

PHA Plans

Streamlined Annual Version

U.S. Department of Housing and
Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian
Housing

OMB No. 2577-0226
(exp. 08/31/2009)

This information collection is authorized by Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act, which added a new section 5A to the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 that introduced 5-year and annual PHA Plans. The full PHA plan provides a ready source for interested parties to locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services, and informs HUD, families served by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission and strategies for serving the needs of low-income and very low-income families. This form allows eligible PHAs to make a streamlined annual Plan submission to HUD consistent with HUD's efforts to provide regulatory relief for certain types of PHAs. Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to average 11.7 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not collect this information and respondents are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Privacy Act Notice. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Federal Housing Administration, is authorized to solicit the information requested in this form by virtue of Title 12, U.S. Code, Section 1701 et seq., and regulations promulgated thereunder at Title 12, Code of Federal Regulations. Information in PHA plans is publicly available.

Streamlined Annual PHA Plan

for Fiscal Year: 2008

PHA Name: *Municipality of Las Marías*

NOTE: This PHA Plan template (HUD-50075-SA) is to be completed in accordance with instructions contained in previous Notices PIH 99-33 (HA), 99-51 (HA), 2000-22 (HA), 2000-36 (HA), 2000-43 (HA), 2001-4 (HA), 2001-26 (HA), 2003-7 (HA), and any related notices HUD may subsequently issue.

Streamlined Annual PHA Plan Agency Identification

PHA Name: Municipality of Las Marías

PHA Number: RQ046

PHA Fiscal Year Beginning: (mm/yyyy) 07/2008

PHA Programs Administered:

Public Housing and Section 8
 Number of public housing units:
 Number of S8 units:

Section 8 Only
 Number of S8 units: *40*

Public Housing Only
 Number of public housing units:

PHA Consortia: (check box if submitting a joint PHA Plan and complete table)

Participating PHAs	PHA Code	Program(s) Included in the Consortium	Programs Not in the Consortium	# of Units Each Program
Participating PHA 1:				
Participating PHA 2:				
Participating PHA 3:				

PHA Plan Contact Information:

Name: Mr. Luis Aponte
 TDD:

Phone: (787) 827-2385

Email (if available): lasmaria@coqui.net

Public Access to Information

Information regarding any activities outlined in this plan can be obtained by contacting:
 (select all that apply)

PHA's main administrative office
 PHA's development management offices

Display Locations For PHA Plans and Supporting Documents

The PHA Plan revised policies or program changes (including attachments) are available for public review and inspection.
 Yes
 No.

If yes, select all that apply:

Main administrative office of the PHA
 PHA development management offices
 Main administrative office of the local, county or State government
 Public library
 PHA website
 Other (list below)

PHA Plan Supporting Documents are available for inspection at: (select all that apply)

Main business office of the PHA
 PHA development management offices
 Other (list below)

Streamlined Annual PHA Plan
Fiscal Year 2008
[24 CFR Part 903.12(c)]

Table of Contents
[24 CFR 903.7(r)]

Provide a table of contents for the Plan, including applicable additional requirements, and a list of supporting documents available for public inspection.

A. PHA PLAN COMPONENTS

- 1. Site-Based Waiting List Policies = *DOES NOT APPLY*
903.7(b)(2) Policies on Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions
- 2. Capital Improvement Needs = *DOES NOT APPLY*
903.7(g) Statement of Capital Improvements Needed
- 3. Section 8(y) Homeownership
903.7(k)(1)(i) Statement of Homeownership Programs
- 4. Project-Based Voucher Programs
- 5. PHA Statement of Consistency with Consolidated Plan. Complete only if PHA has changed any policies, programs, or plan components from its last Annual Plan.
- 6. Supporting Documents Available for Review
- 7. Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor, Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report = *DOES NOT APPLY*
- 8. Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan = *DOES NOT APPLY*

B. SEPARATE HARD COPY SUBMISSIONS TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE

Form HUD-50076, PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Streamlined Annual Plan identifying policies or programs the PHA has revised since submission of its last Annual Plan, and including Civil Rights certifications and assurances the changed policies were presented to the Resident Advisory Board for review and comment, approved by the PHA governing board, and made available for review and inspection at the PHA's principal office;

For PHAs Applying for Formula Capital Fund Program (CFP) Grants: = *DOES NOT APPLY*

Form HUD-50070, Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace;
Form HUD-50071, Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions; and
Form SF-LLL & SF-LLL a, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities.

C. Compliance with §903.11(c)(3)

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (HARD COPY SUBMISSIONS TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

1. Progress in meeting 5-year mission and goals
2. List of Persons assisting the meeting to revise the Plan draft
3. Newspaper Ad Promoting and Announcing The Hearing Process
4. List of Persons Reviewing The Plan Draft Before The Public Hearing
5. List of Persons Assisting The Public Hearing
6. Consultation Process: Comments of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards & Explanation of PHA Response
7. Membership of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards

1. Site-Based Waiting Lists (Eligibility, Selection, Admissions Policies)

[24 CFR Part 903.12(c), 903.7(b)(2)]

Exemptions: **Section 8 only** PHAs are not required to complete this component.

DOES NOT APPLY

A. Site-Based Waiting Lists-Previous Year

1. Has the PHA operated one or more site-based waiting lists in the previous year? If yes, complete the following table; if not skip to B.

Site-Based Waiting Lists				
Development Information: (Name, number, location)	Date Initiated	Initial mix of Racial, Ethnic or Disability Demographics	Current mix of Racial, Ethnic or Disability Demographics since Initiation of SBWL	Percent change between initial and current mix of Racial, Ethnic, or Disability demographics

2. What is the number of site based waiting list developments to which families may apply at one time?
3. How many unit offers may an applicant turn down before being removed from the site-based waiting list?
4. Yes No: Is the PHA the subject of any pending fair housing complaint by HUD or any court order or settlement agreement? If yes, describe the order, agreement or complaint and describe how use of a site-based waiting list will not violate or be inconsistent with the order, agreement or complaint below:

B. Site-Based Waiting Lists – Coming Year

If the PHA plans to operate one or more site-based waiting lists in the coming year, answer each of the following questions; if not, skip to next component.

1. How many site-based waiting lists will the PHA operate in the coming year?

2. Yes No: Are any or all of the PHA's site-based waiting lists new for the upcoming year (that is, they are not part of a previously-HUD-approved site based waiting list plan)?
If yes, how many lists?
3. Yes No: May families be on more than one list simultaneously?
If yes, how many lists?
4. Where can interested persons obtain more information about and sign up to be on the site-based waiting lists (select all that apply)?
- PHA main administrative office
 - All PHA development management offices
 - Management offices at developments with site-based waiting lists
 - At the development to which they would like to apply
 - Other (list below)

2. Capital Improvement Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (c), 903.7 (g)]

Exemptions: **Section 8 only** PHAs are not required to complete this component.

DOES NOT APPLY

A. Capital Fund Program

1. Yes No Does the PHA plan to participate in the Capital Fund Program in the upcoming year? If yes, complete items 7 and 8 of this template (Capital Fund Program tables). If no, skip to B.
2. Yes No: Does the PHA propose to use any portion of its CFP funds to repay debt incurred to finance capital improvements? If so, the PHA must identify in its annual and 5-year capital plans the development(s) where such improvements will be made and show both how the proceeds of the financing will be used and the amount of the annual payments required to service the debt. (Note that separate HUD approval is required for such financing activities.).

B. HOPE VI and Public Housing Development and Replacement Activities (Non-Capital Fund)

Applicability: All PHAs administering public housing. Identify any approved HOPE VI and/or public housing development or replacement activities not described in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement.

1. Yes No: Has the PHA received a HOPE VI revitalization grant? (if no, skip to #3; if yes, provide responses to the items on the chart located on the next page, copying and completing as many times as necessary).

2. Status of HOPE VI revitalization grant(s):

HOPE VI Revitalization Grant Status	
a. Development Name:	
b. Development Number:	
c. Status of Grant:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Revitalization Plan under development
<input type="checkbox"/>	Revitalization Plan submitted, pending approval
<input type="checkbox"/>	Revitalization Plan approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Activities pursuant to an approved Revitalization Plan underway

3. Yes No: Does the PHA expect to apply for a HOPE VI Revitalization grant in the Plan year?
If yes, list development name(s) below:

4. Yes No: Will the PHA be engaging in any mixed-finance development activities for public housing in the Plan year? If yes, list developments or activities below:

5. Yes No: Will the PHA be conducting any other public housing development or replacement activities not discussed in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement? If yes, list developments or activities below:

3. Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance--Section 8(y) Homeownership Program
(if applicable) [24 CFR Part 903.12(c), 903.7(k)(1)(i)]

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to administer a Section 8 Homeownership program pursuant to Section 8(y) of the U.S.H.A. of 1937, as implemented by 24 CFR part 982? (If "No", skip to the next component; if "yes", complete each program description below (copy and complete questions for each program identified.)

The Municipality is not planning to implement the Homeownership program.

2. Program Description:

a. Size of Program

Yes No: Will the PHA limit the number of families participating in the Section 8 homeownership option?

If the answer to the question above was yes, what is the maximum number of participants this fiscal year?

b. PHA-established eligibility criteria

Yes No: Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participation in its Section 8 Homeownership Option program in addition to HUD criteria? If yes, list criteria:

c. What actions will the PHA undertake to implement the program this year (list)?

3. Capacity of the PHA to Administer a Section 8 Homeownership Program:

The PHA has demonstrated its capacity to administer the program by (select all that apply):

- Establishing a minimum homeowner downpayment requirement of at least 3 percent of purchase price and requiring that at least 1 percent of the purchase price comes from the family's resources.
- Requiring that financing for purchase of a home under its Section 8 homeownership will be provided, insured or guaranteed by the state or Federal government; comply with secondary mortgage market underwriting requirements; or comply with generally accepted private sector underwriting standards.
- Partnering with a qualified agency or agencies to administer the program (list name(s) and years of experience below):
- Demonstrating that it has other relevant experience (list experience below):

4. Use of the Project-Based Voucher Program

Intent to Use Project-Based Assistance

Yes No: Does the PHA plan to "project-base" any tenant-based Section 8 vouchers in the coming year? If the answer is "no," go to the next component. If yes, answer the following questions.

1. Yes No: Are there circumstances indicating that the project basing of the units, rather than tenant-basing of the same amount of assistance is an appropriate option? If yes, check which circumstances apply:

DOES NOT APPLY

- low utilization rate for vouchers due to lack of suitable rental units
- access to neighborhoods outside of high poverty areas
- other (describe below):

2. Indicate the number of units and general location of units (e.g. eligible census tracts or smaller areas within eligible census tracts):

5. PHA Statement of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

[24 CFR Part 903.15]

For each applicable Consolidated Plan, make the following statement (copy questions as many times as necessary) only if the PHA has provided a certification listing program or policy changes from its last Annual Plan submission.

There have been no additional changes since last submission.

1. Consolidated Plan jurisdiction: (provide name here)

Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Consolidate Plan

2. The PHA has taken the following steps to ensure consistency of this PHA Plan with the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction: (select all that apply)

- The PHA has based its statement of needs of families on its waiting lists on the needs expressed in the Consolidated Plan/s.
- The PHA has participated in any consultation process organized and offered by the Consolidated Plan agency in the development of the Consolidated Plan.
- The PHA has consulted with the Consolidated Plan agency during the development of this PHA Plan.
- Activities to be undertaken by the PHA in the coming year are consistent with the initiatives contained in the Consolidated Plan. (list below)
*Apply for additional Federal Funds.
Make alliances with public and private organizations to provide supportive and educational services to tenants.*

Other: (list below)

3. The Consolidated Plan of the jurisdiction supports the PHA Plan with the following actions and commitments: (describe below)

Share information on Federal Programs, including NOFA's deadlines and other important data related to federal funds.

6. Supporting Documents Available for Review for Streamlined Annual PHA Plans

PHAs are to indicate which documents are available for public review by placing a mark in the “Applicable & On Display” column in the appropriate rows. All listed documents must be on display if applicable to the program activities conducted by the PHA.

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Related Plan Component
X	<i>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations and Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Annual, Standard Five-Year, and Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans;</i>	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	<i>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations and Board Resolution to Accompany the Streamlined Annual Plan</i>	Streamlined Annual Plans
X	<i>Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plan Consistency with Consolidated Plan.</i>	5 Year and standard Annual Plans
X	Fair Housing Documentation Supporting Fair Housing Certifications: Records reflecting that the PHA has examined its programs or proposed programs, identified any impediments to fair housing choice in those programs, addressed or is addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available, and worked or is working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdictions’ initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA’s involvement.	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	Housing Needs Statement of the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction(s) in which the PHA is located and any additional backup data to support statement of housing needs for families on the PHA’s public housing and Section 8 tenant-based waiting lists.	Annual Plan: Housing Needs
	Most recent board-approved operating budget for the public housing program	Annual Plan: Financial Resources
	Public Housing Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy Policy (A&O/ACOP), which includes the Tenant Selection and Assignment Plan [TSAP] and the Site Based Waiting List Procedure.	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
	Deconcentration Income Analysis	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
	Any policy governing occupancy of Police Officers and Over-Income Tenants in Public Housing. <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A&O Policy.	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
X	Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
	Public housing rent determination policies, including the method for setting public housing flat rents. <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
	Schedule of flat rents offered at each public housing development. <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Section 8 rent determination (payment standard) policies (if included in plan, not necessary as a supporting document) and written analysis of Section 8 payment standard policies. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan.	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
	Public housing management and maintenance policy documents, including policies for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (including cockroach infestation).	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
	Results of latest Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) Assessment (or other applicable assessment).	Annual Plan: Management and Operations

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Related Plan Component
	Follow-up Plan to Results of the PHAS Resident Satisfaction Survey (if necessary)	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance and Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	Results of latest Section 8 Management Assessment System (SEMAP)	Annual Plan: Management and Operations
X	Any policies governing any Section 8 special housing types <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
	Public housing grievance procedures <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	Section 8 informal review and hearing procedures. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan.	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
	The Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program Annual Statement /Performance and Evaluation Report for any active grant year.	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Most recent CIAP Budget/Progress Report (HUD 52825) for any active CIAP grants.	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Approved HOPE VI applications or, if more recent, approved or submitted HOPE VI Revitalization Plans, or any other approved proposal for development of public housing.	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Self-evaluation, Needs Assessment and Transition Plan required by regulations implementing Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and the Americans with Disabilities Act. See PIH Notice 99-52 (HA).	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Approved or submitted applications for demolition and/or disposition of public housing.	Annual Plan: Demolition and Disposition
	Approved or submitted applications for designation of public housing (Designated Housing Plans).	Annual Plan: Designation of Public Housing
	Approved or submitted assessments of reasonable revitalization of public housing and approved or submitted conversion plans prepared pursuant to section 202 of the 1996 HUD Appropriations Act, Section 22 of the US Housing Act of 1937, or Section 33 of the US Housing Act of 1937.	Annual Plan: Conversion of Public Housing
	Documentation for required Initial Assessment and any additional information required by HUD for Voluntary Conversion.	Annual Plan: Voluntary Conversion of Public Housing
	Approved or submitted public housing homeownership programs/plans.	Annual Plan: Homeownership
	Policies governing any Section 8 Homeownership program (Section _____ of the Section 8 Administrative Plan)	Annual Plan: Homeownership
	Public Housing Community Service Policy/Programs <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Public Housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Cooperative agreement between the PHA and the TANF agency and between the PHA and local employment and training service agencies.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	FSS Action Plan(s) for public housing and/or Section 8.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Section 3 documentation required by 24 CFR Part 135, Subpart E for public housing.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Most recent self-sufficiency (ED/SS, TOP or ROSS or other resident services grant) grant program reports for public housing.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Policy on Ownership of Pets in Public Housing Family Developments (as required by regulation at 24 CFR Part 960, Subpart G). <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Annual Plan: Pet Policy
X	The results of the most recent fiscal year audit of the PHA conducted under the Single Audit Act as implemented by OMB Circular A-133, the results of that audit and the PHA's response to any findings.	Annual Plan: Annual Audit
X	Other supporting documents (optional) (list individually; use as many lines as necessary) - Equal Opportunity Housing Plan	(specify as needed)

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Related Plan Component
	Consortium agreement(s) and for Consortium Joint PHA Plans <u>Only</u> : Certification that consortium agreement is in compliance with 24 CFR Part 943 pursuant to an opinion of counsel on file and available for inspection.	Joint Annual PHA Plan for Consortia: Agency Identification and Annual Management and Operations

7. Capital Fund Program Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report and Replacement Housing Factor

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary					
PHA Name:		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:			Federal FY of Grant:
<input type="checkbox"/> Original Annual Statement <input type="checkbox"/> Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies <input type="checkbox"/> Revised Annual Statement (revision no:)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: <input type="checkbox"/> Final Performance and Evaluation Report					
Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations				
3	1408 Management Improvements				
4	1410 Administration				
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs				
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement				
10	1460 Dwelling Structures				
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve				
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities				
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency				
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)				
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

8. Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan

Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan					
Part I: Summary					
PHA Name				<input type="checkbox"/> Original 5-Year Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Revision No:	
Development Number/Name/HA-Wide	Year 1	Work Statement for Year 2	Work Statement for Year 3	Work Statement for Year 4	Work Statement for Year 5
		FFY Grant: PHA FY:	FFY Grant: PHA FY:	FFY Grant: PHA FY:	FFY Grant: PHA FY:
	Annual Statement				
CFP Funds Listed for 5-year planning					
Replacement Housing Factor Funds					

8. Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan

Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan						
Part II: Supporting Pages—Work Activities						
Activities for Year 1	Activities for Year : ____ FFY Grant: PHA FY:			Activities for Year: ____ FFY Grant: PHA FY:		
	Development Name/Number	Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	Development Name/Number	Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost
See						
Annual						
Statement						
Total CFP Estimated Cost			\$			\$

B. CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE

Form HUD-50076, *PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Streamlined Annual Plan identifying policies or programs the PHA has revised since submission of its last Annual Plan, and including Civil Rights certifications and assurances the changed policies were presented to the Resident Advisory Board for review and comment, approved by the PHA governing board, and made available for review and inspection at the PHA's principal office.*

(Attached next)

B. CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE

Streamlined PHA Plan PHA Certifications of Compliance

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing

PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Streamlined Annual PHA Plan

Acting on behalf of the Board of Commissioners of the Public Housing Agency (PHA) listed below, as its Chairman or other authorized PHA official if there is no Board of Commissioners, I approve the submission of the streamlined Annual PHA Plan for PHA fiscal year beginning July 2008. As requested referred to in the Streamlined Annual Plan, attached this document is a part and make the following certification, agreement with, and agreement to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in connection with the submission of this Streamlined Plan and implementation thereof:

1. The streamlined Annual Plan is consistent with the applicable comprehensive housing affordability strategy (or any streamlined Plan incorporating such strategy) in the jurisdiction in which the PHA is located.
2. The PHA has established a Resident Advisory Board or Boards, the membership of which represents the residents residing by the PHA, and provided this Board an opportunity to review and comment on any program and policy changes since submission of the last Annual Plan.
3. The PHA took the proposed streamlined Annual Plan, including policy and program changes since submission of the last Annual Plan, and all information relevant to the public hearing available for public inspection at least 45 days before the hearing, published a notice that a hearing would be held and submitted a notice to discuss the streamlined Plan and invited public comment.
4. The PHA will carry out the streamlined Annual Plan in conformity with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.
5. The PHA will additionally further fair housing by examining local programs or proposed programs, identify any impediments to fair housing choice with those programs, address those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available and will avoid jurisdictions to impede any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement and maintain records reflecting these analyses and actions.
6. Fair streamlined Annual Plans that include a policy or change in policy that is not set existing laws: **DOES NOT APPLY (PHAs only)**
The PHA regularly submits required data to HUD's WCCS in an accurate, complete and timely manner (as specified in 24 CFR Part 96.2):
 - The system of site-based waiting lists provides for full disclosure to each applicant in the selection of the development in which to reside, not only basic information about available sites, and an estimate of the period of time the applicant would likely have to wait to be admitted to units of different sizes and types of construction;
 - Adoption of site-based waiting list would not violate any court order or settlement agreement or be inconsistent with a pending court case brought by HUD;
 - The PHA shall take reasonable measures to assure that site-based list is consistent with affordable housing;
 - The PHA provides to review of its site-based waiting list policy to determine if it is consistent with civil rights laws and regulations as specified in 24 CFR part 96.2(b)(2).
7. The PHA will comply with the prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of age pursuant to the Age Discrimination Act of 1975.
8. The PHA will comply with the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and 24 CFR Part 41, Policies and Procedures for the Enforcement of Standards and Requirements for Accessibility by the Physically Handicapped.
9. The PHA will comply with the requirements of section 5 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, Employment Opportunities for Lower-Middle Income Persons, and with its implementing regulation at 24 CFR Part 135.
10. The PHA has submitted with the streamlined Plan a certification with regard to a drug-free workplace required by 24 CFR Part 24, Subpart F.
11. The PHA has submitted with the streamlined Plan a certification with regard to compliance with restrictions on lobbying required by 24 CFR Part 35, together with disclosure forms if required by this Part, and with restrictions on payments to influence Federal transactions, in accordance with the Hybrid Amendment and implementing regulation at 49 CFR Part 24.
12. The PHA will comply with acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1996 and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 2, as applicable.
13. The PHA will take appropriate affirmative action toward contracts to minority and women's business enterprises under 24 CFR 5.105(a).
14. The PHA will provide HUD at the responsible entity's request documentation that the Department needs to carry out its review under the National Environmental Policy Act and other related authorities in accordance with 24 CFR Part 58.
15. With respect to public housing the PHA will comply with Davis-Bacon or HUD determined wage rate requirements under section 12 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.
16. The PHA will keep records in accordance with 24 CFR 95.29 and facilitate an effective audit to determine compliance with program requirements.

B. CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing

Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

I, Angel M. Castillo Rodriguez, Esc., the Commissioner certify that the Five Year and Annual PHA Plan of the Municipality of Las Marías is consistent with the Consolidated Plan of Puerto Rico prepared pursuant to 24 CFR Part 91.

