

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing

Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority PHA Plans

5 Year Plan for Fiscal Years 2002 - 2006
Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2002

PHA Plans Update for Fiscal Year 2002

**NOTE: THIS PHA PLANS TEMPLATE (HUD 50075) IS TO BE COMPLETED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS LOCATED IN APPLICABLE PIH NOTICES**

PHA Plan Agency Identification

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority
22 Lincoln Street, 5th Floor
Post Office Box 280, Hampton, VA 23669

PHA Number: VA017

PHA Fiscal Year Beginning: January 2002

Public Access to Information

Information regarding any activities outlined in this plan can be obtained by contacting: (select all that apply)

- Main administrative office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- PHA local offices

Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA

Display Locations For PHA Plans and Supporting Documents

The PHA Plans (including attachments) are available for public inspection at: (select all that apply)

- Main administrative office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- PHA local offices
- Main administrative office of the local government
- Main administrative office of the County government
- Main administrative office of the State government
- Public library
- PHA website
- Other (list below)

Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA

PHA Plan Supporting Documents are available for inspection at: (select all that apply)

- Main business office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- Other (list below)

Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA

5-YEAR PLAN
PHA FISCAL YEARS 2002 - 2006
[24 CFR Part 903.5]

A. Mission

State the PHA's mission for serving the needs of low-income, very low income, and extremely low-income families in the PHA's jurisdiction. (select one of the choices below)

- The mission of the PHA is the same as that of the Department of Housing and Urban Development: To promote adequate and affordable housing, economic opportunity and a suitable living environment free from discrimination.
- The PHA's mission is: (state mission here)
To revitalize communities by:
(1) developing/redeveloping the physical environment;
(2) providing/affordable housing opportunities; and
(3) providing opportunities to individuals/families to maintain/achieve self-sufficiency and/or independent living, with an emphasis on serving the low-to-moderate income households in the City of Hampton.

B. Goals

The goals and objectives listed below are derived from HUD's strategic Goals and Objectives and those emphasized in recent legislation. PHAs may select any of these goals and objectives as their own, or identify other goals and/or objectives. Whether selecting the HUD-suggested objectives or their own, **PHAS ARE STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO IDENTIFY QUANTIFIABLE MEASURES OF SUCCESS IN REACHING THEIR OBJECTIVES OVER THE COURSE OF THE 5 YEARS.**

(Quantifiable measures would include targets such as: numbers of families served or PHAS scores achieved.) PHAs should identify these measures in the spaces to the right of or below the stated objectives.

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority's Goals and Objectives for FY 2002 - 2006 are listed below:

PHA Goal #1: Implement and complement the strategic initiatives of the City of Hampton

PHA Goal #2: Properly implement the policies set forth by the Board of Commissioners

PHA Goal #3: To be the low-income housing provider of choice in the City of Hampton

Objectives:

- Manage, maintain and upgrade existing housing stock owned by the Authority making it comparable to local market rate housing.
- Provide rental assistance to participants through the Section 8 Program.

- Expand efforts to create safe neighborhoods.
- Create a more customer oriented environment for clients.

PHA Goal #4: Revitalize and stabilize residential neighborhoods

Objectives:

- Acquire and rehabilitate existing rental housing.
- Rehabilitate single family dwellings.
- Eliminate blighted and deteriorated properties.
- Assist individuals/families to become homeowners.
- Create rehabilitation/conservation districts.
- Assist Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) in the acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable housing.
- Assist developing CHDOs.

PHA Goal #5: Redevelop older commercial use properties

Objectives:

- Acquire and rehabilitate old commercial properties.
- Sell or lease rehabilitated commercial properties.
- Acquire and demolish dilapidated commercial properties.
- Continue to work with the City of Hampton on the redevelopment of the Pine Chapel Village/Coliseum area.

PHA Goal #6: Provide opportunities to low-to-moderate income residents and program participants to maintain/achieve self-sufficiency and independence

Objectives:

- Provide educational training, employment and business opportunities.
- Coordinate the delivery of services to enable elderly/disabled residents to remain in their homes for as long as possible.
- Provide homeownership opportunities.

PHA Goal #7: Remove impediments to Fair Housing Choice

Objectives:

- Increase public awareness.
- Provide educational opportunities.

PHA Goal #8: Create general public awareness of the programs available to low-to-moderate income residents

Objectives:

- Expand marketing and outreach efforts through community organizations.
- Expand/utilize the Authority internet website to include property information/photos and application forms.

PHA Goal #9: Operate the Authority in an administratively and fiscally responsible manner

Objectives:

- Pursue alternative funding sources.
- Maintain a balanced budget.
- Maintain high performance standards with HUD and PHAS monitoring.
- Update existing policies and procedures.

PHA Goal #10: Recruit, Hire and Retain Quality Employees

Objectives:

- Recognize positive employee performance.
- Provide/promote educational/training opportunities for employees.

Annual PHA Plan
PHA Fiscal Year 2002
[24 CFR Part 903.7]

i. Annual Plan Type:

Select which type of Annual Plan the PHA will submit.

Standard Plan

Streamlined Plan:

- High Performing PHA**
- Small Agency (<250 Public Housing Units)**
- Administering Section 8 Only**

Troubled Agency Plan

ii. Executive Summary of the Annual PHA Plan – [24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (r)]

Provide a brief overview of the information in the Annual Plan, including highlights of major initiatives and discretionary policies the PHA has included in the Annual Plan.

In accordance with PHA Plans Final Rule of 10/21/99 and Notice PIH 99-51 issued 12/14/99, PHAs are not required to provide an Executive Summary to HUD. PHAs may provide an Executive Summary at their option.

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority (HRHA) has prepared our Public Housing Agency Plans in compliance with Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and the ensuing HUD requirements. Although, we have sustained our designation by HUD as a High Performing PHA, we have chosen to complete a Standard Plan, which provides additional information regarding the programs and services offered by the HRHA. The following statements guide the activities of HRHA:

VALUE STATEMENT:

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority will promote opportunities that revitalize communities and enhance the quality of life.

MISSION STATEMENT:

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority will revitalize communities by:

- (1) developing/redeveloping the physical environment;**
- (2) providing affordable housing opportunities; and**

- (3) providing opportunities to individuals/families to maintain/achieve self-sufficiency and/or independent living, with an emphasis on serving the low/moderate income households in the City of Hampton. Also see Goals and Objectives outlined in the Five-Year Plan.**

Our Annual Plan is based on the premise that if we accomplish the goals and objectives that relate to our assisted housing programs, we will be working towards the achievement of our mission. The plans, statements, budget summary, and policies as they relate to our assisted housing programs, are set forth in the Annual Plan and all lead toward the accomplishment of our goals and objectives. Taken as a whole, they outline a comprehensive approach towards our goals and objectives and are consistent with the City of Hampton's Consolidated Plan. Listed below are some of the strategies we will implement:

- We have adopted one local preference for working families applying for assistance under our Public Housing Program. Families applying for assistance will be selected from the waiting list by preference and in order of the date and time they applied.**
- We do not have preferences for applicants applying for assistance under our Section 8 Program. Applicants will be selected from the waiting list in order of the date and time they applied.**
- We have adopted an aggressive screening policy for Public Housing to ensure to the best of our ability that new admissions will be good neighbors. In our Section 8 Program we are screening applicants to the fullest extent allowable while not taking away the ultimate responsibility from the landlord. Our screening practices meet all fair housing requirements.**
- We have developed a deconcentration policy as required by the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998. This policy is incorporated as part of our Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP).**
- We have established a minimum rent of \$50 for residents of Public Housing.**
- We have established flat rents for our Public Housing developments.**
- We have adopted new rent determination policies in Public Housing that will exclude court-ordered child/spousal support and medical insurance premiums for working family members from earned income.**
- We have adopted a policy in our Section 8 Program that sets the voucher payment standard from 90% - 100% of fair market rent (FMR) to allow participants access to more areas of the city when selecting rental units.**
- In an attempt to encourage work and advancement in the workplace, we are not requiring interim recertifications if Section 8 participants have an increase in income. The increase will be reported at the next regular recertification.**
- We are encouraging Public Housing residents and Section 8 participants to participant in our Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program.**

iii. Annual Plan Table of Contents

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (r)]

Provide a table of contents for the Annual Plan, including attachments, and a list of supporting documents available for public inspection.

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Attachments

Indicate which attachments are provided by selecting all that apply. Provide the attachment's name (A, B, etc.) in the space to the left of the name of the attachment. Note: If the attachment is provided as a **SEPARATE** file submission from the PHA Plans file, provide the file name in parentheses in the space to the right of the title.

Required Attachments:

- Admissions Policy for Deconcentration (**VA017a01**)
- Housing Needs Assessment – City of Hampton Consolidated Plan (**VA017b01**)
- FY 2002 Capital Fund Program Annual Statement (**VA017c01**)
- FY 2002 Capital Fund Program Five Year Action Plan (**VA017d01**)
- FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program – PHDEP (**VA017e01**)
- Definition of “Substantial Deviation and Significant Amendment or Modification” (**VA017f01**)
- Implementation of Public Housing Resident Community Service Requirements (**VA017g01**)
- Pet Policy – Pet Ownership in Public Housing (**VA017h01**)

Resident Membership of the PHA Governing Board (**VA017i01**)

- Membership of the Resident Advisory Board (VA017j01)
- Resident Advisory Board Comments (VA017k01)
- Progress Report – Accomplishment of Goals/Objectives (VA017l01)
- Most recent board-approved operating budget (Required Attachment for PHAs that are troubled or at risk of being designated troubled ONLY)
- Other (List below, providing each attachment name)
 - CGP/CFP Performance and Evaluation Reports for the Period Ending 6/30/01 (VA017m01)
 - Voluntary Conversion Required Initial Assessments (VA017n01)

Supporting Documents Available for Review

Indicate which documents are available for public review by placing a mark in the “Applicable & On Display” column in the appropriate rows. All listed documents must be on display if applicable to the program activities conducted by the PHA.

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
X	PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	State/Local Government Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	Fair Housing Documentation: Records reflecting that the PHA has examined its programs or proposed programs, identified any impediments to fair housing choice in those programs, addressed or is addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available, and worked or is working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdictions’ initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA’s involvement.	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction/s in which the PHA is located (which includes the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI)) and any additional backup data to support statement of housing needs in the jurisdiction	Annual Plan: Housing Needs
X	Most recent board-approved operating budget for the public housing program	Annual Plan: Financial Resources;
X	Public Housing Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy Policy (A&O), which includes the Tenant Selection and Assignment Plan [TSAP]	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
X	Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
X	Public Housing Deconcentration and Income Mixing Documentation: 1. PHA board certifications of compliance with deconcentration requirements (section 16(a) of the US Housing Act of 1937, as implemented in the 2/18/99	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
	<i>Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act Initial Guidance; Notice</i> and any further HUD guidance) and 2. Documentation of the required deconcentration and income mixing analysis – <i>Income Analysis of Public Housing Covered Developments, PIH Notice 2001-26</i>	
X	Public housing rent determination policies, including the methodology for setting public housing flat rents <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Schedule of flat rents offered at each public housing development <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Section 8 rent determination (payment standard) policies <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Public housing management and maintenance policy documents, including policies for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (including cockroach infestation)	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
X	Public housing grievance procedures <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	Section 8 informal review and hearing procedures <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	The HUD-approved Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program Annual Statement (HUD 52837) for the active grant year	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Most recent CIAP Budget/Progress Report (HUD 52825) for any active CIAP grant	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Most recent, approved 5 Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program, if not included as an attachment	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Approved HOPE VI applications or, if more recent, approved or submitted HOPE VI Revitalization Plans or any other approved proposal for development of public housing	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
X	Approved or submitted applications for demolition and/or disposition of public housing	Annual Plan: Demolition and Disposition
X	Approved or submitted applications for designation of public housing (Designated Housing Plans)	Annual Plan: Designation of Public Housing
X	Approved or submitted assessments of reasonable revitalization of public housing and approved or submitted conversion plans prepared pursuant to section 202 of the 1996 HUD Appropriations Act – <i>Voluntary Conversion Initial Assessments per HUD Notice PIH 2001-26</i>	Annual Plan: Conversion of Public Housing
X	Approved or submitted public housing homeownership programs/plans	Annual Plan: Homeownership

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
N/A	Policies governing any Section 8 Homeownership program <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Homeownership
X	Any cooperative agreement between the PHA and the TANF agency	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	FSS Action Plan/s for public housing and/or Section 8	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	Most recent self-sufficiency (ED/SS, TOP or ROSS or other resident services grant) grant program reports	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	The most recent Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP) semi-annual performance report for any open grant and most recently submitted PHDEP application (PHDEP Plan)	Annual Plan: Safety and Crime Prevention
X	The most recent fiscal year audit of the PHA conducted under section 5(h)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h)), the results of that audit and the PHA's response to any findings	Annual Plan: Annual Audit
N/A	Troubled PHAs: MOA/Recovery Plan	Troubled PHAs
N/A	Other supporting documents (optional) (list individually; use as many lines as necessary)	(specify as needed)

1. Statement of Housing Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (a)]

A. Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction/s Served by the PHA

Based upon the information contained in the Consolidated Plan/s applicable to the jurisdiction, and/or other data available to the PHA, provide a statement of the housing needs in the jurisdiction by completing the following table. In the "Overall" Needs column, provide the estimated number of renter families that have housing needs. For the remaining characteristics, rate the impact of that factor on the housing needs for each family type, from 1 to 5, with 1 being "no impact" and 5 being "severe impact." Use N/A to indicate that no information is available upon which the PHA can make this assessment.

Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction by Family Type							
Family Type	Overall	Afford-ability	Supply	Quality	Access-ibility	Size	Loca-tion
Income <= 30% of AMI	3,500	4	1	3	1	1	3
Income >30% but <=50% of AMI	2,412	1	1	3	1	1	3
Income >50% but <80% of AMI	4,567	1	1	3	1	1	3
Elderly	2,109						
Families with Disabilities	*						
White American	*						
Black American	*						

Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction by Family Type							
Family Type	Overall	Afford-ability	Supply	Quality	Access-ibility	Size	Loca-tion
Hispanic	*						
Asian/Pacific Island	*						

**See excerpt from City of Hampton's 2000-2005 Consolidated Plan, Section IV-Housing Needs Analysis and Strategies (File name: VA017b01) Figures are based on 2002 CHAS Data Book projections. When Census 2000 data is available, the City will update the 2000-2005 Consolidated Plan for Housing and Community Development.*

What sources of information did the PHA use to conduct this analysis? (Check all that apply; all materials must be made available for public inspection.)

- Consolidated Plan of the Jurisdiction/s
Indicate year: 2000
- U.S. Census data: the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy ("CHAS") dataset
- American Housing Survey data
Indicate year:
- Other housing market study
Indicate year:
- Other sources: (list and indicate year of information)

B. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant- Based Assistance Waiting Lists

State the housing needs of the families on the PHA's waiting list/s. **Complete one table for each type of PHA-wide waiting list administered by the PHA.** PHAs may provide separate tables for site-based or sub-jurisdictional public housing waiting lists at their option.

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
Waiting list type: (select one)			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Section 8 tenant-based assistance		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Public Housing (as of 5/31/01)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Combined Section 8 and Public Housing		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Housing Site-Based or sub-jurisdictional waiting list (optional)		
If used, identify which development/subjurisdiction:			
	# of families	% of total families	Annual Turnover
Waiting list total	1,144		100 units
Extremely low income <=30% AMI	730	63.08	
Very low income (>30% but <=50% AMI)	397	34.7	

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
Low income (>50% but <80% AMI)	17	1.5	
Families with children	927	85.0	
Elderly families	69	6.0	
Families with Disabilities	233	20.4	
Race/ethnicity			
White American	136	11.92	
Black American	1,007	88.0	
Hispanic	0	0	
Asian/Pacific Island	1	.08	
Characteristics by Bedroom Size (Public Housing Only)			
0BR	4		
1BR	427		
2 BR	554		
3 BR	139		
4 BR	19		
5 BR	1		
5+ BR	0		
Is the waiting list closed (select one)? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes If yes: How long has it been closed (# of months)? Does the PHA expect to reopen the list in the PHA Plan year? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Does the PHA permit specific categories of families onto the waiting list, even if generally closed? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			

B. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant- Based Assistance Waiting Lists

State the housing needs of the families on the PHA's waiting list/s. **Complete one table for each type of PHA-wide waiting list administered by the PHA.** PHAs may provide separate tables for site-based or sub-jurisdictional public housing waiting lists at their option.

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
Waiting list type: (select one)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Section 8 tenant-based assistance (As of 5/31/01)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Housing			
<input type="checkbox"/> Combined Section 8 and Public Housing			
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Housing Site-Based or sub-jurisdictional waiting list (optional)			
If used, identify which development/subjurisdiction:			
	# of families	% of total families	Annual Turnover
Waiting list total	609		240
Extremely low income <=30% AMI	481	78.9	
Very low income (>30% but <=50% AMI)	36	6.0	
Low income (>50% but <80% AMI)	92	15.1	
Families with children	512	84.0	
Elderly families	25	4.1	
Families with Disabilities	78	12.8	
Race/ethnicity			
White American	67	11.0	
Black American	542	89.0	
Hispanic	0	0	
Asian/Pacific Island	0	0	
Characteristics by Bedroom Size (Public Housing Only)			
1BR	N/A for Section 8		
2 BR			
3 BR			

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
4 BR			
5 BR			
5+ BR			
Is the waiting list closed (select one)? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes If yes: How long has it been closed (# of months)? 18 Does the PHA expect to reopen the list in the PHA Plan year? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Does the PHA permit specific categories of families onto the waiting list, even if generally closed? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			

C. Strategy for Addressing Needs

Provide a brief description of the PHA's strategy for addressing the housing needs of families in the jurisdiction and on the waiting list **IN THE UPCOMING YEAR**, and the Agency's reasons for choosing this strategy.

(1) Strategies

Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA within its current resources by:

Select all that apply

- Employ effective maintenance and management policies to minimize the number of public housing units off-line
- Reduce turnover time for vacated public housing units
- Reduce time to renovate public housing units
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through mixed finance development
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through section 8 replacement housing resources
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by establishing payment standards that will enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction
- Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families assisted by the PHA, regardless of unit size required
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by marketing the program to owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by effectively screening Section 8 applicants to increase owner acceptance of program
- Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordination with broader community strategies
- Other (list below)

Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units by:

Select all that apply

- Apply for additional section 8 units should that become available
- Leverage affordable housing resources in the community through the creation of mixed - finance housing
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant-based assistance.
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30 % of AMI

Select all that apply

- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in public housing
 - Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in tenant-based section 8 assistance
 - Employ admissions preferences aimed at families with economic hardships
 - Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
 - Other: (list below)
- Not Applicable**

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI

Select all that apply

- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to the elderly:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for the elderly
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to the elderly, should they become available
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families with Disabilities

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for families with disabilities
- Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the section 504 Needs Assessment for Public Housing
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities, should they become available
- Affirmatively market to local non-profit agencies that assist families with disabilities
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

Strategy 1: Increase awareness of PHA resources among families of races and ethnicities with disproportionate needs:

Select if applicable

- Affirmatively market to races/ethnicities shown to have disproportionate housing needs
- Other: (list below)
Not Applicable

Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

Select all that apply

- Counsel section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty or minority concentration and assist them to locate those units
- Market the section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty /minority concentrations
- Other: (list below)

Other Housing Needs & Strategies: (list needs and strategies below)

(2) Reasons for Selecting Strategies

Of the factors listed below, select all that influenced the PHA's selection of the strategies it will pursue:

- Funding constraints
- Staffing constraints
- Limited availability of sites for assisted housing
- Extent to which particular housing needs are met by other organizations in the community

- Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and other information available to the PHA
- Influence of the housing market on PHA programs
- Community priorities regarding housing assistance
- Results of consultation with local or state government
- Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board
- Results of consultation with advocacy groups
- Other: (list below)

2. Statement of Financial Resources

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (b)]

List the financial resources that are anticipated to be available to the PHA for the support of Federal public housing and tenant-based Section 8 assistance programs administered by the PHA during the Plan year. Note: the table assumes that Federal public housing or tenant based Section 8 assistance grant funds are expended on eligible purposes; therefore, uses of these funds need not be stated. For other funds, indicate the use for those funds as one of the following categories: public housing operations, public housing capital improvements, public housing safety/security, public housing supportive services, Section 8 tenant-based assistance, Section 8 supportive services or other.

Financial Resources: Planned Sources and Uses		
Sources	Planned \$	Planned Uses
1. Federal Grants (FY 2002 grants)		
a) Public Housing Operating Fund	2,169,402 estimated	PH Operations
b) Public Housing Capital Fund Capital Fund Grant FFY 2002	1,010,341 estimated	PH Capital Improvements
c) HOPE VI Revitalization	N/A	
d) HOPE VI Demolition	N/A	
e) Annual Contributions for Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance	12,419,845	
f) Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (including any Technical Assistance funds) PHDEP 2000	355,854 unexpended	PH safety/security prevention/intervention
g) Resident Opportunity and Self-Sufficiency Grants	197,475	
h) Community Development Block Grant	0	
i) HOME	0	
Other Federal Grants (list below)		
EDSS total \$257,000	30,008 unexp	PH Supportive Services
Youthbuild	0	
Americorp total \$1,475,000	1,422,980 unexp	
JPTA	0	
SCPH	0	
Gateway	Amount unknown	

Financial Resources: Planned Sources and Uses		
Sources	Planned \$	Planned Uses
2. Prior Year Federal Grants (unobligated funds only) (list below)		
2001 - \$1,010,341 2000 - \$936,071 RHF (501-99) - \$209,049 RHF (2000-2001) \$1,612,347	3,767,808	PH Capital Improvements RHF 2000-2001 (replacement housing only)
PHDEP	0	PH safety/security prevention/intervention
3. Public Housing Dwelling Rental Income	1,460,527 as of 12/00	
4. Other income (list below)	None	
4. Non-federal sources (list below)	None	
Total resources	22,834,240	

3. PHA Policies Governing Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (c)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete subcomponent 3A.

