is the income limit for the area in which the family is initially assisted in the program. The family may only use the voucher to rent a unit in an area where the family is income eligible at admission to the program.

4. Families who are moving into the PHA's jurisdiction under portability and have the status of applicant rather than of participant at their initial housing authority must meet the income limit for the area where they were initially assisted under the program.
5. Families who are moving into the PHA's jurisdiction under portability and are already program participants at their initial housing authority do not have to meet the income eligibility requirement for the PHA program.
6. Income limit restrictions do not apply to families transferring units within the PHA Section 8 Program.

Citizenship/Eligible Immigrant status

To be eligible each member of the family must be a citizen, national, or a noncitizen who has eligible immigration status under one of the categories set forth in Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (see 42 U.S.C. 1436a(a)).

Family eligibility for assistance

1. A family shall not be eligible for assistance unless every member of the family residing in the unit is determined to have eligible status, with the exception noted below.
2. Despite the ineligibility of one or more family members, a mixed family may be eligible for one of three types of assistance (See Section 11.5(K) for calculating rents under the noncitizen rule).
3. A family without any eligible members and receiving assistance on June 19, 1995, may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance.

Social Security Number Documentation

To be eligible, all family members 6 years of age and older must provide a Social Security Number or certify that they do not have one.

Signing Consent Forms

1. In order to be eligible each member of the family who is at least 18 years of age, and each family head and spouse regardless of age, shall sign one or more consent forms.
2. The consent form must contain, at a minimum, the following:

- a. A provision authorizing HUD and the PHA to obtain from State Wage Information Collection Agencies (SWICAs) any information or materials necessary to complete or verify the application for participation or for eligibility for continued occupancy;
- b. A provision authorizing HUD or the PHA to verify with previous or current employers income information pertinent to the family's eligibility for or level of assistance;
- c. A provision authorizing HUD to request income information from the IRS and the SSA for the sole purpose of verifying income information pertinent to the family's eligibility or level of benefits; and
- d. A statement that the authorization to release the information requested by the consent form expires 15 months after the date the consent form is signed.

Suitability for tenancy

The PHA determines eligibility for participation and will also conduct criminal background checks on all adult household members, including live-in aides. The PHA will deny assistance to a family because of drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity by family members. This check will be made through state or local law enforcement or court records in those cases where the household member has lived in the local jurisdiction for the last three years. If the individual has lived outside the local area, the PHA may contact law enforcement agencies where the individual had lived or request a check through the FBI's National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

The PHA will check with the State sex offender registration program and will ban for life any individual who is registered as a lifetime sex offender.

Additional screening is the responsibility of the owner. Upon the written request of a prospective owner, the PHA will provide any factual information or third party written information they have relevant to a voucher holder's history of, or ability to, comply with material standard lease terms or any history of drug trafficking.

XXII. MERGER OF THE CERTIFICATE AND VOUCHER PROGRAM

On October 1, 1999, the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Program were merged into one Tenant-Based Program called the Section Housing Choice Voucher Program. The new Program has features of the certificate and old voucher programs, plus new requirements. Some regulation changes were effective on that date and other will become effective during the coming years. The merger had to be completed by October 1, 2001. The main changes of the merger, which are

described below, will be adopted as needed. A summary of the new voucher program follows:

1. **Payment standards.** The subsidy amount is based on a payment standard set by the PHA anywhere between 90% to 110% of FMR. HUD may approve payment standards lower than 90% of FMR and payment standards higher than 110% of FMR. HUD may require PHA payment standard changes because of the incidence of high rent burdens. [§545:§8(o)(1)(B),(D)&(E)].
2. **Tenant rent.** A family renting a unit below the payment standard pays the higher of 30% of monthly adjusted income, 10% of monthly income, or the welfare rent. There is no voucher shopping incentive. A family renting a unit above the payment standard pays the higher of 30% of monthly adjusted income, 10% of monthly income, or the welfare rent, plus the amount of rent above the payment standard.
3. **Maximum initial rent burdens.** A family must not pay more than 40% of income for rent when the family first receives the subsidy in a particular unit. (This maximum rent burden requirement is not applicable at reexamination if the family stays in place.) [§545:§8(0)(3)].
4. **Income Limits.** Eligibility is limited to:
 - very low-income family
 - low-income family previously assisted under the public housing, Section 23, or Section 8 Programs
 - low-income family that is a non-purchasing tenant of certain homeownership programs
 - low-income tenant displaced from certain Section 221 and 236 projects
 - low-income family that meets PHA-specified eligibility criteria
5. **Optional PHA screening of applicants.** Although the screening and selection of tenants will remain a function of the owner, the PHA also may elect to screen applicants in accordance with any HUD requirements. [§545:§8(o)(6)(B)].
6. **Optional PHA disapproval of owners.** The PHA may refuse to enter into new Section 8 HAP contracts with owners who refuse (or have a history of refusing) to evict families for drug-related or violent criminal activity, or for activity that threatens the health, safety or right of peaceful enjoyment of the premises by tenants, PHA employees or owner employees, or the residences by neighbors. [§545:§8(o)(6)(C)].
7. **Initial Lease Terms.** The PHA may approve an initial lease term of less than 1 year

if a lease of less than 1 year prevails local practices and the PHA determines that the shorter term will improve housing opportunities for the family. [§545:§8(o)(7)(A)].

8. **Lease form and content.** The lease form must be in the standard form used in the locality by the owner. The lease must contain terms that are consistent with State and local law, and that applies generally to unassisted tenants in the same property. The lease may contain the HUD prescribed lease addendum. [§545:§8(o)(7)(B)&(F)].
9. **Termination of tenancy.** "Violent criminal activity on or near the premises" is added to the statutory termination of tenancy provisions. [§545:§8(o)(7)(D)].
10. **HQS.** Units must pass the federally established HQS or substitute local housing codes or codes adopted by PHA's. Substitute local housing codes or codes adopted by PHA's (1) cannot severely restrict housing choice and (2) must meet or exceed the HQS (unless HUD approves a lower standard that does not adversely affect the health or safety of families, and will significantly increase affordable housing access and expand housing opportunities). [§545:§8(o)(8)(B)].
11. **15 day initial HQS inspection deadline.** PHA's with 1250 or fewer tenant-based Section 8 units must conduct initial HQS inspections within 15 days of the owner's inspection request. PHA's with more than 1250 tenant-based Section 8 units must conduct initial HQS inspections within a "reasonable period" of the owner's inspection request. The PHA assessment system for tenant-based assistance (currently the Section 8 Management Assessment Program) must incorporate this PHA performance standard. [§545:§8(o)(8)(C)].
12. **PHA penalties for late payment of housing assistance to owners.** The housing assistance payment (HAP) contract may provide for PHA penalties for late payment of the housing assistance payment to the owner. Any late payment penalties must be imposed by the owner in accordance with generally accepted practices in the local housing market. For example, an owner could charge the PHA a late fee if the housing assistance payment is not received by the 5th day of the month if it is local practice that tenants are charged a late fee when the rent has not been paid-in-full by the 5th day of each month. A late payment fee must be paid from the PHA's Administrative Fee unless HUD authorizes payment from another source. No late fee may be charged if HUD determines that the late payment is due to factors beyond the control of the PHA (e.g., late receipt of the Section 8 Funds from Treasury). [§545:§8(o)(10)(D)&(E)].
13. **HQS inspections and rent reasonableness determinations for PHA-owned units.** The local government or another entity approved by HUD must conduct HQS inspections and rent reasonableness determinations for PHA-owned units leased by

voucher holders. The PHA must pay any expenses with the performance of such inspections and rent determinations. [§545:§8(o)(11)].

14. **Subsidy amounts for manufactured homeowners leasing pads.** The subsidy amount for expenses associated with leasing the pads is revised to mirror the subsidy calculation method for families leasing "regular" units. [§545:§8(o)(12)].
15. **Project-based vouchers.** Project-based assistance is authorized for up to 15% of the PHA's certificates and vouchers. The prior exception allowing additional project-based assistance and special HAP contract terms for certain State assisted projects is eliminated.

Initial and any annual rent adjustments are subject to a rent reasonableness determination. [§545:§8(o)(13)].