 01/28/08
Signed/Dated by Appropriated State or Local Official

Certification by State and Local Official of PHA Consistency with the Consolidated Plan to Accompany the HUD 50075
OMB Approval No. 2577-0026
Expires 03/31/2002
(7-59)
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C. COMPLIANCE WITH §903.11(c)(3)

To comply with the requirements of 24 CFR Part 903.11(c)(3) and as established in the Federal Register of November 8, 2004 (Vol. 69, No. 215, Page 64826), the PHA lists as follows, the policies and programs on §903.11(c)(3)) that have been revised since submission of its last Annual Plan:

(Other reference: Notice PIH 2003-21 (HA))

Policies/Programs on §903.11(c)(3)	Related Certification or Plan Component (of this template)
<i>(a) A statement of housing needs.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 5: Consistency w/Consolidated Plan + Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>);and , Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(b) A statement of the PHA's deconcentration and other policies that govern eligibility, selection, and admissions.</i>	Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(c) A statement of financial resources.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>)and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(d) A statement of the PHA's rent determination policies.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>); and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(e) A statement of the PHA's operation and management.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>);and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(f) A statement of the PHA grievance procedures.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>);and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(k) A statement of homeownership programs administered by the PHA.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 3: Homeownership + Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>); and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(l) A statement of the PHA's community service and self-sufficiency programs.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>);and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(o) Civil rights certification.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>);and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(p) Recent results of PHA's fiscal year audit.</i>	Component A (<i>Section 6: Supporting Documents</i>);and, Component B (<i>Certification Form HUD-50076</i>)
<i>(r) Additional information to be provided.</i>	Component D (<i>Other Components: Attachments 1 to 7</i>)

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

List of Additional Information and Attachments:

1. Compliance with Notice 2006-23 Violence Against woman
2. Progress in meeting 5-year mission and goals
3. List of Persons assisting the meeting to revise the draft for Public Hearing and Review
4. Newspaper Ad Promoting and Announcing the Hearing Process
5. List of Persons Reviewing the Plan Draft before the Public Hearing
6. List of Persons Assisting the Public Hearing
7. Consultation Process: Comments of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards & Explanation of PHA Response
8. Membership of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

1. In compliance with PIH Notice 2006-23 the Municipality is implementing the following policy:

Goal: To attend the need of the women of Las Marias specially the need of the victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Objective: To provide housing services to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Activities to be undertaken:

Visit communities to identify cases of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking and to offer them services through the Section 8 Program.

Priority will be given to this population.

In addition the following programs will provide them supportive services:

- *Child Care*
- *Housing Rehabilitation*
- *Citizen Affairs Office*

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

Progress in Meeting 5-Year Plan's Mission and Goals

PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing.

The municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- *Applied for additional rental vouchers as they become available.*

Actual action taken: No vouchers were made available by HUD thus no action was taken.

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe and affordable housing.

The municipality's efforts under this goal include:

- *All tenants were oriented about the mobility and portability options of the voucher program.*

Actual action taken: 2 new program participants were oriented about the mobility and portability options of the voucher program. The remaining 38 participants were oriented during the annual reexamination.

- *Several landlords were oriented about the section 8 program requirements.*

Actual action taken: The program coordinator and the HQS inspector provided landlords with orientation regarding the section 8 program requirement (HQS).

Program staff participated in multiple training provide by HUD.

HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitality.

The municipality's efforts under this goal include:

Actual action taken:

Nursing/Housekeepers Services were offered to the elders and family with disabilities. In addition economic assistance was provided with local funds to cover the cost of food, utilities (when not paid by the program), drugs, and other essential needs.

Transportation services to attend medical appointments have been offered to the elders and family with disabilities.

HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals.

The municipality's efforts under this goal include:

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

Actual action taken: Tenants were oriented about job training and placement opportunities in the municipality. Referrals were made to programs and agencies which provide jobs such as WIA, Nursing/Housekeeper and Clerical Jobs, among others.

HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans.
The municipality's efforts under this goal include:

Actual action taken:

- Equal opportunity was offered to all participants including persons with disabilities.
- Equal opportunity handouts and other orientation material are available for participants.
- Tenants are oriented regarding the Equal Opportunity Act and the Hearing/Complaints processes.
- Equal opportunity handout is placed on the PHA main office.

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

List of Persons Assisting the Meeting to Revise the Plan Draft

(Attached next)

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

12 de diciembre de 2007

Sr. Luis A. Aponte Rosario
Coordinador Programa Sección 8
Municipio de Las Marías

Estimado señor Aponte:

La junta de Participantes certifica que revisó el borrador del Plan Anual del Programa de Sección 8 de nuestro municipio. Durante el proceso se nos presentaron los cambios del "Payment Standard".

Luego de una revisión detallada del borrador y ser orientados sobre el proceso, consideramos que el mismo puede ser presentado en audiencia pública; para revisión y comentarios de todo el que así quiera hacerlo. Agradecemos la oportunidad de ser parte de los procesos del Programa de Sección 8, esperando ser partícipes de aquellas áreas que buscan mejorar el Programa y la calidad de vida de todos los participantes.

Cordialmente,

REPRESENTANTES JUNTA DE PARTICIPANTES
PROGRAMA SECCION 8 LAS MARIAS

NOMBRE:

Maria J. Vera Rose

Rosalba Cabani Valle

Antonio Roldán

Viviana Roldán

Arika Crespo Soto

Wendelina Vasquez Haza

Maria J. Rosario

FIRMA:

Maria J. Vera Rose

Rosalba Cabani Valle

A. Roldán

Viviana Roldán

Arika Crespo Soto

Wendelina Vasquez Haza

Maria J. Rosario

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

REVISION BORRADOR PLAN
PROGRAMA SECCION 8 - LAS MARIAS

Miércoles, 12 de diciembre de 2007

NOMBRE:

FIRMA:

Elvira I. Vera Rosa

Elvira Vera Rosa

Rosalia Cabra Valle

Rosalia Cabra Valle

Aracelia Roldán

A. Roldán

Viliana Roldán

Viliana Roldán

Rosa B. Santiago

Rosa B. Santiago

Alicia Crespo

Alicia Crespo

Wendalina Vazquez Morales

Wendalina V. M.

Edmundo Ayala

Edmundo Ayala

Maria D. Pardo

Maria D. Pardo

Rubén Ortiz Ruiz

Rubén Ortiz Ruiz

Yasmine González

Yasmine González

Abdellah Raymond

Abdellah Raymond

Wilson Justiniani

Wilson Justiniani

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

Newspaper Ad Promoting and Announcing the Hearing Process

(Attached next)

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

List of Persons Assisting to the Public Hearing

(Attached next)

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

31 de Enero de 2008

Sr. Luis Aponte Rosario
Coordinador
Programa Sección 8
Municipio de Las Marías

Estimado Sr. Aponte:

El día 31 de Enero del 2008 se celebró la audiencia pública del *Plan Anual* del Programa Sección 8 de nuestro Municipio. En esta audiencia se revisó detalladamente el Plan y se unió a todos los presentes sobre el proceso. Dado que se discutió el plan y se aclararon todas las dudas y comentarios, consideramos que cumplimos con nuestras expectativas como participantes del Programa.

Agradecemos la oportunidad que se les ha brindado a los beneficiarios del Programa de Sección 8 de participar en aquellas áreas que buscan mejorar el programa y la calidad de vida de todos los participantes.

Cordialmente,

JUNTA DE PARTICIPANTES
PROGRAMA SECCION 8- LAS MARIAS

NOMBRE:

FIRMA

Gloria I. Vera Rosés

Gloria I. Vera Rosés

Rosalba Caban Valle

Rosalba Caban Valle

Antonía Raída Zapaín

Antonía Raída Zapaín

Viviana Raída Zapaín

Viviana Raída Zapaín

Alex Crespo Sáez

Alex Crespo Sáez

Wendelina Vázquez Muralas

Wendelina Vázquez Muralas

Maria I. Roggita Rivera

Maria I. Roggita Rivera

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)



VISTA PUBLICA

PLAN ANUAL 2008

PROGRAMA SECCION 8

MUNICIPIO DE LAS MARIAS



HOJA DE ASISTENCIA

31 DE ENERO DE 2008

NOMBRE

FIRMA

Mary M. López González

Mary M. López González

Victor Miranda Ponce

Victor Miranda Ponce

Betzaida Puerta

Betzaida Puerta

Rubén Ortiz Ruiz

Rubén Ortiz Ruiz

Wilson Justiniano

Wilson Justiniano

Yasmine González

Yasmine González

Rosalba Cabive Valle

Rosalba Cabive Valle

Antonia Roldán Zapata

Antonia Roldán Zapata

Gloria E. Vera Rosa

Gloria E. Vera Rosa

María I. Rosario

María I. Rosario

Alina Prosper

Alina Prosper

Yusma Roldán Zapata

Yusma Roldán Zapata

Wendelin Uff

Wendelin Uff

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

Consultation Process: Comments or the Residents Advisory Board or Boards & Explanation of PHA Response

BEFORE THE PUBLIC HEARING:

No comments were Received.

AFTER THE PUBLIC HEARING:

No comments were Received.

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

Membership of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards

List members of the Resident Advisory Board or Boards: (If the list would be unreasonably long, list organizations represented or otherwise provide a description sufficient to identify how members are chosen.)

All the head of the participants' families, that are model representatives of the Section 8 Program, were invited to a meeting where they were invited to become part of the Participants' Board. Those who accepted are the designated members of the Board.

They were appointed on January 2006 and will be appointed again by December 2008

In the PHA (Municipality of Las Marías) the Mayor is the Executive Director (Section 8 – HCV - Program). Governing Board is for Public Housing. In Tenant Based the Official in charged is the Section 8, Federal Affairs or Housing Department Director or Coordinator. In the Municipality of Las Marías, Mr. Luis Aponte is the Section 8 Program Coordinator.

The Participant Advisory Board's members for the PHA are:

- 1. María I. Rosario*
- 2. Gloria I. Vera Rosa*
- 3. Wendalina Vázquez*
- 4. Viviana Raldiris*
- 5. Rosalía Cabán*
- 6. Antonia Raldiris*
- 7. Felicita Ramos Rodríguez*

D. OTHER COMPONENTS (CERTIFICATIONS TO BE SUBMITTED TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE)

Required Appendix to Annual Plan- Administrative Plan

RQ046

MUNICIPALITY OF LAS MARIAS
Section 8 Program Office



**Housing Choice Voucher
(Section 8) Program**

ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN



INTRODUCTION

i. PURPOSE OF THE PLAN [24 CFR 982.54]

The purpose of this Administrative Plan (Plan) is to establish policies for carrying out the programs in a manner consistent with HUD requirements, and in a manner consistent with local goals and objectives outlined in the agency plan. All pre-merger regular tenancy contracts, Housing Voucher contracts, and over fair market rent tenancy contracts have been transitioned to the Housing Choice Voucher Program as of October 1, 2001.

The Municipality of Las Mariás (hereinafter referred to as the PHA or HA) is responsible for complying with all changes in HUD regulations pertaining to the HUD programs it administers. If such changes conflict with this Plan, HUD regulations will have precedence. The PHA Board of Commissioners or other authorized PHA official/s must approve the original Plan, and any changes. The pertinent sections must be included in the agency plan with a copy provided to HUD.

Applicable regulations include:

- 24 CFR Part 5: General Program Requirements
- 24 CFR Part 8: Nondiscrimination
- 24 CFR Part 982: Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance: Housing Choice Voucher Program
- 24 CFR 984: Self Sufficiency Program
- 24 CFR 985: Management Assessment Program

Local rules incorporated in this Plan are intended to promote local housing objectives consistent with the intent of federal housing legislation.

ii. RULES AND REGULATIONS [24 CFR 982.52]

This Plan defines the PHA=s local policies for operation of the housing programs in the context of federal laws and regulations. All Section 8 issues not addressed in this document are governed by federal regulations, HUD memos, notices, guidelines, or other applicable law. The policies in this Plan have been designed to ensure compliance with the consolidated annual contributions contract (ACC) and all HUDBapproved applications for program funding.

I. SELECTION AND ADMISSION PROCEDURES

The Housing Authority has developed detailed procedures for the administration of Section 8 Existing Housing Certificate and Voucher Programs. These procedures provide the framework for directing, managing, supervising and monitoring program activities. They include local procedures and policies for the treatment of applicants and participants as follow:

1. Outreach to Families

The overall objective of this activity is to assure that program availability is adequately publicized in order to reach eligible families and owners of rental housing units. Affirmative marketing efforts are a key component, since certain groups are difficult to reach by conventional means, in order to ensure that all eligible candidates have an opportunity to participate in the program.

Each time the Section 8 Office enters into Annual Contributions Contract for new units, it makes known to the public- via publication in the Section 8 Bulletin Board and/or other suitable means- the availability and nature of housing assistance for very low income families. This notice contains the following information:

- When families may apply for the program. (Including datelines, when applicable.)
- A brief description of the Section 8 Program, including the possibility of families receiving assistance for the units which they are currently occupying
- It states that occupants and applicants of public and/or other housing may apply for the Section 8 Housing Programs if they wish to participate.
- Special outreach for handicapped families.

The following steps are undertaken annually to assure a successful outreach program for attracting families (if necessary):

- Identify resources available for performing outreach functions, including staff, community service and housing counseling agencies, churches, employers, unions, etc.
- Review methods for taking applications in order to ensure that adequate provisions are made for hardship cases, and review desirability of pooling application resources with other HA services, in order to provide information on a wider range of housing opportunities.

-Plan to implement outreach, aimed at the families least likely to apply, in advance of the date on which formal application-taking procedures are given.

-Alternative means of delivering the outreach message are analyzed, including those listed below:

a.) Newspaper announcements in widely circulated newspapers and/or other suitable means. It may include posting announcements/notifications in the bulletin boards of the Municipality's City Hall and the U.S. Local Postal Office; and when feasible, by the local TV media.

b.) The "Word of Mouth" approach by currently assisted and/or applicant families, encouraging them to inform their friends, relatives and neighbors about the program.

c.) Supportive outreach assistance provide by other organizations.

2. Applying for Admission

The application process will involve two phases. The first is the "initial" application for assistance referred to as a pre-application. This first phase results in the family's placement on the waiting list. The second phase is the "final determination of eligibility" referred to as the full application. The full application takes place when the family reaches the top of the waiting list. At this time, the PHA verifies all HUD and PHA eligibility factors in order to determine the family's eligibility for the issuance of a voucher.

All persons who wish to apply for any of the Housing Choice Voucher Program=s (Section 8) programs must submit pre-applications. Applications will be made accessible upon request from a person with a handicap.

To provide specific reasonable accommodation to persons with handicaps/disabilities, upon request, the information may be mailed to the applicant, mailed to the applicant=s contact person, completed by a designee, or any other specified reasonable accommodation.

The full application is completed in the applicant=s own handwriting, unless the applicant is a handicapped/disabled person who requests assistance or other accommodation. Applicants may be interviewed by the PHA staff to review the information on the full application form.

Verification of handicap/disability as it relates to 504, Fair Housing, or ADA reasonable accommodation may be requested at that time, or mailed to the applicant. All applicants are

advised that reasonable accommodations are available.

To be eligible for admission, an applicant must be a "family" ("Family" may be a single person or a group of persons), must be income eligible, must be a citizen or a non-citizen who has eligible immigration status in accordance with 24 CFR parts 5 and 982.201, must meet the additional criteria established below, including provisions on Social Security Numbers. (See section IV: Occupancy policies; below; or, applicable regulation).

Even if applicant is eligible because of family status, citizenship and income, the PHA is not required to assist such applicant for the grounds stated below. (See sections II - "Denial of Assistance", IV, X, XV and XXI; below; or applicable regulation).

Limits on Who May Apply

When the waiting list is open:

Any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Section 8 rental assistance will be given the opportunity to complete an application.

When the application is submitted to the PHA:

It establishes the family's date and time of application, and preferences for placement order on the waiting list.

The PHA will collect the following information necessary for proper selection from the waiting list:

- § Applicant name
- § Family unit size (number of bedrooms family qualifies for under PHA subsidy standards)
- § Date and time of application
- § Qualification for any local preference
- § Gross annual income
- § Disabled household
- § Other targeted program qualifications

Briefing to Families Willing to Participate in the Program

Any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Section 8 rental assistance will be given the following information:

- § Applying process

- § Requirements to qualify (income limits)
- § Preferences
- § Verification procedures (terms, requirements)
- § Terms and process for leasing
- § Applicant responsibilities (inform changes, respond on specified datelines and time frames, etc.)
- § Any other information deem necessary.

3. Waiting List

The PHA's initial determination of eligibility for placement on the waiting list will be made in accordance with the information provided by the applicant, which will not be verified until the applicant is selected for issuance of a certificate or voucher. That is, verification on eligibility requirements will be verified prior to the family being offered Section 8.

Families who have completed applications (after all required documents have been received, evaluated and accepted by the HA), and are in the application pool are considered according to the date and time of the application.

Family: (24 CFR, 812.2) a single or a group of persons living together, subject to the provisions and eligibility criteria established under the program [Family Composition 982.201 (c)].

Admission Preferences

Except for Special Admissions, participants must be selected from the PHA Waiting List. Eligible applicants are entitled to be placed on the Section 8 Waiting List and receive preference in selection for Vouchers if they meet certain Preferences. The PHA manages and applied preferences as stated on its most recent PHA's 5 year/ Annual Plan or PHA's Annual Plan and as established on 24 CFR 982.207.

For those years where there have been no admission preferences, the applicants must be selected based on the date and time they applied. This also applies, when admission preferences are employed and there are two or more applicants with equal preferences status.

The PHA applies the Federal Preferences in a manner consistent with the provisions of Section 882.219 and the non-discrimination requirements as established in Section 882.111.

Once there is availability for vouchers, the PHA publishes the information and notified those persons on the waiting list. Those in the waiting list are notified by mail and if available, by making phone calls and Local TV media.

Procedures for Removing Applicant Names from the Waiting List

The applicants are removed from the waiting list when one of the followings happens:

1. there is no answer to the mailing notification,
2. with the evidence submitted, the family does not qualified for the assistance,
3. the family notifies (in writing) that they are no willing to participate on the Program, due to a change in their status; or
4. for the grounds stated in parts II, IV, XIII, XV, XVI and XXI of this Plan, or applicable regulation.

The above also applies when the family is notified the issuance of the voucher.

Removal from Waiting List and Purging [24 CFR 982.204(c)]

The waiting list will be purged periodically to ensure that it is current and accurate. In order to purge the waiting list, a notice will be mailed asking applicants for confirmation of continued interest.

All notices requiring a response will state that failure to respond within fifteen (15) days will result in the applicant=s name being inactivated on the waiting list.

If the applicant provides information that s/he did not respond to the notice because of a family member=s handicap/disability, the PHA will reinstate the applicant at the original date and time of application.

Procedures for Closing and Reopening the PHA Waiting List

If there is insufficient funding to admit all eligible applicants to participate in the Section 8 Program, this PHA will suspend at any time, the acceptance or processing of new applications, or the addition of new listings to the waiting list.

When the number of applicants on the waiting list is such that new applicants would have to wait for more than one year for a certificate and/or a voucher, the PHA will suspend the taking of applications. This will avoid both unnecessary application processing costs and false hopes to applicant families that assistance would be available to them in the near future. Suspension of application-taking will be publicly announced in the same manner as the public notices for program availability, and once resumed, public notices will be made.

While the waiting list is open, the PHA will accept applications from eligible families, unless there is good cause for not accepting the application, such as denial of assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family for the grounds stated in the Section II, "Denial or Termination of Assistance" of this Administrative Plan. [24 CFR 982.206(b)(2)].

Closing the Waiting List

The PHA may stop accepting applications, if the waiting list contains enough applicants to fill anticipated openings for the next 24 months. The waiting list will not be closed if it has a discriminatory effect inconsistent with applicable civil rights laws.

The waiting list open period shall be long enough to achieve a waiting list adequate to cover projected turnover and new allocations over the next 24 months. The PHA will give at least 30 days' notice prior to closing the list. When the period for accepting applications is over, the PHA will add the new applicants to the list by: accepting telephone applications, accepting written applications, or accepting walk-in applications.

"Initial" Application Procedures [24 CFR 982.204(b)]

The PHA will utilize a preliminary application form. The information is to be filled out by the applicant. The application may be taken by telephone, mailed to the applicant, or taken from an applicant who visits the office. All possible reasonable accommodation will be provided to the handicapped/disabled, upon request.

The purpose of the pre-application is to permit the PHA to preliminarily assess family eligibility or ineligibility, and to determine placement on the waiting list. The pre-application will contain at least the following information:

- A Applicant Name
- A Family Unit Size (number of bedrooms the family qualifies for under PHA subsidy standards)
- A Date and time of application
- A Qualification for any local preference
- A Racial or ethnic designation of head of household
- A Gross annual income
- A Handicapped/disabled family members
- A Other information, as needed to determine eligibility

Ineligible families will not be placed on the waiting list.

Pre-applications will not require an interview. The information on the application will not

be verified until the applicant has been selected for final eligibility determination. Final eligibility will be determined when the full application process is completed and all information is verified.

Applicant Status While on Waiting List [CFR 982.204]

Applicants are required to inform the PHA of changes in address. Applicants are also required to respond to requests from the PHA to update information on their application, or to determine their continued interest in assistance.

If, after a review of the pre-application, the family is determined to be eligible, the family will be notified in writing, or may be notified by telephone, or in another manner, upon request, as a reasonable accommodation.

No answer to update the information on the pre-qualification, on reasonable time basis (15 days), will be considered as if the family is no interest to participate in the Program.

II. ISSUING OR DENYING VOUCHERS

Once the family's eligibility has been determined, the family is notified by mail of the determination taken and of the steps to follow.

The PHA will issue a voucher to the family after the family has been briefed on program requirements.

The voucher specifies the unit size for which the family qualifies. This unit size may also be used to determine the amount of assistance the PHA will pay to the owner on behalf of the family. The voucher includes both the date of voucher issuance and date of expiration. It contains a brief description of how the program works and explains the family obligations under the program.

Time of Selection [24 CFR 982.204]

When funding is available, families will be selected from the waiting list in their determined sequence, regardless of family size, and subject to income targeting requirements. When there is insufficient funding for the family at the top of the list, the PHA will not admit any other applicant until funding is available for the first applicant.

Based on the PHA=s turnover and the availability of funding, groups of families may be selected from the waiting list to form a final eligibility "pool." Selection from the eligibility pool will be based on the completion of verification of eligibility.

Ineligible families will be offered an informal review (see section XII on this Plan) on the determination of ineligibility no later than thirty (30) days after the date their application was submitted. During that time frame, the applicant will be notified by writing their ineligibility and they will have between five (5) and ten (10) days after the receiving of the letter to ask in writing an informal review.

Complete Full Application

After a family is selected from the waiting list, applicants will be required to:

Complete a full application in his or her own handwriting, unless a handicapped/disabled person requests assistance, as reasonable accommodation. The PHA staff may interview the applicant to clarify and review the information on the full application.

The applicant must complete the full application, and provide all requested documentation and information.

Requirement to Attend Interview

The PHA may require a full application interview attended by all adult family members. The purpose of the interview is to discuss the family's circumstances in greater detail, to clarify information that has been provided by the family, and to ensure that the information is true and complete.

The head of the family must sign all appropriate areas of the housing application. It is the applicant's responsibility to reschedule the interview if s/he misses the appointment. If the applicant does not reschedule or misses two scheduled meetings, the PHA may reject the application. The interview may be held in the office, by telephone, or at the applicant's home, upon request by a handicapped/disabled family, as a reasonable accommodation.

Applicants who fail to appear and want to reschedule a missed appointment must make the request to reschedule no later than seven days from the original appointment date. The request must be made to the staff person who scheduled the appointment.

Reasonable accommodation, such as accessible offices, inclusion of an advocate, or a home visit, will be provided to a handicapped/disabled family, upon request. The handicapped/disabled family's Designee will be allowed to participate in the interview process at the family's request.