(1) Eligibility

a. When does the PHA verify eligibility for admission to public housing? (select all that apply)

When families are within a certain number of being offered a unit: (state number)

When families are within a certain time of being offered a unit: **(30 days)**

Other: (describe)

b. Which non-income (screening) factors does the PHA use to establish eligibility for admission to public housing (select all that apply)?

Criminal or Drug-related activity

Rental history

Housekeeping

Other (describe) **credit reports, previous program participant records**

c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

d. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

e. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

(2)Waiting List Organization

a. Which methods does the PHA plan to use to organize its public housing waiting list (select all that apply)

Community-wide list

Sub-jurisdictional lists

Site-based waiting lists

Other (describe)

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to public housing?

PHA main administrative office

PHA development site management office

Other (list below)

Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA

c. If the PHA plans to operate one or more site-based waiting lists in the coming year, answer each of the following questions; if not, skip to subsection **(3) Assignment Not Applicable**

1. How many site-based waiting lists will the PHA operate in the coming year?

2. Yes No: Are any or all of the PHA's site-based waiting lists new for the upcoming year (that is, they are not part of a previously-HUD-approved site based waiting list plan)?

If yes, how many lists?

3. Yes No: May families be on more than one list simultaneously

If yes, how many lists?

4. Where can interested persons obtain more information about and sign up to be on the site-based waiting lists (select all that apply)?

- PHA main administrative office
- All PHA development management offices
- Management offices at developments with site-based waiting lists
- At the development to which they would like to apply
- Other (list below)

(3) Assignment

a. How many vacant unit choices are applicants ordinarily given before they fall to the bottom of or are removed from the waiting list? (select one)

- One
- Two
- Three or More

b. Yes No: Is this policy consistent across all waiting list types? (**Not applicable**)

c. If answer to b is no, list variations for any other than the primary public housing waiting list/s for the PHA:

(4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting:

- Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 40% of all new admissions to public housing to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Transfer policies:

In what circumstances will transfers take precedence over new admissions? (list below)

- Emergencies
- Overhoused
- Underhoused
- Medical justification
- Administrative reasons determined by the PHA (e.g., to permit modernization work) **Homeownership program participation or termination from program**
- Resident choice: (state circumstances below)
- Other: (list below)

Physical – to allow a handicap unit to be used for a physically handicapped

family we will transfer out a non-disabled family

c. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to public housing (other than date and time of application)? (If “no” is selected, skip to subsection **(5) Occupancy**)
2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences: (select below)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans’ families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a “1” in the space that represents your first priority, a “2” in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use “1” more than once, “2” more than once, etc.

2 Date and Time

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness

High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

4. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements:

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Occupancy

a. What reference materials can applicants and residents use to obtain information about the rules of occupancy of public housing (select all that apply)

- The PHA-resident lease
- The PHA's Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy policy
- PHA briefing seminars or written materials
- Other source (list) **Orientation Video**

b. How often must residents notify the PHA of changes in family composition? (select all that apply)

- At an annual reexamination and lease renewal
- Any time family composition changes
- At family request for revision
- Other (list)

(6) Deconcentration and Income Mixing

This section has been updated in accordance with Deconcentration Final Rule published in the federal register on December 22, 2000 and PIH Notice 2001-4 issued 1/19/01 as follows:

- a. Yes No: Does the PHA have any general occupancy (family) public housing developments covered by the deconcentration rule? If no, this section is complete. If yes, continue to the next question.
- b. Yes No: Do any of these covered developments have average incomes above or below 85% to 115% of the average incomes of all such developments? If no, this section is complete.

If yes, list these developments as follows:

Deconcentration Policy for Covered Developments			
Development Name	Number of Units	Explanation (if any) [see step 4 at 903.2(c)(1)(iv)]	Deconcentration policy (if no explanation) [see step 5 at 903.2(c)(1)(v)]

B. Section 8

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer section 8 are not required to complete sub-component 3B.

Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).

(1) Eligibility

- a. What is the extent of screening conducted by the PHA? (select all that apply)
 - Criminal or drug-related activity only to the extent required by law or regulation
 - Criminal and drug-related activity, more extensively than required by law or regulation
 - More general screening than criminal and drug-related activity (list factors below)
 - Other (list below)
- b. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?
- c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

d. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

e. Indicate what kinds of information you share with prospective landlords? (select all that apply)

Criminal or drug-related activity

Other (describe below)

name and address, telephone number of former landlord

(2) Waiting List Organization

a. With which of the following program waiting lists is the section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting list merged? (select all that apply)

None

Federal public housing

Federal moderate rehabilitation

Federal project-based certificate program

Other federal or local program (list below)

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to section 8 tenant-based assistance? (select all that apply)

PHA main administrative office

Other (list below)

Application forms are available at our Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA; Department of Social Services; Center for Independent Living; and Rental Offices of HRHA Developments. The application includes a self-addressed stamped envelope to return the completed application to our post office box. Applications are stamped with the date and time upon receipt

(3) Search Time

a. Yes No: Does the PHA give extensions on standard 60-day period to search for a unit?

If yes, state circumstances below:

Clients exercising portability, extended illness, injury or as an accommodation for a stated disability

(4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting

Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 75% of all new admissions to the section 8 program to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to section 8 tenant based assistance? (other than date and time of application) (if no, skip to subcomponent **(5) Special purpose section 8 assistance programs**)
2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households ~~that~~ contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

Former federal preferences listed above are treated as emergencies

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a "1" in the space that represents your first priority, a "2" in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use "1" more than once, "2" more than once, etc.

 1 Date and Time

Former Federal preferences

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing

Homelessness
High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

4. Among applicants on the waiting list with equal preference status, how are applicants selected? (select one)

- Date and time of application
- Drawing (lottery) or other random choice technique

5. If the PHA plans to employ preferences for "residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction" (select one) **Not Applicable**

- This preference has previously been reviewed and approved by HUD
- The PHA requests approval for this preference through this PHA Plan

6. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements: (select one)

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Special Purpose Section 8 Assistance Programs

a. In which documents or other reference materials are the policies governing eligibility, selection, and admissions to any special-purpose section 8 program administered by the PHA contained? (select all that apply)

- The Section 8 Administrative Plan
- Briefing sessions and written materials
- Other (list below)

b. How does the PHA announce the availability of any special-purpose section 8 programs to the public?

- Through published notices
- Other (list below) **Contact with social agencies that would serve the special populations for Example: Social Services, Homeless/Domestic Violence Shelter and Veterans Administration**

4. PHA Rent Determination Policies

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (d)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete sub-component 4A.

(1) Income Based Rent Policies

Describe the PHA's income based rent setting policy/ies for public housing using, including discretionary (that is, not required by statute or regulation) income disregards and exclusions, in the appropriate spaces below.

a. Use of discretionary policies: (select one)

- The PHA will not employ any discretionary rent-setting policies for income based rent in public housing. Income-based rents are set at the higher of 30% of adjusted monthly income, 10% of unadjusted monthly income, the welfare rent, or minimum rent (less HUD mandatory deductions and exclusions). (If selected, skip to sub-component (2))

---or---

- The PHA employs discretionary policies for determining income based rent (If selected, continue to question b.)

b. Minimum Rent

1. What amount best reflects the PHA's minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
 \$1-\$25
 \$26-\$50

2. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies?

2. If yes to question 2, list these policies below:

Minimum Rent and Hardship Exemptions Procedure

c. Rents set at less than 30% of adjusted income

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to charge rents at a fixed amount or percentage less than 30% of adjusted income?

2. If yes to above, list the amounts or percentages charged and the circumstances under which these will be used below:

d. Which of the discretionary (optional) deductions and/or exclusions policies does the PHA plan to employ (select all that apply)

Note: Some of these deductions are no longer optional, but mandatory in accordance with Final Rule on Determining Adjusted Income in HUD Programs published January 19, 2001 and the Notice of Federally Mandated Exclusions from Income published on April 20, 2001. HRHA optional deductions listed as other.

For the earned income of a previously unemployed household member

For increases in earned income

Fixed amount (other than general rent-setting policy)

If yes, state amount/s and circumstances below:

Fixed percentage (other than general rent-setting policy)

If yes, state percentage/s and circumstances below:

For household heads

For other family members

For transportation expenses

For the non-reimbursed medical expenses of non-disabled or non-elderly families

Other (describe below)

(1) All earned income not available to meet family's needs due to court ordered wage deduction for child or spousal support will be excluded from earned income; and (2) earned income deducted for medical insurance premiums of working family members.

e. Ceiling rents

1. Do you have ceiling rents? (rents set at a level lower than 30% of adjusted income) (select one)

Yes for all developments

Yes but only for some developments

No

2. For which kinds of developments are ceiling rents in place? (select all that apply)

Not Applicable

For all developments

For all general occupancy developments (not elderly or disabled or elderly only)

For specified general occupancy developments

For certain parts of developments; e.g., the high-rise portion

For certain size units; e.g., larger bedroom sizes

Other (list below)

3. Select the space or spaces that best describe how you arrive at ceiling rents (select all that apply) **Not Applicable**

- Market comparability study
- Fair market rents (FMR)
- 95th percentile rents
- 75 percent of operating costs
- 100 percent of operating costs for general occupancy (family) developments
- Operating costs plus debt service
- The "rental value" of the unit
- Other (list below)

f. Rent re-determinations:

1. Between income reexaminations, how often must tenants report changes in income or family composition to the PHA such that the changes result in an adjustment to rent? (select all that apply)

- Never
- At family option
- Any time the family experiences an income increase
- Any time a family experiences an income increase above a threshold amount or percentage: (if selected, specify threshold) _____
- Other (list below)
Any change in family composition; any change in source of income; any change in family members receiving income

g. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to implement individual savings accounts for residents (ISAs) as an alternative to the required 12 month disallowance of earned income and phasing in of rent increases in the next year?

(2) Flat Rents

1. In setting the market-based flat rents, what sources of information did the PHA use to establish comparability? (select all that apply.)

- The section 8 rent reasonableness study of comparable housing
- Survey of rents listed in local newspaper
- Survey of similar unassisted units in the neighborhood
- Other (list/describe below)
Market comparability study

B. Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer Section 8 tenant-based assistance are not required to complete sub-component 4B. **Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).**

(1) Payment Standards

Describe the voucher payment standards and policies.

a. What is the PHA's payment standard? (select the category that best describes your standard)

- At or above 90% but below 100% of FMR
- 100% of FMR (see other below)
- Above 100% but at or below 110% of FMR
- Above 110% of FMR (if HUD approved; describe circumstances below)
- Other – payment standards range from 90% to 110% based on bedroom size**

b. If the payment standard is lower than FMR, why has the PHA selected this standard? (select all that apply) **Not Applicable**

- FMRs are adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- The PHA has chosen to serve additional families by lowering the payment standard
- Reflects market or submarket
- Other (list below)

c. If the payment standard is higher than FMR, why has the PHA chosen this level? (select all that apply) **Not Applicable**

- FMRs are not adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- Reflects market or submarket
- To increase housing options for families
- Other (list below)

d. How often are payment standards reevaluated for adequacy? (select one)

- Annually (see other below)
- Other (list below)

Payment standards are reevaluated as needed based on the success rate of voucher holders in the leasing process.

e. What factors will the PHA consider in its assessment of the adequacy of its payment standard? (select all that apply)

- Success rates of assisted families
- Rent burdens of assisted families
- Other (list below)

(2) Minimum Rent

a. What amount best reflects the PHA’s minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

b. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies? (if yes, list below)

5. Operations and Management

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (e)]

Exemptions from Component 5: High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this section. Section 8 only PHAs must complete parts A, B, and C(2)

A. PHA Management Structure

Describe the PHA’s management structure and organization.

(select one)

- An organization chart showing the PHA’s management structure and organization is attached.
- A brief description of the management structure and organization of the PHA follows:

B. HUD Programs Under PHA Management

List Federal programs administered by the PHA, number of families served at the beginning of the upcoming fiscal year, and expected turnover in each. (Use “NA” to indicate that the PHA does not operate any of the programs listed below.)

Program Name	Units or Families Served at Year Beginning	Expected Turnover
Public Housing	563	12
Section 8 Vouchers	1,370	228
Section 8 Certificates	247*	0
Section 8 Mod Rehab	0	0

Special Purpose Section 8 Certificates/Vouchers (list individually)	VASH – 25 Preservation – 121 Fairshare - 278	6
Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)		
1998 PHDEP*	1,198	N/A
EDSS – Elderly*	477	N/A
Other Federal Programs(list individually)		
Economic Development & Support Services (EDSS)	0	0
YouthBuild	0	0
Housing Counseling Grant	34	5

*No more Section 8 Certificates as of 11/2001.

*1998 PHDEP total represents participation in Reimbursement Law Enforcement – Foot Patrols (543); Voluntary Tenant Patrols (126); Drug Prevention (517); Drug Intervention (6); Drug Treatment (6).

*EDSS total represents participation in Needs Assessment (376); Health (29); Companion/Housekeeper (72).

C. Management and Maintenance Policies

List the PHA's public housing management and maintenance policy documents, manuals and handbooks that contain the Agency's rules, standards, and policies that govern maintenance and management of public housing, including a description of any measures necessary for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (which includes cockroach infestation) and the policies governing Section 8 management.

- (1) Public Housing Maintenance and Management: (list below)
 - **Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP)** contains policies/procedures governing the Public Housing Program;
 - **Public Housing Procedures Manual** contains policies/procedures related to maintenance and management of public housing. Policies included: Leasing; Transfers; Vacates; Evictions; Work Orders; Reexaminations; Minimum Rent/Hardship; Rent Charges; Collection/Court; Retroactive Rent; Terminations of Lease/Grievance; Notice of Changes; Rental Office Procedures; Locks/Keys; Pest Control; Annual Inspections; Vacancy Control; and Forms and Other Documents

(2) Section 8 Management: (list below)

- **Section 8 Administrative Plan** contains policies/procedures governing the Section 8 Voucher Program. Section 8 Certificate Program is no longer available. All certificates mandated to be converted to vouchers as of 9/30/01.

6. PHA Grievance Procedures

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (f)]

Exemptions from component 6: High performing PHAs are not required to complete component 6. Section 8-Only PHAs are exempt from sub-component 6A.

A. Public Housing

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established any written grievance procedures in addition to federal requirements found at 24 CFR Part 966, Subpart B, for residents of public housing?

If yes, list additions to federal requirements below:

2. Which PHA office should residents or applicants to public housing contact to initiate the PHA grievance process? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
 PHA development management offices
 Other (list below)

Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA

B. Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established informal review procedures for applicants to the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program and informal hearing procedures for families assisted by the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program in addition to federal requirements found at 24 CFR 982?

If yes, list additions to federal requirements below:

2. Which PHA office should applicants or assisted families contact to initiate the informal review and informal hearing processes? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
 Other (list below)

Assisted Housing Office, 1 South Armistead Avenue, Hampton, VA

7. Capital Improvement Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (g)]

Exemptions from Component 7: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this component and may skip to Component 8.

A. Capital Fund Activities

Exemptions from sub-component 7A: PHAs that will not participate in the Capital Fund Program may skip to component 7B. All other PHAs must complete 7A as instructed.

(1) Capital Fund Program Annual Statement

Using parts I, II, and III of the Annual Statement for the Capital Fund Program (CFP), identify capital activities the PHA is proposing for the upcoming year to ensure long-term physical and social viability of its public housing developments. This statement can be completed by using the CFP Annual Statement tables provided in the table library at the end of the PHA Plan template **OR**, at the PHA's option, by completing and attaching a properly updated HUD-52837.

Select one:

The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement is provided as an attachment to the PHA Plan at Attachment **(VA017c01)**

-or-

The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement is provided below: (if selected, copy the CFP Annual Statement from the Table Library and insert here)

(2) Optional 5-Year Action Plan.

Agencies are encouraged to include a 5-Year Action Plan covering capital work items. This statement can be completed by using the 5 Year Action Plan table provided in the table library at the end of the PHA Plan template **OR** by completing and attaching a properly updated HUD-52834.

In accordance with the PHA Plans Final Rule of 10/21/99 and Notice PIH 99-51 issued 12/14/99, this section is no longer optional. PHAs must submit a 5-Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund Program

a. Yes No: Is the PHA providing a 5-Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund? (if no, skip to sub-component 7B)

b. If yes to question a, select one:

The Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan is provided as an attachment to the PHA Plan at Attachment **(VA017d01)**

-or-

The Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan is provided below: (if selected, copy the CFP optional 5 Year Action Plan from the Table Library and insert here)

B. HOPE VI and Public Housing Development and Replacement Activities (Non-Capital Fund)

Applicability of sub-component 7B: All PHAs administering public housing. Identify any approved HOPE VI and/or public housing development or replacement activities not described in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement.

Yes No: a) Has the PHA received a HOPE VI revitalization grant? (if no, skip to question c; if yes, provide responses to question b for each grant, copying and completing as many times as necessary)

b) Status of HOPE VI revitalization grant (complete one set of questions for each grant)

1. Development name:

2. Development (project) number:

3. Status of grant: (select the statement that best describes the current status)

- Revitalization Plan under development
- Revitalization Plan submitted, pending approval
- Revitalization Plan approved
- Activities pursuant to an approved Revitalization Plan underway

Yes No: c) Does the PHA plan to apply for a HOPE VI Revitalization grant in the Plan year?
If yes, list development name/s below:

Yes No: d) Will the PHA be engaging in any mixed-finance development activities for public housing in the Plan year?
If yes, list developments or activities below:

Yes No: e) Will the PHA be conducting any other public housing development or replacement activities not discussed in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement?
If yes, list developments or activities below:

8. Demolition and Disposition

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (h)]

Applicability of component 8: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to conduct any demolition or disposition activities (pursuant to section 18 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437p)) in the plan Fiscal Year? (If “No”, skip to component 9; if “yes”, complete one activity description for each development.)

2. Activity Description

- Yes No: Has the PHA provided the activities description information in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? (If “yes”, skip to component 9. If “No”, complete the Activity Description table below.)

Demolition/Disposition Activity Description	
1a. Development name:	Pine Chapel Village
1b. Development (project) number:	VA36P017003
2. Activity type:	Demolition <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disposition <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *
3. Application status (select one)	Approved <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *
4. Date application approved , submitted, or planned for submission:	demo (15/09/95)
5. Number of units affected:	450
6. Coverage of action (select one)	<input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Total development
7. Timeline for activity:	a. Actual or projected start date of activity: July, 1996 b. Projected end date of activity: June 30, 2000 *Disposition (vacant land) – pending submission/approval of application to Special Applications Center

Demolition/Disposition Activity Description	
1a. Development name: Lincoln Park	
1b. Development (project) number: VA36P017002	
2. Activity type: Demolition <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disposition <input type="checkbox"/>	
3. Application status (select one) Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4. Date application approved, submitted, or planned for submission : <u>(October 1, 2001)</u>	
5. Number of units affected: 11	
6. Coverage of action (select one) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input type="checkbox"/> Total development	
7. Timeline for activity: *Pending approval of demolition application to Special Applications Center a. Actual or projected start date of activity: January 2002* b. Projected end date of activity: June 2002*	

9. Designation of Public Housing for Occupancy by Elderly Families or Families with Disabilities or Elderly Families and Families with Disabilities

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (i)]

Exemptions from Component 9; Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

1. Yes No: Has the PHA designated or applied for approval to designate or does the PHA plan to apply to designate any public housing for occupancy only by the elderly families or only by families with disabilities, or by elderly families and families with disabilities or will apply for designation for occupancy by only elderly families or only families with disabilities, or by elderly families and families with disabilities as provided by section 7 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437e) in the upcoming fiscal year? (If “No”, skip to component 10. If “yes”, complete one activity description for each development, unless the PHA is eligible to complete a streamlined submission; PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 10.)
2. Activity Description
 Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? If “yes”, skip to component 10. If “No”, complete the Activity Description table below.

Designation of Public Housing Activity Description	
1a. Development name: Langley Village	
1b. Development (project) number: VA36P017004	
2. Designation type:	Occupancy by only the elderly <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupancy by families with disabilities <input type="checkbox"/> Occupancy by only elderly families and families with disabilities <input type="checkbox"/>
3. Application status (select one)	Approved; included in the PHA's Designation Plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application <input type="checkbox"/>
4. Date this designation approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (21/08/99)	
5. If approved, will this designation constitute a (select one)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Designation Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Revision of a previously-approved Designation Plan?
6. Number of units affected: 146	
7. Coverage of action (select one)	<input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Total development

10. Conversion of Public Housing to Tenant-Based Assistance

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (j)]

Exemptions from Component 10; Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

A. Assessments of Reasonable Revitalization Pursuant to section 202 of the HUD FY 1996 HUD Appropriations Act

1. Yes No: Have any of the PHA's developments or portions of developments been identified by HUD or the PHA as covered under section 202 of the HUD FY 1996 HUD Appropriations Act? (If "No", skip to component 11; if "yes", complete one activity description for each identified development, unless eligible to complete a streamlined submission. PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 11.)

2. Activity Description - Not Applicable

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? If "yes", skip to component 11. If "No", complete the Activity Description table below.