16. **Witness relocation funds.** PHA's that receive witness relocation funds must have procedures for notifying potential recipients of funding availability. [§545:§8(o)(16)].
17. **Deed restrictions.** Voucher assistance may not be used in any manner that "abrogates any local deed restriction that applies to any housing consisting of 1 to 4 units". The Fair Housing Act explicitly applies. [§545:8(o)(17)].

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico
Gobierno Municipal de Isabela
 Legislatura Municipal
 PO Box 507 Isabela, Puerto Rico 00662
 Tel. (787) 872-5880 • Fax: 787-872-5145

AVISO

La Legislatura Municipal de Isabela, Puerto Rico en Sesión Extraordinaria celebrada el 16 de noviembre de 2007, aprobaron la Ordenanza Núm. 15, Serie 2007-2008:

ORDENANZA NÚMERO 15 SERIE 2007-2008

PARA DEROGAR LA ORDENANZA NÚMERO 24, SERIE 2006-2007 Y PARA DEFINIR LOS POR CIENTOS DEL IMPUESTO MUNICIPAL (APORTACIÓN CIUDADANA) DEL UNO PUNTO CINCO POR CIENTO (1.5%) SOBRE LAS VENTAS Y EL USO DEL (IVU) DENTRO DEL MUNICIPIO DE ISABELA A SER COBRADOS POR EL MUNICIPIO Y EL SECRETARIO DE HACIENDA DE ACUERDO A LA LEY 80 DEL 29 DE JULIO DE 2007, SU FECHA DE EFECTIVIDAD, DELIMITAR SU ALCANCE, ESTABLECER LA REGLA GENERAL, LAS LIMITACIONES Y LAS DISPOSICIONES ADMINISTRATIVAS DE DICHO IMPUESTO, Y PARA OTROS FINES.

Esta Ordenanza comenzará a regir a los diez (10) días después de su publicación.

Cualquier persona natural o jurídica podrá obtener copia, debidamente certificada del texto completo de esta Ordenanza en la Secretaría de la Legislatura Municipal mediante el pago de los derechos correspondientes.

Gloria M. Pérez
Gloria M. Pérez
 Secretaria

ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO
Oficina del Gobernador
Junta de Calidad Ambiental
 35 Años de Gestión Ambiental Área de Asesoramiento Científico

AVISO AMBIENTAL
DECLARACIÓN DE IMPACTO AMBIENTAL
PRELIMINAR ACTUALIZADA

La Agencia Proponente, Compañía de Comercio y Exportación de PR, ha sometido a la Junta de Calidad Ambiental una Declaración de Impacto Ambiental Preliminar Actualizada (DIA-PA) para la acción descrita abajo.

Esta (DIA-PA) tiene el propósito de que se incluya información adicional surgida durante el proceso de evaluación de la (DIA-Preliminar), que conlleva un impacto ambiental significativo. Copias de dicho documento se encuentran disponibles para la inspección en la red de computadoras "Internet", a través de la dirección www.jca.gobierno.pr/; Casa Alcaldía Municipio de Toa Baja, Compañía de Comercio y Exportación de PR y en la Junta de Calidad Ambiental, localizada en la Avenida Ponce de León #1308, Carr. Estatal 8838, Sector El Cinco, Río Piedras. Las personas que tengan información que pueda ser útil en la evaluación de la acción propuesta, pueden enviar la misma por escrito a la Agencia Proponente con copia a la Junta de Calidad Ambiental dentro de un término de treinta (30) días consecutivos siguientes a la publicación de este aviso. También durante este término tienen derecho a solicitar una vista pública.

DIA Núm. : JCA 05-0001 (CCE/Consulta#2002-13-1010-JPU La Plata Shopping Center

Agencia Proponente: Compañía de Comercio y Exportación de PR
 PO Box 195009
 San Juan, Puerto Rico 00919-5009

Funcionario Responsable: Sr. Javier Matos Vázquez
Teléfono : (787) 294-0101 Ext. 2130

Entidad privada que promueve la acción : Gómez, Piñero & Assoc.

Descripción de Acción : Ubicación de un Centro Comercial de aproximadamente un millón de pies cuadrados de área neta para ventas al detal, oficinas y servicios. Ocupará un área de 64.38 cuerdas de una finca con área total de 94.5077 cuerdas.