If an application is denied due to a failure to attend the full application interview, the applicant will be notified in writing and offered an opportunity to request an informal review. (See "Complaints and Appeals" section XII; and Section VI.)

All adult members must sign the HUD Form 9886, Release of Information, the application form, all

PHA-required supplemental, the declarations and consents related to citizenship/immigration status, a consent form to release criminal conviction records and to allow PHA to receive and use records in accordance with HUD regulations, as well as, any other documents required by the PHA. Applicants may be required to sign additional release of information forms for information, not covered by the HUD Form 9886.

Failure to complete required forms, or provide requested information, will be cause for denial of the application for failure to provide necessary certifications, releases, and documents, as required by HUD or the PHA.

If the PHA will request additional documents or information in writing, if it determines at or after the interview, that they are needed. The family will be given 30 days to supply the information. If the requested information is not supplied by the due date, the PHA will provide the family a notification of denial for assistance. (See "Complaints and Appeals" section XII of this Plan.)

Briefing of Families

When the family receives a voucher, the following items will be fully explained:

- Family and owner responsibilities under the lease and HAP contracts.
- How to find a suitable unit.
- Housing Quality Standards.
- Procedures for both the family and owner regarding dwelling unit inspections.
- Fair Housing Equal Opportunity and Grievance Procedures.

A Voucher Holders Packet will be given to the family containing the following:

- Request for lease approval
- Required lease provisions
- Lead-based paint notices and certificate
- Fair housing information

- Schedule of utility allowances
- Informal hearing procedures
- Information on the total tenant payment (tenant rent)
- Portability eligibility (24 CFR 982.354 & 982.355)

Verification

The PHA=s Section 8 Program will verify information related to waiting list preferences, eligibility, admission and level of benefits prior to admission. Periodically during occupancy, items related to eligibility and rent determination shall also be reviewed and verified. Income, assets, and expenses will be verified, as well as disability status, need for a live-in aide and other reasonable accommodations, full-time student status of family members 18 years of age and older, Social Security Numbers, citizenship/eligible noncitizen status. Age and relationship will only be verified in those instances where needed to make a determination of level of assistance.

REQUIRED CONSENT BY APPLICANTS & PARTICIPANTS

Each member of the family of an assistance applicant or participant, who is at least 18 years of age, and each family head and spouse, regardless of age, shall sign one or more consent forms. See 24 CFR ' 5.230.

GENERAL RULES

Age, relationship, U.S. citizenship, and Social Security Numbers will generally be verified with documentation provided by the family. For citizenship, the family's certification will be accepted. (Or -for citizenship- documentation, such as listed in the table below will be required.) Verification of these items will include photocopies (of provided originals) of the Social Security cards and other documents presented by the family, the INS SAVE approval code, and forms signed by the family.

The first method to use for any information verification must be using third party verification. This type of verification includes written documentation (with forms sent directly to and received directly from a source, not passed through the hands of the family). This verification may also be direct contact with the source, in person or by telephone. It may also be a report generated by a request from the PHA=s Section 8 Program or automatically by another government agency, i.e., the Social Security Administration. Verification forms and reports received will be contained in the

applicant/tenant file. Oral third party documentation will include the same information as if the documentation had been written, i.e., name date of contact, amount received, etc.

When third party verification cannot be obtained, the PHA=s Section 8 Program will accept documentation received from the applicant/participant. Hand-carried documentation will be accepted if the PHA=s Section 8 Program has been unable to obtain third party verification in a four week period of time. Photocopies of the documents provided by the family will be maintained in the file.

When neither third party verification nor hand-carried verification can be obtained, the PHA=s Section 8 Program will accept a notarized statement signed by the head, spouse or co-head. Such documents will be maintained in the file.

The PHA will document in the tenant file, the reason why third party verification was not available.

Social Security

24 CFR ' 5.216 requires applicants and participants to disclose the complete and accurate social security number (SSN) assigned to the applicant/participant and to each member of the applicant's/participant's household, who is at least six years of age and to provide documentation to verify each SSN.

In the event an applicant or participant or household member, who is at least six years of age, has not been assigned an SSN, the household member (or guardian if the member is under the age of 18) must execute a certification that states the household member was not issued a social security number.

General Items

The chart below outlines the factors that may be verified and gives common examples of the verification that will be sought. To obtain written third party verification, the PHA=s Section 8 Program will send a request form to the source along with a release form signed by the applicant/participant via first class mail.

Verification Requirements for Individual Items: General Eligibility Items		
Item to Be Verified	3rd party verification	Hard-carried verification
Social Security	Letter from Social Security,	Social Security card

Verification Requirements for Individual Items: General Eligibility Items		
Item to Be Verified	3rd party verification	Hard-carried verification
Number	electronic reports	
Citizenship	N/A	Signed certification, voter=s registration card, birth certificate, etc.
Eligible immigration status	INS SAVE confirmation #	INS card
Disability	Letter from medical professional, SSI, etc.	Proof of SSI or Social Security disability payments
Full time student status (if >18)	Letter from school	For high school students, any document evidencing enrollment
Need for a live-in aide	Letter from doctor or other professional knowledgeable of condition	N/A
Child care costs	Letter from care provider	Bills and receipts
Disability assistance expenses	Letters from suppliers, care givers, etc.	Bills and records of payments
Medical expenses	Letters from providers, prescription record from pharmacy, medical professional=s letter stating assistance or a companion animal is needed	Bills, receipts, records of payment, dates of trips, mileage log, receipts for fares and tolls

Income

The requirement for third party verification can be found at 24 CFR ' 960.259(c)(1) and ' 982.516(a)(2) and states that "The PHA must obtain and document in the family file third party verification of the following factors, or must document in the file why third party verification was not available:

- (i) Reported family annual income;
- (ii) The value of assets;
- (iii) Expenses related to deductions from annual income; and
- (iv) Other factors that affect the determination of adjusted income or income-based rent."

Third party verification is defined as independent verification of income and/or expenses by contacting the individual income/expense source(s) supplied by the family. The verification documents must be supplied directly to the independent source by the PHA and returned directly to the PHA from the independent source.

The tenant shall not hand carry documents to or from the independent source. The PHA may elect to mail, fax, or e-mail the verification request form to the independent source.

In the event that the independent source does not respond to the PHA's faxed, mailed, or emailed request for information, the PHA may pursue oral third party verification.

The income verification process established for the PHA=s Section 8 Program consists of two major tasks:

1. SIGN CONSENT- Applicants and participants sign a consent form to request the following: current or previous wages and salaries from employers, wage information and unemployment compensation from the State agency charged with the administration of the State unemployment law, and income information from the Commissioner of Social Security and the Secretary of the Treasury.
2. VERIFICATION OF INCOME- The PHA will put forth all its efforts to ensure that all available resources are used, including upfront income verification techniques, to obtain verification of tenant reported (unreported or underreported) income.

The PHA=s Section 8 Program will use the following verification methods in the order listed below:

- (1) Upfront Verification
- (2) Written Third Party Verification
- (3) Oral Third Party Verification
- (4) Document Review
- (5) Tenant Declaration

The PHA should attempt to use upfront income verification first and whenever possible, since it is the most preferred method by HUD and does not rely on an individual filling out a form, which may result in lower data integrity.

If upfront verification is not available (PHA does not have access to this type of information or it is too costly to obtain) then the PHA should obtain required written third party verification. Verification forms should be mailed, faxed or e-mailed directly to the independent source.

In the event that the independent source fails to respond to written verification requests, the PHA should then contact the independent source by telephone or an in person visit to obtain the verification. Upon receipt of the information, the PHA should document in the family file, the date and time the information was received along with the name of the person and title that provided the information.

Below are the levels and the order of verification methods that the PHA=s Section 8 Program will use in determining a family's Total Tenant Payment (TTP).

Upfront (UIV)	Highest (Highly Recommended, highest level of third party verification)
Written 3rd Party	High (Mandatory if upfront income verification is not available or if UIV data differs substantially from tenant-reported)
Oral 3rd Party	Medium (Mandatory if written third party verification is not available)
Document Review	Medium-Low (Use on provisional basis)
Tenant Declaration	Low (Use as last resort)

Income Type	Upfront	Written Third Party	Oral Third Party	Document Review	Tenant Declaration
	(LEVEL 5)	(LEVEL 4)	(LEVEL 3)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 1)
Wages/Salaries	Use of computer matching agreements with a State Wage Information Collection Agency (SWICA) to obtain wage information electronically, by mail or fax	The PHA mails, faxes, or e-mails a verification form directly to the independent sources to obtain wage information.	In the event the independent source does not respond to the PHA=s written request for information, the PHA may contact the independent source by phone or make an in person visit to obtain the requested information.	When neither form of third party verification can be obtained, the PHA may accept original documents such as consecutive pay stubs (HUD recommends the PHA review at least three months of pay stubs, if employed by the same employer for	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares the family=s total annual income from earnings. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.

Income Type	Upfront	Written Third Party	Oral Third Party	Document Review	Tenant Declaration
	(LEVEL 5)	(LEVEL 4)	(LEVEL 3)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 1)
	or in person. Agreements with private vendor agencies, such as The Work Number or Choice Point to obtain wage and salary information. Use of HUD systems, when available.	The PHA may have tenant sign a Request for Earnings Statement from SSA to confirm past earnings. The PHA mails the form to SSA and the statement will be sent to the address the PHA specifies on the form.		three months or more), W-2 forms, etc. from the tenant. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	
<p>Verification of Employment Income: The PHA should always obtain as much information as possible about the employment, such as start date (new employment), termination data (previous employment), pay frequency, pay, rate, anticipated pay increases in the next twelve months, year-to-date earnings, bonuses, overtime, company name, address and telephone number, name and the position of the person completing the employment verification form.</p> <p>Effective Date of employment: The PHA should always confirm start and termination dates of employment.</p>					
Self-Employment	Not Available	The PHA mails or faxes a verification form directly to sources identified by the family to obtain income information.	The PHA may call the source to obtain income information.	The PHA may accept any documents (i.e. tax returns, invoices and letters from customers) provided by the tenant to verify self-employment income. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not obtained.	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares the family=s total annual income from self-employment. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.
<p>Verification of Self-Employment Income: Typically, it is a challenge for PHAs to obtain third party verification of self-employment income. When third party verification is not available, the PHA should always request a notarized tenant declaration that includes a perjury statement.</p>					
Social Security Benefits	Use of HUD Tenant Assessment System (TASS) to obtain current	The PHA mails or faxes a verification form directly to the SSA office to obtain social	The PHA may call SSA, with the tenant on line, to obtain current benefit amount. (Not Available in some	The PHA may accept an original SSA Notice from the tenant. Note: The PHA must document in the	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares monthly social

Income Type	Upfront	Written Third Party	Oral Third Party	Document Review	Tenant Declaration
	(LEVEL 5)	(LEVEL 4)	(LEVEL 3)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 1)
	benefits history and discrepancy reports.	security benefit information. (Not Available in some areas because SSA makes this data available through TASS. SSA encourages PHAs to use TASS.)	areas because SSA makes this data available through TASS. SSA encourages PHAs to use TASS.)	tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	security benefits. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file the reason third party verification was not available.
Welfare Benefits	Use of computer matching agreements with the local Social Services Agency to obtain current benefit amount electronically, by mail or fax or in person.	The PHA mails faxes, or e-mails a verification form directly to the local Social Services Agency to obtain welfare benefit information.	The PHA may call the local Social Services Agency to obtain current benefit amount.	The PHA may review original award notice or printout from the local Social Services Agency provided by the tenant. Note: The PHA must in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares monthly welfare benefits. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.
Child Support	Use of agreement with the local Child Support Enforcement Agency to obtain current child support amount and payment status electronically, by mail or fax or in person.	The PHA mails, faxes, or e-mails a verification form directly to the local Child Support Enforcement Agency or child support payer to obtain current child support amount and payment status.	The PHA may call the local Child Support Enforcement Agency or child support payer to obtain current child support amount and payment status.	The PHA may review an original court order, notice or printout from the local Child Support Enforcement Agency provided by the tenant to verify current child support amount and payment status. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares current child support amount and payment status. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.
Unemployment Benefits	Use of computer matching agreements	The PHA mails, faxes, or e-mails a verification form directly to	The PHA may call State Wage Information Collection Agency to	The PHA may review an original benefit notice or unemployment	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the

Income Type	Upfront	Written Third Party	Oral Third Party	Document Review	Tenant Declaration
	(LEVEL 5)	(LEVEL 4)	(LEVEL 3)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 1)
	with a State Wage Information Collection Agency to obtain unemployment compensation electronically, by mail or fax or in person. Use of HUD systems, when available.	the State Wage Information Collection Agency to obtain unemployment compensation information.	obtain current benefit amount.	check stub, or printout from the local State Wage Information Collection Agency provided by the tenant. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	tenant that declares unemployment benefits. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.
Pensions	Use of computer matching agreements with a Federal, State or Local Government Agency to obtain pension information, electronically, by mail or fax or in person.	The PHA mails, faxes, or e-mails a verification form directly to the pension provider to obtain pension information	The PHA may call the pension provider to obtain current benefit amount.	The PHA may review an original benefit notice from the pension provider provided by the tenant. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares monthly pension amounts. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.
Assets	Use of cooperative agreements with sources to obtain asset and asset income information electronically, by mail or fax or in person.	The PHA mails, or e-mails a verification form directly to the source to obtain asset and asset income information.	The PHA may call the source to obtain asset and asset income information.	The PHA may review original documents provided by the tenant. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.	The PHA may accept a notarized statement or affidavit from the tenant that declares assets and asset income. Note: The PHA must document in the tenant file, the reason third party verification was not available.
Comments	Whenever HUD makes available wage, unemployment, and SSA information,	Note: The independent source completes the form and returns the form directly to the	The PHA should document in the tenant file, the date and time of the telephone call or in person visit, along		The PHA should use this verification method as a last resort, when all other verification methods are not

Income Type	Upfront	Written Third Party	Oral Third Party	Document Review	Tenant Declaration
	(LEVEL 5)	(LEVEL 4)	(LEVEL 3)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 1)
	the PHA should use the information as part of the reexamination process. Failure to do so may result in disallowed cost during RIM review.	PHA Agency. The tenant should not carry documents to or from the independent source.	with the name and title of the person that verified current income amount.		possible or have been unsuccessful. Notarized statement should include a perjury penalty statement.
Note: The PHA must not pass verification costs along to the participant.					
Note: In cases where the PHA cannot reliably project annual income, the PHA may elect to complete regular interim reexaminations (this policy should be apart of the PHA=s written policies).					

Example of the local documentation that the PHA may request, among others, is a certification from the CRIM (Center for Municipal Income and Tax Collection) to be considered for negative ownership for local real estate properties to the tenant declaration for asset verification and, a certification from the P.R. Department of Labor and Human Resources to be considered for job verification.

Denial and Termination of Assistance

The PHA policies on denial and termination of assistance will be determine as establishes on this Administrative Plan and as establishes in the 24 CFR Subpart L Sections 982.551 to 982.553 and in accordance with dispositions on the 24 CFR 5.105.

Policy Governing the Voucher Term and Any Extensions of the Voucher Term.

The voucher issued to the family will be determined by the size of the family. The length for a voucher is for 60 days term. In case a voucher expires, the family may reapply and be added to the waiting list in order of priority; as funds are available and/or the process is open.

The family may obtain the pertinent request form for lease approval. The family will be given ample opportunity to discuss and raise questions with relation to the abovementioned orientation. Personal assistance will be provided to families in an attempt to help them find adequate housing.

The PHA will encourage participation of owners of suitable units located outside areas of low income or minority concentrations. Owners will be oriented in relation to this matter

Voucher Term Extensions

The PHA does not grant extensions to the 60 standard day's period to find a suitable unit. When the voucher term expires, the PHA will require that the family reapply when the PHA begins accepting applications.

Suspension (or "tolling") of Term

The PHA grants the family a suspension of the voucher term if the family has submitted a request for approval of the tenancy during the term of the voucher. {24 CFR 982.4 and 982.303}

The PHA grant a suspension for any part of the period after the family has submitted a request for approval of the tenancy up to the time when the PHA approves or denies the request. {24 CFR 982.54(d)(2)}

Once the family submits a unit for approval, during the period which covers the voucher term (60 days), the PHA stops the clock on the term of the family's vouchers, if the family has submitted a request for approval of the tenancy. The clock will be stopped up to the time the PHA approves or denies the request.

For example (see "HUD's Housing Choice Voucher Guidebook"), a Voucher Issued on May 1 with its Expiration Date on June 29

Family Submits Request for Tenancy Approval: May 15
PHA Denies Unit: May 24

Tolling Time: 9 Days (May 16-24)
New Voucher Expiration Date: July 8 (June 29 + 9 days)

To be granted a suspension of voucher term, the family must have submitted its first unit option and request of approval of the tenancy during the first 30 days of the voucher period; or at least demonstrate there's a difficulty in finding an affordable housing unit due to a reasonable and justified circumstance. Justified circumstances include:

- When the family has demonstrate there's a difficulty in finding a suitable unit during the initial term. The family must demonstrate its efforts to find a unit by: the Program, contact owners and real estate companies, search

newspapers listing, explore neighborhoods for “For Rent” signs, check with local churches, and other community organizations (See Appendix II);

- Where there is a reasonable possibility that the family may need additional advice and assistance to find a suitable unit;
- Depending on the level of support services requested by and provided to the family;
- Extenuating circumstances that prevented the family from finding a unit, such as:
 - Serious illness in the family;
 - Death in the family,
 - Family emergency;
 - Obstacle due to employment;
- Whether the family has already submitted requests for approval of the tenancy for units that were not approved by the PHA; and
- Whether the family size or other special requirements made finding a unit difficult.

When the voucher term expires, the PHA will require that the family reapply when the PHA begins accepting applications (as funds are available and/or the process is open).

Suspensions should be requested in writing and after the first 30 days it will be evidenced (see justified circumstances above).

III. POLICY ON SPECIAL RULES FOR USE OF AVAILABLE FUNDS (SPECIAL PURPOSE): ASSISTANCE TARGETED BY HUD

General Rules

The PHA applied for additional funds as they become available.

When HUD awards special funding for certain family types, families who qualify are placed on the regular waiting list. When a specific type of funding becomes available, the waiting list is searched for the first available family meeting the targeted funding criteria, unless, as a requirement of the program, eligible families are referred from a social service agency. The PHA will follow the applicable regulation in the administration of the special purpose vouchers (as granted).

Special Funding: NOFA (Notice of Funding Availability)

Additional vouchers funding, such as Occupancy NOFA, would be selected from the waiting list proceeding, the regular selection procedures and/or those procedures establishes in the Federal Register.

Special Population Vouchers

Vouchers target to special population, such as Family Unification, Welfare-to-Work, Mainstream Opportunities- Services to Persons with Disabilities; will be publicly announced and selected from a special waiting list.

Special Housing Types Funding

The PHA does not plan to apply for Special Housing Types Funding. If eventually, the PHA decides to apply for such funding; the policies on special rules will be states as follows:

When HUD awards funding to a PHA program, which is targeted for families living in specified units (such as Housing Demolition, Mainstream Housing - Elderly Designation, etc.), the PHA must use the assistance for the families living in those units. The PHA must admit said families under a Special Admission procedure.

Special Admission is given to families that are not on the waiting list, or without considering the family's position on the waiting list. The PHA must maintain records showing that a family was admitted with HUD-targeted assistance. Special admission families need not to qualify for any preference. They are not counted against the limit of local preference admissions. The PHA must maintain a separate record of these admissions.

IV. OCCUPANCY POLICIES

The PHA may only admit an eligible family to the program. To be eligible, the applicant must be a family, must be income-eligible, and must be a citizen, or a noncitizen that has eligible immigration status; as determined in accordance with 24 CFR Part 5.

1. Family Composition and Income Eligibility

The PHA defines family and income eligibility as stated on the 24 CFR Part 982.201. This definition includes Alive-in-aide and single person, among others.

To consider a person a Alive-in-aide, such person must be essential for the care and aide of the person who serves as a companion. To determine its eminent presence in the dwelling

unit, the family must submit appropriate medical certification and any other evidence that the PHA deem necessary. Approval of a live-in aide for reasonable accommodation will be in accordance with CFR 24 Part 8.

Per Title 24 CFR 982.316, the PHA may refuse to approve a particular person as a live-in aide, or may withdraw such approval if:

- The person commits or has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;
- The person commits or has committed drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity; or
- The person currently owes rent or other amounts to the PHA or to another PHA in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

2. Continuously Assisted Family

As established in the 24 CFR 982.201, an applicant is continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act if the family is already receiving assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program when the family is admitted to the voucher program.

It is in this regard that the PHA has established the following policy concerning whether and to what extent a brief interruption between assistance and admission to the voucher program will be considered to break continuity of assistance:

"Any family currently involved with any federally assisted public housing project has a total of some 365 calendar days or one year between the period they have left a federal housing program and applied for assistance under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, in order to be considered under continuously assisted."

3. Standards for Denying Admission or Terminating Assistance Based on Criminal Activity or Alcohol Abuse in Accordance with Sec. 982.553

The members of the household may not engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity or other criminal activity that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises.

Action or inaction by family.

The PHA may deny assistance for an applicant or terminate assistance for a participant under the programs because of the family's action or failure to act as described in this section or Sec. 982.553. The provisions of this section do not affect denial or termination of assistance for grounds other than action or failure to act by the family.

Requirement to deny admission or terminate assistance.

1. For provisions on denial of admission and termination of assistance for illegal drug use, other criminal activity, and alcohol abuse that would threaten other residents, the PHA applies the rules on the 24 CFR Sec. 982.553.
2. If the family has been engaged in criminal activity or alcohol abuse as described in Sec. 982.553.

Per Sec. 982.553, the PHA must prohibit admission to the program of an applicant for three (3) years from the date of eviction if a household member has been evicted from federally assisted housing for drug-related criminal activity. However, it is the PHA decision to admit the household if the PHA determines:

- (A) That the evicted household member who engaged in drug-related criminal activity has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by the PHA; or
- (B) That the circumstances leading to eviction no longer exist (for example, the criminal household member has died or is imprisoned).
- (C) If the PHA determines (with evidence) that the evicted person clearly did not participate in or know about the drug-related criminal activity and the leading to eviction no longer exist (as part B, above).

The PHA will prohibit admission if:

- (A) Any household member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug;
- (B) It is determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's illegal drug use or a pattern of illegal drug use may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents; or
- (C) Any household member has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing.

Mandatory prohibition

The PHA must prohibit admission to the program if any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program. In this screening of applicants, the PHA must perform criminal history background checks necessary to determine whether any household member is subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement in the State where the housing is located and in other States where the household members are known to have resided.

Permissive prohibitions

The PHA may prohibit admission of a household to the program if the PHA determines that any household member is currently engaged in, or has engaged in during a reasonable time before the admission:

- (1) Drug-related criminal activity;
- (2) Violent criminal activity;
- (3) Other criminal activity which may threaten the health, safety, or right to **peaceful** enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; or
- (4) Other criminal activity which may threaten the health or safety of the owner, property management staff, or persons performing a contract administration function or responsibility on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor or agent).