Conversion of Public Housing Activity Description
1a. Development name: 1b. Development (project) number:
2. What is the status of the required assessment? <input type="checkbox"/> Assessment underway <input type="checkbox"/> Assessment results submitted to HUD <input type="checkbox"/> Assessment results approved by HUD (if marked, proceed to next question) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain below)
3. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No: Is a Conversion Plan required? (If yes, go to block 4; if no, go to block 5.)
4. Status of Conversion Plan (select the statement that best describes the current status) <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion Plan in development <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion Plan submitted to HUD on: (DD/MM/YYYY) <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion Plan approved by HUD on: (DD/MM/YYYY) <input type="checkbox"/> Activities pursuant to HUD-approved Conversion Plan underway
5. Description of how requirements of Section 202 are being satisfied by means other than conversion (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Units addressed in a pending or approved demolition application (date submitted or approved: <input type="checkbox"/> Units addressed in a pending or approved HOPE VI demolition application (date submitted or approved:) <input type="checkbox"/> Units addressed in a pending or approved HOPE VI Revitalization Plan (date submitted or approved:) <input type="checkbox"/> Requirements no longer applicable: vacancy rates are less than 10 percent <input type="checkbox"/> Requirements no longer applicable: site now has less than 300 units <input type="checkbox"/> Other: (describe below)

B. Reserved for Conversions pursuant to Section 22 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

The Housing Authority has completed the initial assessment of its Public Housing developments required by the Final Rule published in the Federal Register on June 22, 2001. The results of the assessment indicate that it is not financially advantageous for HRHA to consider conversion to tenant-based assistance. See Attachment VA017n01 per PIH Notice 2001-26 issued 8/2/01.

C. Reserved for Conversions pursuant to Section 33 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

11. Homeownership Programs Administered by the PHA

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (k)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions from Component 11A: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete 11A.

1. Yes No: Does the PHA administer any homeownership programs administered by the PHA under an approved section 5(h) homeownership program (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h)), or an approved HOPE I program (42 U.S.C. 1437aaa) or has the PHA applied or plan to apply to administer any homeownership programs under section 5(h), the HOPE I program, or section 32 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437z-4). (If “No”, skip to component 11B; if “yes”, complete one activity description for each applicable program/plan, unless eligible to complete a streamlined submission due to **small PHA** or **high performing PHA** status. PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 11B.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? (If “yes”, skip to component 12. If “No”, complete the Activity Description table below.)

Public Housing Homeownership Program #1

Public Housing Homeownership Activity Description (Complete one for each development affected)	
1a. Development name:	Batten’s Hope
1b. Development (project) number:	VA36P017012
2. Federal Program authority:	<input type="checkbox"/> HOPE I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5(h) <input type="checkbox"/> Turnkey III <input type="checkbox"/> Section 32 of the USHA of 1937 (effective 10/1/99)
3. Application status: (select one)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approved; included in the PHA’s Homeownership Plan/Program <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application
4. Date Homeownership Plan/Program approved, submitted, or planned for submission:	(05/03/1993)
5. Number of units affected:	20 initially*
6. Coverage of action: (select one)	<input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Total development * 9 units sold

Public Housing Homeownership Program #2

Public Housing Homeownership Activity Description (Complete one for each development affected)	
1a. Development name: Butler's Way	
1b. Development (project) number: VA36P017016	
2. Federal Program authority:	<input type="checkbox"/> HOPE I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5(h) <input type="checkbox"/> Turnkey III <input type="checkbox"/> Section 32 of the USHA of 1937 (effective 10/1/99)
3. Application status: (select one)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approved; included in the PHA's Homeownership Plan/Program <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application
4. Date Homeownership Plan/Program approved, submitted, or planned for submission:	(12/02/1996)
5. Number of units affected: 20 initially*	
6. Coverage of action: (select one)	<input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Total development *2 units acquired; 1 newly constructed; 3 units sold

B. Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to administer a Section 8 Homeownership program pursuant to Section 8(y) of the U.S.H.A. of 1937, as implemented by 24 CFR part 982 ? (If "No", skip to component 12; if "yes", describe each program using the table below (copy and complete questions for each program identified), unless the PHA is eligible to complete a streamlined submission due to high performer status. **High performing PHAs** may skip to component 12.)

2. Program Description: **Not Applicable**

a. Size of Program

Yes No: Will the PHA limit the number of families participating in the section 8 homeownership option?

If the answer to the question above was yes, which statement best describes the number of participants? (select one)

- 25 or fewer participants
- 26 - 50 participants
- 51 to 100 participants
- more than 100 participants

b. PHA-established eligibility criteria **Not Applicable**

Yes No: Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participation in its Section 8 Homeownership Option program in addition to HUD criteria?

If yes, list criteria below:

12. PHA Community Service and Self-sufficiency Programs

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (l)]

Exemptions from Component 12: High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this component. Section 8-Only PHAs are not required to complete sub-component C.

A. PHA Coordination with the Welfare (TANF) Agency

1. Cooperative agreements:

Yes No: Has the PHA entered into a cooperative agreement with the TANF Agency, to share information and/or target supportive services (as contemplated by section 12(d)(7) of the Housing Act of 1937)?

If yes, what was the date that agreement was signed?

EDSS 12/08/97 and ROSS 21/12/99

2. Other coordination efforts between the PHA and TANF agency (select all that apply)

- Client referrals
- Information sharing regarding mutual clients (for rent determinations and otherwise)
- Coordinate the provision of specific social and self-sufficiency services and programs to eligible families (**childcare & transportation as necessary**)
- Jointly administer programs
- Partner to administer a HUD Welfare-to-Work voucher program
- Joint administration of other demonstration program
- Other (describe)

B. Services and programs offered to residents and participants

(1) General

a. Self-Sufficiency Policies

Which, if any of the following discretionary policies will the PHA employ to enhance the economic and social self-sufficiency of assisted families in the following areas? (select all that apply)

- Public housing rent determination policies
- Public housing admissions policies
- Section 8 admissions policies
- Preference in admission to section 8 for certain public housing families

- Preferences for families working or engaging in training or education programs for non-housing programs operated or coordinated by the PHA
- Preference/eligibility for public housing homeownership option participation
- Preference/eligibility for section 8 homeownership option participation
- Other policies (list below)

b. Economic and Social self-sufficiency programs

- Yes No: Does the PHA coordinate, promote or provide any programs to enhance the economic and social self-sufficiency of residents? (If “yes”, complete the following table; if “no” skip to sub-component 2, Family Self Sufficiency Programs. The position of the table may be altered to facilitate its use.)

Services and Programs				
Program Name & Description (including location, if appropriate)	Estimated Size	Allocation Method (waiting list/random selection/specific criteria/other)	Access (development office / PHA main office / other provider name)	Eligibility (public housing or section 8 participants or both)
Family Self-Sufficiency	130	Random	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Americorp – Construction	46	Waiting List	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Americorp – Education	34	Waiting List	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Nurses Aide Training Program	12	Specific List	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Drivers Education	40	Waiting List	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Computer Skills Training	39	Waiting List	1296 Thomas Street	Both
External Diploma Program	2	Panel Selection	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Job Readiness Training	200	Waiting List	1296 Thomas Street	Both
Entrepreneurship Training	2	Waiting List	1296 Thomas Street	Both

(2) Family Self Sufficiency program/s

a. Participation Description

Family Self Sufficiency (FSS) Participation		
Program	Required Number of Participants (start of FY 2002 estimate)	Actual Number of Participants (As of: 6/30/01)
Public Housing	20	55
Section 8	92	75

- b. Yes No: If the PHA is not maintaining the minimum program size required by HUD, does the most recent FSS Action Plan address the steps

the PHA plans to take to achieve at least the minimum program size?

If no, list steps the PHA will take below: *We have increased our efforts to locate, identify, and enroll additional Section 8 participants in our FSS program to reach our minimum program size of 92 participants. We will continue to make every effort to maintain our current program size however, Section 8 housing opportunities may be reduced due to normal attrition.*

C. Welfare Benefit Reductions

1. The PHA is complying with the statutory requirements of section 12(d) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (relating to the treatment of income changes resulting from welfare program requirements) by: (select all that apply)

- Adopting appropriate changes to the PHA's public housing rent determination policies and train staff to carry out those policies
- Informing residents of new policy on admission and reexamination
- Actively notifying residents of new policy at times in addition to admission and reexamination.
- Establishing or pursuing a cooperative agreement with all appropriate TANF agencies regarding the exchange of information and coordination of services
- Establishing a protocol for exchange of information with all appropriate TANF agencies
- Other: (list below)

D. Reserved for Community Service Requirement pursuant to section 12(c) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

See Attachment (VA017g01)

13. PHA Safety and Crime Prevention Measures – A, B, C Not Applicable,

See sub-component D

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (m)]

Exemptions from Component 13: High performing and small PHAs not participating in PHDEP and Section 8 Only PHAs may skip to component 15. High Performing and small PHAs that are participating in PHDEP and are submitting a PHDEP Plan with this PHA Plan may skip to sub-component D.

A. Need for measures to ensure the safety of public housing residents

1. Describe the need for measures to ensure the safety of public housing residents (select all that apply)

- High incidence of violent and/or drug-related crime in some or all of the PHA's developments

- High incidence of violent and/or drug-related crime in the areas surrounding or adjacent to the PHA's developments
- Residents fearful for their safety and/or the safety of their children
- Observed lower-level crime, vandalism and/or graffiti
- People on waiting list unwilling to move into one or more developments due to perceived and/or actual levels of violent and/or drug-related crime
- Other (describe below)

2. What information or data did the PHA used to determine the need for PHA actions to improve safety of residents (select all that apply).

- Safety and security survey of residents
- Analysis of crime statistics over time for crimes committed “in and around” public housing authority
- Analysis of cost trends over time for repair of vandalism and removal of graffiti
- Resident reports
- PHA employee reports
- Police reports
- Demonstrable, quantifiable success with previous or ongoing anticrime/anti drug programs
- Other (describe below)

3. Which developments are most affected? (list below)

B. Crime and Drug Prevention activities the PHA has undertaken or plans to undertake in the next PHA fiscal year

1. List the crime prevention activities the PHA has undertaken or plans to undertake: (select all that apply)

- Contracting with outside and/or resident organizations for the provision of crime-and/or drug-prevention activities
- Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
- Activities targeted to at-risk youth, adults, or seniors
- Volunteer Resident Patrol/Block Watchers Program
- Other (describe below)

2. Which developments are most affected? (list below)

C. Coordination between PHA and the police

1. Describe the coordination between the PHA and the appropriate police precincts for carrying out crime prevention measures and activities: (select all that apply)

- Police involvement in development, implementation, and/or ongoing evaluation of drug-elimination plan
 - Police provide crime data to housing authority staff for analysis and action
 - Police have established a physical presence on housing authority property (e.g., community policing office, officer in residence)
 - Police regularly testify in and otherwise support eviction cases
 - Police regularly meet with the PHA management and residents
 - Agreement between PHA and local law enforcement agency for provision of above-baseline law enforcement services
 - Other activities (list below)
2. Which developments are most affected? (list below)

D. Additional information as required by PHDEP/PHDEP Plan

PHAs eligible for **FY 2002** PHDEP funds must provide a PHDEP Plan meeting specified requirements prior to receipt of PHDEP funds.

- Yes No: Is the PHA eligible to participate in the PHDEP in the fiscal year covered by this PHA Plan?
- Yes No: Has the PHA included the PHDEP Plan for FY 2001 in this PHA Plan?
- Yes No: This PHDEP Plan is an Attachment. (Attachment Filename: **VA017e01**)

14. RESERVED FOR PET POLICY

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (n)]

See Attachment (VA017h01)

15. Civil Rights Certifications

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (o)]

(Original hard copies of the required certifications are submitted to the HUD Office with the PHA Plan. Copies are included in supporting documents)

Civil rights certifications are included in the PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations.

16. Fiscal Audit

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (p)]

- 1. Yes No: Is the PHA required to have an audit conducted under section 5(h)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h))?
(If no, skip to component 17.)
- 2. Yes No: Was the most recent fiscal audit submitted to HUD?
- 3. Yes No: Were there any findings as the result of that audit?

4. Yes No: If there were any findings, do any remain unresolved? **N/A**
If yes, how many unresolved findings remain?
5. Yes No: Have responses to any unresolved findings been submitted to HUD?
If not, when are they due (state below)? **N/A**

17. PHA Asset Management

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (q)]

Exemptions from component 17: Section 8 Only PHAs are not required to complete this component. High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this component.

1. Yes No: Is the PHA engaging in any activities that will contribute to the long-term asset management of its public housing stock , including how the Agency will plan for long-term operating, capital investment, rehabilitation, modernization, disposition, and other needs that have **not** been addressed elsewhere in this PHA Plan?
2. What types of asset management activities will the PHA undertake? (select all that apply)
- Not applicable
- Private management
- Development-based accounting
- Comprehensive stock assessment
- Other: (list below)
3. Yes No: Has the PHA included descriptions of asset management activities in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table?

18. Other Information

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (r)]

A. Resident Advisory Board Recommendations

1. Yes No: Did the PHA receive any comments on the PHA Plan from the Resident Advisory Board/s?
2. If yes, the comments are: (if comments were received, the PHA **MUST** select one)
- Attached at Attachment
- Provided below:
3. In what manner did the PHA address those comments? (select all that apply)
- Considered comments, but determined that no changes to the PHA Plan were necessary.
- The PHA changed portions of the PHA Plan in response to comments

List changes below:

Other: (list below)

See Attachment (VA017k01) for a description of the resident/public review process. In addition, copies of notices, advertisements and notes from the Resident Advisory Board meetings are on file as supporting documentation.

B. Description of Election process for Residents on the PHA Board

1. Yes No: Does the PHA meet the exemption criteria provided section 2(b)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937? (If no, continue to question 2; if yes, skip to sub-component C.)

2. Yes No: Was the resident who serves on the PHA Board elected by the residents? (If yes, continue to question 3; if no, skip to sub-component C.)

Note: In accordance with PIH Notice 2000-43 issued 9/18/00, the Authority has included the statement "Resident Membership of the PHA Governing Board" as a required attachment, see VA017i01).

3. Description of Resident Election Process - **Not Applicable**

a. Nomination of candidates for place on the ballot: (select all that apply)

- Candidates were nominated by resident and assisted family organizations
- Candidates could be nominated by any adult recipient of PHA assistance

Self-nomination: Candidates registered with the PHA and requested a place on ballot

Other: (describe)

b. Eligible candidates: (select one)

- Any recipient of PHA assistance
- Any head of household receiving PHA assistance
- Any adult recipient of PHA assistance
- Any adult member of a resident or assisted family organization
- Other (list)

c. Eligible voters: (select all that apply)

- All adult recipients of PHA assistance (public housing and section 8 tenant-based assistance)
- Representatives of all PHA resident and assisted family organizations
- Other (list)

C. Statement of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

For each applicable Consolidated Plan, make the following statement (copy questions as many times as necessary).

1. Consolidated Plan jurisdiction: **City of Hampton, Virginia**
2. The PHA has taken the following steps to ensure consistency of this PHA Plan with the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction: (select all that apply)
 - The PHA has based its statement of needs of families in the jurisdiction on the needs expressed in the Consolidated Plan/s.
 - The PHA has participated in any consultation process organized and offered by the Consolidated Plan agency in the development of the Consolidated Plan.
 - The PHA has consulted with the Consolidated Plan agency during the development of this PHA Plan.
 - Activities to be undertaken by the PHA in the coming year are consistent with the initiatives contained in the Consolidated Plan. (list below)
See PHA Goals and Objectives listed in the 5 Year Plan
 - Other: (list below)
3. The Consolidated Plan of the jurisdiction supports the PHA Plan with the following actions and commitments: (describe below)

The City of Hampton and the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority will continue our efforts to affirmatively further fair housing, address housing needs; seek appropriate resources to maintain and preserve Hampton's existing housing stock; revitalize our neighborhoods; promote and support family self-sufficiency and homeownership efforts.

D. Other Information Required by HUD

Use this section to provide any additional information requested by HUD.

Elements Sent In Hard Copy to Local HUD Office:

- (1) **Organizational Chart for Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority**
- (2) **Form HUD-50070 Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace (Capital Fund and PHDEP)**
- (3) **Form HUD-50071 Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (Capital Fund and PHDEP)**
- (4) **Standard Form-LLL Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (Capital Fund and PHDEP)**
- (5) **PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations**
- (6) **State/Local Government Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan**

Attachments

Use this section to provide any additional attachments referenced in the Plans.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

Chapter 4

TENANT SELECTION AND ASSIGNMENT PLAN

Includes Preferences and Managing the Waiting List

Income Targeting and Deconcentration of Poverty

[24 CFR 960.204]

INTRODUCTION

It is the PHA's policy that each applicant shall be assigned an appropriate place on a jurisdiction-wide waiting list. Applicants will be listed in sequence based upon date and time the application is received, the size and type of unit they require, and factors of preference or priority. In filling an actual or expected vacancy, the PHA will offer the dwelling unit to an applicant in the appropriate sequence, with the goal of accomplishing deconcentration of poverty and income-mixing objectives. The PHA will offer the unit until it is accepted. This Chapter describes the PHA's policies with regard to the number of unit offers that will be made to applicants selected from the waiting list.

PHA's Objectives

PHA policies will be followed consistently and will affirmatively further HUD's fair housing goals.

It is the PHA's objective to ensure that families are placed in the proper order on the waiting list so that the offer of a unit is not delayed to any family unnecessarily or made to any family prematurely. This chapter explains the policies for the management of the waiting list.

When appropriate units are available, families will be selected from the waiting list in their preference-determined sequence.

By maintaining an accurate waiting list, the PHA will be able to perform the activities which ensure that an adequate pool of qualified applicants will be available to fill unit vacancies in a timely manner. Based on the PHA's turnover and the availability of appropriate sized units, groups of families will be selected from the waiting list to form a final eligibility "pool." Selection from the pool will be based on completion of verification.

A. MANAGEMENT OF THE WAITING LIST

The PHA will administer its waiting list as required by 24 CFR Part 5,, Part 945 and 960 Subparts A and B. The waiting list will be maintained in accordance with the following guidelines:

The application will be a permanent file.

All applicants in the pool will be maintained in order of preference and in order of date and time of application receipt.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

All applicants must meet applicable income eligibility requirements as established by HUD.

Opening and Closing the Waiting Lists

The PHA, at its discretion, may restrict application intake, suspend application intake, and close waiting lists in whole or in part.

The decision to close the waiting list will be based on the number of applications available for a particular size and type of unit, and the ability of the PHA to house an applicant in an appropriate unit within a reasonable period of time.

When the PHA opens the waiting list, the PHA will advertise through public notice in the local newspapers, minority publications and local service providers.

The notice will contain:

The dates, times, and the locations where families may apply.

The programs for which applications will be taken.

A brief description of the program.

A statement that Section 8 participants must submit a separate application if they want to apply for Public Housing.

Limitations, if any, on who may apply.

The notices will be made in an accessible format if requested. They will provide potential applicants with information that includes the PHA address and telephone number, how to submit an application, information on eligibility requirements and the availability of local preferences.

Upon request from a person with a disability, additional time will be given as an accommodation for submission of an application after the closing deadline. This accommodation is to allow persons with disabilities the opportunity to submit an application in cases when a social service organization provides inaccurate or untimely information about the closing date.

When Application Taking is Suspended

The PHA may suspend the acceptance of applications if there are enough to fill anticipated openings for the next 12 months. The waiting list may not be closed if it would have a discriminatory effect inconsistent with applicable civil rights laws.

During the period when the waiting list is closed, the PHA will not maintain a list of individuals who wish to be notified when the waiting list is open.

Suspension of application taking is announced in the same way as opening the waiting list.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

The open period shall be long enough to achieve a waiting list adequate to cover projected turnover over the next 12 months. The PHA will give at least three days notice prior to closing the list. When the period for accepting applications is over, the PHA will add the new applicants to the list by unit size, local preferences priority and by date and time of application receipt.

The PHA will update the waiting list at least annually by removing the names of those families who are no longer interested, no longer qualify for housing, or cannot be reached by mail or telephone. At the time of initial intake, the PHA will advise families of their responsibility to notify the PHA when mailing address or telephone numbers change.

Reopening the List

If the waiting list is closed and the PHA decides to open the waiting list, the PHA will publicly announce the opening.

Any reopening of the list is done in accordance with the HUD requirements.

Limits on Who May Apply

When the waiting list is open, any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Public Housing rental assistance will be given the opportunity to complete an application.

When the application is submitted to the PHA, it establishes the family's date and time of application for placement order on the waiting list.

Multiple Families in Same Household

When families apply that consist of two families living together, (such as a mother and father, and a daughter with her own husband or children), if they apply as a family unit, they will be treated as a family unit.

B. WAITING LIST PREFERENCES

A preference does not guarantee admission to the program. Preferences are used to establish the order of placement on the waiting list. Every applicant must meet the PHA's Selection Criteria as defined in this policy.

The PHA's preference system will work in combination with requirements to match the characteristics for the family to the type of unit available, including units with targeted populations, and further deconcentration of poverty in public housing. When such matching is required or permitted by current law, the PHA will give preference to qualified families.

Families who reach the top of the waiting list will be contacted by the PHA to verify their preference and, if verified, the PHA will complete a full application for occupancy. Applicants must complete the application for occupancy and continue through the application processing and may not retain their place on the waiting list if they refuse to complete their processing when contacted by the PHA.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

Among applicants with equal preference status, the waiting list will be organized by date and time.

Local Preferences

Local preferences will be used to select among applicants on the waiting list.

The PHA uses the following Local Preferences:

Working preference (24 CFR 960.206(b) (2): for families where the head, spouse or sole member is employed. This preference is extended equally to an applicant whose head or spouse are age 62 or older who or meet the HUD/Social Security definition of disability.

Treatment of Single Applicants

Single applicants will be treated as any other eligible family on the PHA waiting list.

C. FACTORS OTHER THAN PREFERENCES THAT AFFECT SELECTION OF APPLICANTS

Before applying its preference system, the PHA will first match the characteristics of the available unit to the applicants available on the waiting lists. Factors such as unit size, accessible features, deconcentration or income mixing, income targeting, or units in housing designated for the elderly limit the admission of families to those characteristics that match the characteristics and features of the vacant unit available.

By matching unit and family characteristics, it is possible that families who are lower on the waiting list may receive an offer of housing ahead of families with an earlier date and time of application.

The PHA's Deconcentration Policy, as described in the PHA Plan, may include skipping of families on the waiting list in order to bring families above the established income range into developments below the established income range, and to bring families below the established income range into developments above the established income range.