Localización : Intersección de las Carreteras PR-2, PR-165 y PR-22 Bo. Media Luna del Municipio de Toa Baja, PR

ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO
Municipio Autónomo de Cabo Rojo
 OFICINA DEL ALCALDE
 Apartado 1308 Cabo Rojo, Puerto Rico 00623

Aviso de Vista Pública

El Municipio Autónomo de Cabo Rojo está preparando el Plan Anual del Programa de Oportunidades de Vivienda Bajo Vale (Sección 8) para el año fiscal 2008-2009. Este plan de acción contiene detalles acerca de la misión, objetivos, metas, estrategias operacionales, programas y servicios que han sido establecidos y/o implementados por nuestro Municipio para atender las necesidades de vivienda bajo el Programa de Vivienda Subsidiada.

De acuerdo con la Ley de Responsabilidad de Trabajo y Calidad de Vivienda de 1998, (Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act), se invita a participantes del Programa, a formar parte de su Junta de Residentes. La Junta deberá ser modelo representativo del Programa y servir de enlace entre el Municipio y todos los participantes del Programa. Los miembros de esta Junta deberán conocer la administración, manejo y políticas del Programa y estar informados de los cambios que pudieran afectar a los participantes, para de esta forma mejorar las condiciones de vivienda. Las personas interesadas en pertenecer a la Junta deberán presentarse personalmente o comunicarse con la Oficina de Sección 8 del Municipio Autónomo de Cabo Rojo.

Además, se exhorta al público en general a participar de la Vista Pública que se llevará a cabo, según se indica:

Fecha: 21 de febrero de 2008
Hora: 9:00 AM
Lugar: Museo de los Próceres Don Luis A. Ferré Aguayo
 Carr. 312 Km. 0.4 interior, Cabo Rojo, P.R.

En esta Vista Pública se discutirán las prioridades de nuestro Municipio, la propuesta para el Plan Anual y se recopilarán comentarios y/o sugerencias del público con respecto al Plan Anual y la administración del Programa de Subsidio de Vivienda.

El Plan y todos los documentos asociados estarán disponibles en la Oficina de Sección 8 (localizada en la Calle Rius Rivera, Edificio la Campana, Tercer Piso) de nuestro municipio durante horas laborales, para ser examinados por el público en general, organizaciones sin fines de lucro y todos aquellos interesados.

Las personas que no puedan asistir a la Vista Pública o necesiten acomodo razonable deberán comunicarse, con no menos de siete días de anticipación a la fecha de la vista pública, con la Oficina de Sección 8, para los arreglos pertinentes, al (787) 851-1025, ext. 338 ó 327, o a través del correo electrónico seccion8mcr@yahoo.com.

Dado hoy, 28 de noviembre de 2007, en Cabo Rojo, P.R.

Hon. Perzá Rodríguez Quinones
Hon. Perzá Rodríguez Quinones
 Alcaldesa

Este aviso se publica según requerido por el 24 CFR 903.17 y 903.13 "Igualdad de Oportunidades de Vivienda"

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico
Municipio Autónomo de LARES
 P.O. Box 395
 Lares, Puerto Rico 00669

Tel. (787) 897-2300
 Fax. (787) 897-7510

AVISO VISTAS PÚBLICAS

El Municipio Autónomo de Lares es elegible para recibir fondos del Centro de Recaudación de Ingresos Municipales (CRIM) provenientes del Programa de Participación Ciudadana para el Desarrollo Municipal, Resolución Conjunta #116 del 23 de julio de 2007, a tenor con el Artículo 16.001 de la Ley 81 del 30 de agosto de 1991, según enmendada, conocida como Ley de Municipios Autónomos de Puerto Rico. La participación máxima del Municipio es de \$81,515.20.

Para cumplir con el requisito de Participación Ciudadana se exhorta a las asociaciones de ciudadanos y asociaciones Distrito Comercial a beneficiarse de este programa. Los fondos de este programa son competitivos. Estos podrán usarse para el desarrollo de obras y propuestas de mejoramiento que cumplan con los criterios establecidos. Para cualificar el proponente deberá aportar al programa una asignación de fondos proporcional al 50% del costo total de la obra presentada.