If the PHA previously denied admission to an applicant because a member of the household engaged in criminal activity, it is the PHA decision to reconsider the applicant if the PHA has sufficient evidence that the members of the household are not currently engaged in, and have not engaged in, such criminal activity during a reasonable period, as determined by the PHA, before the admission decision.

- (1) The PHA would have sufficient evidence if the household member submitted a certification that she or he is not currently engaged in and has not engaged in such criminal activity during the specified period and provided supporting information from such sources as a probation officer, a landlord, neighbors, social service agency workers and criminal records, which the PHA verified.
- (2) For purposes of this section, a household member is currently engaged in criminal activity if the person has engaged in the behavior recently enough to justify a reasonable belief that the behavior is current.
- (3) Prohibiting admission of alcohol abusers. The PHA must establish standards

that prohibit admission to the program if the PHA determines that it has reasonable cause to believe that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

Terminating assistance for drug criminals

The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance for a family under the program if the PHA determines that:

- (A) Any household member is currently engaged in any illegal use of a drug; or
- (B) A pattern of illegal use of a drug by any household member interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

The PHA must immediately terminate assistance for a family under the program if the PHA determines that any member of the household has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing.

The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance under the program for a family if the PHA determines that any family member has violated the family's obligation under Sec. 982.551 not to engage in any drug-related criminal activity.

Terminating assistance for other criminals

The PHA must establish standards that allow the PHA to terminate assistance under the program for a family if the PHA determines that any household member has violated the family's obligation under Sec. 982.551 not to engage in violent criminal activity.

Terminating assistance for alcohol abusers

The PHA must establish standards that allow termination of assistance for a family if the PHA determines that a household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

Evidence of criminal activity

The PHA may terminate assistance for criminal activity by a household member as

authorized in this section if the PHA determines, based on a preponderance of the evidence, that the household member has engaged in the activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

Use of criminal record

(1) Denial - If a PHA proposes to deny admission for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record, the PHA must provide the subject of the record and the applicant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record, in the informal review process in accordance with Sec. 982.554. (See part 5, subpart J for provision concerning access to criminal records.)

(2) Termination of assistance - If a PHA proposes to terminate assistance for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record; the PHA must notify the household of the proposed action to be based on the information and must provide the subject of the record and the tenant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record in accordance with Sec. 982.555.

(3) Cost of obtaining criminal record - The PHA may not pass along to the tenant the costs of a criminal records check.

V. ENCOURAGING PARTICIPATION BY OWNERS OF SUITABLE UNITS LOCATED OUTSIDE AREAS OF LOW INCOME OR MINORITY CONCENTRATION

The PHA will publish a notice inviting owners to make dwelling units available for leasing by participating families. This notice is published via memoranda posted in the Municipal Government Reception Bulletin Board and the Section 8 Reception Area and/or other suitable means, as necessary, in order to reach a maximum number of owners and real estate brokers located in all geographical sectors within the jurisdiction of the Housing Administration.

The PHA has an affirmative action marketing program to ensure that opportunities for program participation are adequately publicized in order to reach and/or accomplish the following:

- Families identified by the PHA as the least likely to apply (e.g., handicapped families, very low-income families, large families, homelessness families, women household families, and victims of domestic violence)).
- Families identified in the Housing Assistance Plan.
- Owners of rental properties located outside areas of low-income or minority concentrations.

- Families identified in the Rental Rehabilitations Program
- Provide area- wide housing opportunities to families.

All outreach is done in accordance with the Section 8 Office's approved Equal Opportunity Housing Plan (See Appendix III), Administrative Plan, and HUD guidelines for fair housing opportunity logotype, statement and slogan.

The best way to recruit new owners is to operate the housing choice voucher program effectively and treat owners professionally. This includes minimizing the time required to inspect units and to start HAP payments, applying program rules consistently, being timely and predictable in all program processing, maintaining effective and prompt communications with owners (e.g., returning calls quickly, identifying a single point of contact, meeting at least once a year with them), and making payments accurately and on time.

VI. ASSISTING A FAMILY THAT CLAIMS THAT ILLEGAL DISCRIMINATION HAS PREVENTED THE FAMILY FROM LEASING A SUITABLE UNIT: Discrimination Complain Procedure and Housing Accessibility Policy for the Disable. (See also Section XII)

As part of the information packet provide to the applicants, the applicants are given Information on federal, State and local equal opportunity laws, and a copy of the housing discrimination complaint form.

The PHA will assist the families that claim that illegal discrimination has prevented the family from leasing a suitable unit: Ex., single women with many children, according to the Fair Housing Act and Equal Opportunity and Non-Discriminatory Laws.

A family which claims that illegal discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability prevents the family from finding or leasing a suitable unit with assistance under the program; must fill a housing discrimination complaint in the PHA main administrative office.

Where a family alleges that illegal discrimination is preventing them from finding a suitable unit, the PHA will provide reasonable assistance this matter by directing the aggrieved to the necessary agencies.

A. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

1. Fair Housing

It is the policy of the PHA to comply fully with all Federal, State, and local nondiscrimination laws, including but not limited to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Americans With Disabilities Act; and the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development regulations governing Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

No person shall, on the ground of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, familial status, age or disability be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any PHA housing programs.

To further its commitment to full compliance with applicable Civil Rights laws, the PHA will provide Federal/State/local information to applicants for and participants in the Section 8 Housing Program regarding unlawful discrimination and any recourse available to them if they believe they may be victims of discrimination. Such information will be made available with the application, and all applicable Fair Housing Information and Discrimination Complaint Forms will be made available at the PHA office. In addition, all written information and advertisements will contain the appropriate Equal Opportunity language and logo.

The PHA will assist any family that believes they have suffered illegal discrimination by providing them with copies of the housing discrimination form. The PHA will also assist them in completing the form, if requested, and will provide them with the address of the nearest HUD Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

2. Housing Accessibility Policy

Sometimes people with disabilities may need a reasonable accommodation in order to take full advantage of the PHA housing programs and related services. When such accommodations are granted they do not confer special treatment or advantage for the person with a disability; rather, they make the program fully accessible to them in a way that would otherwise not be possible due to their disability. This policy clarifies how people can request accommodations and the guidelines the PHA will follow in determining whether it is reasonable to provide a requested accommodation. Because disabilities are not always apparent, the PHA will ensure that all applicants/participants are aware of the opportunity to request reasonable accommodations.

The PHA complies with non-discrimination policies established by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (Fair Housing Act) by providing reasonable accommodations to persons with disabilities, whether registrants, applicants, or participants by:

- Making application and registration forms available to organizations which service or represent the aged or persons with disabilities;

- Complying with Federal, State and Local laws regarding accommodations for persons with disabilities and providing adequate office facilities;
- Providing assistance to complete forms and to provide other documents required by program regulations;
- Providing reasonable extensions of time for the completion of program requirements to the extent allowed by HUD regulations;
- Providing extensions of the terms of Vouchers to the extent allowed by program regulations, or, if prohibited by regulations, requesting written approval by HUD for additional extensions to accommodate families containing persons with disabilities;
- Conducting in-home visits for persons who are unable to visit the office due to medical conditions; and
- Soliciting information on the accessibility of owners' units for persons with disabilities, and providing information on amenities the unit may provide for persons with disabilities.

3. Complaint Procedures

Introduction

These procedures establish the handling of complaints filed by applicants and/or participants in the PHA=s Section 8 Program. These procedures will guarantee the timely, joint resolution of complaints.

Filing of Complaints

Complaints shall be filed before the Section 8 Program Coordinator or a designated representative within the PHA=s Office of Housing and Section 8 Program.

Complaints shall be filed personally by the complainant. Upon the filing of a complaint, the parts will conduct an informal discussion to attempt to arrive at a fair and reasonable resolution without having to conduct a Hearing. A decision will be made as expeditiously as possible. The Program Coordinator shall prepare a short written report of the informal discussion, which will include this decision. The complainant will be provided copy of this report within five work days after the decision is made. The written report will specify:

- a. Name of participants
- b. Date in which the complaint was filed
- c. Nature of the complaint
- d. Decision made by the Program Coordinator for resolution of the complaint, and basis for such decision
- e. Procedures through which the complainant may request a Hearing

Procedures for requesting a Hearing before an Official designated by the Mayor

When the complainant is not satisfied with the decision made by the Program Coordinator, a Hearing may be requested in writing within ten dates (10) work days from the date of receipt of the decision.

The Request for Hearing shall include the following:

- a. The complaint
- b. Reasons for the complaint
- c. Action or remedy sought

By not requesting a Hearing within the established time frame, the complainant renounces the right to Hearing and accepts the Program Coordinator's decision as final and binding, unless just cause can be established for requesting a Hearing within the established time frame.

4. Disability procedures

General

The PHA=s Section 8 Program shall not discriminate against any person because of race, color, sex, religion, civil status, political affiliation, and/or physical or mental disability.

The Program is committed to offer quality and excellence in services, and to provide the necessary tools to help persons with disabilities in specific situations, and will arrange assistance in those cases referred to the Office of Assistance to Persons with Disabilities.

Procedures

- a. Persons requesting assistance will state their business at the Town Hall's Reception Area.
- b. Reception Area personnel will contact the Section 8 Program Coordinator or

- authorized representative. Accessibility arrangements will be made if necessary.
- c. Persons requesting assistance will present a Health Department identification issued in accordance to Laws 107 and 108 that stipulate an "Express Line" benefit.
 - d. Persons requesting assistance will be referred to the Office of Assistance to Persons with Disabilities, located at the Public Transportation Service Station.
 - e. The Office of Assistance to Persons with Disabilities will provide accessible transportation services to those Section 8 Program clients identified as having physical and/or mental disability in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

Procedures for Complaints of Violations of Rights

Any person with a disability who believes that service or treatment has not been just, and/or that has been discriminated upon because of race, color, sex, national origin, age, religion, political affiliation, and physical and/or mental disability should:

- a. Submit a written complaint in letter format to the Office of Federal and Section 8 Programs explaining the alleged situation, who interviewed the person, and the reasons why he/she understands that discrimination has occurred. The complaint should be mailed or submitted in person to the following address:

MUNICIPIO DE LAS MARIAS
PROGRAMA SECCION 8
P.O. BOX 366
LAS MARIAS, PR 00670

- b. The Federal Programs Director will verify the complaint and will notify the alleged victim regarding the determination and/or measures to be taken, and will attend to the situation in a term not exceeding 30 days.
- c. If the situation persists, the Mayor and the Legal Division shall be notified for appropriate action.
- d. If the complainant understands that the situation cannot be resolved satisfactorily, he/she will be oriented to contact by telephone or file a written complaint with the following agency:

Oficina del Procurador de las
Personas con Impedimentos
Oficina Regional del Oeste
P O BOX 1195
AGUADA PR 00602-1195

Telephone (787) 868-1993
 Aguada Free phone number 1 (800) 980-1909

San Juan Main Office Free phone number 1 (800) 981- 4125
 TDD line (San Juan Area main Office) (787) 725- 4014

VII. PROVIDING INFORMATION ABOUT A FAMILY TO PROSPECTIVE OWNERS

The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit. At or before PHA approval of the tenancy, the PHA must inform the owner that screening and selection for tenancy is the responsibility of the owner.

The owner is responsible for screening of families on the basis of their tenancy histories. An owner may consider a family's background with respect to such factors as:

- (i) Payment of rent and utility bills;
- (ii) Caring for a unit and premises;
- (iii) Respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing;
- (iv) Drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety or property of others; and
- (v) Compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy.

PHA information about tenant

It is the PHA policy to provide information to the owner as established in the 24 CFR 982.307. This information includes:

- (i) The family's current and prior address (as shown in the PHA records); and
- (ii) The name and address (if known to the PHA) of the landlord at the family's current and prior address.

Owners' obligations are brief to the owner as stated in the 24 CFR part 982, mostly in section 982.452. This information will be given to both owners and participants.

VIII. DISAPPROVAL OF OWNERS

A property owner does not have a right to participate in the housing choice voucher program.

The PHA will not to enter into a HAP contract with any owner who refuses or has a history

of refusing to evict families, who disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the property, engage in drug-related or violent criminal activity, and threaten the health or safety of other residents, managers, employees of the Housing Department or the owner. This is in accordance with established HUD regulations as set forth in the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998.

The PHA must not approve an assisted tenancy if the PHA has been informed (by HUD or otherwise) that the owner is debarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation under 24 CFR part 24.

In addition, the PHA must not approve the assisted tenancy when it has been informed by HUD that:

§ The federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner for a violation of the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements and such action is pending; or

§ A court or administrative agency has determined that the owner violated the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements.

In its administrative discretion, the PHA may deny approval of an assisted tenancy for any of the following reasons, including but not limited to those aforementioned:

- (1) The owner has violated obligations under a HAP contract under Section 8 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f);
- (2) The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;
- (3) The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;
- (4) The owner has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the tenant-based programs, or with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or leased under any other federal housing program;
- (5) The owner has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants of units assisted under Section 8 or any other federally assisted housing program for activity engaged in by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of the household that:
 - (i) Threatens the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
 - (ii) Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of the PHA, or of owner employees or other persons engaged in management of the housing;
 - (iii) Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences, by persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; or
 - (iv) Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity; or

- (6) The owner has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local housing codes; or
- (7) The owner has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines or assessments.

Leases Between Relatives

The PHA must not approve a unit if the owner is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family; unless the PHA determines that approving the unit would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities. This restriction against PHA approval of a unit only applies at the time a family initially receives tenant-based assistance for occupancy of a particular unit, but does not apply to PHA approval of a new tenancy with continued tenant-based assistance in the same unit.

Conflicts of Interest

PHAs must also not approve contracts in which any of the following parties have a current interest or will have an interest in the HAP contract for one year thereafter:

- § Present or former member or officer of the PHA, except a participant commissioner;
- § Employee of the PHA or any contractor, subcontractor or agent of the PHA who formulates policy or influences program decisions;
- § Public official, member of a governing body, or state or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities related to the programs; or
- § Members of U.S. Congress.

The HUD Field Office may waive the conflict of interest requirements, except for members of Congress, for good cause.

It should be clearly noted that nothing contained within 24 CFR 982.306 is intended to give any owner any right to participate in the program. For purposes of this plan the term "owner" includes a principal or other interested parties.

IX. SUBSIDY STANDARDS [24 CFR 982.54(d)(9)]

HUD guidelines require PHAs to establish subsidy standards for the determination of family unit size that provide for a minimum commitment of subsidy while avoiding overcrowding. The standards used for the unit size must be within the minimum unit size requirements of HUD's Housing Quality Standards (HQS). This chapter explains the subsidy standards that PHA will use to determine the voucher size (family unit size) for families when they are selected from the waiting list, the PHA's procedures for a family size

change, and for family selection of a unit of a different size than the voucher size.

1. Determining Family Unit (Voucher) Size [24 CFR 982.402]

The PHA requires at least one person per bedroom when determining the voucher unit size. The PHA also considers the interests of minor children (under the age of five) or of ill, elderly or disable family members (See sections 2 and 3 below), for unit size. The PHA=s subsidy standards for determining voucher size shall be applied in a manner consistent with fair housing guidelines.

All standards in this section relate to the number of bedrooms on the voucher, not the family's actual living arrangements.

The voucher unit size remains the same, as long as the family composition remains the same, regardless of the actual unit rented.

One bedroom will be assigned for the head of household and or spouse or co-head, and one bedroom will be awarded to each two family members. The PHA do not allow that family members who have different sex (unless couples) to share a room. (For example: Twins same sex can share a room but not if they have different sex.) The PHA allows family members with 5 year of difference in age to share a room. (For example: 10 and 12 year old girls can share a room but not a 10 and 16 year old girls). Exceptions will be made for medical reasons, or for a live-in aide.

Bedroom size will also be determined using the following guidelines:

- Children of the same sex (over 6) will share a bedroom.
- Children of the opposite sex, both under the age of 6, will share a bedroom.
- Adults and children will not be required to share a bedroom.
- Foster adults and children will not be required to share a bedroom with family members.
- Live-in aides will get a separate room.

The PHA may reexamine the subsidy standard annually.

Generally, the PHA assigns one bedroom to two people, within the following guidelines:

Foster children will be included in determining unit size, only if they will be in the

unit for more than six months.

Live-in attendants will generally be provided a separate bedroom. No additional voucher bedrooms are provided for the attendant=s family.

Space will not be provided for a family member, other than a spouse, who will be absent most of the time, such as a member absent due to military service.

A single pregnant woman, with no other family members, is treated as a two-person family.

The family=s unit size will be determined without overcrowding or over-housing. (See section 3 below for unit guidelines)

2. Exceptions to Subsidy Standards [24 CFR 982.402]

The PHA may grant exceptions from the subsidy standards, upon request, providing the PHA determines the exceptions are justified by the health or handicap/disability of family members, or other individual circumstances.

The PHA will grant an exception upon request as an accommodation for persons with handicaps/disabilities. Circumstances may dictate a larger size than the subsidy standards permit when persons cannot share a bedroom because of a need, such as a:

A verified medical or health reason; or

An elderly or disabled family that requires a live-in attendant (evidenced).

Request for Exceptions to Subsidy Standards

The family may request a larger size voucher than indicated by the PHA subsidy standards. The request must explain the need or justification for a larger voucher bedroom-size. Documentation verifying the need or justification will be required by the PHA.

The PHA will not issue a larger voucher due to additions of family members, other than by birth, adoption, marriage, or court-awarded custody.

A doctor, other medical professional, such as a nurse, psychiatrist, psychologist, or a social service professional must provide a certification of the need for additional bedrooms.

Changes for Applicants

The voucher size is determined prior to the briefing by comparing the family composition to the PHA subsidy standards. If an applicant requires a change in the voucher size, the above referenced guidelines will apply.

Changes for Participants

The PHA must approve the members of the family residing in the unit. The family must obtain PHA approval of any additional family member prior to that person moving into the assisted unit, unless the addition is by birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody, in which case the family must inform the PHA within 14 days, and the above referenced guidelines will apply.

Underhoused and Overhoused Families

If a unit does not meet HQS space standards because of an increase in family size due to a birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody (unit too small), the PHA will issue a new voucher of the appropriate size, and assist the family in locating a suitable unit. Additions to the household other than through birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody, are not eligible for a larger voucher bedroom size, and these additional members may not be added to the household, if the addition violates HQS due to overcrowding.

3. Unit Size Selected [24 CFR 982.402(c)]

The family may select a different size dwelling unit than that listed on the voucher. There are three criteria to consider:

Subsidy Limitation: The payment standard for a family shall be the lower of:

- The PHA payment standard amount for the family unit size; or
- The PHA payment standard amount for the unit size rented by the family.

Utility Allowance: The utility allowance used to calculate the gross rent is based on the actual size of the unit the family selects, regardless of the size authorized on the family's voucher.

Housing Quality Standards: The standards allow a maximum occupancy of two persons per living/sleeping room as shown in the table below. Sleeping area would include: living room, den, dining room, library, or other rooms used for sleeping.

HQS GUIDELINES FOR UNIT SIZE SELECTED

Unit Size Maximum	Number in Household
0 Bedroom	2
1 Bedroom	4
2 Bedrooms	6
3 Bedrooms	8
4 Bedrooms	10
5 Bedrooms	12
6 Bedrooms	14

X. FAMILY ABSENCE FROM THE DWELLING UNIT [24CFR 982.312]

The family may be absent from the unit for brief periods. For the PHA=s Section 8 Program, the family will be considered absence when it is not in the unit for more than 15 days consecutive calendar days. However, the family may not be absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days in any circumstance, or for any reason. Housing assistance payments terminate if the family is absent for longer than the maximum period permitted. The term of the HAP contract and assisted lease also terminate. (The owner must reimburse the PHA for any housing assistance payment for the period after the termination.)

Absence means that no member of the family is residing in the unit.

The family must supply any information or certification requested by the PHA to verify that the family is residing in the unit, or relating to family absence from the unit. The family must cooperate with the PHA for this purpose. The family must promptly notify the PHA of absence from the unit, including any information requested on the purposes of family absences. The family must notify the absence 10 to 15 days prior to the absence. (In case of emergency, the PHA will be notified immediately).

It is the responsibility of the head of household to report changes in family composition. The PHA will evaluate absences from the unit using this policy.

Space will not be provided for a family member, other than a spouse, who will be absent most of the time, such as a member absent due to military service.

To verify family occupancy or absence from the dwelling unit, the PHA may:

- Telephone calls to the family every 90 to 120 days, and/or correspondence directly to the family at the unit, or may choose to make a personal visit to the family of the leased residence.
- Additionally, when deemed necessary, the PHA reserves the right to question the owner and/or neighbors at the leased residence.

The PHA will allow the family to be absent from the dwelling unit for no more than 90 days under the following (first three must verified circumstances):

- Illness or hospitalization (medical history verification requested)
- Illness of a relative who needs care from a family member, in another location (medical history verification requested)
- Any other PHA approved and verified circumstances, e.g., military service (reserves, etc.)
- Vacations for no more than 30 days.

Absence of Any Member

A member of the household is considered permanently absent if s/he is away from the unit for six consecutive months or more in a twelve-month period, except as otherwise provided in this plan. If a member of the household is subject to a court order that restricts him/her from the home for more than six months, the person will be considered permanently absent.

Absence due to Medical Reasons

If a family member leaves the household to enter a facility such as a hospital, nursing home, or rehabilitation center, the PHA will require verification from a reliable, qualified source as to the likelihood of his/her return, and the anticipated length of his/her absence. If the verification indicates the family member is permanently confined to a nursing home, h/she will be considered permanently absent. If the verification indicates the family member will return in less than 180 consecutive days, the family member will be considered temporarily absent. If the permanently absent person is the sole member of the household, assistance will be terminated in accordance with the PHA=s policy.

Absence Due to Full-time Student Status

Full time students who attend school away from the home will be treated in the following manner:

A student (other than head of household or spouse) who attends school away from home, but lives with the family during school recesses may, at the family's choice, be considered either temporarily or permanently absent. If the family decides that the member is permanently absent, income of that member will not be included in total household income, the member will not be included on the lease, and the member will not be included for determination of voucher size.

Income of Temporarily Absent Family Members

The PHA must count all income of family members whom the PHA has approved to reside in the unit, even if they are temporarily absent.

If the spouse is temporarily absent and in the military, all military pay and allowances (except hazardous duty pay when exposed to hostile fire and any other HUD-defined exceptions to military pay) is counted as income.

XI. HOW TO DETERMINE WHO REMAINS IN THE PROGRAM IF A FAMILY BREAKS UP

In circumstances of a family break-up, the PHA will make a determination of which family member will retain the certificate or voucher, taking into consideration the following factors:

1. To whom the certificate or voucher was issued.
2. The interest of minor children or of ill, elderly, or disabled family members.
3. Whether the assistance should remain with the family members remaining in the unit.
4. Whether family members were forced to leave the unit as a result of actual or threatened physical violence by a spouse or other member(s) of the household.

If a court determines the disposition of property between members of the assisted family in a divorce or separation under a settlement of judicial decree, the PHA will be bound by the court's determination of which family members continue to receive assistance in the program.