D. INCOME TARGETING

The PHA will monitor its admissions to ensure that at least 40 percent of families admitted to public housing in each fiscal year shall have incomes that do not exceed 30% of area median income of the PHA s jurisdiction.

Hereafter families whose incomes do not exceed 30% of area median income will be referred to as "extremely low income families."

The PHA shall have the discretion, at least annually, to exercise the fungibility provision of the QHWRA by admitting less than 40 percent of extremely low income families to public housing in a fiscal year, to the extent that admissions of extremely low families to the PHA s voucher program during a PHA fiscal year exceeds the 75 percent minimum targeting requirement for the PHA s

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

Section 8 Voucher Program. This fungibility provision discretion by the PHA is also reflected in the PHA s Administrative Plan.

The fungibility credits will be used to drop the annual requirement below 40 percent of admissions to public housing for extremely low income families by the lowest of the following amounts:

The number of units equal to 10 percent of the number of newly available vouchers in the fiscal year; or

The number of public housing units that 1) are in public housing projects located in census tracts having a poverty rate of 30% or more, and 2) are made available for occupancy by and actually occupied in that year by, families other than extremely low-income families.

The Fungibility Floor: Regardless of the above two amounts, in a fiscal year, at least 30% of the PHA s admissions to public housing will be to extremely low-income families. The fungibility floor is the number of units that cause the PHA s overall requirement for housing extremely low-income families to drop to 30% of its newly available units.

Fungibility shall only be utilized if the PHA is anticipated to fall short of its 40% goal for new admissions to public housing.

Very Low-Income and Low Income Family Admissions

Once the PHA has met the 40% targeted income requirement for new admissions of extremely low-income families, the PHA will fill the remainder of its new admission units with families whose incomes do not exceed 80% of the HUD approved area median income.

E. UNITS DESIGNATED FOR THE ELDERLY

In accordance with the 1992 Housing Act, elderly families with a head, spouse or sole member at least 62 years of age will receive a preference for admission to such units or buildings covered by a HUD-approved Allocation Plan. The PHA will take the following action when processing families for developments designated for the elderly:

When there are insufficient elderly families who wish to reside in a development, near-elderly families (head or spouse ages 50-61) receive a preference for this type of unit.

Families with members who require a unit with accessible features will receive preference for such units over families who do not require such features.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

F. MIXED (Elderly/Disabled) POPULATION DEVELOPMENTS

A mixed (*Elderly/Disabled*) population project is a public housing project, or portion of a project that was reserved for elderly families and disabled families at its inception (and has retained that character).

In accordance with the 1992 Housing Act, elderly families whose head spouse or sole member is at least 62 years of age, and disabled families whose head, co-head or spouse or sole member is a person with disabilities, will receive equal preference and have first priority to such units.

Families with members who require a unit with accessible or special features will receive preference for such units over families who do not require such features. (See C.)

No limit will be established on the number of elderly or disabled families that may occupy a mixed population property. All other PHA preferences will be applied.

The PHA will treat all single applicants who are not elderly or disabled as they would any other family for admission purposes.

G. GENERAL OCCUPANCY (FAMILY) UNITS

General occupancy units are designed to house all populations of eligible families. In accordance with the PHA's occupancy standards, eligible families not needing units designed with accessible or special features or units designed for special populations will be admitted to the PHA's general occupancy units.

The PHA will use its local preference system as stated in this chapter for admission of eligible families to its general occupancy units.

The PHA will treat all single applicants who are not elderly or disabled as they would any other family for admission purposes.

Units with Accessible Features

Families with members who require a unit with accessible or special features will receive preference for such units over families who do not require such features. (See C.)

H. DECONCENTRATION OF POVERTY AND INCOME-MIXING

The PHA's admission policy is designed to provide for deconcentration of poverty and income-mixing by bringing higher income tenants into lower income projects and lower income tenants into higher income projects.

Nothing in the deconcentration policy relieves the PHA of the obligation to meet the income targeting requirements.

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Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

Gross annual income is used for income limits at admission and for income-mixing purposes.

Deconcentration and Income-Mixing Goals

The PHA's deconcentration and income-mixing goal, in conjunction with the requirement to target at least 40 percent of new admissions to public housing in each fiscal year to "extremely low-income families", will be to admit families above the PHA's Established Income Range (EIR) to developments below the EIR, and families below the PHA's EIR to developments above the EIR.

If a unit becomes available at a lower income development, and there is no higher income family on the waiting list or no higher income family accepts the offer, then the unit will be offered to the next family regardless of income.

If a unit becomes available at a higher income development, and there is no lower income family on the waiting list or no lower income family accepts the offer, then the unit will be offered to the next family regardless of income.

Deconcentration Applicability

The PHA has covered developments (general occupancy, family developments) subject to the deconcentration requirement. These covered developments are described in the PHA Plan.

Project Designation Methodology

Annually, the PHA will determine on an annual basis the average income of all families residing in general occupancy developments.

The PHA will then determine the average income of all families residing in each general occupancy development.

The PHA will then determine whether each general occupancy development falls above, within or below the Established Income Range (EIR).

The EIR is 85 percent to 115 percent (inclusive of 85 percent and 115 percent) of the PHA-wide average income for general occupancy developments.

The PHA will then determine whether or not developments outside the EIR are consistent with local goals and strategies in the PHA Plan.

The PHA may explain or justify the income profile for these developments as being consistent with and furthering two sets of goals:

1. Goals of deconcentration of poverty and income mixing (bringing higher income families into lower income developments and vice versa); and
2. Local goals and strategies contained in the PHA Plan.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

Deconcentration Policy

If, at annual review, there are found to be development(s) with average income above or below the EIR, and where the income profile for a general occupancy development above or below the EIR is not explained or justified in the PHA Plan, the PHA shall list these covered developments in the PHA Annual Plan.

The PHA shall adhere to the following policies for deconcentration of poverty and income mixing in applicable developments:

If a unit becomes available at a development below the EIR, the first eligible family on the waiting list with income above the EIR will be offered the unit. If that family refuses the unit, the next eligible family on the waiting list with income above the EIR will be offered the unit. The process will continue in this order. For the available unit at the development below the EIR, if there is no family on the waiting list with income above the EIR, or no family with income above the EIR accepts the offer, then the unit will be offered to the first eligible family on the waiting list in preference order regardless of income.

If a unit becomes available at a development above the EIR, the first eligible family on the waiting list with income below the EIR will be offered the unit. If that family refuses the unit, the next eligible family on the waiting list with income below the EIR will be offered the unit. The process will continue in this order. For the available unit at the development above the EIR, if there is no family on the waiting list with income below the EIR, or no family with income below the EIR accepts the offer, then the unit will be offered to the first eligible family on the waiting list in preference order regardless of income.

Skipping of families for deconcentration purposes will be applied uniformly to all families.

A family has the sole discretion whether to accept an offer of a unit made under the PHA's deconcentration policy. The PHA shall not take any adverse action toward any eligible family for choosing not to accept an offer of a unit under the PHA's deconcentration policy. However, the PHA shall uniformly limit the number of offers received by applicants, described in this Chapter.

Deconcentration Compliance

If, at annual review, the average incomes at all general occupancy developments are within the Established Income Range, the PHA will be considered to be in compliance with the deconcentration requirement.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

I. PROMOTION OF INTEGRATION

Beyond the basic requirement of nondiscrimination, PHA shall affirmatively further fair housing to reduce racial and national origin concentrations.

The PHA shall not require any specific income or racial quotas for any development or developments.

A PHA shall not assign persons to a particular section of a community or to a development or building based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin for purposes of segregating populations.

J. VERIFICATION OF PREFERENCE QUALIFICATION

The family may be placed on the waiting list upon their certification that they qualify for a preference. When the family is selected from the waiting list for the final determination of eligibility, the preference will be verified.

If the preference verification indicates that an applicant does not qualify for the preference, the applicant will be returned to the waiting list and ranked without the Local Preference and given an opportunity for a review.

Change in Circumstances

Changes in an applicant's circumstances while on the waiting list may affect the family's entitlement to a preference. Applicants are required to notify the PHA in writing when their circumstances change.

K. PREFERENCE DENIAL

If the PHA denies a preference, the PHA will notify the applicant in writing of the reasons why the preference was denied and offer the applicant an opportunity for an informal review. If the preference denial is upheld as a result of the meeting, or the applicant does not request a meeting, the applicant will be placed on the waiting list without benefit of the preference. Applicants may exercise other rights if they believe they have been discriminated against.

If the applicant falsifies documents or makes false statements in order to qualify for any preference, they will be removed from the waiting list with notification to the family.

L. OFFER OF PLACEMENT ON THE SECTION 8 WAITING LIST

The PHA will not merge the waiting lists for public housing and Section 8. Applicants interested in both programs must submit separate applications for each program.

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Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

M. REMOVAL FROM WAITING LIST AND PURGING

The waiting list will be purged at least once a year by a mailing to all applicants to ensure that the waiting list is current and accurate. The mailing will ask for current information and confirmation of continued interest.

If an applicant fails to respond to a mailing from the PHA, the applicant will be sent written notification and given 10 days to contact the PHA. If they fail to respond within 10 days, they will be removed from the waiting list.

If a letter is returned by the Post Office without a forwarding address, the applicant will be removed without further notice, and the envelope and letter will be maintained in the file. If a letter is returned with a forwarding address, it will be re-mailed to the address indicated.

If an applicant is removed from the waiting list for failure to respond, they will not be entitled to reinstatement unless a person with a disability requests a reasonable accommodation for being unable to reply with the proscribed period.

The PHA allows a grace period of 30 days after completion of the purge. Applicants who respond during this grace period will be reinstated.

N. OFFER OF ACCESSIBLE UNITS

The PHA has units designed for persons with mobility, sight and hearing impairments, referred to as accessible units.

No non-mobility impaired families will be offered these units until all eligible mobility-impaired applicants have been considered.

Before offering a vacant accessible unit to a non-disabled applicant, the PHA will offer such units:

First, to a current occupant of another unit of the same development, or other public housing developments under the PHA's control, who has a disability that requires the special features of the vacant unit.

Second, to an eligible qualified applicant on the waiting list having a disability that requires the special features of the vacant unit.

When offering an accessible/adaptable unit to a non-disabled applicant, the PHA will require the applicant to agree to move to an available non-accessible unit within 30 days when either a current resident or an applicant needs the features of the unit and there is another unit available for the applicant. This requirement will be a provision of the lease agreement.

See "Leasing" chapter.

ATTACHMENT VA017a01

Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

O. PLAN FOR UNIT OFFERS

The PHA plan for selection of applicants and assignment of dwelling units to assure equal opportunity and non-discrimination on grounds of race, color, sex, religion, or national origin is:

The PHA will determine how many locations within its jurisdiction have available units of suitable size and type in the appropriate type of project. This plan is based on the distribution of vacancies.

If more than one unit of the appropriate type and size is available, the first unit to be offered will be the first unit that is ready for occupancy.

General and Mixed Occupancy locations: The applicant will be offered a suitable unit. If the offer is rejected, the applicant will be offered the next suitable unit that becomes available, whether it is at the same location as the first offer or at another location.

Elderly Designated Occupancy location: The applicant will be offered a suitable unit in that location. If the offer is rejected, the applicant will be offered the next suitable unit that becomes available, whether it is at the same location as the first offer or at another location. The PHA will maintain a record of units offered, including location, date and circumstances of each offer, each acceptance or rejection, including the reason for the rejection.

P. CHANGES PRIOR TO UNIT OFFER

Changes in family composition, status, or income that occur during the period between the time of the interview and an offer of a suitable unit may affect the family's eligibility or Total Tenant Payment. The family will be notified in writing of changes in their eligibility or level of benefits and offered their right to an informal hearing when applicable (See Chapter on Complaints, Grievances, and Appeals)

Applicants With a Change in Family Size or Status

Changes in family composition, status, or income between the time of the interview and the offer of a unit will be processed.

The family will take the appropriate place on the waiting list according to the date they interviewed

Q. TIME-LIMIT FOR ACCEPTANCE OF UNIT

Applicants must accept a unit offer within seven working days of the date the offer is made. Offers made over the telephone will be confirmed by letter. If unable to contact an applicant by telephone, the PHA will send a letter.

Applicants Unable to Take Occupancy

If an applicant is willing to accept the unit offered, but is unable to take occupancy at the time of the offer for "*good cause*," the applicant will not be removed from the waiting list.

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Admissions Policy for Deconcentration – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

Examples of "good cause" reasons for the refusal to take occupancy of a housing unit include, but are not limited to:

An elderly or disabled family makes the decision not to occupy or accept occupancy in designated housing. [24 CFR 945.303(d)]

Inaccessibility to source of employment or children's day care such that an adult household member must quit a job, drop out of an educational institution or a job training program;

The family demonstrates to the PHA's satisfaction that accepting the offer will result in a situation where a family member's life, health or safety will be placed in jeopardy. The family must offer specific and compelling documentation such as restraining orders, other court orders, or risk assessments related to witness protection from a law enforcement agency. The reasons offered must be specific to the family. Refusals due to the location of the unit alone are not considered to be good cause.

A qualified, knowledgeable, health professional verifies the temporary hospitalization or recovery from illness of the principal household member, other household members, or a live-in aide necessary to care for the principal household member.

The unit is inappropriate for the applicant's disabilities.

18. REFUSAL OF OFFER

If the unit offered is inappropriate for the applicant's disabilities, the family will retain their position on the waiting list.

If the unit offered is refused for other reasons, the PHA will follow the applicable policy as listed in the "Plan for Unit Offers" section and the "Applicant Status After Final Offer" section.

S. APPLICANT STATUS AFTER FINAL UNIT OFFER

When an applicant rejects the final unit offer, the PHA will remove the applicant's name from the waiting list and withdraw the application. The applicant may not reapply for a twelve (12) month period beginning with the date of withdrawal.

II. Introduction

General. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development provides funding annually to the City of Hampton under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME Investment Partnership Programs. One of the requirements for receiving these funds is the development of a five-year Consolidated Plan for Housing and Community Development. The Plan provides the policy direction for housing and community development in Hampton and identifies housing, homeless, community and economic development needs and resources, while providing a strategic plan to address those needs in accordance with community priorities.

Hampton has a Neighborhood Initiative and many adopted plans (including the Comprehensive Plan, the Strategic Plan and neighborhood plans) that provide guidance for this document. In turn, this plan must be consistent with other city plans and initiatives, and is adopted as a part of the city’s Comprehensive Plan. With the identification of neighborhoods as a strategic issue in 1993, Hampton has focused its CDBG and HOME resources to complement other resources in the implementation of the Hampton Neighborhood Initiative. As in the previous Consolidated Plan, primary emphasis is on improving the housing stock, increasing homeownership, and neighborhood revitalization of low and moderate-income neighborhoods.

Community Description. The City of Hampton has an estimated 1999 population of 139,790 and median income of \$43,527. Hampton has a number of factors that present challenges in providing a high quality of life to its residents. Hampton has one of the lowest median incomes in the area, a disproportionately high percentage of low and moderate value housing, a disproportionately low percentage of high-end housing, and a low percentage of tax generated from commercial and industrial use. These factors combine to make Hampton dependent on a residential tax base to provide needed services to its residents, while coping with an aging housing stock in neighborhoods that have difficulty competing against the ample regional supply of new housing and neighborhoods with modern amenities. These factors have a great influence on the selection of priority needs and strategies in this Plan. In particular these challenges have lead Hampton to focus on preserving and revitalizing its existing neighborhoods while using the limited supply of vacant land for the development of tax-generating commercial and industrial uses and high-end housing.

Lead Agency/Process Narrative. The Neighborhood Office is the lead agency responsible for coordinating development of the Consolidated Plan. Introductory InformationIntroductory InformationIntroductory InformationThe consultation process for this plan began in August 1999 with a series of internal, city departmental and staff advisory group meetings, in order to assemble existing plans and policy papers. These were followed by information gathering meetings with agencies, neighborhood organizations, non-profits businesses, realtors and other community stakeholders. The organizations and agencies consulted included the seven neighboring jurisdictions, CHDO's, providers of sheltered housing and emergency shelters, and the Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council. A public forum was held with citizen participation. The Department of Housing and Urban Development also provided training and direction for staff in the preparation of the plan. The Neighborhood Task Force and the Neighborhood Commission reviewed the draft plan.

Institutional Structure. Hampton’s institutional structure for housing assistance and community development is made up of agencies and organizations at the local, state, and regional level. At the local level, Hampton City Council approves the Consolidated Plan and allocates CDBG and HOME

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Funding by activity. All City departments work under the policies approved by City Council and under the direction of the City Manager. The Neighborhood Office has lead responsibility for coordinating the development of the Consolidated Plan and the development and the timely implementation of the Annual Action Plan.

Internally, Hampton has a collaborative process in place that focuses on neighborhoods, citizen services, public safety, and housing and homelessness issues through the Neighborhood Task Force. The Task Force has representation from the Neighborhood Office, Police, Fire, Planning, Parks and Recreation, Public Works, Codes Compliance, Healthy Family Partnership, Economic Development, Housing Authority and Cooperative Extension Service. The Neighborhood Task Force is the internal review body for the Community Development section of the Consolidated Plan. The Task Force also has oversight of ten (10) district-based area resource teams (D.A.R.T.s) composed of city staff taking responsibility for improved city service delivery and relationships with neighborhoods. The City’s Acquisitions Review Committee (with representation from HRHA, the Neighborhood Office, Codes Compliance, Assessor's, City Attorney's Office, Planning and Public Works) selects blighted property for acquisition and monitors reuse of the property for consistency with neighborhood plans. The Codes Compliance department administers the blighted structures clearance program, which is funded by CDBG and the City Capital Budget. The Parks and Recreation department provides CDBG-funded staff-support to neighborhood center programs that serve primarily low and moderate-income populations. Hampton’s Economic Development Department is responsible for job retention and creation strategies, training and workforce development programs and Enterprise Zones, which direct new investment and job preferences into low and moderate-income areas, which are part of the Consolidated Plan’s anti-poverty strategy.

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority (HRHA) is the lead local agency for housing. The City and HRHA coordinate housing policies and plans. The HRHA Board is appointed by City Council (and City Council at this time has appointed themselves to the HRHA Board). The HRHA Board establishes program benefits and guidelines for housing activities funded by CDBG and HOME, including the approval of rehabilitation loans and grants and decisions on Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) project selection and funding levels. The City allocates all funds and responsibility for the HOME Program to HRHA. HRHA is also responsible for operating and maintaining public housing and operates the Section 8 and housing voucher programs in Hampton. HRHA also owns and operates non-subsidized affordable rental housing in Hampton, assisted in part with CDBG and HOME funding. HRHA also promotes homeownership for qualified public housing residents through Project Self-Sufficiency and housing counseling and works with other non-profit housing providers in providing affordable housing. HRHA works with financial institutions including banks and VHDA on financing of affordable housing activities.

The Hampton Neighborhood Initiative and the Neighborhood Strategic Plan direct the community development policy direction for the Consolidated Plan, and are responsibilities of the Neighborhood Commission. The Commission is a 21-member body appointed by City Council with representation from the 10 neighborhood districts, institutions and businesses, schools, city government and youth. The Neighborhood Commission reviews the Consolidated Plan for consistency with the Neighborhood Initiative and the Strategic Plan. The Commission also approves funding policy and projects for the Neighborhood Improvement Fund and Matching Grants, which are funded in part by CDBG when the budget permits.

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Nonprofit providers are an integral part of the delivery of housing programs and services in Hampton, particularly for the homeless and other special populations. Hampton partners with HELP, HomeBase, the Community Services Board and the Virginia Peninsula on Domestic Violence and other others. The City through its General Fund assists these non-profits in their operational costs (through Funding to Outside Agencies) and CDBG and HOME have been used to assist with capital costs.

The Hampton Roads Planning District Council coordinates regional issues including housing, economic development and human services. It is an effective vehicle for regional coordination on housing issues, and was the forum for a discussion of regional cooperation around Consolidated Plan preparation.

Monitoring of the CDBG and HOME funded activities is the responsibility of the City’s Neighborhood Office, and involves a review of records and annual performance reports. Hampton is monitored by HUD (most recently in 1997) to determine that the administration of the CDBG and HOME programs is done in a satisfactory manner, and in general compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements.

III. Citizen Participation

For the past ten years, Hampton has engaged in grass roots citizen participation at the neighborhood level through outreach, organizing, planning and building partnerships - as contrasted with formal public hearings. In the development of this plan, all the mandated requirements for citizen participation were met. However, priority was given to decisions made and input offered through the consistent citizen engagement that occurs within the Neighborhood Initiative, including staff attendance at civic association meetings, the Neighborhood Commission, community outreach meetings and neighborhood planning processes. The mandated citizen participation process used is detailed in the attached Citizen Participation Plan (Appendix B).

Public Hearings. A public forum on housing and community development needs was held at on December 6, 1999 at the Kenneth Wallace Neighborhood Resource Center located at 2315 Victoria Boulevard in Hampton. Civic associations and individuals from several geographic areas were represented, as well as from the neighboring jurisdiction of Newport News. The citizens were invited to put forward their views on the content of the focus areas of housing needs, needs of homeless persons in Hampton, community needs, economic development and the non-housing needs of the community.

Two public hearings will be held on this draft of the plan. The first will be before the Planning Commission at their meeting on Monday, April 10, 2000. The second and final public hearing will be before the City Council at their meeting on Wednesday, April 26, 2000. The summary of citizen comments including an explanation of comments not accepted is available in the Consolidated Plan file in the Department of Neighborhood Services and included in the Appendix B of this plan.

Technical Assistance. Technical AssistanceTechnical AssistanceTechnical AssistanceThe role of facilitators in the Neighborhood Office is to provide technical assistance to neighborhood organizations, civic associations and to assist in development of neighborhood planning. Facilitators made contact with community organizations and discussed with them the contents of the plan and

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encouraged their participation in the preparation of the Consolidated Plan. In addition, the Neighborhood Office has provided technical assistance to the Kenneth Wallace Community Development Corporation in its development both through staff and through consultants.