En caso de que no se sometan propuestas de mejoramiento, los fondos del programa se usarán para los proyectos que proponga el Alcalde con la aprobación de la Legislatura Municipal. Por tanto, exhortamos a los ciudadanos, asociaciones participantes a someter por escrito sus recomendaciones o comentarios referente a proyectos de obras públicas y mejoras permanentes que puedan ser consideradas en la propuesta que someterá este Municipio para el uso de fondos que se asignarán en el corriente año 2006-2007.

A los efectos de promover la participación ciudadana se celebrará la siguiente Vista Pública:

Día: 18/diciembre/2007
Hora: 6:00 p.m.
Lugar: Salón Legislatura Municipal
 (Edificio antes Supermercado Central)

Hon. Roberto Pagan Centeno
HON. ROBERTO PAGAN CENTENO
 ALCALDE

AVISOS Y SUBASTAS

Sears

NOTA ACLARATORIA A NUESTROS CLIENTES

En nuestra circular Pide un Deseo con ofertas válidas del 7 al 8 de diciembre de 2007, en la portada, el "trimmer" Craftsman® #79187 tiene el precio especial incorrecto y debió leer esp. \$139.99. Disculpen cualquier inconveniente que esto les haya podido causar.

ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO
GOBIERNO MUNICIPAL DE JUNCOS
 Programa de Vivienda Subsidiada-Sección 8
 Apartado Postal 1706 Juncos, P.R. 00777

AVISO

El Municipio de Juncos está elaborando el Plan Anual del Programa de Sección 8 para el año fiscal 2008-2009. El Plan Anual o Plan de Acción contiene información sobre la operación de los programas y servicios, y de cómo se atenderán las necesidades de vivienda de las familias participantes. Con el propósito de preparar este Plan y brindarle oportunidad de participar en el proceso de planificación, se invita a Jefes de Familia de familias participantes del Programa a formar parte de su Junta de Participantes.

Los participantes del Programa de Sección 8 tienen el derecho de estar involucrados en el desarrollo de sus planes. Esto será mediante una Junta que emitirá sus comentarios durante la preparación del Plan. Además, todos los participantes tendrán la oportunidad de ver y comentar sobre el mismo durante el término de la presentación de su borrador final, lo que culminará con una Audiencia Pública. Una vez completado el Plan, se notificará a través de un Aviso Público la disponibilidad del mismo y se anunciará el día, lugar y hora de la Audiencia Pública para finalizar el proceso con el cierre de comentarios.

La Junta de Participantes deberá ser modelo representativo del Programa y servirá de enlace entre el Municipio y todos los participantes de Sección 8. Sólo los participantes activos del Programa (mayores de 18 años) podrán representar esta Junta, aunque cualquier ciudadano puede emitir comentarios durante las vistas públicas. Los participantes tienen que estar involucrados para:

1. Mejorar las condiciones en las viviendas
2. Mantenerse informados de los cambios en el Programa
3. Conocer las políticas de manejo y administración del Programa
4. Cumplir con su obligación como participante

Las personas interesadas en pertenecer a esta Junta podrán presentarse personalmente o comunicarse a la Oficina de Sección 8 del Municipio de Juncos en horas laborales, durante los días del 7 de diciembre de 2007 al 20 de diciembre de 2007.

Dirección Física: Calle Escuté
 Antiguo Edificio Coop
 Juncos, Puerto Rico

Teléfono: (787) 734-0030/0031

La fecha, hora y lugar de la vista pública para la presentación del Plan será notificado con 45 días de anticipación en un periódico de mayor circulación. Además, habrá copia del mismo en las Oficinas del Programa de Sección 8. Recuerde que todos los participantes tendrán la oportunidad de ver y comentar sobre el Plan Anual durante el término de la presentación de su borrador final lo que culminará con la Audiencia Pública.

Dado en Juncos, Puerto Rico.