Because of the number of possible different circumstances in which a determination will have to be made, the PHA will make determinations on a case by case basis.

The PHA will issue a determination within 10 business days of the request for a determination. The family member requesting the determination may request an informal hearing in compliance with the informal hearings in Section XII.

In order to add a household member other than through birth or adoption (including a live-in aide) the family must request that the new member be added to the lease. Before adding the new member to the lease, the individual must complete an application form stating their income, assets, and all other information required of an applicant. The individual must provide their Social Security Number if they have one, and must verify their citizenship/eligible immigrant status (Their housing will not be delayed due to delays in verifying eligible immigrant status other than delays caused by the family). The new family member will go through the screening process similar to the process for applicants. The PHA will determine the eligibility of the individual before allowing them to be added to the lease. If the individual is found to be ineligible or does not pass the screening criteria, they will be advised in writing and given the opportunity for an informal review. If they are found to be eligible and do pass the screening criteria, the PHA will grant approval to add their name to the lease. At the same time, the family's annual income will be recalculated taking into account the income and circumstances of the new family member. The effective date of the new rent will be in accordance with Section XVI of this Plan, part: Effective Date of Rent Changes Due to Interim or Special Reexaminations.

Families are not required to, but may at any time, request an interim reexamination based on a decrease in income, an increase in allowable expenses, or other changes in family circumstances. Upon such request, the PHA will take timely action to process the interim reexamination and recalculate the family share.

XII. COMPLAINTS, INFORMAL REVIEWS FOR APPLICANTS, INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS

1. Complaints

The PHA will investigate and respond to complaints by participant families, owners, and the general public. The PHA may require that complaints other than HQS violations be put in writing. Anonymous complaints are investigated whenever possible.

2. Informal Review for the Applicant

The PHA will give an applicant for participation in the Section 8 Voucher Program prompt

notice of a decision denying assistance to the applicant. The notice will contain a brief statement of the reasons for the PHA decision. The notice will state that the applicant may request an informal review within 10 business days of the denial and will describe how to obtain the informal review.

When an Informal Review is not Required

The PHA will not provide the applicant an opportunity for an informal review for any of the following reasons:

1. A determination of the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards.
2. A PHA determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a certificate or voucher term.
3. A PHA determination not to grant approval to lease a unit under the program or to approve a proposed lease.
4. A PHA determination that a unit selected by the applicant is not in compliance with HQS.
5. A PHA determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of family size or composition.
6. General policy issues or class grievances.
7. Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA.

Informal Review Process

The PHA will give an applicant an opportunity for an informal review of the PHA decision denying assistance to the applicant. The procedure is as follows:

1. The review will be conducted by any person or persons designated by the other than the person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of this person.
2. The applicant will be given an opportunity to present written or oral objections to the PHA decision.
3. The PHA will notify the applicant of the PHA decision after the informal review within 15 calendar days. The notification will include a brief statement

of the reasons for the final decision.

Considering Circumstances

In deciding whether to terminate assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family, the Housing Authority may consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure.

The Housing Authority may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. The Housing Authority may permit the other members of a participant family to continue receiving assistance.

If the Housing Authority seeks to terminate assistance because of illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance, or pattern of abuse of alcohol, such use or possession or pattern of abuse must have occurred within one year before the date that the Housing Authority provides notice to the family of the Housing Authority determination to deny or terminate assistance. In determining whether to terminate assistance for these reasons the PHA will consider evidence of whether the household member:

1. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program (as applicable) and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol;
2. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol; or
3. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol.

Informal Review Procedures for Denial of Assistance on the Basis of Ineligible Immigration Status

The applicant family may request that the PHA provide for an informal review after the family has notification of the INS decision on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. The applicant family must make this request within 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or within 30 days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For applicant families, the Informal Review Process above will be utilized with the

exception that the applicant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or of the INS appeal decision to request the review.

3. Informal Hearings for Participants

When a Hearing is Required

1. The PHA will give a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing to consider whether the following PHA decisions relating to the individual circumstances of a participant family are in accordance with the law, HUD regulations, and PHA policies:
 - a. A determination of the family's annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment.
 - b. A determination of the appropriate utility allowance (if any) for tenant-paid utilities from the PHA utility allowance schedule.
 - c. A determination of the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards.
 - d. A determination that a Certificate/Voucher Program family is residing in a unit with a larger number of bedrooms than appropriate for the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards, or the PHA determination to deny the family's request for an exception from the standards.
 - e. A determination to terminate assistance for a participant family because of the family's action or failure to act.
 - f. A determination to terminate assistance because the participant family has been absent from the assisted unit for longer than the maximum period permitted under the PHA policy and HUD rules.
2. In cases described in paragraphs (d), (e), and (f), Section 3-1(*Informal Hearing for Participants: When a Hearing is required*) above, the PHA will give the opportunity for an informal hearing before the PHA terminates housing assistance payments for the family under an outstanding HAP contract.

When a Hearing is not Required

The PHA will not provide a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing for any of the following reasons:

1. Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA.
2. General policy issues or class grievances.
3. Establishment of the PHA schedule of utility allowances for families in the program.
4. A PHA determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a certificate or voucher term.
5. A PHA determination not to approve a unit or lease.
6. A PHA determination that an assisted unit is not in compliance with HQS. (However, the PHA will provide the opportunity for an informal hearing for a decision to terminate assistance for a breach of the HQS caused by the family.)
7. A PHA determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of the family size.
8. A determination by the PHA to exercise or not exercise any right or remedy against the owner under a HAP contract.

Notice to the Family

1. In the cases described in paragraphs 3-1(a), (b), and (c) of this Section (*Informal Hearing for Participants: When a Hearing is required*), the PHA will notify the family that the family may ask for an explanation of the basis of the PHA's determination, and that if the family does not agree with the determination, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision.
2. In the cases described in paragraphs 3-1(d), (e), and (f) of this Section (*Informal Hearing for Participants: When a Hearing is required*), the PHA will give the family prompt written notice that the family may request a hearing within 10 business days of the notification. The notice will:
 - a. Contain a brief statement of the reasons for the decision; and
 - b. State if the family does not agree with the decision, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision within 10 business days of the notification.

Hearing Procedures

The PHA and participants will adhere to the following procedures:

1. Discovery
 - a. The family will be given the opportunity to examine before the hearing any PHA documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The family will be allowed to copy any such document at the family's expense. If the PHA does not make the document(s) available for examination on request of the family, the PHA may not rely on the document at the hearing.
 - b. The PHA will be given the opportunity to examine, at the PHA's offices before the hearing, any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The PHA will be allowed to copy any such document at the PHA's expense. If the family does not make the document(s) available for examination on request of the PHA, the family may not rely on the document(s) at the hearing.

Note: The term document includes records and regulations.

2. Representation of the Family

At its own expense, a lawyer or other representative may represent the family.

3. Hearing Officer

- a. The hearing will be conducted by any person or persons designated by the PHA, other than a person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of this person.
- b. The person who conducts the hearing will regulate the conduct of the hearing in accordance with the PHA hearing procedures.

4. Evidence

The PHA and the family must have the opportunity to present evidence and may question any witnesses. Evidence may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

5. Issuance of Decision

The person who conducts the hearing must issue a written decision within 14 calendar days from the date of the hearing, stating briefly the reasons for the decision. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the family shall be based on a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing.

6. Effect of the Decision

The PHA is not bound by a hearing decision:

- a. Concerning a matter for which the PHA is not required to provide an opportunity for an informal hearing under this Section, or that otherwise exceeds the authority of the person conducting the hearing under the PHA hearing procedures.
- b. Contrary to HUD regulations or requirements, or otherwise contrary to Federal, State, or local law.
- c. If the PHA determines that it is not bound by a hearing decision, the PHA will notify the family within 14 calendar days of the determination, and of the reasons for the determination.

Considering Circumstances

In deciding whether to terminate assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family, the Housing Authority may consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure.

The Housing Authority may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. The Housing Authority may permit the other members of a participant family to continue receiving assistance.

If the Housing Authority seeks to terminate assistance because of illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance, or pattern of abuse of alcohol, such use or possession or pattern of abuse must have occurred within one year before the date that the Housing Authority provides notice to the family of the Housing Authority determination to deny or terminate assistance. In determining whether to terminate assistance for these reasons the PHA will consider evidence of whether the household member:

1. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program (as applicable) and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a

- controlled substance or abuse of alcohol;
- 2. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol; or
- 3. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol.

Informal Hearing Procedures for Denial of Assistance on the Basis of Ineligible Immigration Status

The participant family may request that the PHA provide for an informal hearing after the family has notification of the INS decision on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. This request must be made by the participant family within 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or within 30 days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For the participant families, the Informal Hearing Process above will be utilized with the exception that the participant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or of the INS appeal decision.

XIII. RENT AND HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT

General

After October 1, 1999, the PHA will issue only vouchers to applicants, movers, and families entering the jurisdiction through portability. Certificates currently held was honored until the transition of the merger of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs as outlined in 24 CFR 982.502 was complete (see Section XXII for additional guidance).

Rent Reasonableness

The PHA=s Section 8 Program will not approve or grant any initial or revised rent proposed by the owner under the Housing Choice Voucher Program ("tenant-based"), unless the amount proposed has been determined to be reasonable. Rent reasonability must be determined before the initial lease is effective, under the following terms and conditions:

- A. Before the rent proposed by the owner (initial or revised) is approved;
- B. If 60 days prior to the end of the annual lease (previous to the effectiveness of the new rent contract) the published FMR decrease 5% in comparison with the former FMR; and if
- C. The PHA or HUD determines that rent reasonableness must be revised.

Comparability

To determine rent reasonableness, the PHA will compare the proposed rent of the unit to be leased with other comparable units located within the same vicinity or jurisdiction, and with characteristics similar to the unit to be leased. The PHA will consider location, quality, size, number of rooms, age, facilities/amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities of the unit to be leased, as well as those of comparable units.

The PHA will keep updated statistical information of units for rent within its jurisdiction. The PHA will also obtain from landlords/owners associations and housing administrative agencies, information regarding the added values that special or additional facilities will provide to a unit.

The PHA may establish an average rent for each type and size in rooms of a unit to be leased. Starting from the rent average, the PHA may increase or decrease the dollar value for each characteristic or facility of any proposed unit.

Owners will be invited to provide information that will help the PHA to keep the data updated and to maintain an inventory of comparable rent units. The owners may revise the determination taken over their unit and may give additional information or make improvements to the unit, which may help the PHA in determine the establishment of a higher value.

The owner shall certify the rental for other units that he possesses. By accepting each monthly rental payment for the subsidized unit, the owner certifies that the rental that he receives for the unit is not greater than the rent he received for other comparable units that he possesses within the same municipal jurisdiction and that are not subsidized.

The inspector should fully complete a form (see Appendix I) and certify the compiled information. This form or questionnaire contains the information of the unit proposed for rent and of three comparable units (which have the same conditions and facilities).

Maximum Subsidy

The Fair Market Rent (FMR) published by HUD or the exception payment standard rent (requested by the PHA and approved by HUD) determines the maximum subsidy for a family.

For a regular tenancy under the Certificate Program, the FMR/exception rent limit is the maximum initial gross rent under the assisted lease. This only applies until the transition of the merger of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs as outlined in 24 CFR 982.502 is complete.

For the Voucher Program, the minimum payment standard will be 90% of the FMR and the maximum payment standard will be 110% of the FMR without prior approval from HUD, or the exception payment standard approved by HUD.

For a voucher tenancy in an insured or noninsured 236 project, a 515 project of the Rural Development Administration, or a Section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate project the payment standard may not exceed the basic rent charged including the cost of tenant-paid utilities.

For manufactured home space rental, the maximum subsidy under any form of assistance is the Fair Market Rent for the space as outlined in 24 CFR 982.888.

Setting the Payment Standard

The Statute requires that the payment standard be set by the Housing Authority at between 90 and 110% of the FMR without HUD's prior approval. The PHA will review its determination of the payment standard annually after publication of the FMRs. The PHA will consider vacancy rates and rents in the market area, size and quality of units leased under the program, rents for units leased under the program, success rates of voucher holders in finding units, and the percentage of annual income families are paying for rent under the Voucher Program. If it is determined that success rates will suffer or that families are having to rent low quality units or pay over 40% of income for rent, the payment standard may be raised to the level judged necessary to alleviate these hardships.

The PHA may establish a higher payment standard (although still within 110% of the published fair market rent) as a reasonable accommodation for a family that includes people with disabilities. With approval of the HUD Field Office, the payment standard can go to 120%.

Payment standards will not be raised solely to allow the renting of luxury quality units.

If success levels are projected to be extremely high and rents are projected to be at or below 30% of income, the Housing Authority will reduce the payment standard. Payment standards for each bedroom size are evaluated separately so that the payment standard for one bedroom size may increase or decrease while another remains unchanged. The PHA may consider adjusting payment standards at times other than the annual review when circumstances warrant.

Before increasing any payment standard, the Housing Authority will conduct a

financial feasibility test to ensure that in using the higher standard, adequate funds will continue to be available to assist families in the program.

Selecting the Correct Payment Standard for a Family

- A. For the voucher tenancy, the payment standard for a family is the lower of:
 - 1. The payment standard for the family unit size; or
 - 2. The payment standard for the unit size rented by the family.
- B. If the unit rented by a family is located in an exception rent area, the Housing Authority will use the appropriate payment standard for the exception rent area.
- C. During the HAP contract term for a unit, the amount of the payment standard for a family is the higher of:
 - 1. The initial payment standard (at the beginning of the lease term) minus any amount by which the initial rent to owner exceeds the current rent to owner; or
 - 2. The payment standard as determined at the most recent regular reexamination of family income and composition effective after the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- D. At the next annual reexamination following a change in family size or composition during the HAP contract term and for any reexamination thereafter, paragraph C above does not apply.
- E. If there is a change in family unit size resulting from a change in family size or composition, the new family unit size will be considered when determining the payment standard at the next annual reexamination.

Area Exception Rents

In order to help families find housing outside areas of high poverty or when voucher holders are having trouble finding housing for lease under the program, the Housing Authority may request that HUD approve an exception payment standard rent for certain areas within its jurisdiction. The areas may be of any size, though generally not smaller than a census tract. The Housing Authority may request one such exception payment standard area or many. Exception payment standard rent authority may be requested for all or some unit sizes, or for all or some unit types. The exception payment standard area(s) may not contain more than 50% of the

population of the FMR area.

When an exception payment standard rent has been approved and the FMR increases, the exception rent remains unchanged until such time as the Housing Authority requests and HUD approves a higher exception payment standard rent. If the FMR decreases, the exception payment standard rent authority automatically expires.

Assistance and Rent Formulas

A. Total Tenant Payment

The total tenant payment is equal to the highest of:

1. 10% of the family=s monthly income
2. 30% of the family=s adjusted monthly income
3. The Minimum rent
4. If the family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency and a part of those payments, adjusted in accordance with the family=s actual housing costs, is specifically designated by such agency to meet the family=s housing costs, the portion of those payments which is so designated. If the family=s welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this provision is the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.

Plus any rent above the payment standard.

B. Minimum Rent.

The PHA has set the minimum rent as \$50 (or as stated in the most recent 5 yr/Annual Plan or Annual PHA Plan. However, if the family requests a hardship exemption, the PHA will suspend the minimum rent for the family beginning the month following the family's hardship request. The suspension will continue until the Housing Authority can determine whether hardship exists and whether the hardship is of a temporary or long-term nature. During suspension, the family will not be required to pay a minimum rent and the Housing Assistance Payment will be increased accordingly.

1. **A hardship exists** in the following circumstances:
 - a. When the family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an

eligibility determination for a Federal, State or local assistance program including a family that includes a member who is a noncitizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence under the Immigration and Nationality Act who would be entitled to public benefits but for title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Act of 1996;

- b. When the family would be evicted because it is unable to pay the minimum rent;
 - c. When the income of the family has decreased because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment; and
 - d. When a death has occurred in the family.
2. **No hardship.** If the Housing Authority determines there is no qualifying hardship, the minimum rent will be reinstated, including requiring back payment of minimum rent to the Housing Authority for the time of suspension.
 3. **Temporary hardship.** If the Housing Authority determines that there is a qualifying hardship but that it is of a temporary nature, the minimum rent will not be imposed for a period of 90 days from the month following the date of the family's request. At the end of the 90-day period, the minimum rent will be imposed retroactively to the time of suspension. The Housing Authority will offer a reasonable repayment agreement for any minimum rent back payment paid by the Housing Authority on the family's behalf during the period of suspension.
 4. **Long-term hardship.** If the Housing Authority determines there is a long-term hardship, the family will be exempt from the minimum rent requirement until the hardship no longer exists.
 5. **Appeals.** The family may use the informal hearing procedure to appeal the Housing Authority's determination regarding the hardship. No escrow deposit will be required in order to access the informal hearing procedures.

C. Section 8 Merged Vouchers

1. The payment standard is set by the Housing Authority between 90% and 110% of the FMR or higher or lower with HUD approval.
2. The participant pays the greater of the Total Tenant Payment or the minimum rent, plus the amount by which the gross rent exceeds the

- payment standard.
3. No participant when initially receiving tenant-based assistance on a unit shall pay more than 40% of their monthly-adjusted income if the gross rent exceeds the applicable payment standard.

D. Section 8 Preservation Vouchers

1. Payment Standard

- a. The payment standard is the lower of:
 - i. The payment standard amount for the appropriate family unit size; or
 - ii. The payment standard amount for the size of the dwelling unit actually rented by the family.
- b. If the dwelling unit is located in an exception area, the PHA will use the appropriate payment standard for the exception area.
- c. During the HAP contract term, the payment standard for the family is the higher of :
 - i. The initial payment standard (at the beginning of the HAP contract term), as determined in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section, minus any amount by which the initial rent to the owner exceeds the current rent to the owner; or
 - ii. The payment standard as determined in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section, as determined at the most recent regular reexamination of family income and composition effective after the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- d. At the next regular reexamination following a change in family composition that causes a change in family unit size during the HAP contract term, and for any examination thereafter during the term:
 - i. Paragraph (c)(i) of this section does not apply; and
 - ii. The new family unit size must be used to determine payment standard.

2. The PHA will pay a monthly housing assistance payment on behalf of the family that equals the lesser of:
 - a. The payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or
 - b. The gross rent minus the total tenant payment.

E. Manufactured Home Space Rental: Section 8 Vouchers

1. The payment standard for a participant renting a manufactured home space is the published FMR for rental of a manufactured home space.
2. The space rent is the sum of the following as determined by the Housing Authority:
 - a. Rent to the owner for the manufactured home space;
 - b. Owner maintenance and management charges for the space; and
 - c. Utility allowance for tenant paid utilities.
3. The participant pays the rent to owner less the HAP.
4. HAP equals the lesser of:
 - a. The payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or
 - b. The rent paid for rental of the real property on which the manufactured home owned by the family is located.

F. Rent for Families under the Noncitizen Rule

A mixed family will receive full continuation of assistance if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The family was receiving assistance on June 19, 1995;
2. The family was granted continuation of assistance before November 29, 1996;
3. The family's head or spouse has eligible immigration status; and
4. The family does not include any person who does not have eligible status other than the head of household, the spouse of the head of household, any parent of the head or spouse, or any child (under the age of 18) of the head or spouse.

If a mixed family qualifies for prorated assistance but decides not to accept it, or if the family has no eligible members, the family may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance to permit the family additional time for the orderly transition of some or all of its members to locate other affordable housing. Under this provision the family receives full assistance. If assistance is granted under this provision prior to November 29, 1996, it may last no longer than three years. If granted after that date, the maximum period of time for assistance under the provision is 18 months. The PHA will grant each family a period of 6 months to find suitable affordable housing. If the family cannot find suitable affordable housing, the PHA will provide additional search periods up to the maximum time allowable.

Suitable housing means housing that is not substandard and is of appropriate size for the family. Affordable housing means that it can be rented for an amount not exceeding the amount the family pays for rent, plus utilities, plus 25%.

The family's assistance is prorated in the following manner:

1. Find the prorated housing assistance payment (HAP) by dividing the HAP by the total number of family members, and then multiplying the result by the number of eligible family members.
2. Obtain the prorated family share by subtracting the prorated HAP from the gross rent (contract rent plus utility allowance).
3. The prorated tenant rent equals the prorated family share minus the full utility allowance.

Utility Allowance

The Housing Authority maintains a utility allowance schedule for all tenant-paid utilities (except telephone), for cost of tenant-supplied refrigerators and ranges, and for other tenant-paid housing services (e.g., trash collection (disposal of waste and refuse)).

The utility allowance schedule is determined based on the typical cost of utilities and services paid by energy-conservative households that occupy housing of similar size and type in the same locality. In developing the schedule, the Housing Authority uses normal patterns of consumption for the community as a whole, and current utility rates.

The Housing Authority reviews the utility allowance schedule annually and revises any allowance for a utility category if there has been a change of 10% or more in the utility rate since the last time the utility allowance schedule was revised. The Housing Authority

maintains information supporting the annual review of utility allowances and any revisions made in its utility allowance schedule. Participants may review this information at any time by making an appointment with the PHA.

The Housing Authority uses the appropriate utility allowance for the size of dwelling unit actually leased by the family (rather than the family unit size as determined under the Housing Authority subsidy standards).

At each reexamination, the Housing Authority applies the utility allowance from the most current utility allowance schedule.

The Housing Authority will approve a request for a utility allowance that is higher than the applicable amount on the utility allowance schedule if a higher utility allowance is needed as a reasonable accommodation to make the program accessible to and usable by the family member with a disability.

The utility allowance will be subtracted from the family's share to determine the amount of the Tenant Rent. The Tenant Rent is the amount the family owes each month to the owner. The amount of the utility allowance is then still available to the family to pay the cost of their utilities. Any utility cost above the allowance is the responsibility of the tenant. Any savings resulting from utility costs below the amount of the allowance belong to the tenant.

Distribution of Housing Assistance Payment

The Housing Authority pays the owner the lesser of the housing assistance payment or the rent to owner. If payments are not made when due, the owner may charge the PHA a late payment, agreed to in the Contract and in accordance with generally accepted practices in the PHA jurisdiction if the following conditions apply:

- A. It is the owner's practice to charge such penalties for assisted and unassisted tenants; and
- B. The owner also charges such penalties against the tenant for late payment of family rent to the owner.

Late charges will not be paid when the reason for the lateness is attributable to factors beyond the control of the PHA.

Change of Ownership

The PHA requires a written request by the owner who executed the HAP contract in order to make changes regarding who is to receive the PHA's rent payment or the address as to where the rent payment should be sent.

In addition, the PHA requires a written request from the new owner to process a change of ownership. The following documents must accompany the written request:

- A. Deed of Trust showing the transfer of title; and
- B. Tax Identification Number or Social Security Number.

New owners will be required to execute IRS form W-9. The PHA may withhold the rent payment until the taxpayer identification number is received.