Consultation Process. The Neighborhood office consulted with a wide variety of organizations and agencies in the preparation of this plan. Internally the Neighborhood Task Force, the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority and the Neighborhood Commission were involved both during the informational gathering and the review phases of the plan. A regional meeting of seven neighboring jurisdictions identified issues with inter-jurisdictional impact. Newport News participated in our consultations and public forums as Hampton did in theirs. All active CHDO's and all providers of sheltered housing and emergency shelters were involved in a forum held by the Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council. An assessment of need was discussed at this meeting, attended by 23 representatives of organizations, and those with facilities in Hampton completed Priority Needs forms. An initial strategic planning session was held in February and the meetings were generally agreed to be the best way to develop planning for the area, prior to genuine efforts to involve the clients in an assessment of their needs. The findings from these meetings are included in the sections on homeless and special population needs and have been discussed with citizens groups. Citizens have access to the findings through the distributions and public forums held to review the plan.

Neighborhood Planning. Neighborhood Planning Neighborhood Planning Neighborhood Planning Neighborhood planning and capacity building are primary activities of the Neighborhood Initiative and a CDBG funded activity of Hampton’s Neighborhood Office. Technical assistance to neighborhoods or civic associations helps prepare plans that reflect priority needs of broad groups of citizens and strategic decisions about the allocation of scarce resources for each district, area or small area. Priorities and strategies of planning efforts in Buckroe, the North King Street corridor, Newtown, Greater Wythe, Sussex and Old Hampton have provided valuable guidance to this planning effort. A summary of neighborhood plan recommendations is included in Appendix C.

IV. Housing Needs Analysis and Strategies

A. Homeless and Housing NeedsA. Homeless and Housing NeedsA. Homeless and Housing NeedsThe housing needs and strategies in Hampton have not changed substantively since the completion of the last Consolidated Plan, because no new census data is available. These needs will be reevaluated when new census data is available, particularly since the impacts of welfare reform and Hampton’s aging population would be reflected in the new census. Any adjustments that have been made since the completion of the last Consolidated Plan are due to "lessons learned" from the last five years in implementation. Housing data from the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy Databook published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development is used to support need findings. Income groups are defined as follows: very low income is less than 30% of median family income; other low income is less than 50% of median family income; and moderate income is less than 80% of median family income.

The City of Hampton estimates that its need for affordable housing for the next 5 years will be based more on the need for aggressive intervention in the condition of affordable housing stock, than on an increase in the base-number of housing units. Hampton has a large supply of both single family and multi-family affordable housing. The housing need is not in the area of supply of affordable

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housing, but in the condition of the affordable housing stock and in the quality of life in the neighborhoods in which it is located.

Housing Needs

In order to determine need for housing assistance, the incomes of the households in Hampton must be compared to the housing that is available within an affordable range. Table A. lists the number of households in Hampton in the defined income ranges. Hampton's population is 19% very low income, 18% low income and 9% moderate income, for a combined low and moderate-income population of 46%. Table B. lists the number of units that are affordable in the defined income ranges and indicates that, with the exception of very low-income units, there are no gaps in affordable units for other low income and moderate-income households.

Table A. Households by Minority Status and Income Group, 1990 Census

	All	White	Black	Other
<30% Very Low	9606(19%)	4224(8%)	5077(10%)	305(1%)
<50% Other Low	8790(18%)	5205(10%)	3287(7%)	289(1%)
<80% Moderate	4548(9%)	2806(6%)	1619(3%)	123(--%)
Above 80%	26755(54%)	18325(37%)	7733(16%)	697(1%)
All Incomes	49699(100%)	30560(61%)	17716(36%)	1141(3%)

Table B. Housing Units Affordable to Low-Moderate Income Households, 1990 Census

Income	Rental Units	Owner Units	Total Units	Households
<30% Very Low	2391	910	3301	9606
<50% Other Low	6929	2073	9002	8790
<80% Moderate	19345	11390	30735	4548

1990 Census data shows that total rental households with incomes <30%=3,700, <50%=2,550, <80%=4,828 for a total of 11,078 low and moderate-income households. Units available in the housing inventory indicate that with the exception of the very low income units there are not significant gaps in affordable housing. The very low-income rental-housing gap is also reflected in the assisted housing waiting lists.

In conclusion, there is no need for additional units except for the homeless and special populations.

Cost Burden. Information on housing cost burden for both renter and owner households (Tables C. and D.) indicates that, excepting the elderly, about a third of all households at all income ranges spend more than 30% of their income on housing. Although 30% is often used as a threshold for "cost burden", these numbers together with data on Table B. (which indicates that Hampton has an ample supply of affordable housing for everyone except the very low income) suggest that spending more than 30% on housing is a matter of choice not necessity for all but the very low income.

The implication for this plan is that when considering strategies to meet the affordable housing needs

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of low and moderate income families, Hampton should focus primarily on the very low income renters of all household types who spend more than 50% of their income on housing and the very low income elderly owner occupants who spend more than 50% of their income on housing. The 53% very low-income elderly homeowners who spend more than 50% of their income on housing is a concern; however the best existing resource to address the issue (sale of the unit and relocation to an affordable rental unit) is not acceptable to many of the elderly regardless of the financial burden of homeownership.

Table C. Renter Households Experiencing Cost Burdens

	Elderly	Small Related	Large Related	Other
>30% Very Low	1062(54%)	3499(35%)	565(33%)	2257(36%)
>50% Other Low	456(23%)	1306(13%)	234(14%)	967(16%)
Very Low Income + >50%	306(15%)	1019(10%)	195(11%)	654(11%)

Table D. Owner Households Experiencing Cost Burdens

	Elderly	All Other Households
>30% Income on Housing	1691(24%)	1273(34%)
>50% Income on Housing	772(11%)	411(11%)
Very Low Income +>50%	563(53%)	165(4%)

A recent rent affordability study done by Virginia Tech indicated Virginia was the least affordable state for low-income renters. The study uses an affordability index based on HUD data for Fair Market Rents and income at the 50% of Adjusted Median Family Income. Data is the same for the Hampton Roads region and does not distinguish between cities. Based on other available data on Hampton, it is expected that Hampton rental housing is more affordable than rental housing in the Hampton Roads region in general. Additional information on the Virginia Rent Burden Index is included in Appendix C.

Overcrowding. Data on Table E indicates that overcrowding is not a significant issue in Hampton.

Table E. Households Experiencing Overcrowded Conditions

Income	Rental Units	Owner Units
<30% Very Low	5.9%	1.5%
<50% Other Low	6.0%	1.6%
<80% Moderate	4.8%	2.0%
All households	4.2%	1.1%

Assisted Housing Waiting Lists. Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority re-opened its Section 8 waiting list in October 1998. The total number of applicants on the Section 8 waiting list as of June 1999 is 1,510, of which 82% are very low income and 3.1% are elderly. Disabled households on the Section 8 waiting list equal 206. The racial and ethnic breakdown is as follows:

- Caucasian- 161

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- African American-1329
- Other - 20

The total number of applicants as of June 1999 on the Public Housing waiting list was 136. Of these, 81% are very low income and 5.9% are elderly. The racial and ethnic breakdown is as follows:

- Caucasian-18
- African American- 118
- Other – 136

Disproportionate Racial Need. A comparison of income distribution among racial categories (reference Table A.) reveals no significantly disproportionate need among any racial group as compared to the needs of all households in any category. White households make up 19% of very low and other low-income households while the black and other racial ethnic groups make up 17% and 1% respectively. The low number of households which fall into the very low and other low income groups in the other ethnic racial group heading is readily explained by the small population of other minority groups represented city-wide. The assisted housing waiting lists indicate, however, that a high percentage of very low-income African American families are seeking assisted housing.

Condition of the Housing Stock. The 1997 local housing condition survey (Exterior Condition Survey Table G. , page 15) is the most reliable source of information on the incidence of substandard housing in Hampton. It indicates that Hampton’s housing is generally in good condition with less than a 2% major deterioration rate in 1997 however there are pockets of blighted housing. The older affordable single family housing stock is converting gradually from owner occupied to rental housing (reported by neighborhood leaders) and this often means that the property is poorly maintained. Much of the City of Hampton’s public housing is approximately thirty years old or older and requires continuous revitalization and modernization. This survey does not indicate how the incidence of deteriorated housing (defined as substandard, major deterioration and minor deterioration) is distributed with respect to income, but it does show the distribution of the deterioration by neighborhood district. This survey indicated that the highest incidence of deterioration occurs in the areas with the greatest percentage of low and moderate-income population. It would be a reasonable assumption, therefore, that substandard housing tends to occur more often in units occupied by low-moderate income households and that these households have fewer resources to allocate to the maintenance of housing. Additional discussion of the condition of the housing stock is under the Housing and Market Analysis (page 13).

First-Time Homeownership Needs. Many households in Hampton that can secure affordable homeownership opportunities are still renting (of the 11,390 owner occupied units in Hampton which are affordable to low and moderate income families, only 7,318 are actually occupied by low-moderate income households). From this we can conclude that some of these households do not desire the housing that they can afford to purchase (consistent with a national trend against starter housing) or they need support to successfully move to homeownership.

V. Priority Housing Needs, Specific Housing Objectives, Public Housing Strategy

The existing housing supply in Hampton is affordable to its residents with the exception of two groups - very low-income renters of all household types and very low-income elderly owner occupants. The needs of the very-low income renters are addressed through rental subsidy and anti-poverty programs. The very low-income elderly homeowner housing issue is difficult to address because the obvious solution to address the issue (sale of the unit and relocation to an affordable

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rental unit) is not acceptable to many of the elderly, regardless of the financial burden of homeownership.

Priority Housing Needs

Because the supply of affordable housing is adequate, priority housing needs focus on improvement of the quality of the existing stock and the neighborhoods in which the housing is located as follows:

Priority Rehabilitation Needs. Because of the age of the affordable housing stock in Hampton and competition from newer affordable single family and multi family units, there is a great need to rehabilitate existing, older, affordable units and where possible to upgrade the units to current standards of size and amenities. The low-income elderly homeowners are a priority group for rehabilitation assistance.

Priority Homeownership Needs. Community leaders in older affordable neighborhoods report that their affordable, single family housing stock is becoming increasingly rental which has impacted the stability of the rest of the housing stock in the neighborhood. Making homeownership possible for qualified renters in Hampton is a need both for qualified renters and for the stability of neighborhoods in which the affordable housing stock is located.

Priority Neighborhood Stabilization and Revitalization Needs. In order to provide decent affordable housing, the neighborhoods in which the housing is located must be stabilized and revitalized. Scarce local government resources need to focus on investments that will encourage the private sector to participate in and sustain the revitalization.

Priority Rental Housing Needs. Available data indicates that there is adequate affordable rental housing to meet the needs in Hampton with the exception of the very low income. Accordingly, the greatest area of need for rental housing area is again to improve the viability of the neighborhoods in which the rental units are located and to upgrade and improve viable affordable rental projects. An issue in connecting affordable rental units to the quality of neighborhoods is to avoid, to the extent possible, the concentration of affordable and subsidized units.

Priority Homeless Needs. The priority needs for the homeless in Hampton are emergency housing, transitional housing and support services to move homeless persons and families safely out of the cycle of homelessness and back into self-sufficiency.

Priority Special Needs. There is a need for emergency shelter, transitional housing and support services for persons with mental illness, substance abuse and victims of domestic violence. For other special population groups such as the mentally handicapped and persons with AIDS, there also a need for permanent supportive housing. Special housing with supportive services is also becoming an increasing need for Hampton's increasingly elderly population.

Housing Objectives

Hampton’s housing objectives have not changed significantly since the development of the last Consolidated Plan and emphasize neighborhood revitalization as the most important context for addressing housing and community development needs.

Objective 1: Preserve the quality of the existing affordable housing stock through rehabilitation assistance.

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Objective 2: Preserve and expand homeownership opportunities for low and moderate-income families.

Objective 3: Increase investment in the affordable housing stock by revitalizing neighborhoods in which the housing is located.

Objective 4: Provide decent affordable rental housing through Public Housing, Section 8 and Housing Vouchers, scattered units and HOME assisted projects.

Objective 5: Provide for the priority needs of the homeless with an emphasis on services that break the cycle of homelessness.

Objective 6: Safety. Continue investments being made to increase safety and the perception of safety in neighborhoods.

Objective 7: Stability. Reverse property deterioration and increase new investment in neighborhoods.

Objective 8: Livability. Improve quality of life in neighborhoods by investing in neighborhood-identified priorities through planning processes.

Public and Assisted Housing Strategy

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority’s strategy for public housing is to continue to maintain the quality of the units and the living environment for residents through the following objectives.

Objective 9: Provide regular maintenance and necessary improvements to maintain the physical quality of public housing projects and units.

Objective 10: Involve residents, through Resident Councils, in improving the living environment in public housing.

Objective 11: Offer support services and self-sufficiency opportunities to public and assisted housing residents to improve living conditions and maintain/achieve self-sufficiency and independence from subsidized housing.

Objective 12: Provide preference for working families, the elderly and disabled applying for assistance under the Public Housing and Section 8 programs.

Objective 13: Implement an aggressive screening policy for Public Housing to ensure to the extent possible that new admissions will be good neighbors; screening practices will meet all Fair Housing requirements.

Homeless Needs

This section includes a description of the needs identified through the point-in-time survey and interviews with providers of shelters, transitional housing, permanent supportive housing, support agencies, and consultation with neighboring jurisdictions. The narrative in this section is supported by HUD Tables 1A. Homeless and Special Needs Populations and 1B. Special Needs of the Non-Homeless in Appendix A.

Nature and Extent of Needs. In the past five years Hampton and neighboring jurisdictions on the Peninsula have seen an increased need for homeless and other special needs housing. Along with the increase in numbers of persons needing supportive housing, there has also been a national trend away from institutionalization and toward integration into the community according to HUD's Homeownership Options Under the HOME Program publication. According to the U.S. Conference of Mayors' Task Force on Hunger and Homelessness, the primary cause of homelessness is the lack of affordable housing followed by substance abuse, low wages, domestic violence and problem conditions. The

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Task Force report found little had changed in recent years with single men comprising the largest group at 43% and families with children accounting for 37%. (The Task Force report surveyed 12 cities nationwide.)

Hampton coordinates with not-for-profit organizations to address homeless needs and uses data from surveys conducted annually by these organizations (as part of the Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care statement) to determine the extent of need for emergency beds, transitional housing, services, and permanent housing. Homeless shelter and service providers conducted their survey of needs for the HUD Hampton Consolidated Plan for Housing and Community Development – as per HUD requirements - on November 8, 1999. The results, shown in HUD Table 1A. Homeless and Special Needs Population (Hampton), list the estimated homeless population in the City of Hampton. A second survey, completed in 1999, lists those homeless in the Virginia Peninsula and in sheltered and unsheltered housing. These results are shown in HUD Table 1A. Homeless and Special Needs Population (Peninsula). The regional data collected on April 5, 1999 by the Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council for the point in time occupancy of Shelters and Winter Shelters shows that the jurisdictional distribution of homeless was 26% in Hampton, 59% in Newport News, and 15% in Williamsburg, James City County, York County and Poquoson combined. Data for both Hampton and the Peninsula are presented because of the interjurisdictional nature of this issue.

In Hampton there are estimated to be more homeless families than homeless individuals. The families have a great need for life-skills training e.g. self-sufficiency and case management. Men, as individuals and members of families with children, predominate among those seeking emergency shelter, but women and children now account for the majority of the homeless population. There are growing numbers of older women affected by domestic violence who are seeking shelter. The Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council recognizes that because there are so few beds available, homeless single adult males, the mentally ill and substance abusers are under-served populations among the homeless and those at risk. There are few homeless youths on the Peninsula due to the community's commitment for involving Child Protective Services in cases of unaccompanied minors.

The highest priority needs for beds and units are emergency shelter and transitional housing for individuals, ~~for families with children~~ and, increasingly, for the elderly. The highest priority needs for supportive services are for services to those with substance abuse (for individuals and families with children); housing placement; and, case management. The estimated sub-populations with high priority needs in the individuals category are persons with mental illness, substance abuse, the dually-diagnosed and victims of domestic violence. Among families with children, estimated sub-populations with high priority need are chronic substance abusers, the seriously mentally ill, and the dually-diagnosed.

Hampton works with the Veterans Administration to address the needs of veterans. HomeBase of the Peninsula and other emergency shelter referral agencies and providers do not keep data - nor prepare reports on the race or ethnicity - of homeless persons. Shelters are located in low and moderate-income districts, and the homeless population is reported, anecdotally, as being disproportionately minority.

Homeless Veterans. Homeless veterans are an issue in Hampton. Homelessness among

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Veterans Homelessness among Veterans Homelessness among Veterans Veterans who have been homeless for 30 days are described as chronically homeless. If, additionally, they have psychiatric or substance abuse problems which require treatment they can get housing and treatment from Health Care for Homeless Veterans, based at the Veterans Administration Regional Medical Center in Hampton. Veterans can remain with HCHV as long as treatment is required – an average of 90 days – and are accommodated in Serenity House or at a CSB substance abuse facility. The Salvation Army opened a new (refurbished) 60-bed facility with the Veterans Administration in August 1999. The VA pays a per diem to the Salvation Army and the individual pays the balance of the housing cost either from an allowance of SSI (if permanently disabled.)

Description of Current Services. Hampton has a wide variety of services and facilities, several of which are provided on a Peninsula-wide basis. Homeless and special needs housing covers a range of housing types and settings within the community, including group homes, shared-living arrangements, single-room occupancy apartments, small and large apartment-style residences, and single family homes. Both public and private agencies assist individuals and families who are either threatened with homelessness, or experiencing homelessness. For an overview of existing services /facilities for individuals and families with children in Hampton, see the 1999 Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Statement "Inventory of existing facilities and services" in Appendix B.

The City of Hampton works closely in conjunction with the City of Newport News to address issues of urban homelessness. The Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Report (1999) notes that there is significant mobility of the poor and homeless across jurisdictional boundaries. This mobility has necessitated a coordinated service system to address concerns of duplication of services, service system abuse, fragmented service delivery, and ineffective use of community resources. Through the Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council there is improving coordination. HomeBase, which is funded in part by the City of Hampton through Funding to Outside Agencies, coordinates service delivery and tracks service histories of homeless and at-risk households through out the region, with the aim of improving service effectiveness and more efficient use of existing resources.

Prevention Services. Limited rent, utility payments and other emergency cash assistance are provided by several agencies. Hampton Social Services receives Homeless Intervention Program funds through the Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development to provide up to nine (9) months of rent and utility assistance for families in crisis. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides grants for emergency rent, mortgage and utility assistance, which are disbursed through Office of Human Affairs and Salvation Army, at the discretion of the Regional (Newport News/Hampton) FEMA Board. Emergency Shelter Grant funds are applied toward intervention programs by the regional homeless services coordinating agency. The faith communities in Hampton conduct collaborative social ministries through Hampton Ecumenical Lodging and Provisions (HELP) as well as individual prevention outreach programs organized by various churches. HomeBase of the Virginia Peninsula provides 24-hour emergency shelter and resource coordination targeted to intervention and prevention of hopelessness. The Newport News Office of Human Affairs – which also works in Hampton - employs two certified HUD Housing Counselors to assist consumers threatened with eviction, or foreclosure, via negotiation with their creditors and by offering counseling. Other agencies in the service network, including HELP, Transitions Family Violence Services, HomeBase and Social Services, undertake counseling and negotiation with housing and utility creditors on behalf of their clients. Hampton-Newport News

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Community Services Board (HNNCSB) provides funds for board for those in financial crisis and in danger of losing their housing. Energy Share provides emergency power and gas assistance through a grant provided by Virginia Power to households meeting criteria established by the Salvation Army. Peninsula Aids Foundation provides emergency financial assistance for households in housing need (inclusive of utility payments) who meet HOPWA criteria. Peninsula AIDS Foundation provides a subsidy through HOPWA for 143 single adults and 65 people in family groups where AIDS disables the individual or a member of a family group. They also provide case management and supportive services.

Activities to prevent homelessness are assisted by military personnel stationed at Langley Air Force Base and Fort Monroe who contribute significantly to the community through their members involvement in community activities on behalf of the homeless. Specific examples of these contributions include volunteer labor, donation drives and fundraisers. The United Way recognizes Combined Federal Campaign contributors to their grant funding programs on an annual basis with military units being large contributors.

Outreach and Assessment. Informal referrals occur through nine (9) organizations on the Peninsula, which serve Hampton's homeless, as well as the faith community, a network of service providers, the general public, and the police department. Social Services handles outreach in the course of their intake, eligibility, and casework. Outreach to the general homeless population occurs through H.E.L.P.'s involvement in “A Night’s Welcome - Winter Shelter Program”, using funding from congregations, individuals, businesses and special fund raising events. The Veterans Affairs Regional Medical Center through Health Care of Homeless Veterans, the Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board and the Health Care for the Homeless target outreach to their client groups. All three target homeless, particularly those who are difficult-to-engage and at risk of death from exposure to harsh weather, crime and impaired health. Transitions Family Violence Services targets outreach to women and children who are homeless due to domestic violence. Peninsula Aids Foundation conducts outreach among homeless in emergency shelters. Peninsula Drop-In Center operates seven (7) days per week with a space for outreach workers to meet clients - particularly to target those with mental illness. Initial screening and needs assessment for the general homeless population are primarily coordinated by HomeBase, which then develops the most appropriate resource referrals for the homeless or at risk individuals or family. Agencies working with targeted populations screen for specific needs. Intake is accomplished through the coordinated efforts of the outreach, screening and assessing agencies to the appropriate service provider. The major contributing intake agency for the homeless is Social Services.

Emergency Shelters. Year-round shelter is available and supplemented in the winter by a program of Emergency Shelter in Churches from November to the end of March. HUD HOME funds are allocated to HELP (Hampton Ecumenical Lodgings and Provisions, Inc.), a Hampton-based CHDO, to provide emergency shelter and transitional housing for families, and H.E.L.P. raises funding elsewhere to provide emergency night shelters and other services. The need for shelters is highest among single individuals, persons with mental illness and substance abuse.