Alfredo Alejandro Carrión
Alfredo Alejandro Carrión
 Alcalde

Este anuncio se publica según requerido por el CFR 903.13

AVISOS Y SUBASTAS



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ESTADO LIBRE ASOCIADO DE PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPIO AUTÓNOMO DE
JUNCOS
OFICINA DE VIVIENDA Y SECCIÓN 8

ANUNCIO PÚBLICO

El Municipio de Juncos ha preparado el Plan Anual (Plan de Acción), del Programa de Sección 8 para el año fiscal 2008-2009. El borrador del plan y todos los documentos asociados a éste se encuentran disponibles para ser examinados por el público en general, organización sin fines de lucro y todos aquellos interesados, durante horas laborables a partir de la fecha de publicación de este aviso.

Las personas interesadas en emitir comentarios sobre el Plan, los podrán presentar personalmente o por escrito en la oficina de Vivienda, localizada en:

Dirección Física: Calle Escuté
Antiguo Edificio Coop
Juncos, Puerto Rico

Dirección Postal: Apartado Postal 1706
Juncos, Puerto Rico 00777

El Municipio de Juncos invita a la ciudadanía en general a participar del cierre de comentarios al Plan con la celebración de:

VISTA PÚBLICA
Plan Anual del Municipio de Juncos
A efectuarse en:
Salón de Asambleas de la Casa Alcaldía
El viernes, 8 de febrero de 2008 a las 10:00 a.m.

El lugar seleccionado para realizar ésta Vista Pública es de fácil acceso para personas con impedimentos físicos. De requerir asistencia especial, debe comunicarse a la Oficina de Vivienda y Sección 8, previo al día de la Vista, al siguiente teléfono (787) 734-0030/0031.

Les invita,

Hon. Alfredo Alejandro Carrión
ALCALDE

Este anuncio se publica según requerido por el CFR 903.17
CEE-CC-C8-035

PRIMERA HORA

Travesías
Guía sobre viajes y vacaciones

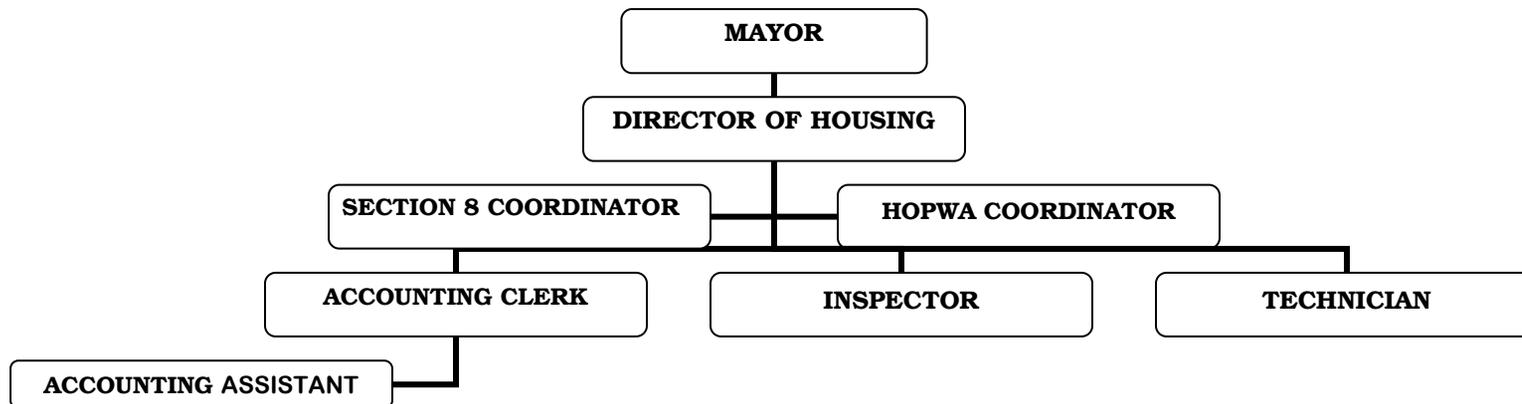
Publica todos los viernes

Required Attachment F:

Brief statement of Progress in Meeting the Five Year Plan Mission and Goals

The main mission in the Section 8 Program Administration is to satisfy the needs of housing to very-low and low income families that doesn't have the resources to satisfy it by themselves. Through Section 8 Program the Municipality can bring the benefits of rent subsidy to many families. The Municipality Authority has been administering the funding in the best way possible to reach the maximum number of families according to the available resource. However we want to have more opportunities to assist our very low income and low income citizens in their needs to aid and guide them to acquire a better quality of life.