XIV.INELIGIBLE/ELIGIBLE HOUSING

The following types of housing cannot be assisted under the Section 8 Tenant-Based Program:

- A. A public housing or Indian housing unit;
- B. A unit receiving project-based assistance under a Section 8 Program;
- C. Nursing homes, board and care homes, or facilities providing continual psychiatric, medical or nursing services;
- D. College or other school dormitories;
- E. Units on the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, and similar public or private institutions;
- F. A unit occupied by its owner. This restriction does not apply to cooperatives or to assistance on behalf of a manufactured home owner leasing a manufactured home space; and
- G. A unit receiving any duplicative Federal, State, or local housing subsidy. This does not prohibit renting a unit that has a reduced rent because of a tax credit.

The PHA will not approve a lease for any of the following special housing types, except as a reasonable accommodation for a family with disabilities:

- A. Congregate housing
- B. Group homes
- C. Shared housing
- D. Cooperative housing
- E. Single room occupancy housing

The PHA will approve leases for the following housing types:

- A. Single family dwellings
- B. Apartments
- C. Manufactured housing

- D. Manufactured home space rentals
- E. House boats
- F. Lease-purchase agreements. A family leasing a unit with assistance under the program may enter into an agreement with an owner to purchase the unit. So long as the family is receiving such rental assistance, all requirements applicable to families otherwise leasing units under the tenant-based program apply. Any homeownership premium (e.g., increment of value attributable to the value of the lease-purchase right or agreement such as an extra monthly payment to accumulate a downpayment or reduce the purchase price) included in the rent to the owner that would result in a higher subsidy amount than would otherwise be paid by the PHA must be absorbed by the family.

In determining whether the rent to owner for a unit subject to a lease-purchase agreement is a reasonable amount in accordance with 24 CFR 982.503, any homeownership premium paid by the family to the owner must be excluded when the PHA determines rent reasonableness.

XV. OWNER OR FAMILY DEBTS TO THE SECTION 8 PROGRAM

This section describes the PHA's policies for the recovery of monies overpaid to families and owners. In addition, this section outlines the collection methods and guidelines for the handling and collection of different types of debts. The Section 8 Program policy is to communicate program guidelines to owners and families so as to minimize overpayments. The PHA clearly documents, in the tenant file, the amount and nature of owner or family debts, as well as the method of calculation. Owners and families may receive copies of all relevant documentation regarding their debts, upon request.

The PHA will make every effort to collect delinquent family or owner debts. The Section 8 Program will use a variety of collection tools to recover debts including, but not limited to:

- § Request for lump sum payments
- § Small claim or civil court actions
- § Payment agreements
- § Termination of family program participation
- § Reductions in HAP to owner
- § Abatements
- § Collection agencies
- § Referrals to the PHA=s Department of Revenue and Recovery

PAYMENT AGREEMENT FOR FAMILIES

A payment agreement or repayment agreement, as used in this Plan, is a document entered into between the PHA and a person who owes a debt to the Section 8 Program. It is similar to a promissory note, but contains more details regarding the nature of the debt, the terms of payment, any special provisions of the agreement, and the remedies available to the PHA upon default of the agreement.

If the PHA offers a payment agreement, it will determine the terms. The PHA may not offer a payment agreement in all circumstances. The maximum length of time the PHA will enter into a payment agreement with a family is 36 months and the amount never to exceed \$10,000. Any debt of more than \$10,000 will be submitted to the inspector general office for legal action.

DEBTS OWED FOR CLAIMS

If a family owes money to the PHA, the family must repay in full within the terms established in the following table:

Debt Amount	Term in Months	Amount of First Payment
\$0.01 - \$500	3 to 6 months	20% - 33% of the debt
\$501 - \$1,000	7 to 11 months	10% - 20% of the debt
\$1,001 - \$2,500	12 - 18 months	6% - 10% of the debt
\$2,501 - \$3,000	19 - 24 months	5% - 10% of the debt
\$3,000 - \$5,000	25 - 36 months	5% - 10% of the debt

Delinquent Payments

A payment will be considered to be in arrears if:

- § The payment has not been received by the close of the business day on which the payment was due. If the due date is on a weekend or holiday, the due date will be at the close of the next business day.

If the family's payment agreement is in arrears, and the family has not contacted or made arrangements with the Section 8 Program, the PHA will:

- § Require the family to pay the balance in full
- § Pursue civil collection of the balance due

§ Terminate the housing assistance.

A transferring family, delinquent on its payment agreement, is required to pay the balance in full prior to the issuance of a voucher.

DEBTS DUE TO MISREPRESENTATIONS / NON-REPORTING OF INFORMATION

HUD's definition of program fraud and abuse is a single act; or pattern of actions that:

Constitutes false statement, omission, or concealment of a substantive fact, made with intent to deceive or mislead, and that results in payment of Section 8 program funds in violation of Section 8 program requirements.

Family Error/Late Reporting

Families who owe money to the Section 8 Program due to the family's failure to report increases in income or fail to report any information which will cause an incorrect HAP to be paid to the owner, will be required to repay in accordance with the guidelines in the payment agreement section.

Program Fraud

If a family owes money as a result of program fraud, the case may be referred for prosecution and the family's program participation will be terminated.

GUIDELINES FOR PAYMENT AGREEMENTS

Payment agreements will be executed between the Section 8 Program and the head of household and/or spouse. Monthly payments may be decreased in cases of family hardship, and if requested with reasonable notice from the family, upon verification of the hardship, and the approval of the program manager.

A family current on its repayments may transfer. No transfer will be approved until a delinquent debt is paid in full.

Additional Monies Owed: If the family already has a payment agreement in place and incurs an additional debt to the Section 8 Program:

The City will not enter into more than one payment agreement with the family. The family may be allowed 30 days to pay the second debt in full.

OWNER DEBTS TO THE SECTION 8 PROGRAM

If the Section 8 Program determines that the owner has retained housing assistance or claim payments the owner is not entitled to, the PHA may reclaim the amounts from future housing assistance or claim payments owed the owner for any units under contract. If future housing assistance or claim payments are insufficient to reclaim the amounts owed, the PHA will seek one or more of the following remedies:

- § Require the owner to pay the amount in full within 30 days
- § Pursue collections through collection agencies and/or the local court system
- § Restrict the owner from future participation

WRITING OFF DEBTS

The Finance Director may write off uncollectable debts. In determining whether a debt is uncollectable, the lack of success in collecting, along with the following factors will be considered:

- § The debtor's whereabouts is unknown
- § The debt is more than one year old
- § The debtor is judgment proof
- § The debtor is deceased
- § The amount is less than \$250.00

XVI. RECERTIFICATION

(See also Section II: *Issuing or Denying Vouchers* and Section IV: *Occupancy Policies*)

CHANGES IN LEASE OR RENT

If the participant and owner agree to any changes in the lease, all changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of the changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with this Administrative Plan.

Owners must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent at least sixty (60) days before the changes go into effect. Any such changes are subject to the PHA determining them to be reasonable.

Assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in

accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner if any of the following changes are made:

- A. Requirements governing participant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
- B. In the lease terms governing the term of the lease;
- C. If the participant moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.

The approval of the PHA is not required for changes other than those specified in A, B, or C above.

ANNUAL REEXAMINATION

At least annually the PHA will conduct a reexamination of family income and circumstances. The results of the reexamination determine (1) the rent the family will pay, and (2) whether the family subsidy is correct based on the family unit size.

The PHA will send a notification letter to the family letting them know that it is time for their annual reexamination and scheduling an appointment. The letter includes forms for the family to complete in preparation for the interview. The letter includes instructions permitting the family to reschedule the interview if necessary. The letter tells families who may need to make alternate arrangements due to a disability that they may contact staff to request an accommodation of their needs.

During the interview, the family will provide all information regarding income, assets, expenses, and other information necessary to determine the family's share of rent. The family will sign the HUD consent form and other consent forms that later will be mailed to the sources that will verify the family circumstances.

Upon receipt of verification, the PHA will determine the family's annual income and will calculate their family share.

Effective Date of Rent Changes for Annual Reexaminations

The new family share will generally be effective upon the anniversary date with 30 days notice of any rent increase to the family.

If the rent determination is delayed due to a reason beyond the control of the family, then any rent increase will be effective the first of the month after the month in which the family

receives a 30-day notice of the amount. If the new rent is a reduction and the delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective as scheduled on the anniversary date.

If the family caused the delay, then any increase will be effective on the anniversary date. Any reduction will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

Missed Appointments

If the family fails to respond to the letter and fails to attend the interview, a second letter will be mailed. The second letter will advise of a new time and date for the interview, allowing for the same considerations for rescheduling and accommodation as above. The letter will also advise that failure by the family to attend the second scheduled interview will result in the PHA taking action to terminate the family's assistance.

INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS

During an interim reexamination only the information affected by the changes being reported will be reviewed and verified.

Families will not be required to report any increase in income or decreases in allowable expenses between annual reexaminations.

Families are required to report the following changes to the PHA between regular reexaminations. These changes will trigger an interim reexamination.

- A. A member has been added to the family through birth or adoption or court-awarded custody.
- B. A household member is leaving or has left the family unit.
- C. Family break-up (See Section XI above)

Special Reexaminations

If a family's income is too unstable to project for 12 months, including families that temporarily have no income or have a temporary decrease in income, the PHA may schedule special reexaminations every 60 days until the income stabilizes and an annual income can be determined.

Effective Date of Rent Changes Due to Interim or Special Reexaminations

Unless there is a delay in reexamination processing caused by the family, any rent increase

will be effective the first of the second month after the month in which the family receives notice of the new rent amount. If the family causes a delay, then the rent increases will be effective on the date it would have been effective had the process not been delayed (even if this means a retroactive increase).

If the new rent is a reduction and any delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective the first of the month after the interim reexamination should have been completed.

If the new rent is a reduction and the family caused the delay or did not report the change in a timely manner, the change will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

XVII. POLICY ON RESTRICTIONS ON THE NUMBER OF MOVES BY A PARTICIPANT FAMILY [24CFR982.314(C)]

HUD regulations permit families to move with continued assistance to another unit within the limits of the PHA, or to a unit outside of the PHA jurisdiction under portability procedures. The regulations also allow the PHA the discretion to develop policies to define any limitations or restrictions on moves. This chapter describes the procedures for moves within and outside the PHA jurisdiction, and the policies for restrictions and limitations on moves.

MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE

Participating families are allowed to move to another unit after the initial 12 months has expired, if the landlord and the participant have mutually agreed to terminate the lease, or if the Housing Authority has terminated the HAP contract. The Section 8 Program will issue the family a new voucher if the family does not owe the PHA or any other Housing Authority money, has not violated a Family Obligation, has not moved or been issued a certificate or voucher within the last 12 months, and if the Section 8 Program has sufficient funding for continued assistance. If the move is necessitated for a reason other than family choice, the 12-month requirement will be waived.

When A Family May Move

The Section 8 Program will allow the family to move to a new unit if:

- § The assisted lease for the old unit has terminated;
- § The owner has given the tenant a notice to vacate, has commenced an action to evict the tenant, or has obtained a court judgment or other process

allowing the owner to evict the tenant; or

- § The tenant has given notice of lease termination (if the tenant has a right to terminate the lease on notice to the owner).

Procedures Regarding Family Moves

Families considering transferring to a new unit will be scheduled to attend a mover's briefing. All families who are moving, including any families moving into or out of the PHA Section 8 Program jurisdiction, will be required to attend a mover's briefing prior to the PHA entering a new HAP contract on their behalf.

This briefing is intended to provide the following:

- § A refresher on program requirements and the family's responsibilities. Emphasis will be on giving proper notice and meeting all lease requirements such as leaving the unit in good condition;
- § Information about finding suitable housing and the advantages of moving to an area that does not have a high concentration of poor families;
- § Payment standards, exception payment standard rent areas, and the utility allowance schedule;
- § An explanation that the family share of rent may not exceed 40% of the family's monthly adjusted income if the gross rent exceeds the applicable payment standard;
- § Portability requirements and opportunities;
- § The need to have a reexamination conducted within 120 days prior to the move;
- § An explanation and copies of the forms required to initiate and complete the move; and
- § All forms and brochures provided to applicants at the initial briefing.

Families are required to give proper written notice of their intent to terminate the lease. In accordance with HUD regulations, no notice requirement may exceed 60 days. During the initial term, families may not end the lease unless they and the owner mutually agree to end the lease. If the family moves from the unit before the initial term of the lease ends without

the owner's and the PHA Section 8 Program approval, it will be considered a serious lease violation and subject the family to termination from the program.

The family is required to give the PHA a copy of the notice to terminate the lease at the same time as it gives the notice to the landlord. A family's failure to provide a copy of the lease termination notice to the PHA will be considered a violation of Family Obligations and may cause the family to be terminated from the program.

A family who gives notice to terminate the lease must mail the notice by certified mail or have the landlord or his agent sign a statement stating the date and time received. The family will be required to provide the certified mail receipt and a copy of the lease termination notice to the PHA, or a copy of the lease termination notice and the signed statement stating the date and time the notice was received. If the landlord or his/her agent does not accept the certified mail receipt, the family will be required to provide the receipt and envelope showing that the attempt was made.

Failure to follow the above procedures may subject the family to termination from the program.

LOCAL POLICY FOR POLICY FOR MOBILITY AND PORTABILITY FOR THE SECTION 8 EXISTING HOUSING CERTIFICATE AND VOUCHER PROGRAMS

The PHA has developed the following policy concerning limitation on adjacent PHA's Certificate and Voucher moves:

This PHA will not accept, or refer, mobility or portability of Certificates or Vouchers from, or to, any adjacent PHA's.

The determination taken to establish this policy is based on the fact that the adjacent PHA's are within commuting distance from our PHA. The PHA's Section 8 Program will administered units in the following adjacent municipalities: San Sebastián, Añasco, Mayagüez, Lares and Maricao.

The Certificates and Vouchers can be administered and serviced by these PHA's Municipalities without having to assign them to, or receive them from, our PHA.

XVIII. PORTABILITY

General Policies

A family whose head or spouse has a domicile (legal residence) in the jurisdiction of the PHA at the time the family first submits its application for participation in the program to

the PHA may lease a unit anywhere in the jurisdiction of the PHA or outside the PHA jurisdiction as long as there is another entity operating a tenant-based Section 8 program covering the location of the proposed unit.

Families participating in the Voucher Program will not be allowed to move more than once in any 12-month period and under no circumstances will the PHA allow a participant to improperly break a lease. Under extraordinary circumstances the PHA may consider allowing more than one move in a 12-month period.

Families may only move to a jurisdiction where a Section 8 Program is being administered.

For income targeting purposes, the family will count towards the initial housing authority's goals unless the receiving housing authority absorbs the family. If absorbed, the admission will count towards the receiving housing authority's goals.

If a family has moved out of their assisted unit in violation of the lease, the PHA will not issue a voucher and will terminate assistance.

The portability must be requested in written at least three months prior to the ending of the actual lease or before the initial lease is signed. It will be granted in compliance with applicable laws and the availability of funds.

Income Eligibility

- A. A family must be income-eligible in the area where the family first leases a unit with assistance in the Voucher Program.
- B. If a portable family is already a participant in the Initial Housing Authority's Voucher Program, income eligibility is not re-determined.

Portability: Administration by Receiving Housing Authority

- A. When a family utilizes portability to move to an area outside the Initial Housing Authority jurisdiction, another Housing Authority (the Receiving Housing Authority) must administer assistance for the family if that Housing Authority has a tenant-based program covering the area where the unit is located.
- B. A Housing Authority with jurisdiction in the area where the family wants to lease a unit must issue the family a voucher. If there is more than one such housing authority, the Initial Housing Authority may choose which housing authority shall become the Receiving Housing Authority.

Portability Procedures

- A. When the PHA is the Initial Housing Authority:
1. The PHA will brief the family on the process that must take place to exercise portability. The family will be required to attend an applicant or mover's briefing.
 2. The PHA will determine whether the family is income-eligible in the area where the family wants to lease a unit (if applicable).
 3. The PHA will advise the family how to contact and request assistance from the Receiving Housing Authority.
 4. The PHA will, within ten (10) calendar days, notify the Receiving Housing Authority to expect the family.
 5. The PHA will immediately mail to the Receiving Housing Authority the most recent HUD Form 50058 (Family Report) for the family, and related verification information.
- B. When the PHA is the Receiving Housing Authority:
1. When the portable family requests assistance from the PHA, the PHA will within ten (10) calendar days inform the Initial Housing Authority whether it will bill the Initial Housing Authority for assistance on behalf of the portable family, or absorb the family into its own program. When the PHA receives a portable family, the family will be absorbed if funds are available and a voucher will be issued.
 2. The PHA will issue a voucher to the family. The term of the PHA's voucher will not expire before the expiration date of any Initial Housing Authority's voucher. The PHA will determine whether to extend the voucher term. The family must submit a request for tenancy approval to the PHA during the term of the PHA's voucher.
 3. The PHA will determine the family unit size for the portable family. The family unit size is determined in accordance with the PHA's subsidy standards.
 4. The PHA will within ten (10) calendar days notify the Initial Housing Authority if the family has leased an eligible unit under the program, or if the

family fails to submit a request for tenancy approval for an eligible unit within the term of the voucher.

5. If the PHA opts to conduct a new reexamination, the PHA will not delay issuing the family a voucher or otherwise delay approval of a unit unless the re-certification is necessary to determine income eligibility.
6. In order to provide tenant-based assistance for portable families, the PHA will perform all Housing Authority program functions, such as reexaminations of family income and composition. At any time, either the Initial Housing Authority or the PHA may make a determination to deny or terminate assistance to the family in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552.
7. The PHA may deny or terminate assistance for family action or inaction in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552 and 24 CFR 982.553.

C. Absorption by the PHA

1. If funding is available under the consolidated ACC for the PHA's Voucher Program when the portable family is received, the PHA will absorb the family into its Voucher Program. After absorption, the family is assisted with funds available under the consolidated ACC for the PHA's Tenant-Based Program.

D. Portability Billing

1. To cover assistance for a portable family, the Receiving Housing Authority may bill the Initial Housing Authority for housing assistance payments and administrative fees. The billing procedure will be as follows:
 - a. As the Initial Housing Authority, the PHA will promptly reimburse the Receiving Housing Authority for the full amount of the housing assistance payments made by the Receiving Housing Authority for the portable family. The amount of the housing assistance payment for a portable family in the Receiving Housing Authority's program is determined in the same manner as for other families in the Receiving Housing Authority's program.
 - b. The Initial Housing Authority will promptly reimburse the Receiving Housing Authority for 80% of the Initial Housing Authority's on-going administrative fee for each unit month that the family receives assistance under the tenant-based programs and is assisted by the Receiving Housing Authority. If both Housing Authorities agree, we

may negotiate a different amount of reimbursement.

E. When a Portable Family Moves

When a portable family moves out of the tenant-based program of a Receiving Housing Authority that has not absorbed the family, the Housing Authority in the new jurisdiction to which the family moves becomes the Receiving Housing Authority, and the first Receiving Housing Authority is no longer required to provide assistance for the family.

XIX. CHARGES AGAINST THE SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE [24CFR982.155]

Occasionally, it is necessary for the PHA to spend money from its Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve to meet unseen or extraordinary expenditures or for its other housing related purposes consistent with State law.

Any charge against the Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve, must first be authorized by the Mayor, who is the Executive Director.

XX. INSPECTION POLICIES, HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS AND DAMAGE CLAIMS

The PHA will inspect all units to ensure that they meet Housing Quality Standards (HQS). No unit will be initially placed on the Section 8 Existing Program unless the HQS is met. Units will be inspected at least annually, and at other times as needed, to determine if the units meet HQS.

The PHA must be allowed to inspect the dwelling unit at reasonable times with reasonable notice. The family and owner will be notified of the inspection appointment by first class mail. If the family cannot be at home for the scheduled inspection appointment, the family must call and reschedule the inspection or make arrangements to enable the Housing Authority to enter the unit and complete the inspection.

If the family misses the scheduled inspection and fails to reschedule the inspection, the PHA will only schedule one more inspection. If the family misses two inspections, the PHA will consider the family to have violated a Family Obligation and their assistance will be terminated.

Types of Inspections

There are seven types of inspections the PHA will perform:

- A. Initial Inspection - An inspection that must take place to insure that the unit passes HQS before assistance can begin.
- B. Annual Inspection - An inspection to determine that the unit continues to meet HQS.
- C. Complaint Inspection - An inspection caused by the Authority receiving a complaint on the unit by anyone.
- D. Special Inspection - An inspection caused by a third party, i.e., HUD, needing to view the unit.
- E. Emergency - An inspection that takes place in the event of a perceived emergency. These will take precedence over all other inspections.
- F. Move Out Inspection- An inspection required for units in service before October 2, 1995, and optional after that date. These inspections document the condition of the unit at the time of the move-out.
- G. Quality Control Inspection - Supervisory inspections on a sample of units that were under lease during the Housing Authority's previous fiscal year. The PHA will conduct its HQS Quality Control re-inspections using HUD's minimum quality control sample size requirements as follows:

MINIMUM SIZE OF THE PHA=S QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLE:

Universe	Minimum number of files or records to be sampled
50 or less	5
51-600	5 plus 1 for each 50 (or part of 50) over 50
601-2000	16 plus 1 for each 100 (or part of 100) over 600
Over 2000	30 plus 1 for each 200 (or part of 200) over 2000

Owner and Family Responsibility

- A. Owner Responsibility for HQS
 - 1. The owner must maintain the unit in accordance with HQS.
 - 2. If the owner fails to maintain the dwelling unit in accordance with HQS, the PHA will take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the owner obligations. The PHA's remedies for such breach of the HQS include termination, suspension or reduction of housing assistance payments and termination of the HAP contract.
 - 3. The PHA will not make any housing assistance payments for a dwelling unit

that fails to meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects the owner must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA approved extension).

4. The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS that is not caused by the owner, and for which the family is responsible. Furthermore, the PHA may terminate assistance to a family because of the HQS breach caused by the family.

B. Family Responsibility for HQS

1. The family is responsible for a breach of the HQS that is caused by any of the following:
 - a. The family fails to pay for any utilities that the owner is not required to pay for, but which are to be paid by the tenant;
 - b. The family fails to provide and maintain any appliances that the owner is not required to provide, but which are to be provided by the tenant; or
 - c. Any member of the household or a guest damages the dwelling unit or premises (damage beyond ordinary wear and tear).
2. If an HQS breach caused by the family is life threatening, the family must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other family-caused defects, the family must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA approved extension).
3. If the family has caused a breach of the HQS, the PHA will take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the family obligations. The PHA may terminate assistance for the family in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552.

Housing Quality Standards (HQS) 24 CFR 982.401

This Section states performance and acceptability criteria for these key aspects of the following housing quality standards:

A. Sanitary Facilities

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must include sanitary facilities located in the unit. The sanitary facilities must be in proper operating condition and adequate for personal cleanliness and the disposal of human waste. The sanitary facilities must be usable in privacy.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The bathroom must be located in a separate private room and have a flush toilet in proper operating condition.
- b. The dwelling unit must have a fixed basin in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water.
- c. The dwelling unit must have a shower or a tub in proper operating condition with hot and cold running water.
- d. The facilities must utilize an approvable public or private disposal system (including a locally approvable septic system).