Transitional Housing. H.E.L.P. now has 40 beds in transitional housing units in Hampton, and no plans to expand. Transitions Family Violence Services now has 39 beds on the Peninsula for transitional housing for victims of domestic violence. The Department of Veterans Affairs Homeless Veterans program provides transitional housing for homeless veterans using the domiciliary facility of the Salvation Army at the Veterans Administration Regional Medical Center. Serenity House

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provides 55 places for chemically dependent adults - some of whom are referred by Homeless Veterans services. The regional HOPWA (Housing for People With AIDS) jointly lease some property that will be used for transitional housing. Two units will be on south side and one unit on the Peninsula. There is a somewhat flexible 60-day time limit attached to the units and the purpose is to prevent homelessness while PAF finds something permanent. The units will be two-bedroom and can house single unrelated persons or families. There is an unmet need for transitional housing units with support services as evidenced by repeated requests for assistance from the shelter and service system. H.E.L.P. finds a big demand for the health care services they offer – health care, screening, immunization and prescriptions. HomeBase transitional housing program is open to general homeless and special needs populations. 10-13 families can be housed in scattered sites with intensive case management. For a list of all transitional housing, see the 1999 Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Statement (page 10) in Appendix A.

Veterans leaving VA Medical Center facilities for the chronically homeless may move into the HUD-VASH program, which is a partnership between the VA and HRHA. HRHA provides 25 Section 8 vouchers per year and VA guarantees to provide case management for 5 years to veterans in the program. Currently 18 vouchers are being used (1/20/2000). The Health Care for Homeless Veterans Organization partners with CSB and Serenity House in Newport News to provide transitional housing with residential treatment. Almost 100% of residents return to work after the vocational rehabilitation program. CSB currently assists four veterans and Serenity House assists six persons.

Permanent Supportive Housing. Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board operates one 9-bed group home, as a licensed adult home, and utilizes approximately 225 beds in other licensed adult homes. H/NNCSB operates a 25-bed supervised apartment program in a public housing project, with 8 -beds designated for the hearing-impaired. There are many adult group homes in Hampton, housing which provides access to case-management for those adults with mental illness and mental retardation. There are 214 mentally ill and dual diagnosed among the Peninsula homeless; providing these vulnerable people with the level of shelter or service needed is overwhelming and supportive housing with intensive case management is a weak component in the homeless continuum of care. For a list of all permanent supportive housing, see the 1999 Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Statement (page 10) in Appendix A.

Activities to Prevent Homelessness. According to HUD’s publication Homeownership Options under the HOME Program (HUD 1999), “ there are two important non-financial elements that need to be incorporated into the planning of special needs’ project: services and management. The supportive service element of any proposal for homeless or special needs populations is extremely important to the long-term viability of the project.” In addition to intensive collaboration and coordination among the network of service providers, the Peninsula’s largest jurisdictions of the City of Hampton and the City of Newport News have been designated Virginia Service enhancement areas for the Access to Community Care and Effective Services and Support - the ACCESS project. This is a 5-year federally funded project in its final year in 1999-2000 to provide an integrated system of services, housing and care for the homeless mentally ill with co-occurring substance abuse disorders.

Housing and Market Analysis

Market Conditions. This section addresses supply, demand, condition and cost of housing in

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Hampton. It was prepared with the cooperation and assistance of realtors, non-profit providers of housing, grantees, and community organizations.

Supply. The population of Hampton has been steadily increasing over the last decade and the construction of new housing has kept pace with the growth. Most of the increase in supply of new housing has been in the newer developing areas of the city. Hampton however is a mature city with limited vacant property and will see limited new development of housing in the future unless through redevelopment. This fact frames the two significant characteristics of the housing market in Hampton - the large aging affordable housing stock and the disproportionately low amount of new high value housing. Hampton has a sizable supply of affordable housing and in fact supplies a disproportionate amount of the affordable housing for the region. Hampton's median housing value is one of the lowest in the region and Hampton does not attract its fair share of high value housing. Generally the greatest supply of affordable housing is located in the older areas of the city. This poses a dual challenge because the housing tends to be smaller than current market desires and older, hence lacking in desirable modern amenities. Coupled with environmental regulations that discourage rehabilitation (asbestos and lead based paint regulations), the issue of supply is not numbers but condition of the housing stock and the quality of the neighborhoods in which housing is located.

Demand. Although many people living in Hampton report that they do so because Hampton is close to their place of employment, it is the nature of the regional housing market that many people do not live in the community in which they work. Generally there is no captive demand for housing in Hampton. It is no surprise either that the population composition of Hampton (46% low and moderate income) matches the housing composition (46% of owner-occupied and 54% of the rental is affordable). The presence of a large military population in Hampton has had an impact on the housing market and in particular on the demand for affordable housing. Because of the transience of the military, many prefer rental housing - this creates a demand for single-family rental housing. Changes in military policy (length of tours of duty, changes in housing allowances, base closings) will clearly impact the Hampton housing market when they occur.

Hampton enjoys a very low vacancy rate, which indicates there is a good demand for the Hampton's housing. In 1990 data, vacancy rates year round in Hampton were 9% for rental property and 3.1% for owner-occupied property and continue to be low other than in the most distressed areas. In general, owner vacancy rates are lower than rental vacancy rates given that the latter market is more fluid and dynamic than the former.

What there is not a demand for is resale of small older single family housing for homeownership and this presents a challenge for Hampton and the neighborhoods in which the housing is located since homeownership is associated with stability. The tendency of affordable single-family units to convert to rental in response to their loss of desirability as an owner-occupied unit has been reported by neighborhood leaders and should be evident in the 2000 census data. Single-family rental housing by district averages 20% across the city, with the highest percentages in Districts 6, 7 and 8 (reference Table F.).

Table F: Total Supply of Housing in Hampton, 1990 Census

	Area 1	Area 2	Area 3	Area 4	Area 5	Area 6	Area 7	Area 8	Area 9	Area 10	LAFB

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Total Occupied Housing Units:	6,435	2,851	5,113	5,336	3,490	5,534	3,594	5,928	5,464	5,233	653
% of Units Owner Occupied:	65%	60%	37%	62%	87%	59%	59%	45%	75%	64%	NA
% of Single Family Rental:	10%	17%	14%	19%	14%	26%	26%	22%	13%	11%	75%

Total Units = 49,631 % Owned = 62% % Rented (as single family) = 20%

The older, smaller houses are often not units of choice because they lack modern standards found in neighborhoods of choice. New construction of assisted rental units and affordable owner occupied units expands the availability of choice but often exacerbates the problems for older units that can't compete. For this reason the city focuses resources within its control to upgrading and stabilizing the existing affordable housing stock, not to increasing the supply. Because size and amenities are often barriers to demand for homeownership resale of older affordable units, consideration should be given to financial incentives (loans/grants) that go beyond codes compliance items. Among rental properties, lack of demand for older units is also associated with condition or lack of market amenities. This suggests strategies for rehabilitation and modernization of viable projects and the demolition and redevelopment of projects that are beyond renovation to meet market demands.

Neighborhood conditions also cause people to avoid moving into areas where housing is affordable. Some areas are perceived as being ‘high-crime’ areas. Deteriorating commercial areas often contribute to decreasing property values and increased crime. Very low cost houses attract investors who buy “low” in order to rent out and who do not invest in repairs and rehabilitation. This further detracts from the quality of the neighborhood. These factors demonstrate the link between neighborhood revitalization and preservation of the affordable housing stock.

Housing Conditions. The condition of the stock is of major concern to City of Hampton and to residents and community organizations. Hampton has designated significant public resources to housing blight removal through acquisition, demolition and redevelopment and rehabilitation activities. Accordingly, the City supports the use of scarce public resources for the revitalization of the existing housing stock.

The Codes Compliance Department conducted a comprehensive survey of housing conditions in Hampton in 1993, and again in 1997. The survey information, shown in the Table G. indicates the following:

Table G: Housing Exterior Condition Surveys for 1993 and 1997

District	1993			1997		
	Minor	Major	Substandard*	Minor	Major	Substandard
1	0.03%	0.64%	-	1.87%	1.36%	-

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2	1.26%	0.11%	-	4.40%	2.49%	0.09%
3	6.26%	0.78%	-	5.79%	3.79%	0.14%
4	2.04%	0.22%	-	1.23%	0.35%	-
5	2.72%	0.12%	-	1.50%	0.19%	0.59%
6	4.28%	0.14%	-	2.89%	1.44%	0.64%
7	4.56%	0.19%	-	5.53%	4.40%	0.24%
9	16.91%	1.35%	-	5.08%	3.76%	0.16%
10	2.50%	0.31%	-	10.00%	5.43%	0.27%

* Substandard was not included as a category in 1993.

Definitions:

Major Deterioration: Decline or degradation requiring major work in order to comply with the Property Maintenance Code (e.g., replacing rotten wood or correcting structural problems with a floor, roof or porch).

Minor Deterioration: Decline or degradation requiring minor work in order to comply with the Property Maintenance Code (e.g., painting of trim, windows or dwelling).

Substandard: Structure does not meet Property Maintenance Code requirements and is dangerous, unsafe or unfit for occupancy.

- The most immediate observation is that District 10 has deterioration to some degree in 16% of all its property in 1997, a dramatic change since 1993. Since many resources were directed to that area of the City through the Southwest Area Team in 1998 and 1999, this situation may have altered and will be monitored carefully when the 2000 survey is complete.
- The overall incidence of all types of deterioration (minor, major and substandard) was 4% city-wide in 1993, however results of the 1997 survey showed that half of Hampton’s districts had a greater number of homes with minor deterioration than in 1993, and the other half showed an improvement. All 10 districts showed an increase in major deterioration and recorded substandard properties were found in all but 2 districts. This could be the result of better reporting between the 1993 and 1997 since the number of housing inspectors increased with the combination of the Building and Zoning inspection functions. On the other hand it may be an indicator that the stock is deteriorating at an increasingly fast rate in spite of the City's aggressive interventions in this area. Clearly this is a situation that requires close monitoring when the results of the 2000 survey are complete.
- The overall incidence of major deterioration and substandard housing is more than 2.5%. Although severely deteriorated housing is not a big issue numerically in the city, it is a big issue in the areas where it occurs, particularly where there are abandoned properties that attract other problems.
- The citywide vacancy rate is a very low 1%, and is only greater than 5% in two areas. This indicates that abandonment of housing is not a major issue numerically, but where it occurs it generally contributes significantly to blight and causes concern around criminal activity it may attract.
- The citywide rental rate is 41% and is over 50% in some of the older neighborhoods with

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predominately single-family housing stock (1990 Census data.). This fact combined with the gradual deterioration of the older housing stock is an issue that needs immediate attention before it escalates.

Cost. Hampton's median housing value is one of the lowest in the region. When one is considering affordability of units for a low and moderate-income population, this is a good characteristic. However, for a city that is dependent on its residential tax base for providing services to its residents, this is not a good characteristic. For this reason, Hampton looks to new construction to increase the value of its housing stock and to revitalization of the older affordable housing stock to meet the housing needs of low and moderate-income residents.

As was previously presented in the Cost Burden section of this plan (pages 5-6), housing in Hampton is affordable to the people who live in Hampton with the exception of very low-income renters and very low-income elderly homeowners. The fact that housing units are not affordable to the very low-income groups is not a finding significant to Hampton, since market rate units are rarely affordable to very low-income groups. This is why subsidies are required for this group.

Table H. illustrates the depth in the supply of affordable housing. According to the 1990 Census, owner occupied housing which is available at under \$75,000 is considered “affordable” because monthly housing payments are within the range of 30% of income/earnings, based on Hampton's median family income of \$34,748. *Barriers to Affordable Housing* Fair Market Rent is set at 50% of median family income and is \$492.00. However, since 44% of the low and very low-income households in the city have family income at less than 50% of the mean family income, the supply of rental housing does not meet all these needs without subsidies.

Table H: Housing Units in Hampton by Value, 1990 Census

Owner –Occupied Housing Values					
Value \$	<74,999	75-99,999	100-149,999	150-199,999	>200,000
#	12062	8595	4263	953	336
%	46%	33%	16%	4%	1%
Rental-Occupied Housing Values					
Value \$	<249	250-499	500-749	750-999	>1000
#	1717	9549	6623	2366	381
%	8%	46%	32%	11%	2%

Table I. (below) lists housing values by area of the city. Lower value housing is generally found in areas of the city with the oldest housing stock (districts 6-10) and higher value housing in areas with newer subdivisions of higher cost housing (districts 4 and 5). In all districts of the city there is some core of high-value homes that raise the values; this housing provides important stability for neighborhood revitalization efforts. Housing values are also impacted by certain district specific

factors noted below.

Table I: Owner-Occupied Housing Values in Hampton by District, 1990 Census

tc tc tc Area	Estimated Mean Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units	Area	Estimated Mean Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units
1	\$82,214	8	\$85,847
2	\$90,132	9	\$70,930
3	\$81,954	10	\$85,512
4	\$114,291	LAFB	NA
5	\$127,039	City	\$78,200
6	\$75,036	Region	\$86,700
7	\$102,000	State	\$91,000

- Area 6 contains the beachfront community of Buckroe. This area has a mix of high value homes and vacation homes along the beachfront, surrounded by smaller, rental properties that have suffered from poor maintenance. The hope that these properties would benefit from market-driven revitalization due to their location near the beach has not materialized.
- Area 7 contains the Phoebus community that also has a mix of two values of housing - some high value properties on the waterfront and a high percentage of rental properties, due in part to its proximity to Hampton University.
- Area 8 has much of the oldest housing stock from the original town of Hampton. This again is a mix of higher value housing in waterfront locations and lower values in older affordable neighborhoods.
- Area 9, Wythe, has the same mix of higher value property near the waterfront and older affordable neighborhoods. Leaders in this area report a population shift as elderly homeowners pass on and their homes are not re-occupied by the family or sold for homeownership. Wythe suffers from the highest number of foreclosures on properties.
- Area 10, Aberdeen, is in transition, as the original homeowners pass on and their homes that are considered starter homes by today's standards look for new ownership.

Housing Stock Available to Serve Persons with Disabilities. There are several apartment complexes in Hampton with varying degrees of accessibility. HRHA provides disabled accessible units at each of the public housing projects. A Peninsula-wide nonprofit housing organization “Accessible Housing” operates a 25-unit apartment complex “The Anchorage” which houses Hampton residents in Chesapeake. There are one and two bedroom units available for low-income tenants, a resident’s council, communal facilities and rooms available for outside disabled groups to hold meetings. ‘Insight Enterprises’ (for the visually impaired) on the south side of Tidewater area, offers accommodation and counseling, and independent living skills training, and a program ‘Create a Safe Environment’ involving Fire and Police services. The Peninsula Center for Independent Living provides counseling, functional and life skills training and housing referrals.

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Assisted Housing. Table J. lists all assisted housing in Hampton. A majority of Hampton’s assisted housing inventory is located in low to moderate- income areas. The supply of assisted housing is limited therefore the waiting lists are long. Priority is given to applicants who are: (1) involuntarily displaced (victims of domestic violence, tenants who have been evicted due to circumstances beyond their control, etc.); (2) living in sub-standard accommodations; and, (3) paying more than 50% of their family income for rent and utilities.

Some of the units listed may be lost from the inventory when federal mortgages expire in 2001. These units are expected to convert to market rate housing that accepts Section 8 tenants. Any families displaced will be eligible for tenant-based vouchers.

Table J: Units of Assisted Housing in Hampton (As of 1/1/2000)

Description	Number of Units	Population Targeted	Type of Assistance
Bridgeport Apartments	184	Low to Moderate Income	VHDA Tax Credits
Carybrook Apartments	182	Low to Moderate Income	VHDA Rehabilitation
Century Plaza Apartments	120	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Assistance and Section 8
Derby Run Apartments	160	Low to Moderate Income	VHDA Tax Credits
Derby Run Apartments II	144	Low to Moderate Income	Multi-Family Loan Program
Foxhill Apartments	96	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Assistance
Description	Number of Units	Population Targeted	Type of Assistance
Foxhill Townhouses (I,II,III,IV)	252	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Assistance
Horizon Plaza	135	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Subsidy
Lakeshore I Apartments	19	Low to Moderate Income	VHDA Rehabilitation
Langley Square (I and II)	252	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Assistance and Section 8
Langley Village	146	Very Low Income Families and Elderly	Public Housing
Lincoln Towers and Lincoln Park Apartments	300	Very Low Income Families and Elderly	Public Housing
Monterey Apartments	40	Low Income	Tax credits to subsidize rent
North Phoebus Townhouses	100	Very Low Income Families and Elderly	Public Housing
Olde Towne (I and II)	368	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Assistance

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Paula Maria	198	Low to Moderate Income Elderly	Section 8
Paula Maria II	200	Low and Moderate Income Families	HUD Mortgage Assistance and Section 8
Queens Terrace Apartments	262	Low to Moderate Income	Multi-Family Loan Program
Section 8 Certificates & Housing Vouchers	1841	Very Low and Low Income Families	Rental Assistance
Seton Manor	112	Low to Moderate Income	Section 8
Shell Gardens Apartments	48	Low Income	Tax credits to subsidize rent
Waterford Point Apartments	120	Low to Moderate Income	Multi-Family Loan Program
Wingfield Drive Apartments	116	Low to Moderate Income	Multi-Family Loan Program

Public and Assisted Housing Needs. Hampton bases future needs for public and assisted housing on an evaluation of present supply and the goals for the next 5-years, identified in the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority’s five-year plan – the Comprehensive Agency Plan 2000-2005. Hampton consulted with citizens at a public forum, and with agencies that provide services to public housing residents, as well as the lead agency in the provision of public housing - the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority (HRHA).

HRHA owns, manages and maintains 546 units of housing in 3 public housing developments and 38 single family units in 2 scattered site single family homeownership programs, providing safe decent affordable housing. HRHA provides rental assistance to over 1839 families through the Section 8 and Housing Voucher programs, whereby families are provided rental housing on the open market, paying up to 30% of their adjusted gross income for rent and utilities. The Authority also manages and maintains affordable housing to families with incomes at or below 60% of Hampton’s median income through 10-unit non-public housing development, congregate housing for developmentally challenged adults, and a 12-unit apartment building for the developmentally challenged.

Public Housing Public HousingPublic HousingPublic HousingUnits. The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority administers the public housing program, consisting of 584 units:

- 300 units in Lincoln Towers and Lincoln Park Apartments;
- 100 units in North Phoebus Townhouses;
- 146 units in Langley Village; (and which received ‘elderly only’ designation in HUD’s letter dated August 21, 1998) and
- 38 single family scattered-site units in the Public Housing Homeownership Program.

The distribution of units by size is:

- 42 efficiency units;
- 227 one bedroom;
- 81 two bedroom; and,
- 196 three or more bedroom units.

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The Housing Authority’s Public Housing Units are in decent, safe, and sanitary condition as required by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. In addition, the Housing Authority has received funds under the Comprehensive Grant Program (CGP) since 1992 for capital improvements in its Public Housing apartment complexes. The CGP is an entitlement grant program offered by HUD. Funds are provided annually to housing authorities on a formula basis to make capital improvements and upgrade the management and operation of existing public housing. The Housing Authority will make improvements relating to the physical condition of its Public Housing units, as identified in the current Annual Statements for CGP. (Reference HRHA’s Executive Summary of the Comprehensive Grant Plan for 2000-2005, Appendix B.)

In accordance with 24CFR 8.25, and the Housing Authority’s 504 Needs Assessment, six (6) units in North Phoebus Townhouses, nine (9) units in Lincoln Park, and eight (8) units in Langley Village have been made adaptable for handicap accessibility. In addition, two (2) of the single-family scattered site units under the Public Housing Homeownership Program are handicap accessible. Applicants and tenants participating in the Authority’s Public Housing Program that have a need for a handicap accessible unit are given first priority as units become available.

Restoration and Revitalization Needs of Public Housing Projects. As required by the Comprehensive Grant Program is required to develop an overall needs assessment of modernization, restoration and revitalization needs. This ongoing evaluation is projected over a 5-year period and updated annually. HRHA is required to carry out a general survey of each development listing major work categories to be addressed to ensure the long-term viability of the project. In this survey only physical improvements of a capital nature are considered.

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority has completed capital improvements to the North Phoebus Townhouses, Lincoln Towers, and Lincoln Park Apartments under the Comprehensive Improvements Assistance Program (CIAP). During 1993, the Authority began activities funded under the Comprehensive Grant Program (CGP). To date, the Authority has spent \$448,972 for physical and management improvements to Public Housing apartment complexes. The accommodations affected are: North Phoebus Townhouses, Lincoln Park Apartments, Lincoln Towers, Pine Chapel Village, Langley Village and Batten’s Hope (20 units single-family scattered site).

Cooperation in Provision of Resident Programs and Services. HRHA offers several opportunities for lower income residents to improve their living standards. By offering self-sufficiency programs, the Authority provides the tools for resident empowerment. The Authority’s self-sufficiency programs include some of the major anti-poverty programs created for individuals and families currently available at the local level. The goal of the Authority’s self-sufficiency programs is to promote independence for current low-income households from government subsidized housing programs. To help achieve this goal, the Authority supported all three of the Resident Councils in the Authority’s family housing developments in applying for technical assistance for Resident Management Grants from HUD. All three Councils were funded and incorporated.

Family Self-Sufficiency program participants include current public housing and Section 8 participants. The Authority’s self-sufficiency programs empower residents seeking: 1) to improve their employability and employment prospects; and 2) to qualify for homeownership, and becoming independent, productive members of their community. In addition, the Authority provides

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individualized counseling, networking, referral services, and financial assistance to residents. Depending on the participant’s needs, the Authority may assist with aptitude testing and assessments; continuing education; training for employment; job search counseling; interview techniques; on-the-job training; training and counseling in small business planning; start-up and operations; homeownership counseling and financial assistance; a coordinated continuum of supportive services such as child day care; transportation; and medical referrals. HRHA also receives funding for Hampton Americorps. Americorps is for individuals of all ages and backgrounds who address the community’s education, public safety, human and environmental needs through community service. Americorps members renovated part of Y.H. Thomas Community Center in the Old Northampton section of the city. CDBG funding also provided funds for renovations.