***MUNICIPALITY OF JUNCOS
ORGANIZATION CHART 2008-09***



**Comments of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards & Explanation
of PHA Response
2008-09**

BEFORE THE PUBLIC HEARING

On December 21, 2007, a meeting was held to establish the Participants' Board and to revise the Plan draft. In the meeting the participants ask general questions regarding the program policies and other assistances that could bring help in cases that the participant are interested in buy or acquire home. They were interest to help increase the performance of the overall operations of the Program.

Due to the fact that the questions were answered and the Plan was revised, the Board endorses the publication of the ad announcing the Public Hearing and Review of the Plan.

(See endorsement letter-on next page)

AFTER THE PUBLIC HEARING

The Board and all the participants assisting the Public Hearing commented and asked information regarding the Section 8 Program.

They were oriented and given information about the requirement and policies of the Programs.

Due to the fact that all the comments were answered, the Participants Advisory Board endorses the plan.

(See attached letter-on next 2nd page)

**MUNICIPALITY OF JUNCOS
SECTION 8 PROGRAM
FY 2008**

RESIDENTS ADVISORY BOARD

The following persons compound the Section 8 Residents Advisory Board:

1. Ruth Falcón
P.O. Box 4040
Suite 177
Juncos, PR 00777
2. Lady E. Díaz Roque
Urb. Jardines de Barcelona
Calle 9, Casa G-6
Juncos, PR 00777
3. Marisol Dávila
P.O. Box 2585
Juncos, PR 00777
4. Dominga Calderón
#27 Calle Baldorioty
Juncos, PR 00777
5. Olga Molina
HC-01 Box 5816
Juncos, PR 00777

Brief Statement of Progress in Meeting the Five-Year Plan Mission and Goals

As required in Notice PIH 2000-43 the Municipality of Juncos is submitting the following statement of progress to meet the 5-year plan. During the past year, the municipality made progress toward accomplishing these objectives. Highlights of achievements are as follows:

PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing.

The Municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- Applied for additional rental voucher by a Proposal to the Fair Share Allocation of Incremental Voucher Funding (NOFA) as they become available.
- Maximize the utilization of the funds through a better administration of the Program.

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe and affordable housing.

The Municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- Several landlords were oriented about the Section 8 Program requirements and enrollment.
- In the initial/annual briefings and as required, tenants were oriented about the mobility and portability options of the voucher program; in both written and oral communication.
- Reviewing the payment standards.
- Endorsement was provide to the development of several social-interest housing projects for a total of 1,000 units, directed to working moderate income families.
- The Municipality endorsed the designing and development of an Elderly Housing Complex, considering submitting a proposal to acquire special vouchers.
- Improve the voucher management by upgrading the computer programs, giving individual training to the personal (such as Total Quality Management), acquiring professional services for counseling and making in-house reviewing of the files and overall program management (to prepared trainings by area and capabilities).

HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals.

The Municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- As required, tenants were oriented about job training and placement opportunities in the Municipality and as needed referrals are made to designate (private and governmental) agencies.
- Procuring that all the housing developments comply with the law requirements regarding the adequate facilities for elderly and handicapped persons.

HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitality.

The Municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- In the initial briefing and as required, the landlords are oriented about their duties and responsibilities, as well as of the other parts involved in the Section 8 Program. They are encouraged to maintain communication with the Program, so any situation or doubt can be clarified or resolved on time. Keeping good communication enhanced the Program management.
- Supportive services are offered to the elderly and families with disabilities through out transportation, health and recreational services.
- The Municipality endorses an Elderly Center.
- Five out of 100 housing units from the social interest developments endorsed by the Municipality will be developed for persons with disabilities. (Facilities, such as: ramps, wider doors, appropriate bathroom utilities, etc.)

Hud Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans

The Municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- Equal opportunity was offered to all participants including persons with disabilities.
- Equal opportunity handouts and other orientation material are available for participants.
- Equal opportunity handout is placed on the PHA main office.