- B. Food Preparation and Refuse Disposal

1. Performance Requirements

- a. The dwelling unit must have suitable space and equipment to store, prepare, and serve foods in a sanitary manner.
- b. There must be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The dwelling unit must have an oven, a stove or range, and a refrigerator of appropriate size for the family. All of the equipment must be in proper operating condition. Either the owner or the family may supply the equipment. A microwave oven may be substituted for a tenant-supplied oven and stove or range. A microwave oven may be substituted for an owner-supplied oven and stove or range if the tenant agrees and microwave ovens are furnished instead of an oven and stove or range to both subsidized and unsubsidized tenants in

the building or premises.

- b. The dwelling unit must have a kitchen sink in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water. The sink must drain into an approval public or private system.
- c. The dwelling unit must have space for the storage, preparation, and serving of food.
- d. There must be facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food waste and refuse, including temporary storage facilities where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

C. Space and Security

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must provide adequate space and security for the family.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. At a minimum, the dwelling unit must have a living room, a kitchen area, and a bathroom.
- b. The dwelling unit must have at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room for each two persons. Children of opposite sex, other than very young children, may not be required to occupy the same bedroom or living/sleeping room.
- c. Dwelling unit windows that are accessible from the outside, such as basement, first floor, and fire escape windows, must be lockable (such as window units with sash pins or sash locks, and combination windows with latches). Windows that are nailed shut are acceptable only if these windows are not needed for ventilation or as an alternate exit in case of fire.
- d. The exterior doors of the dwelling unit must be lockable. Exterior doors are doors by which someone can enter or exit the dwelling unit.

D. Thermal Environment

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must have and be capable of maintaining a thermal environment healthy for the human body.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. There must be a safe system for heating the dwelling unit (and a safe cooling system, where present). The system must be in proper operating condition. The system must be able to provide adequate heat (and cooling, if applicable), either directly or indirectly, to each room, in order to assure a healthy living environment appropriate to the climate.
- b. The dwelling unit must not contain unvented room heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene. Electric heaters are acceptable.

- E. Illumination and Electricity

1. Performance Requirement

Each room must have adequate natural or artificial illumination to permit normal indoor activities and to support the health and safety of occupants. The dwelling unit must have sufficient electrical sources so occupants can use essential electrical appliances. The electrical fixtures and wiring must ensure safety from fire.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. There must be at least one window in the living room and in each sleeping room.
- b. The kitchen area and the bathroom must have a permanent ceiling or wall light fixture in proper operating condition. The kitchen area must also have at least one electrical outlet in proper operating condition.
- c. The living room and each bedroom must have at least two electrical outlets in proper operating condition. Permanent overhead or wall-mounted light fixtures may count as one of the required electrical outlets.

F. Structure and Materials

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be structurally sound. The structure must not present any threat to the health and safety of the occupants and must protect the occupants from the environment.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. Ceilings, walls, and floors must not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling, missing parts, or other serious damage.
- b. The roof must be structurally sound and weather tight.
- c. The exterior wall structure and surface must not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, large holes, or defects that may result in air infiltration or vermin infestation.
- d. The condition and equipment of interior and exterior stairs, halls, porches, walkways, etc., must not present a danger of tripping and falling. For example, broken or missing steps or loose boards are unacceptable.
- e. Elevators must be working and safe.

G. Interior Air Quality

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be free of pollutants in the air at levels that threaten the health of the occupants.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The dwelling unit must be free from dangerous levels of air pollution from carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, and other harmful pollutants.

- b. There must be adequate air circulation in the dwelling unit.
- c. Bathroom areas must have one window that can be opened or other adequate exhaust ventilation.
- d. Any room used for sleeping must have at least one window. If the window is designed to be opened, the window must work.

H. Water Supply

1. Performance Requirement

The water supply must be free from contamination.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The dwelling unit must be served by an approvable public or private water supply that is sanitary and free from contamination.

I. Lead-based Paint

1. Definitions

- a. **Chewable surface:** Protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age; for example, protruding corners, window sills and frames, doors and frames, and other protruding woodwork.
- b. **Component:** An element of a residential structure identified by type and location, such as a bedroom wall, an exterior window sill, a baseboard in a living room, a kitchen floor, an interior window sill in a bathroom, a porch floor, stair treads in a common stairwell, or an exterior wall.
- c. **Defective paint surface:** A surface on which the paint is cracking, scaling, chipping, peeling, or loose.
- d. **Elevated blood level (EBL):** Excessive absorption of lead. Excessive absorption is a confirmed concentration of lead in whole blood of 20 ug/dl (micrograms of lead per deciliter) for a

single test or of 15-19 ug/dl in two consecutive tests 3-4 months apart.

- e. HEPA: A high efficiency particle accumulator as used in lead abatement vacuum cleaners.
- f. Lead-based paint: A paint surface, whether or not defective, identified as having a lead content greater than or equal to 1 milligram per centimeter squared (mg/cm²), or 0.5 % by weight or 5000 parts per million (PPM).

2. Performance Requirements

- a. The purpose of this paragraph of this Section is to implement Section 302 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, 42 U.S.C. 4822, by establishing procedures to eliminate as far as practicable the hazards of lead-based paint poisoning for units assisted under this part. This paragraph is issued under 24 CFR 35.24(b)(4) and supersedes, for all housing to which it applies, the requirements of subpart C of 24 CFR part 35.
- b. The requirements of this paragraph of this Section do not apply to 0-bedroom units, units that are certified by a qualified inspector to be free of lead-based paint, or units designated exclusively for the elderly. The requirements of subpart A of 24 CFR part 35 apply to all units constructed prior to 1978 covered by a HAP contract under part 982.
- c. If a dwelling unit constructed before 1978 is occupied by a family that includes a child under the age of six years, the initial and each periodic inspection (as required under this part) must include a visual inspection for defective paint surfaces. If defective paint surfaces are found, such surfaces must be treated in accordance with paragraph k of this Section.
- d. The Housing Authority may exempt from such treatment defective paint surfaces that are found in a report by a qualified lead-based paint inspector not to be lead-based paint, as defined in paragraph 1(f) of this Section. For purposes of this Section, a qualified lead-based paint inspector is a State or local health or housing agency, a lead-based paint inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health or housing agency, or an

organization recognized by HUD.

- e. Treatment of defective paint surfaces required under this Section must be completed within 30 calendar days of Housing Authority notification to the owner. When weather conditions prevent treatment of the defective paint conditions on exterior surfaces within the 30-day period, treatment as required by paragraph k of this Section may be delayed for a reasonable time.
- f. The requirements in this paragraph apply to:
 - i. All painted interior surfaces within the unit (including ceilings but excluding furniture);
 - ii. The entrance and hallway providing access to a unit in a multi-unit building; and
 - iii. Exterior surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age (including walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, but excluding outbuildings such as garages and sheds).
- g. In addition to the requirements of paragraph c of this Section, for a dwelling unit constructed before 1978 that is occupied by a family with a child under the age of six years with an identified EBL condition, the initial and each periodic inspection (as required under this part) must include a test for lead-based paint on chewable surfaces. Testing is not required if previous testing of chewable surfaces is negative for lead-based paint or if the chewable surfaces have already been treated.
- h. Testing must be conducted by a State or local health or housing agency, an inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health or housing agency, or an organization recognized by HUD. Lead content must be tested by using an X-ray fluorescence analyzer (XRF) or by laboratory analysis of paint samples. Where lead-based paint on chewable surfaces is identified, treatment of the paint surface in accordance with paragraph k of this Section is required, and treatment shall be

completed within the time limits in paragraph c of this Section.

- i. The requirements in paragraph g of this Section apply to all protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age:
 - i. Within the unit;
 - ii. The entrance and hallway providing access to a unit in a multi-unit building; and
 - iii. Exterior surfaces (including walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, but excluding outbuildings such as garages and sheds).
- j. In lieu of the procedures set forth in paragraph g of this Section, the Housing Authority may, at its discretion, waive the testing requirement and require the owner to treat all interior and exterior chewable surfaces in accordance with the methods set out in paragraph k of this Section.
- k. Treatment of defective paint surfaces and chewable surfaces must consist of covering or removal of the paint in accordance with the following requirements:
 - i. A defective paint surface shall be treated if the total area of defective paint on a component is:
 - (1) More than 10 square feet on an exterior wall;
 - (2) More than 2 square feet on an interior or exterior component with a large surface area, excluding exterior walls and including, but not limited to, ceilings, floors, doors, and interior walls;
 - (3) More than 10% of the total surface area on an interior or exterior component with a small surface area, including, but not limited to, windowsills, baseboards and trim.
 - ii. Acceptable methods of treatment are the following:

removal by wet scraping, wet sanding, chemical stripping on or off site, replacing painted components, scraping with infra-red or coil type heat gun with temperatures below 1100 degrees, HEPA vacuum sanding, HEPA vacuum needle gun, contained hydroblasting or high pressure wash with HEPA vacuum, and abrasive sandblasting with HEPA vacuum. Surfaces must be covered with durable materials with joint edges sealed and caulked as needed to prevent the escape of lead contaminated dust.

- iii. Prohibited methods of removal are the following: open flame burning or torching, machine sanding or grinding without a HEPA exhaust, uncontained hydroblasting or high pressure wash, and dry scraping except around electrical outlets or except when treating defective paint spots no more than two square feet in any one interior room or space (hallway, pantry, etc.) or totaling no more than twenty square feet on exterior surfaces.
- iv. During exterior treatment soil and playground equipment must be protected from contamination.
- v. All treatment procedures must be concluded with a thorough cleaning of all surfaces in the room or area of treatment to remove fine dust particles. Cleanup must be accomplished by wet washing surfaces with a lead solubilizing detergent such as trisodium phosphate or an equivalent solution.
- vi. Waste and debris must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws.
- l. The owner must take appropriate action to protect residents and their belongings from hazards associated with treatment procedures. Residents must not enter spaces undergoing treatment until cleanup is completed. Personal belongings that are in work areas must be relocated or otherwise protected from contamination.
- m. Prior to execution of the HAP contract, the owner must inform the Housing Authority and the family of any knowledge of the

presence of lead-based paint on the surfaces of the residential unit.

- n. The Housing Authority must attempt to obtain annually from local health agencies the names and addresses of children with identified EBLs and must annually match this information with the names and addresses of participants under this part. If a match occurs, the Housing Authority must determine whether local health officials have tested the unit for lead-based paint. If the unit has lead-based paint, the Housing Authority must require the owner to treat the lead-based paint. If the owner does not complete the corrective actions required by this Section, the family must be issued a voucher to move.
- o. The Housing Authority must keep a copy of each inspection report for at least three years. If a dwelling unit requires testing, or if the dwelling unit requires treatment of chewable surfaces based on the testing, the Housing Authority must keep the test results indefinitely and, if applicable, the owner certification and treatment. The records must indicate which chewable surfaces in the dwelling units have been tested and which chewable surfaces were tested or tested and treated in accordance with the standards prescribed in this Section, such chewable surfaces do not have to be tested or treated at any subsequent time.
- p. The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

J. Access

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

K. Site and Neighborhood

1. Performance Requirement

The site and neighborhood must be reasonably free from disturbing noises and reverberations and other dangers to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The site and neighborhood may not be subject to serious adverse environmental conditions, natural or manmade, such as dangerous walks or steps; instability; flooding, poor drainage, septic tank back-ups or sewage hazards; mudslide; abnormal air pollution, smoke or dust; excessive noise, vibration or vehicular traffic; excessive accumulations of trash; vermin or rodent infestation; or fire hazards.

L. Sanitary Condition

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be in sanitary condition.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be free of vermin and rodent infestation.

M. Smoke Detectors

1. Performance Requirements

a. Except as provided in paragraph b below of this Section, each dwelling unit must have at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector, in proper operating condition, on each level of the dwelling unit, including basements but excepting crawl spaces and unfinished attics. Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards). If the dwelling unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system, designed for hearing-impaired persons as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

b. For units assisted prior to April 24, 1993, owners who installed battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detectors prior to April 24,

1993, in compliance with HUD's smoke detector requirements, including the regulations published on July 30, 1992 (57 FR 33846), will not be required subsequently to comply with any additional requirements mandated by NFPA 74 (i.e., the owner would not be required to install a smoke detector in a basement not used for living purposes, nor would the owner be required to change the location of the smoke detectors that have already been installed on the other floors of the unit).

Exceptions to the HQS Acceptability Criteria

The PHA will utilize the acceptability criteria as outlined above with applicable State and local codes. Additionally, the PHA has received HUD approval to require the following additional criteria:

- A. In each room, there will be at least one exterior window that can be opened and that contains a screen.
- B. Owners will be required to scrape peeling paint and repaint all surfaces cited for peeling paint with 2 coats of non-lead paint. An extension may be granted as a severe weather related item as defined below.
- C. Adequate heat shall be considered to be 68 degrees.
- D. In units where the tenant must pay for utilities, each unit must have separate metering device(s) for measuring utility consumption.
- E. A 1/2" overflow pipe must be present on the hot water heater safety valves and installed down to within 6 inches of the floor.

Time Frames and Corrections of HQS Fail Items

- A. Correcting Initial HQS Fail Items

The PHA will schedule a timely inspection of the unit on the date the owner indicates that the unit will be ready for inspection, or as soon as possible thereafter (within 5 working days) upon receipt of a Request for Tenancy Approval. The owner and participant will be notified in writing of the results of the inspection. If the unit fails HQS again, the owner and the participant will be advised to notify the PHA to reschedule a re-inspection when the repairs have been properly completed.

On an initial inspection, the owner will be given up to 30 days to correct the items noted as failed, depending on the extent of the repairs that are required to be made. No unit will be placed in the program until the unit meets the HQS requirements.

B. HQS Fail Items for Units under Contract

The owner or participant will be given time to correct the failed items cited on the inspection report for a unit already under contract. If the failed items endanger the family's health or safety (using the emergency item) the owner or participant will be given 24 hours to correct the violations. For less serious failures, the owner or participant will be given up to 30 days to correct the failed item(s).

If the owner fails to correct the HQS failed items after proper notification has been given, the PHA will abate payment and terminate the contract in accordance with HUD requirements and as stated in this Plan.

If the participant fails to correct the HQS failed items that are family-caused after proper notification has been given, the PHA will terminate assistance for the family in accordance with HUD regulations and as stated in this Plan.

C. Time Frames for Corrections

1. Emergency repair items must be abated within 24 hours.
2. Repair of refrigerators, range and oven, or a major plumbing fixture supplied by the owner must be abated within 72 hours.
3. Non-emergency items must be completed within 10 days of the initial inspection.
4. For major repairs, the owner will have up to 30 days to complete.

D. Extensions

At the sole discretion of the PHA, extensions of up to 30 days may be granted to permit an owner to complete repairs if the owner has made a good faith effort to initiate repairs. If repairs are not completed within 60 days after the initial inspection date, the PHA will abate the rent and cancel the HAP contract for owner noncompliance. Appropriate extensions will be granted if a severe weather condition exists for such items as exterior painting and

outside concrete work for porches, steps, and sidewalks.

Emergency Fail Items

The following items are to be considered examples of emergency items that need to be abated within 24 hours:

- A. No hot or cold water
- B. No electricity
- C. Inability to maintain adequate heat
- D. Major plumbing leak
- E. Natural gas leak
- F. Broken lock(s) on first floor doors or windows
- G. Broken windows that unduly allow weather elements into the unit
- H. Electrical outlet smoking or sparking
- I. Exposed electrical wires which could result in shock or fire
- J. Unusable toilet when only one toilet is present in the unit
- K. Security risks such as broken doors or windows that would allow intrusion
- L. Other conditions which pose an immediate threat to health or safety

Abatement

When a unit fails to meet HQS and the owner has been given an opportunity to correct the deficiencies, but has failed to do so within in the required timeframe, the rent for the dwelling unit will be abated.

The initial abatement period will not exceed 7 days. If the corrections of deficiencies are not made within the 7-day time frame, the abatement will continue until the HAP contract is terminated. When the deficiencies are corrected, the PHA will end the abatement the day the unit passes inspection. Rent will resume the following day and be paid the first day of the next month.

For tenant caused HQS deficiencies, the owner will not be held accountable and the rent will not be abated. The tenant is held to the same standard and time frames for correction of deficiencies as owners. If repairs are not completed by the deadline, the PHA will send a notice of termination to both the tenant and the owner. The tenant will be given the opportunity to request an informal hearing.

XXI. PHA SCREENING OF APPLICANTS FOR FAMILY BEHAVIOR OR SUITABILITY FOR TENANCY (see also Section II)

The procedures and documents required for determining family eligibility are as follows:

- Applicants present evidence of all income receive by the family including Social Security benefits, Social Services, pensions, child support, scholarships, assets, etc.
- Applicants and participants are required to disclose and verify their Social Security numbers as well as their children=s Social Security numbers (children over 6 years of age), and their employers business identification number (if necessary).
- Certification of employment; signed by the employer.
- Affidavits for seasonal workers or for the self employed.
- Eviction notice, where applicable.
- Evidence or receipt of most recently paid rent.
- Marriage certificate or divorce decree, where applicable.
- Birth certificates of all the members of the family.
- Good Conduct Certificate from the Police Department.
- Certification of ongoing studies; for all children over 18 years of age.
- Affidavit for common-law couples.
- Income tax return forms.
- Certification of unemployment, for persons who are older than 18 years of age and are not studying.

-Certification of a handicap or a medical disability.

-Property Title of the location currently occupied by the applicant in order to verify that the property is not owned by the applicant.

-Family group photograph.

-These items will be required at the discretion of the agency whenever applicable (provided that it will not impose financial hardship).

-Authorization for release of information for all members of households over 18 years of age.

The applicant is required to sign a form authorizing program personnel to corroborate the information presented with the respective public agencies and/or other institutions- e.g., the Social Services Department, the Housing Authority, the Social Security Administration, etc.- and to obtain verification of income.

Program personnel may also conduct interviews at their current place of residence and have their living conditions documented.

Income eligibility

1. To be eligible to receive assistance a family shall, at the time the family initially receives assistance under the Section 8 program shall be a family that is:
 - a. An extremely low-income or a very low-income family;
 - b. A low-income family continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act;
 - c. A low-income family that meets additional eligibility criteria specified by the Housing Authority;
 - d. A low-income family that is a nonpurchasing tenant in a HOPE 1 or HOPE 2 project or a property subject to a resident homeownership program under 24 CFR 248.173;
 - e. A low-income family or moderate-income family that is displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing;
 - f. A low-income family that qualifies for voucher assistance as a non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 (HOPE for public housing homeownership) or HOPE 2 (HOPE for homeownership of multifamily units) project.
2. Income limits apply only at admission and are not applicable for continued occupancy; however, as income rises the assistance will decrease.

3. The applicable income limit for issuance of a voucher is the highest income limit for the family size for areas within the housing authority's jurisdiction. The applicable income limit for admission to the program is the income limit for the area in which the family is initially assisted in the program. The family may only use the voucher to rent a unit in an area where the family is income eligible at admission to the program.
4. Families who are moving into the PHA's jurisdiction under portability and have the status of applicant rather than of participant at their initial housing authority must meet the income limit for the area where they were initially assisted under the program.
5. Families who are moving into the PHA's jurisdiction under portability and are already program participants at their initial housing authority do not have to meet the income eligibility requirement for the PHA program.
6. Income limit restrictions do not apply to families transferring units within the PHA Section 8 Program.

Citizenship/Eligible Immigrant status

To be eligible each member of the family must be a citizen, national, or a noncitizen who has eligible immigration status under one of the categories set forth in Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (see 42 U.S.C. 1436a(a)).

Family eligibility for assistance

1. A family shall not be eligible for assistance unless every member of the family residing in the unit is determined to have eligible status, with the exception noted below.
2. Despite the ineligibility of one or more family members, a mixed family may be eligible for one of three types of assistance (See Section XII for calculating rents under the noncitizen rule and also Section XVI).
3. A family without any eligible members and receiving assistance on June 19, 1995, may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance.

Social Security Number Documentation

To be eligible, all family members 6 years of age and older must provide a Social Security Number or certify that they do not have one.

Signing Consent Forms

1. In order to be eligible each member of the family who is at least 18 years of age, and each family head and spouse regardless of age, shall sign one or more consent forms.
2. The consent form must contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - a. A provision authorizing HUD and the PHA to obtain from State Wage Information Collection Agencies (SWICAs) any information or materials necessary to complete or verify the application for participation or for eligibility for continued occupancy;
 - b. A provision authorizing HUD or the PHA to verify with previous or current employers income information pertinent to the family's eligibility for or level of assistance;
 - c. A provision authorizing HUD to request income information from the IRS and the SSA for the sole purpose of verifying income information pertinent to the family's eligibility or level of benefits; and
 - d. A statement that the authorization to release the information requested by the consent form expires 15 months after the date the consent form is signed.

Suitability for tenancy

The PHA determines eligibility for participation and will also conduct criminal background checks on all adult household members, including live-in aides. The PHA will deny assistance to a family because of drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity by family members. This check will be made through state or local law enforcement or court records in those cases where the household member has lived in the local jurisdiction for the last three years. If the individual has lived outside the local area, the PHA may contact law enforcement agencies where the individual had lived or request a check through the FBI's National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

The PHA will check with the State sex offender registration program and will ban for life any individual who is registered as a lifetime sex offender.

Additional screening is the responsibility of the owner. Upon the written request of a prospective owner, the PHA will provide any factual information or third party written

information they have relevant to a voucher holder's history of, or ability to, comply with material standard lease terms or any history of drug trafficking.