HRHA also sponsors a Hampton Youthbuild Program, which has received a \$1,000,000 grant to provide classroom education and on-the-job construction training for annual programs of approximately 30 young adults of whom 75% are high school dropouts. Special attention is given to recruiting young women and women with dependent children, plus 10% who are physically challenged. The Virginia School for the Deaf assists with recruitment. Youthbuild adopted a recruiting strategy from the onset to employ residents of the three public housing complexes where the estimated high school drop out rate is 16.7% which is three times that of the city as a whole.

Certified Nurses Training offers courses with a grant from the Greater Peninsula Private Industry Council to provide low-income residents of public housing with an 11-week training program geared towards improved job prospects and income.

Coordination of Local Drug Elimination or Anti-Crime Strategies. The Authority's Drug Elimination Program has 5 components.

- Foot patrols to assist in increasing law enforcement efforts.
- Voluntary resident patrols to further reinforce the law enforcement effort, and demonstrate the community's lack of tolerance to drug related criminal activity
- Training of resident council officers, parents, and youth trainers to develop community based resources to educate parents and youth regarding drug abuse, crime, and other related community concerns
- Implementation of resident council sponsored drug free activities for youth and adults, designed as a positive alternative to drug use.
- A treatment component designed to assist residents to enter local treatment programs and establish support groups and follow-up activities.

The Drug Elimination Program maintains documentation on: the number of parents and youth involved in leadership/trainer and training activities; the number of educational programs and activities; the number of peer support groups formed; the number of residents seeking treatment; the number and type of drug free activities held and the number of participants; and, the number of educational programs being conducted by the residents.

The drug task force is also an effective element of the HRHA Drug Elimination Component. The drug task force has been in existence since 1988 and consists of participants representing the Residents Council officers, Police, Community Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services, Virginia Social Services, Parks and Recreation, Schools, Virginia Cooperative Extension Service, Court Services, Alternatives, and other agencies. The Drug Task Force reviews

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monthly reports on program components and when applicable, makes recommendations. The task force subcommittees address specific problems and concerns. Agencies that are represented on the task force also provide assistance and support services to residents in their respective areas.

Public Housing Homeownership Opportunities. Facilitating homeownership is one of the Authority’s primary empowerment efforts. Homeownership for lower income families represents a major step toward independence from government-subsidized housing. Currently, the Authority has two housing programs underway which support residents’ efforts to achieve homeownership. First, the Authority acquired 43 single-family homes, which have been rehabilitated and are occupied by Public Housing residents under the Authority’s Public Housing Homeownership Program. These homes will be sold to the residents under Section 5(h) of the Housing Act. Second, the Authority constructed a 10-unit apartment complex, Langley Village II, which houses low-income families who are committed to achieving self-sufficiency transition into the private market. An array of counseling services is available for residents who meet minimum homeownership qualifications. Counseling services cover topics ranging from loan application procedures to home maintenance, repairs and management. For participants in the homeownership program, the Authority creates an escrow account to be applied to initial closing and ownership costs. The account is capitalized through a set-aside portion of monthly rent.

Section 8 and Housing Vouchers. The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority currently has 1839 rental certificates, under the Section 8 Housing Assistance Program and Housing Voucher Programs.

Needs Assessment Waiting Lists. If waiting lists are used as an indicator of need, then it can be ascertained that there is a need for rental subsidy programs or for meeting housing and income needs in a manner that reduces the need for rental subsidies in the Hampton. Waiting lists for public housing and Section 8 Certificates/Housing Vouchers include 1,646 individuals and families.

Minority and Women Owned Businesses Participation. HRHA maximizes the participation of minority-owned and women-owned business in projects funded by the HUD HOME program. The city has compiled a list of eligible Minority and women owned business categorized by occupation or specialty e.g. planning, engineering etc. The list is reviewed and updated annually and all qualified minority and women owned businesses are encouraged to apply for inclusion in the directory.

City Support to Revitalize Neighborhoods around Public Housing. Supportive efforts from Hampton to revitalize neighborhoods surrounding public housing projects include the funding of Phoebus Improvement League with CDBG funds for economic development in a low-income area with 100 public housing units, the North Phoebus Townhouses. CDBG funding for the Neighborhood Resource in Wythe is a strategic development of the neighborhood in the area of scattered homeownership assisted housing. Lincoln Park apartments and Langley Village apartments are located in District 8 in Hampton, a low-income neighborhood where CDBG funds renovated Y.H. Thomas community center, acquired and donated a facility for North King Street Improvement Council, opened Salina Street Neighborhood Center and made lighting improvements to North King Street. The City has also participated in funding renovations to the YMCA that is directly across from Lincoln Park.

Homeless Facilities and Services

Emergency Shelter with Services. The strategy for Emergency Shelter Services is to provide

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permanent year round shelters supplemented by temporary overnight shelter in area churches. HELP provides shelter in a 26-bed emergency shelter for homeless families. They estimate that a total of 413 people will require some part of their housing program each year. Hampton churches provide temporary overnight winter shelter, with dinner and breakfast served by volunteers under professional, on-site supervision during the coldest 3-5 months of the year. H.E.L.P. is considering expanding this service. In this Emergency Shelter program HELP provides an average of 70 beds per night. Any homeless family who cannot be served by other shelters is eligible; this service is particularly targeted to the long-term street homeless. The Salvation Army Family Shelter - physically located in Newport News but serving Hampton - provides emergency shelter and meals for 30-90 days and houses homeless families and unaccompanied women. The Salvation Army in Hampton has a new facility (August 1999) which accommodates 60 - 50 beds for men and 10 for women.

Transitions Family Violence Services provides 51 beds in 2 emergency shelters for victims of domestic violence and their children. CSB- CAPO center is a detox shelter with meals in Newport News where unaccompanied adults in need of detox get emergency shelter for five (5) days - then supportive shelter and meals for up to two (2) weeks. The American Red Cross and HomeBase provide emergency services and shelter coordination for people displaced by individual disasters. The American Red Cross, the Salvation Army, local governments, military and other agencies have a coordinated disaster plan in place in the event of large-scale disaster. A gap in the emergency shelter component of the continuum of is indicated by the excess of 300 individuals (primarily single men and women) on waiting lists to enter shelter, and another 200 - 250 camping in parks or sleeping in cars or abandoned buildings at any given point in time. About one third of this Peninsula-wide need is estimated to occur in Hampton. The need for shelters is highest among single individuals, persons with mental illness and substance abuse.

Other Services available to Homeless individuals and families with children. The strategy for other services to the homeless (day services, feeding programs, health services, mental health and substance abuse counseling, case management, financial management counseling, clothing, etc.) is to continue supporting existing services. Transitions Family Violence Services provides counseling, legal advocacy outreach services, food and clothing to victims of family violence. Health services are offered by Health Care for the Homeless, Health Care for Homeless Veterans, Peninsula AIDS Foundation, and H.E.L.P., Peninsula Institute for Community Health offers a Health Care program for the Homeless funded by the Stewart McKinney Homeless Assistance Act. Through the HCH program homeless people in Newport News and Hampton receive direct medical care and case management, as well as referrals for mental health and substance abuse services. The service is provided via a mobile van and evening clinics are held in 2 family shelters. There are no fees for these services, but without them the homeless would be using shelters on even more of a revolving door basis, with little hope of moving on. The Hampton and Newport News Community Services Board offers outreach, crisis intervention, assessment and service planning provide mental Health and substance abuse services.

There are multiple problems that have to be addressed before a family - or individual - can secure permanent housing. Department of Social Services, Hampton's Healthy Families Partnership, Peninsula AIDS Foundation, HNNCSB, and Transitions offer case management. Job skills training, life-skills, computer literacy, substance, or physical abuse counseling are all programs offered by the shelters and which are an essential component of moving from the streets to a home of their own.

Financing for homeless and special needs housing must take into account the capacity the population to pay the HOME rents. Many homeless and other special needs households may be unemployed, on public assistance, or otherwise limited in income, so that they may not even be able to pay the “low HOME rent”, and many have had previous credit/debt problems. For families on public assistance, rents may have to reflect the “shelter” rental payments provided by the department of social services, unless rental assistance is available. Housing Counseling for Catholic Charities and H.E.L.P. provide skill-building programs as needed before an individual moves into permanent housing. Financial management services are offered by Center for Child and Family Welfare.

Special Needs Facilities and Services

The estimated number of non-homeless people needing services within special population groups is included in HUD Table 1A. in Appendix A. These populations include the elderly and frail elderly, persons with physical or mental disabilities, persons with drug and alcohol addiction, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families. Housing needs are addressed alongside supportive services to meet the goal of an integrated life in a supportive community. Consultation and discussion with providers of housing and supportive services, and local jurisdictions took place at a meeting of the Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council in November 1999 (Appendix A) where priority needs were identified. The Greater Virginia Peninsula Continuum of Care Council coordinates services and prepares needs statements, via its Task Force and sub-committees, in an effort to avoid duplication of services and fill gaps in provision of services and housing. Hampton offers a variety of services, facilities and programs, both public and private, to meet the special needs of its residents.

Elderly and Frail Elderly. Hampton's population mirrors the national demographic shift towards an increasingly older population. The 1990 Census gave the numbers of elderly (age 60 and over) as 20,831, and all indications are that this number has increased since then. In considering the housing and supportive needs of the elderly, the City of Hampton consulted with the Peninsula Agency on Aging, the Hampton Advisory Committee on Seniors, Aberdeen Gardens Civic Association Mature Adults Committee, the Department of Parks and Recreation seniors’ recreation officer, Social Services Adult Protective Services director, the “City of Virginia Beach Senior Report” (for a regional perspective) and HUD’s report published November 1999, titled ‘Housing Our Elders a Report Card on the Housing Conditions and Needs of Older Americans’(for a national perspective). Input provided is as follows.

The needs of older persons in the planning service area (identified at P.A.A. Hampton Public meeting July 1999) are personal care, home delivered meals, transportation, care coordination, congregate meals, adult day care, health promotion, emergency services and legal assistance.

- The Aberdeen Mature Adults Committee identified their greatest need as a community center to address the needs of both elders and youth. They also identified needs for ramps and adaptations for the disabled, and increased awareness of programs that are provided by CDBG and HOME money through the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority. Home security, fire risk and nearby shopping facilities are also serious concerns for these elderly.
- Social Services finds that the elderly with the lowest incomes do not know how to access the services. Un-met needs identified by Social Services include assistance with yard work and house cleaning, because the elderly have fixed incomes and cannot afford these services.
- The HUD report finds that nationally elderly housing issues focus on: adequacy, affordability,

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accessibility and appropriateness. Specifically 6% of seniors live in housing that needs repair and/or rehabilitation; many elderly homeowners and renters spend more than half their incomes on housing; and there is a shortage of fully accessible housing in both the owner-occupied and in rental stock. The situation in Hampton is expected to be comparable to the national situation.

- Needs other than for accessible, affordable and adequate housing include supportive services and programs that enable them to improve the quality of life in their communities and avoid or delay long-term institutional care.

Nonprofit agencies and state and local resources implement mandates aimed at ensuring that social and health needs are met. Volunteers provide many services and many informal providers – like churches – organize day centers or midday meals to combat isolation, but the greatest demand is for transportation, both to social activities and medical centers and shopping. The Peninsula Agency for Aging operates their vans throughout Hampton. The Parks and Recreation department administers recreational facilities for seniors; the senior’s recreational officer organizes classes and activities used by senior Hampton residents with an average age of 75+. Classes for the actives are available, and for the frail elderly socialization offered is supplemented by a meals program. Transportation is provided by the PAA. Very frail seniors are referred to adult day care rather than community centers where they can accommodate ambulatory problems and toileting. Housing repair and upkeep is difficult for owners on fixed incomes and the City uses CDBG money through its grantee the HRHA to provide ramps, paint programs (for exteriors), and deferred loans for major repairs and rehabilitation.

People with Disabilities. The Mayor’s Committee for People with Disabilities assesses the needs of person’s with disabilities in Hampton, and while they concentrate on public facilities accessibility, and parks and recreation facilities and activities, they also review needs assessments for services and housing. The Committee consists of 24 volunteer members appointed by the City Council, dedicated to assisting, representing and advocating for the disabled citizens in the community. The Committee proposes to assess the need for handicapped ramps program in January 2000. CDBG money currently provides the materials for 15 ramps per year; volunteers provide construction.

There are several apartment complexes in Hampton with varying degrees of accessibility. HRHA provides disabled accessible units at each of the public housing projects. A Peninsula –wide nonprofit housing organization “Accessible Housing” operates a 25-unit apartment complex “The Anchorage” which houses Hampton residents in Chesapeake. There are one and two bedroom units available for low-income tenants, a resident’s council, communal facilities and rooms available for outside disabled groups to hold meetings. ‘Insight Enterprises’ (for the visually impaired) on the south side of Tidewater area, offers accommodation and counseling, and independent living skills training, and a program ‘Create a Safe Environment’ involving Fire and Police. The Peninsula Center for Independent Living provides counseling, functional and life skills training and housing referrals.

Persons with HIV/AIDS. The Peninsula AIDS Foundation serves residents of Hampton who either test positive for Human Immune-Deficiency Virus (HIV) or are diagnosed with Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS). In 1995 the Virginia Department of Health data indicated there were 131 AIDS cases in Hampton. In November 1999, 174 cases were served by PAF, (29% of the total served by PAF in a year). PAF funding stipulates that persons receiving services have incomes of no

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more than 200% of the poverty level income, which for a single person is \$16,840 (1999). The eastern region of Virginia is home to 40% of the people in Virginia who are infected, a rate of infection that is well beyond the proportion of the regional population as a whole.

Identifying the housing needs of people with HIV/AIDS in Hampton has not been done as part of a methodological study. AIDS services organizations, and PAF indicate that the supportive services required by other special populations including home care, transportation and meals service and ADL assistance are the same. It is impossible with full-blown AIDS to maintain full employment, which increases the need for affordable housing that can be linked with medical care counseling and other services.

Chronic Substance Abusers. Apart from housing needs, HUD Table 1B (Appendix A), addresses the need of families for Supportive Services, including substance abuse. Substance abuse exists at all levels of income. Very low-income substance abusers need up-front costs of housing, (deposit, rent, and utility deposits, furniture) and many need a rent subsidy. Chronic substance abusers need behavioral management or case management services, but once in recovery may be able to live independently and retain employment and housing. Counseling services are the greatest needs, in conjunction with temporary housing, then transitional housing. HNNCSB identified a total of 143 people with substance dependencies, 2 needing domiciliary care, and 283 needing supervised apartments in Hampton/Newport News. For those veterans who have psychiatric or substance abuse problems the VA Regional Medical Center in Hampton offers one of only 30 domiciliary facilities available nation-wide. 200 persons are housed here, approximately 10% are female and most were homeless when they arrived. The domiciliary facility is a residential home with rehabilitation treatments, both psychiatric and substance abuse. The vast majority of persons living there are in their 30s and after treatment either return to work, seek work, or get a disability pension/benefit. The major causes of substance abuse are cocaine and alcohol. The Veterans Administration is scaling down residential facilities and proposes a 50% reduction in psychiatric beds – although they will not phase out the facility completely as the VA recognizes that substance abuse problems are unlikely to go away.

Seriously Mentally Ill. In estimating current provision and need for the next 5 years, Hampton researched existing plans and considered the needs of populations which might require supportive services in the future. The Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board services over 3000 individuals from Hampton alone who have housing needs. The majority of people from Hampton served by the Community Services Board have an income level of \$5,900 per year and have inadequate housing. In 1999, the population of patients at Eastern State Hospital in Williamsburg was 142 people from Hampton/Newport News. If this facility is closed, those who currently reside there as patients will have to find – or be found – alternative accommodation in the community and other medical/care facilities.

Dually-diagnosed. This population needs permanent housing within which services can be provided on a flexible basis according to acute/chronic needs. The Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board is proposing to operate a twelve bed Safe Haven (HUD Safe Haven Funding) to meet the specific needs of homeless individuals with severe mental illness and co-occurring substance abuse disorders. Existing providers of services to this population report that their staff and shelters are inappropriate for serving individuals with severe mental disabilities. Residents will be offered regular case management services to assist the individual with setting personal goals and obtaining

necessary services.

Victims of Domestic Violence. Since 1989, Transitions Family Violence Services (formerly Peninsula Council on Domestic Violence) has operated a transitional housing facility – Next Step – for victims of domestic violence at risk from continued victimization and homelessness. Supportive services have been greatly expanded over the years and the supply very nearly equates with demand at this time.

Veterans. The Veterans Affairs VASH program is a shelter for single male veterans who probably served in this area, suffered marital breakdown in this area, have been treated by the VA Regional Medical Center hospital, or returned to this area to seek work, or because they did not settle where they were discharged. 30 individuals regularly make use of the facility in Hampton. HRHA provides 25 housing units with supportive services for veterans and their dependents.

Transitional Housing. Home Base transitional housing program is open to the general homeless and special needs population. They can house 10-13 families in scattered sites with intensive case management.

Permanent Supportive Housing. There are various supportive adult group homes throughout Hampton, generally referred to as congregate housing. Congregate living comprises adult care homes and other categories of shared living arrangements, which are found in all districts of Hampton.

Barriers to Affordable Housing

The cost of housing construction is impacted by the cost of land and materials, fees, permits, zoning restrictions, building codes, and subdivision regulations. These factors have not been a barrier to the production of affordable housing as is evidenced by the quantity of affordable housing in Hampton and the fact that developers have considered Hampton to be the community of choice to construct affordable housing. Hampton's issue has never been removing barriers to the production of affordable housing, but how to diversify our housing stock to increase Hampton's share of high-end housing and thereby strengthen our tax base.

On the other hand Hampton is focused on removing barriers to investing in and occupying our existing affordable housing stock and strategies to do this have been addressed elsewhere in this document. Two barriers to the rehabilitation of the existing housing stock are the costs associated with asbestos and lead based paint removal. As the costs of the new lead based paint abatement requirements become more clear, consideration will be given to ways to assist in financing this requirement, since the expense adds little or no value to the house. Hampton also has strategies to improve city service delivery to neighborhoods with the intended result of improving quality of life in neighborhoods (one barrier to investing in and occupying the housing). The Neighborhood Task Force is a collaborative group of city department heads who work to improve city service delivery and relationships with neighborhoods. The task force has established District Area Resource Teams comprised of city staff who work together to deliver city services in a geographic area of the city. These teams are expected to share resources to solve problems across departmental lines and the increase communication with neighborhood groups and thereby better understand issues of importance to neighborhoods. A second strategy is the development of Memorandums of Agreement with neighborhoods around the allocation of city and neighborhood resources. These MOA's are designed to assist the City and the neighborhoods to agree to what is most important to accomplish

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in neighborhoods and to agree to the commitments necessary by both the City and the neighborhood to make it happen.

Lead-Based Paint

Section 1004 of the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of the Housing and Community Development Act 1992 defines lead-based paint hazards as (1) deteriorated lead-based paint on any exterior or interior surface; (2) lead-based paint on any friction surface (floors or windows); (3) lead based paint on any impact surface (door frames); (4) lead-based paint on any surface accessible to a young child; (5) lead contaminated dust; and (6) lead contaminated soil. There are 3 measures that help identify the extent of the problem in older housing units in Hampton:

- the number of homes built pre-1970;
- an estimate of the numbers of families with young children living in pre-1970 houses
- housing occupied by low or very low-income persons who may not have the resources to maintain or up-grade their home – and thus eliminate lead-based paint.

To measure lead-based paint hazards HUD uses as its measure the percentage of pre-1940 units occupied by low-income tenants. To estimate the numbers of homes in the age brackets containing lead-based paint, the Center for Disease Control recommends that the locality assume that 90% of houses build before 1940, 80% of the houses built between 1940-1959 and 62% of houses built between 1960-1979 contain lead based-paint. Houses constructed after 1978 are not likely to contain lead-based paint.

Table K: Estimated Presence of Lead-Based Paint in Housing

Year Constructed	Owner Units/ # With LBP	Rental Units/ # With LBP	Total Units/ # With LBP
Pre - 1940	2760/2484	1623/1461	3383/3945
1941 - 1959	2898/2318	1612/1290	4510/3608
1960 - 1979	17932/11118	12369/7669	30301/18787
Total	23590/15920	15604/10420	38194/26340

Housing of concern are those units occupied by low-income households with young children. Units occupied by larger related families are confidently assumed to have children living in the home. According to the 1990 Census, 8.8% of Hampton households are very low and low-income large related families. Assuming that all 8.8% occupy housing likely to have lead-based paint, an estimated 2318 units may have lead based paint issues.

Hampton has an active and coordinated program to identify and address lead-based paint, as part of the rehabilitation program administered by the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority. Applicants for loans are provided with a pamphlet about Lead-Based Paint, “Protect Your Family from LEAD in Your Home” prepared by the Environmental Protection Agency. A locally produced pamphlet is also available and distributed by Health department staff. Housing projects involving the rehabilitation of structures prior to 1978 are tested for lead-based paint and when present required abatement procedures are followed. COMP grant funds have been used to test for and abate lead-based paint hazards in public housing units. CDBG will continue to address lead-based paint in

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residential rehabilitation activities. Applicants for rehabilitation loans are required to sign a Notification “Watch out for Lead-Based Paint.”

A cooperative effort between Department of Health pediatrics and environmental health staff, and the Codes and Compliance addresses the risk of lead poisoning in children. The pediatric staff screens for poisoning and provides health education and follow-up. The environmental health staff conducts home and property assessments, and Codes & Compliance enforces abatement actions to remove lead from property. The Hampton Health Department reports that in the past year (1998-99) there have been 2 reports of high lead levels in children. Paint samples were taken from the homes and identified lead in the home. Twelve private and eight Health Department patients continue to be monitored by a Public Health Nurse according to the State protocol.