XXII. MERGER OF THE CERTIFICATE AND VOUCHER PROGRAM

On October 1, 1999, the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Program were merged into one Tenant-Based Program called the Section Housing Choice Voucher Program. The new Program has features of the certificate and old voucher programs, plus new requirements. Some regulation changes were effective on that date and other will become effective during the coming years. The merger had to be completed by October 1, 2001. The main changes of the merger, which are described below, were adopted as needed. A summary of the new voucher program follows:

1. **Payment standards.** The subsidy amount is based on a payment standard set by the PHA anywhere between 90% to 110% of FMR. HUD may approve payment standards lower than 90% of FMR and payment standards higher than 110% of FMR. HUD may require PHA payment standard changes because of the incidence of high rent burdens. [' 545: ' 8(o)(1)(B),(D)&(E)].
2. **Tenant rent.** A family renting a unit below the payment standard pays the higher of 30% of monthly adjusted income, 10% of monthly income, or the welfare rent. There is no voucher shopping incentive. A family renting a unit above the payment standard pays the higher of 30% of monthly adjusted income, 10% of monthly income, or the welfare rent, plus the amount of rent above the payment standard.
3. **Maximum initial rent burdens.** A family must not pay more than 40% of income for rent when the family first receives the subsidy in a particular unit. (This maximum rent burden requirement is not applicable at reexamination if the family stays in place.) [' 545: ' 8(o)(3)].
4. **Income Limits.** Eligibility is limited to:
 - § very low-income family
 - § low-income family previously assisted under the public housing, or Section 8 Programs
 - § low-income family that is a non-purchasing tenant of certain homeownership programs
 - § low-income tenant displaced from certain Section 221 and 236 projects
 - § low-income family that meets PHA-specified eligibility criteria

Section 23,

5. **Optional PHA screening of applicants.** Although the screening and selection of tenants will remain a function of the owner, the PHA also may elect to screen applicants in accordance with any HUD requirements. [' 545: ' 8(o)(6)(B)].
6. **Optional PHA disapproval of owners.** The PHA may refuse to enter into new Section 8 HAP contracts with owners who refuse (or have a history of refusing) to evict families for drug-related or violent criminal activity, or for activity that threatens the health, safety or right of peaceful enjoyment of the premises by tenants, PHA employees or owner employees, or the residences by neighbors. [' 545: ' 8(o)(6)(C)].
7. **Initial Lease Terms.** The PHA may approve an initial lease term of less than 1 year, if a lease of less than 1 year prevails local practices, and the PHA determines that the shorter term will improve housing opportunities for the family. [' 545: ' 8(o)(7)(A)].
8. **Lease form and content.** The lease form must be in the standard form used in the locality by the owner. The lease must contain terms that are consistent with State and local law, and that applies generally to unassisted tenants in the same property. The lease may contain the HUD prescribed lease addendum. [' 545: ' 8(o)(7)(B)&(F)].
9. **Termination of tenancy.** "Violent criminal activity on or near the premises" is added to the statutory termination of tenancy provisions. [' 545: ' 8(o)(7)(D)].
10. **HQS.** Units must pass the federally established HQS or substitute local housing codes or codes adopted by PHA's. Substitute local housing codes or codes adopted by PHA's (1) cannot severely restrict housing choice and (2) must meet or exceed the HQS (unless HUD approves a lower standard that does not adversely affect the health or safety of families, and will significantly increase affordable housing access and expand housing opportunities). [' 545: ' 8(o)(8)(B)].
11. **15 day initial HQS inspection deadline.** PHA's with 1250 or fewer tenant-based Section 8 units must conduct initial HQS inspections within 15 days of the owner's inspection request. PHA's with more than 1250 tenant-based Section 8 units must conduct initial HQS inspections within a "reasonable period" of the owner's inspection request. The PHA assessment system for tenant-based assistance (currently the Section 8 Management Assessment Program) must incorporate this PHA performance standard.

[' 545: ' 8(o)(8)(C)].

12. **PHA penalties for late payment of housing assistance to owners.** The housing assistance payment (HAP) contract may provide for PHA penalties for late payment of the housing assistance payment to the owner. Any late payment penalties must be imposed by the owner in accordance with generally accepted practices in the local housing market. For example, an owner could charge the PHA a late fee if the housing assistance payment is not received by the 5th day of the month if it is local practice that tenants are charged a late fee when the rent has not been paid-in-full by the 5th day of each month. A late payment fee must be paid from the PHA's Administrative Fee unless HUD authorizes payment from another source. No late fee may be charged if HUD determines that the late payment is due to factors beyond the control of the PHA (e.g., late receipt of the Section 8 Funds from Treasury). [' 545: ' 8(o)(10)(D)&(E)].
13. **HQS inspections and rent reasonableness determinations for PHA-owned units.** The local government or another entity approved by HUD must conduct HQS inspections and rent reasonableness determinations for PHA-owned units leased by voucher holders. The PHA must pay any expenses with the performance of such inspections and rent determinations. [' 545: ' 8(o)(11)].
14. **Subsidy amounts for manufactured homeowners leasing pads.** The subsidy amount for expenses associated with leasing the pads is revised to mirror the subsidy calculation method for families leasing "regular" units. [' 545: ' 8(o)(12)].
15. **Project-based vouchers.** Project-based assistance is authorized for up to 15% of the PHA's certificates and vouchers. The prior exception allowing additional project-based assistance and special HAP contract terms for certain State assisted projects is eliminated.

Initial and any annual rent adjustments are subject to a rent reasonableness determination. [' 545: ' 8(o)(13)].
16. **Witness relocation funds.** PHA's that receive witness relocation funds must have procedures for notifying potential recipients of funding availability. [' 545: ' 8(o)(16)].
17. **Deed restrictions.** Voucher assistance may not be used in any manner that "abrogates any local deed restriction that applies to any housing consisting of

1 to 4 units'. The Fair Housing Act explicitly applies. [' 545:8(o)(17)].

XXIII. SPECIAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE

The PHA does not plan to apply for Special Housing Types Funding. If eventually, the PHA decides to apply for such funding; the policies on special rules will be state as HUD regulations, as established on Section III of this Plan, and any other applicable law. Also, as needed, amendments will be made to this Plan. Special Housing Type/Assistance includes the FSS Program and Homeownership Option.

XXIV. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

The PHA=s Section 8 Office will have the major responsibility and authority in the implementation of the Section 8 Housing Program. This office will work in close coordination with the Budget Office and Federal Programs of the PHA.

The duties and responsibilities of Section 8 Office maybe summarized as follows:

- § Overall responsibility for insuring compliance with federal regulations, coordinating the implementation of Tenant Policy, Affirmative Marketing Plan and for directing the day to day activities design to meet program goals and objectives.
- § Housing Inspector - is responsible for insuring that housing units meet the Section 8 Housing Quality Standards.
- § Section 8 Accountant - maintains accounting books, records and reports in accordance with Municipal and HUD requirements; assures adequate funds for payment of the rental contracts.

The Section 8 Office has the following job descriptions for each Technical and Administrative Staff to perform the work required by the Section 8 Housing Voucher Program.

1. Federal Programs Director

Administrative Responsibility

Supervise the Federal Programs Office and works in coordination with the Section 8 Program Director. Coordinate with fiscal units on financial matters.

Functional Responsibility Regarding the Section 8 Program

Has overall responsibility for compliance with the Federal Programs Office and pertinent Federal, State and Local Policies. Is responsible for meeting program goals and objectives.

Specific Duties

- X Directs technical and administrative work of the Federal Programs (such as CDBG)
- X Coordinates and collaborated in the overall Section 8 Program administration
- X Responsible for assuring compliance with HUD regulations in program implementation.
- X Supervise staff

2. Section 8 Director

Administrative Responsibility

Assists the Federal Program Director in the administration of the Section 8 and Federal Programs. Coordinate with fiscal units on financial matters. Supervise the Section 8 Office. Coordinate with the Accountant on financial matters.

Functional Responsibility Regarding the Section 8 Program

Coordinates the overall responsibilities for compliance with the Administrative Plan, coordination with Affirmative Marketing Plan, Tenant Policy, Section 8 Office requirements and pertinent Federal, State and Local Policies. Is responsible for meeting program goals and objectives of the Section 8 Office.

Overall responsibility for providing program and informational assistance to families and the community related to the Section 8 Housing Program and particularly to financial and other components of the family assistance program.

Specific Duties

- X Supervises the technical and administrative work of the Section 8 Voucher Program
- X Represents the Federal Programs Director in meetings and, as deem as necessarily, serves as Acting Federal Programs' Director
- X Coordinates and collaborated with the Federal Program Director in the overall Federal Programs and Section 8 Program administration
- X Organize, assigns and supervises work performed by program personnel
- X Supervises the contract negotiation with owners and tenants

- X Evaluates grievances presented by owners and tenants
- X Set program goals and prepare staff work plans
- X Responsible for direct staff supervision
- X Prepare monthly performance reports
- X Prepare narrative and statistical reports in accordance with HUD regulations
- X Responsible for assuring compliance with HUD regulations in program implementation
- X Prepare monthly reports
- X Prepare required documents for contract execution
- X Meets with owners
- X Assists in the implementation and orientation of the program
- X Negotiate contracts with unit owners and tenants
- X Evaluate grievances presented by unit owners and tenants
- X Weekly reports to the Supervisor (Federal Programs Director) concerning progress and problems
- X Provides orientation to Section 8 Housing Voucher Program participants on:
 - < Application processing
 - < Family participation
 - < Effective use of voucher
 - < Rent subsidies
 - < Housing inspections
 - < Rights and responsibilities of program participants
 - < Neighborhood selection
 - < Grievance procedure
 - < Other pertinent information
 - < Maintains up-to-date information on other housing assistance programs
 - < Analyzes and reports on cases having difficulties obtaining the rent subsidy
 - < Participates in the annual reexamination of families
 - < Prepare weekly activity reports
- X Responsible for initiating and maintaining contact with the client and applicant, eligibility verification and follow-up
- X Responsible for maintaining current updated files on available housing units and providing information to clients
- X Perform Quality Inspections Report
- X Analyze and report on current rent reasonableness
- X Prepare case reports and maintain an adequate file of all documents
- X Verify family income
- X Prepare and manage the form HUD-50058

- X Revise and electronically sends the SEMAP certification and the Year End reports, such as form HUD-52681 and 52681-b
- X Comply with any other duty assigned by the Federal Programs Director (Supervisor).

4. Secretary

Administrative Responsibility

Report directly to the Director. Coordinates with Housing Inspection Staff.

Functional Responsibility

Responsible for maintaining files, current and up to date.

Specific Duties

- X Keep files in order
- X Type owner, rental contracts, letters, orders, requisitions and reimbursements= vouchers for Section 8 Office
- X Answer and channel telephone calls
- X Perform other duties related to Section 8 Housing Voucher Program and Federal Programs

5. Housing Inspector

Administrative Responsibility

Report to the Director.

Functional Responsibility

Responsible for insuring that all Housing Units under the Program meet Section 8 Housing Quality Standards, and for complying with all other inspection requirements as specified by HUD and/or local Law.

Specific Duties

- X Inspects Housing Units prior to execution of contracts
- X Certifies the Housing Units are in compliance with HQS
- X Brief tenants on housekeeping rules
- X Conduct annual inspections of Housing Units at time of re-examination and/or special inspections

- X Analyzes and reports on current rent reasonableness
- X Report monthly to the Program Supervisor on results of inspections
- X Responsible for maintaining current updated files on available housing units and providing information to clients

6. Accountant (Financial Unit)

Administrative Responsibility

Report to the Director. Coordinate with the Federal Program Director and the Section 8 Director.

Functional Responsibility

Has overall responsibility for insuring that all books, records and reports are maintained in accordance with HUD requirements and generally accepted accounting standards.

Specific Duties

- X Maintains accounting books in accordance with Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program
- X Informs Program Director of the status of the program's finance
- X Prepare requisitions for program funds
- X Prepares and submits the necessary reports on program finances / Prepares annually Section 8 application (especially Form HUD 52672 and HUD 52673)
- X Maintain records of the rental payment to the owners (HAP register)
- X Coordinates with the Technical Staff and Housing Inspection about change in address, income, family composition and other information of the tenant and owner
- X Prepare the financial reports at the end of the fiscal year (such as form HUD-52681)
- X Prepare the information for the Section 8 data collection report (form 52681-b)
- X Perform other duties as required by the Program Director

APPENDIXES

APPENDIX I

Rent Reasonability Comparable Study Form

APPENDIX II

TABLE: “Gestiones de Renta”

APPENDIX III

Equal Opportunity Housing Plan

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITY HOUSING PLAN

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well as private organizations which offer assistance in finding housing, economic relief or nutrition and recreation for low income families. In addition, these items will be given to local Realtors and rental management companies currently participating in the Section 8 Programs. These items will be distributed throughout the PHA's jurisdiction.

3. Group or groups have been less likely to apply, if any:

Two groups have been identified as less likely than the general public to apply for Section 8 housing assistance, the elderly and the handicapped. In many cases it appears that the elderly and handicapped are unaware of their eligibility and are reluctant to participate in the programs because of a fear of loss of other services or benefits they receive.

4. Special outreach to groups identified target group will consist primarily of personal contacts by the PHA staff. Presentations will be made at senior citizen and handicapped centers, and meetings and associations of retired sites and other programs that are target to serve the needs to this group.

5. Special outreach for persons expected to reside:

No special needs for persons "expected to reside" have been identified. If program participants wish to move, the PHA will assist those with Portability Procedures as outlined in the PHA's Administrative Plan for the Section 8 Certificate and Housing Voucher Program.

6. Actions to be taken to provide certificate and voucher holders with information on the locations and characteristics of neighborhoods in which suitable units may be found and the listings the PHA maintains of available units:

Refer to Objective II, Item 2 and Item 5

7. Methods to be used to assist families who are unable to find a Unit and request the PHA's assistant.

Refer to Objective II, Item 6 and Item 7

OBJECTIVE II - PROMOTING GREATER HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR FAMILIES OUTSIDE AREAS OF LOW - INCOME

Action to be taken:

The following items are applicable to the Section 8 Existing Housing and Housing Vouchers Programs:

1. Media to be used to notify owners about the program(s): (name and type).

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITY HOUSING PLAN

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REFER TO OBJECTIVE I

2. Actions to encourage participation by owners of units outside low-income.

The PHA will invite owners through publication in newspapers of general circulation identified in OBJECTIVE I, to make units of suitable price and quality available for leasing by units of suitable price and quality available for leasing by eligible families. The PHA will maintain a listing of units in these areas to be given to eligible program participants.

When appropriate, the PHA will utilize specialized advertising and press releases aimed at real estate brokers, rental management companies, and owners of rental units. PHA staff will be available to make individual or group presentations to local boards of Realtors and owners at locations throughout the PHA's jurisdiction. In addition the PHA Staff are required to routinely identify rental property owners and management companies and explain the Section 8 Program to owners of properties. The PHA will also make an effort to contact owners through civic and services organizations dedicated to overall community improvement.

Any notices to owner of units in areas other than low-income will be made in accordance with the HUD advertising guidelines for fair housing requiring the use of equal housing opportunity logotype, statement, or slogan. The PHA will publicize the needs of the programs in such ways to reach a maximum number of owners and real estate brokers.

3. Actions to explain program requirements including equal opportunity to owners:

The primary method of informing owners of the many program requirements, including the equal opportunity provisions, is through owner briefings. Owner briefings are conducted by PHA staff and cover the following subjects:

1. Housing Quality Standards
2. Housing Assistance Payments System
3. Owner Responsibilities
4. PHA and Owner Rights Under the PHA Contract and Lease
5. Eviction Procedures
6. Renewal Procedures
7. Security Deposits
8. Required and Prohibited Lease Provisions, and
9. Fair Housing Law Requirements

4. Information local, State and Federal Fair Housing Laws and use of Form HUD-903 and HUD-903A to be provided as follows:

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITY HOUSING PLAN

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The PHA complies with Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 and Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 and administers its Housing Assistance Program in a manner which affirmatively furthers Federal, State and local Fair Housing Laws. The PHA will provide Certificate or Voucher Holders with fair housing information upon request. Applicants will be issued a Form HUD-903 and 903-A during briefing session and will assist program participants in completing and certifying the form submission to HUD, when necessary.

These items are applicable to the Section 8 Existing Rental Certificates and Rental Housing Voucher Programs:

5. Information on housing locations and neighborhood characteristics:

PHA staff will provide applicants with general information regarding the locations and characteristics of available rental housing. The staff will also provide applicants with the most current list of owners, realty companies and apartments complexes that participate in the Section 8 programs, and may have available vacant units.

6. Actions to be taken to assist Certificate or Voucher Holders during housing search, when requested:

The PHA staff will assist applicants in their search for safe and suitable housing by helping identify a family's housing needs and comparing available units. The first priority is to encourage applicants to plan for at least one year (minimum lease period). The staff will explain to the applicants the minimum Housing Quality Standards which must be met to make a unit eligible and identify problems and constraints which might dictate their housing choice such as proximity to public transportation, work, schools, and shopping areas. The PHA staff will provide applicants with names of property owners, management companies, and apartments complexes in the event the family is unable to locate suitable housing, the PHA will give extensions of 30 and 60 days beyond the initial 60 day period for extenuating circumstances only.

7. Actions taken to promote broadest geographical choice in selection of units by Rental Certificate or Rental Voucher Holders, if any:

The PHA will assist certificates/voucher holders who are unable to find housing upon request. Such assistance may include but is not limited to making referrals to private and public housing agencies which assist families in locating housing in various neighborhoods. The PHA will continue to promote the program to owners with complexes and units in neighborhoods which have been traditionally inaccessible to low income families.

8. Action to encourage broadest geographical choice in selecting housing:

In order to facility mobility and give certificate holders the maximum flexibility in locating housing, certificate holders are authorized to look for housing within the PHA's

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITY HOUSING PLAN

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jurisdiction which is Puerto Rico. However, if a certificate holder is successful in locating housing outside the PHA will request that a certificate or housing voucher be issued to the family by the PHA in which the family located housing.

OBJECTIVE III - ENSURING EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO APPLICANTS FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE PHA'S EXISTING HOUSING (INCLUDING HOUSING VOUCHERS) IN THE SELECTION OF CERTIFICATE OR VOUCHER HOLDERS OR APPLICANTS TO BE REFERRED TO OWNERS OF VACANT UNITS

Action to be taken:

1. System for taking, processing and filing application; establishing a waiting list:

Applications are taken in the PHA's central office and placed on a waiting list in the order in which they are received in accordance with the PHA's Administrative Plan. The PHA maintains a single waiting list of applicants for participation in its Section 8 Programs. From time to time the PHA suspends the taking of applications for the Section 8 Program in accordance with the PHA's Administrative Plan.

Applications are accepted on a first-come/first served basis and no residency or employment related requirements are imposed. As Rental Certificates or Rental Housing Vouchers become available, families are contacted in the order of their rank on the waiting list. After all family information is verified, a determination of eligibility is made in accordance with the Administrative Plan. The PHA selects families for participation in its Section 8 Programs without discrimination because of race, age, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial or national origin. Applicants are not screened based on the applicant's suitability as a tenant.

Owners select and screen the tenant for occupancy of a unit. Eligible applicants are the briefed on the appropriate Section 8 program and either issued a certificate or housing voucher.

Certificates and vouchers are issued to eligible families based on the federal preference category, time and date of application within the preference category, time and date of application within preference category and type of assistance desired. The Applicant may refuse, without losing its place on the waiting list, the initial form of assistance offered (either certificate or voucher).

The PHA will maintain such records as are necessary to document the disposition of all applications and to meet the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development audit requirements.

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITY HOUSING PLAN

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HUD has not authorized any voucher contract authority for HUD-Targeted housing vouchers.

2. Preference or priority categories in order, if any, for issuance of Certificates or Vouchers and method used for selection of Certificates or Voucher Holders or applicants to be referred to owners of vacant units:

Application will be selected in the following order:

1. By date and time of application.
2. By priority (Federal Preference)

Priority- Applicants qualifying for Federal Preferences who are occupying Substandard Housing, Involuntarily Displaced or Rent Burden (Paying more than 50% of Family Income for Rent).

OBJECTIVE IV - PROVISION OF SERVICES AND ASSISTANCE TO FAMILIES THAT ALLEGE THEY HAVE ENCOUNTERED DISCRIMINATION DURING THEIR HOUSING SEARCH

1. Services to be provided in finding a unit under the Section 8 Existing and Housing Voucher Programs:

The PHA Assisted Housing Staff is directly responsible for assisting families in the programs who are experiencing discrimination in their search for suitable housing. The PHA staff will help the family by investigating the complaint, documenting the circumstances, and assisting the participant in completing Form HUD-903 or HUD-903-A as appropriate.

See also Objective II, Item 4.

2. Assistance to be given to Certificate or Voucher Holders or applicants referred to owners of vacant units in the exercise of their rights under Federal, State and/or local law and name of persons responsible for giving assistance and training of these persons:

Refer to Objective II, Item 4 and Objective IV, Item 1

Person responsible for giving assistance: Section 8 Housing Program Director. Training will be provided through various workshops.

OBJECTIVE V - UTILIZATION OF A LOCAL FAIR HOUSING ORGANIZATION OR ORGANIZATION SERVING THE HANDICAPPED

MUNICIPALITY OF LAS MARIAS
Section 8 Program Office

2007 REVISION



Section 8 Program
Administrative Plan

PROHIBITION AGAINST DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING [Pub.L. 109-162]

The Violence against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA) prohibits denial of admission to an otherwise qualified applicant on the basis that the applicant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. Specifically, Section 606(1) of VAWA adds the following provision to Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, which lists contract provisions and requirements for the housing choice voucher program:

- That an applicant or participant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking is not an appropriate reason for denial of program assistance or for denial of admission, if the applicant otherwise qualifies for assistance or admission.

Definitions

As used in VAWA:

- The term domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
- The term dating violence means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - The length of the relationship
 - The type of relationship
 - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship
- The term stalking means:
 - To follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate; or
 - To place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person; and

- In the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (1) that person, (2) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (3) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.
- The term immediate family member means, with respect to a person:
 - A spouse, parent, brother or sister, or child of that person, or an individual to whom that person stands in the position or place of a parent; or
 - Any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood and marriage.

Notification and Victim Documentation

MLMHA (Municipality of Las Marías Housing Authority) VAWA Policy

The MLMHA acknowledges that a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may have an unfavorable history that would warrant denial under the PHA's policies. Therefore, if the MLMHA makes a determination to deny admission to an applicant family, the PHA will include in its notice of denial a statement of the protection against denial provided by VAWA and will offer the applicant the opportunity to provide documentation affirming that the cause of the unfavorable history is that a member of the applicant family is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. The documentation must include two elements:

- A signed statement by the victim that provides the name of the perpetrator and certifies that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and
- One of the following:
 - A police or court record documenting the actual or threatened abuse, or
 - A statement signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider; an attorney; a medical professional; or another knowledgeable professional from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing the actual or threatened abuse. The professional must attest under penalty of perjury that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim must sign or attest to the statement.

The applicant must submit the required documentation with her or his request for an informal review or must request an extension in writing at that time. If the applicant so requests, the MLMHA will grant an extension of 10 business days, and will postpone scheduling the applicant's informal review until after it has received the documentation or the extension period has elapsed. If after reviewing the documentation provided by the applicant the PHA determines the family is eligible for assistance, no informal review will be scheduled and the PHA will proceed with admission of the applicant family.

Perpetrator Removal or Documentation of Rehabilitation

In cases where an applicant family includes the perpetrator as well as the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, the PHA will proceed as above but will require, in addition, either (a) that the perpetrator be removed from the applicant household and not reside in the assisted housing unit or (b) that the family provide documentation that the perpetrator has successfully completed, or is successfully undergoing, rehabilitation or treatment.

If the family elects the second option, the documentation must be signed by an employee or agent of a domestic violence service provider or by a medical or other knowledgeable professional from whom the perpetrator has sought or is receiving assistance in addressing the abuse. The signer must attest under penalty of perjury to his or her belief that the rehabilitation was successfully completed or is progressing successfully. The victim and perpetrator must also sign or attest to the documentation. This additional documentation must be submitted within the same time frame as the documentation required above from the victim.

PHA Confidentiality Requirements

All information provided to the PHA regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking, must be retained in confidence and may neither be entered into any shared database nor provided to any related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure (a) is requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) is required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) is otherwise required by applicable law.