Fair Housing

Preparation of this section of the Consolidated Plan involved reference to the 1996 Hampton Fair Housing Plan, consultation with HRHA, the Citizens Unity Commission, the City of Hampton’s Department of Minority Programs, the NAACP and consultations with the Hampton Roads Community Housing Resources Board. Fair Housing law prohibits discrimination in access to accommodation or services on the grounds of race, ethnicity, religion, gender or disability. Overt housing discrimination, bias and disparate lending practices are not evident in Hampton and the professional real estate organizations take the lead in training and oversight to ensure that the laws are understood and followed. The issues that could inhibit fair housing choice are (1) lack of information on access to housing resources, and (2) assistance if a fair housing violation has occurred.

Naturally, the factor most frequently identified as causing discrimination in housing is race. The 1990 Census identifies the population of Hampton to be 58% white and 39% black. In accordance with the HUD 1995 Consolidated Plan Rule, an analysis of impediments to fair housing was conducted. An impediment study has to include data from fair housing testers and a count of fair housing complaints. It must also include information on levels of segregation, zoning laws, occupancy standards and parking data. The City of Hampton’s plan identified three primary impediments: ineffective access to capital for public/private funding for homeownership opportunities; lack of programmatic strategy for educating/informing housing-seekers and housing-providers of their rights and responsibilities; and no organization/agency to provide advocacy, training, or processing of complaints regarding fair housing.

Actions were taken to overcome these impediments, including increased marketing of existing housing programs and a semi-annual mailing and follow-up meeting to inform and solicit tenant applications from persons in the housing market area who are not likely to apply for homeownership. In addition, the reactivation of the Hampton Roads Community Housing Resources Board (HRCHRB) of which Hampton is an active participant serves as a coordinating agency providing education on Fair Housing Rights and Responsibilities for individuals and organizations in the region.

Hampton affirmatively furthers fair housing in the programs administered with HRHA and is committed to fairness and equal opportunities for individuals and groups covered by the Fair Housing Act. The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority has incorporated a Fair Housing Rights and Responsibilities component in their Homebuyer workshops and a more aggressive

ATTACHMENT VA017b01 –_Housing Needs Assessment, Excerpt from City’s Consolidated Plan

marketing campaign of existing programs offered by the City and HRHA has been instituted. City staff annually conducts a review of files, records on hand, and information maintained by other public and private agencies in order to discuss and eliminate some of the possible impediments to fair housing choice. In early 2000 the HRCHRB will be conducted testing in Hampton to identify discrimination in access to housing – whether rented or for ownership – in order to prepare a new Fair Housing Plan 2000.

The Citizens Unity Commission is a Commission of the City of Hampton with twenty-one members appointed by Council. Commissioners reflect the racial, ethnic, and geographic composition of the city. The mission of the CUC is to proactively promote understanding and respect for the racial and cultural diversity of the city. They have developed a program that allows interaction among diverse groups and offers opportunities for honest dialogue. The Commission’s programs and activities address safety, judicial equity and intercultural communication.

The Minority Programs Department is responsible for enforcement of federal, state and local laws through monitoring providers of goods and services – particularly in the area of employment. The Department ensures the compliance of the Americans with Disabilities Act in terms of making city programs, activities and services accessible to the disabled. It also identifies and eliminates practices that tend to have an unlawful adverse impact on protected population groups. Minority Programs receives formal complaints and follows litigation in the furtherance of equality.

As a member of HRCHRB, NAACP partners actively with local organizations in a variety of fields. Their Housing Committee has 4 aims: to study housing conditions in the local community; receive and seek to adjust complaints of discrimination; oppose all restrictive practices whether public or private; and disseminate information and render such other assistance which may eliminate discrimination in housing.

There are two region-wide strategies that Hampton endorses, a citizens review board for Fair Housing, and an education and training forums. A regional Fair Housing forum is held annually and covers landlord/tenant relations as well as legislative updates. Housing for People With AIDS (HOPWA) is funded by federal dollars and performs activities in the area of enforcement and/or promotion of affirmatively furthering fair housing.

VI. Housing and Community Development Strategic Plan

2000-2005 Priority Needs and Allocation Priorities

The priority housing needs in Hampton have not changed since the completion of the last Consolidated Plan, because no new census data is available. These needs will be reevaluated when new census data is available.

**Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary**

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P01750102 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 2002
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no:)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations	25,000			
3	1408 Management Improvements	73,000			
4	1410 Administration	101,034			
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs	55,000			
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement	630,500			
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	100,000			
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve				
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities				
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency	25,807			
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	1,010,341			
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities	0			
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance	2,500			
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs	0			
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs	0			
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures	4,500			

**Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
 Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
 Part II: Supporting Pages**

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P01750102 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:			Federal FY of Grant: 2002			
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	General Description of Major Work Categories	Dev. Acct No.	Quantity	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost		Status of Work
				Original	Revised	Funds Obligated	Funds Expended	
VA36P017001 North Phoebus	Landscaping	1450	100units-500 unit	50,000				
	Porch Canopies	1460	100units-1,000 unit	100,000				
	Subtotal			150,000				
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park	Implement recommendations from Lincoln Park Study:							
Low-Rise	Expand parking and drives	1450		450,000				
	Subtotal			450,000				
VA36P017012 & VA36P017016 Scattered-Sites	Fencing	1450	5,800lf-20/lf	116,000				
	Landscaping	1450	29units-500 unit	14,500				
	Subtotal			130,500				
HA-Wide	Operations	1406		25,000				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part II: Supporting Pages								
PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority			Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P01750102 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:			Federal FY of Grant: 2002		
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	General Description of Major Work Categories	Dev. Acct No.	Quantity	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost		Status of Work
				Original	Revised	Funds Obligated	Funds Expended	
HA-Wide Mgmt Improve								
	Assessment/Implementation of Public Housing Wait List Management Practices related to QHWRA	1408		8,000				
	Marketing Study	1408		10,000				
	Supervisory Training	1408		3,000				
	504 /Transition Plan Update	1408		2,500				
	Computer Systems Assessments (hardware/software)	1408		10,000				
	Energy Audit Update	1408		4,500				
	Technical/Edu&Training Program	1408		10,000				
	Housing Outreach Worker	1408		25,000				
	Subtotal			73,000				
Administration	10% of total grant for staff salaries to administer CF program	1410		101,034				
Fees/Costs	A/E Fees	1430		30,000				
	Inspection Costs	1430		25,000				
	Subtotal			55,000				
Contingency	Up to 8% of total grant	1502		25,807				

Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan

Part I: Summary

PHA Name Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority						<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original 5-Year Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Revision No:
Development Number/Name/HA- Wide	Year 1 2002	Work Statement for Year 2 FFY Grant: 2003 PHA FY: 2003	Work Statement for Year 3 FFY Grant: 2004 PHA FY: 2004	Work Statement for Year 4 FFY Grant: 2005 PHA FY: 2005	Work Statement for Year 5 FFY Grant: 2006 PHA FY: 2006	
	Annual Statement					
VA36P017001 North Phoebus		217,600	100,000	0	350,000	
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park		454,000	506,000	647,100	192,600	
VA36P017004 Langley Village		0	73,000	0	129,600	
HA-Wide		338,741	331,341	363,241	338,141	
CFP Funds Listed for 5-year planning		1,010,341	1,010,341	1,010,341	1,010,341	
Replacement Housing Factor Funds						

Public Housing Drug Elimination Program Plan

Note: THIS PHDEP Plan template (HUD 50075-PHDEP Plan) is to be completed in accordance with Instructions located in applicable PIH Notices.

Annual PHDEP Plan Table of Contents:

- 1. General Information/History**
- 2. PHDEP Plan Goals/Budget**
- 3. Milestones**
- 4. Certifications**

Section 1: General Information/History

- A. Amount of PHDEP Grant** \$181,975
- B. Eligibility type (Indicate with an x)** N1 _____ N2 _____ R X
- C. FFY in which funding is requested** 2002
- D. Executive Summary of Annual PHDEP Plan**

In the space below, provide a brief overview of the PHDEP Plan, including highlights of major initiatives or activities undertaken. It may include a description of the expected outcomes. The summary must not be more than five (5) sentences long

E. Target Areas

Complete the following table by indicating each PHDEP Target Area (development or site where activities will be conducted), the total number of units in each PHDEP Target Area, and the total number of individuals expected to participate in PHDEP sponsored activities in each Target Area.

PHDEP Target Areas (Name of development(s) or site)	Total # of Units within the PHDEP Target Area(s)	Total Population to be Served within the PHDEP Target Area(s)
Lincoln Park/Lincoln Towers	300	730
Langley Village	146	158
North Phoebus	100	321

F. Duration of Program

Indicate the duration (number of months funds will be required) of the PHDEP Program proposed under this Plan (place an x to indicate the length of program by # of months. For Other , identify the # of months).

6 Months _____ **12 Months** X **18 Months** _____ **24 Months** _____ **Other** _____

ATTACHMENT VA017e01 – FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)

G. PHDEP Program History

Indicate each FY that funding has been received under the PHDEP Program (place an x by each applicable Year) and provide amount of funding received. If previously funded programs have not been closed out at the time of this submission, indicate the fund balance and anticipated completion date. For grant extensions received, place GE in column or W for waivers.

Fiscal Year of Funding	PHDEP Funding Received	Grant #	Fund Balance as of Date of this Submission	Grant Extensions or Waivers	Anticipated Completion Date
FY 1995	\$298,800	VA36DEP0170195	-0-	-0-	1/29/99
FY 1996	\$ - 0 -				
FY 1997	\$308,275	VA36DEP0170197	-0-	-0-	10/15/2000
FY1998	\$270,000	VA36DEP0170198	-0-	GE	6/30/2001
FY 1999	\$227,638	VA36DEP0170199	\$ 19, 099.88	GE	8/31/2001
FY 2000	\$161,831	VA36DEP0170100	\$122,931.00	-0-	9/30/2001
FY 2001	\$143,484	VA36DEP0170101	\$143,484.00	-0-	9/30/2002

Section 2: PHDEP Plan Goals and Budget

A. PHDEP Plan Summary

In the space below, summarize the PHDEP strategy to address the needs of the target population/target area(s). Your summary should briefly identify: the broad goals and objectives, the role of plan partners, and your system or process for monitoring and evaluating PHDEP-funded activities. This summary should not exceed 5-10 sentences.

B. PHDEP Budget Summary

Enter the total amount of PHDEP funding allocated to each line item.

FY 2002 PHDEP Budget Summary	
Budget Line Item	Total Funding
9110 - Reimbursement of Law Enforcement	\$ 70, 200.00
9120 - Security Personnel	-0-
9130 - Employment of Investigators	-0-
9140 - Voluntary Tenant Patrol	\$ 800.00
9150 - Physical Improvements	-0-
9160 - Drug Prevention	\$ 7500.00
9170 - Drug Intervention	\$ 16, 403.00
9180 - Drug Treatment	\$ 16, 404.00
9190 - Other Program Costs	\$ 70, 668.00

ATTACHMENT VA017e01 – FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)

TOTAL PHDEP FUNDING	\$181, 975. 00
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A. PHDEP Plan Goals and Activities

In the tables below, provide information on the PHDEP strategy summarized above by budget line item. Each goal and objective should be numbered sequentially for each budget line item (where applicable). Use as many rows as necessary to list proposed activities (additional rows may be inserted in the tables). PHAs are not required to provide information in shaded boxes. Information provided must be concise not to exceed two sentences in any column. Tables for line items in which the PHA has no planned goals or activities may be deleted.

9110 - Reimbursement of Law Enforcement						Total PHDEP Funding: \$70,200	
Goal(s)		To contract with the Police Dept to provide 3,640 hours of Foot Patrol Services					
Objectives		To reduce the incidence of criminal activity by 25% in our four housing communities					
Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHEDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount/Source)	Performance Indicators
1. Provide 15 hrs of Foot Patrol Services weekly in Lincoln Park and Lincoln Towers			9/01/02	9/30/03	\$18,720	\$1081.00/Police Dept.	Schedules made and Foot Patrol services provided
2. Provide 15 hrs of Foot Patrol Services weekly in North Phoebus			9/01/02	9/30/03	\$18,720	\$1081.50/Police Dept.	Schedules made and Foot Patrol services provided
3. Provide 10 hrs of Foot Patrol Services weekly in Langley Village			9/01/02	9/30/03	\$14,040	\$540/Police Dept.	Services made and Foot Patrol services provided

9120 - Security Personnel						Total PHDEP Funding: \$	
Goal(s)							
Objectives							
Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHEDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount/Source)	Performance Indicators
1.							
2.							
3.							

ATTACHMENT VA017e01 – FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)

9130 - Employment of Investigators					Total PHDEP Funding: \$		
Goal(s)							
Objectives							
Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHEDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1.							
2.							
3.							

9140 - Voluntary Tenant Patrol					Total PHDEP Funding: \$800		
Goal(s)							
To maintain the resident patrol in the High Rise for one year							
Objectives							
To serve as the eyes and ears of the Police Dept and increase reporting of suspicious or criminal activity by 20%							
Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHEDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1. Set up quarterly training sessions with the Police Dept.	15	Lincoln Towers	9/01/02	9/30/03	\$	\$1,081	Training sessions set-up with Hampton Police Dept and conducted
2. Provide training and equipment for participants during the year	15	Lincoln Towers	9/01/02	9/30/03	\$800		Training sessions set-up and conducted
3. To organize a resident patrol program in Lincoln Park over a 12 month period	10-12	Lincoln Park	9/01/02	9/30/03			Residents recruited and training session set-up.

9150 - Physical Improvements					Total PHDEP Funding: \$		
Goal(s)							
Objectives							
	# of		Start	Expected	PHEDEP	Other	

ATTACHMENT VA017e01 – FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)

Proposed Activities	Persons Served	Target Population	Date	Complete Date	Funding	Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1.							
2.							
3.							

9160 - Drug Prevention	Total PHDEP Funding: \$7,500.00
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Goal(s)	To coordinate programs for youths and adult
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Objectives	To provide deterrents to drug use, violence and criminal behavior
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Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1. To recruit youth participants ages 5-17 and adult residents in a variety of cultural, athletic, and recreational activities through various programs; to provide opportunities for interest in higher education;	275	Lincoln Park N. Phoebus Langley Village	09/01/02	09/30/03	\$2,550	\$1,170/ Recreation Dept.	Participation in swimming, bowling, roller skating; college tours; drug abuse, sexual battery and health retreats; leadership development training.
2. To provide adults and senior adults with a variety of cultural and recreational activities	120	Langley Village Lincoln Park N. Phoebues	09/01/02	09/30/03	\$2,400		
3. To stimulate anti-drug activities through youth sports, retreats, and training and development	275	Lincoln Park N. Phoebus	09/01/02	09/30/03	\$2,550		

9170 - Drug Intervention	Total PHDEP Funding: \$16,403.00
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Goal(s)	To provide 60 residents with substance abuse dependency remission services
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Objectives	To modify behavior 50% and remain drug-free over a 12-month period
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Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1. Recruit 15 residents to participate in education	15	Lincoln Park Langley Village	9/01/02	9/30/03	\$16,403	\$1,500/ Community	Residents recruited and programs completed.

ATTACHMENT VA017e01 – FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)

program		N. Phoebus Lincoln Towers				Services Board	
2. Conduct training program quarterly for 15 residents per quarter	60	Lincoln Park	9/01/02	9/30/03		\$1,500/ Community Services Board	Training session completed each quarter.

9180 - Drug Treatment	Total PHDEP Funding: \$16,404.00
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Goal(s)	To assist 25 residents to obtain substance abuse treatment and structured aftercare						
Objectives	To have 75% of the 25 residents becoming and remaining drug-free thus reducing drug use and related crime among residents over a 12 month period						
Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1. Refer residents to treatment programs.	25	Lincoln Park Langley Village N. Phoebus Lincoln Towers	9/01/02	9/30/02	\$16,404	\$27,500/ Community Services Board	Residents referred
2. Involve clients in individual, family and group counseling	25	Lincoln Park Langley Village N. Phoebus Lincoln Towers	9/01/02	9/30/02			Residents counseled
3. Refer clients to aftercare programs such as NA and refer them to educational and employment training	25	Lincoln Park Langley Village N. Phoebus Lincoln Towers	9/01/02	9/30/02			Residents referred to NA, educational and employment training.
4. Follow up to ensure clients are following case management plan.	25	Lincoln Park Langley Village N. Phoebus Lincoln Towers	9/01/02	9/30/02			Residents followed up to determine status.

9190 - Other Program Costs	Total PHDEP Funds: \$70,668.00
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Goal(s)	To maintain the Program Coordinator, Crime Prevention Analyst, and Outreach Workers salaries; to also provide and supplies and equipment, i.e. computers.
Objectives	To help with the implementation of the drug-free activities and to coordinate and evaluate program

ATTACHMENT VA017e01 – FY 2002 Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)

activities.							
Proposed Activities	# of Persons Served	Target Population	Start Date	Expected Complete Date	PHDEP Funding	Other Funding (Amount /Source)	Performance Indicators
1. Personnel			9/01/02	9/30/02	\$70,668	\$35,290/HRHA	Personnel maintained throughout grant period.
2. Travel			9/01/02	9/30/02		\$1,500/HRHA	Travel expenses used
3. Equipment and Supplies			9/01/02	9/30/03		\$3,000/HRHA	Equipment and supplies ordered and/or updated as needed.

Section 3: Expenditure/Obligation Milestones

Indicate by Budget Line Item and the Proposed Activity (based on the information contained in Section 2 (PHDEP Plan Budget and Goals), the % of funds that will be expended (at least 25% of the total grant award) and obligated (at least 50% of the total grant award) within 12 months of grant execution.

Budget Line Item #	25% Expenditure of Total Grant Funds By Activity #	Total PHDEP Funding Expended (sum of the activities)	Total PHDEP Funding Expended (sum of the activities)	50% Obligation of Total Grant Funds by Activity #	Total PHDEP Funding Obligated (sum of the activities)
<i>e.g Budget Line Item # 9120</i>	<i>Activities 1, 3</i>			<i>Activity 2</i>	
9110	Activities 1,2,3	\$70,200.00		Activities 1,2,3	\$70,200.00
9120					
9130					
9140	Activity 2	\$800.00		Activity 2	\$800.00
9150					
9160	Activities 1,2,3	\$7500.00		Activities 1,2,3	\$7500.00
9170	Activities 1,2	\$16,403.00		Activities 1,2	\$16,403.00
9180	Activities 1,2,3,4	\$16,404.00		Activities 1,2,3,4	\$16,404.00
9190	Activities 1, 2, 3	\$70,668.00		Activities 1,2,3	\$70,668.00
TOTAL		\$181,975.00			\$181,975.00

Section 4: Certifications

A comprehensive certification of compliance with respect to the PHDEP Plan submission is included in the PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plan and Related Regulations.

ATTACHMENT VA017f01

Definition of “Substantial Deviation” and “Significant Amendment or Modification”

Substantial deviations or significant amendments or modifications are defined as follows:

- (a) Discretionary changes in the plans or policies of the housing authority that fundamentally change the mission, goals, objectives, or plans of the agency and which require formal approval of the Board of Commissioners.
- (b) Additions of non-emergency work items (items not included in the current Annual Statement or 5-Year Action Plan) or change in use of replacement reserve funds under the Capital Fund Program.
- (c) Additions of new activities not included in the current PHDEP plan.
- (d) Any change with regard to demolition or disposition, designation, homeownership programs or conversion activities.

Items b, c and d are defined by HUD in PIH Notice 99-51 issued 12/14/99. Exceptions to these items will be made for any of the above that are adopted to reflect changes in HUD regulatory requirements; such changes will not be considered significant amendments by HUD.

ATTACHMENT VA017g01

Implementation of Public Housing Resident Community Service Requirements

To prepare our residents and staff for the final rule implementing this law, the following steps have been taken.

1. Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority incorporated the Twelve Month Lease and Community Service Requirement provisions into its Admission and Continued Occupancy Policy and Public Housing Lease to be effective upon the final rule, notwithstanding any other provision of the law.
2. Staff attended Resident Council meetings in each community to explain the new law and its repercussions.
2. All adult Public Housing residents are required to sign the lease addendum 'Twelve Month Lease Term and Community Service Requirement' which outlines Section 512 of QHWRA, requirements, exemptions, noncompliance action, remedy, types of acceptable community service, and the annual determination. Each family has had the new requirement explained in detail before signing the lease addendum.
4. The forms and tools needed for claiming exemption, reporting and tracking have been developed. Staff training will take place early December, 2000.
3. A list of suitable volunteer activities has been developed, with emphasis placed upon community services performed within the Public Housing communities, such as Resident Council participation and recreation center activities.
4. Cooperative agreements with partner agencies are being developed.
5. Full implementation will start with the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2001.

PET POLICY

INTRODUCTION

This addendum explains the PHA's policies on the keeping of pets and any criteria or standards pertaining to the policy. The rules adopted are reasonably related to the legitimate interest of this PHA to provide a decent, safe and sanitary living environment for all tenants, to protecting and preserving the physical condition of the property, and the financial interest of the PHA.

For the purpose of this policy, pets are common, domesticated household pets such as dogs, cats, fish, birds, and small rodents such as hamsters. This definition excludes all insects, reptiles, large rodents, and exotic animals.

Residents will comply with the dwelling lease, which requires that no animals or pets, other than fish, birds, small rodents such as hamsters and registered dogs and cats, are permitted on the premises. This does not apply to animals that are used to assist persons with disabilities. Nothing in this policy or the dwelling lease limits or impairs the right of persons with disabilities to own animals that are used to assist them.

A. MANAGEMENT APPROVAL OF PETS

Types of Pets Allowed

1. **Dogs: MUST BE REGISTERED WITH MANAGEMENT**
Maximum number: 1
Maximum adult weight: 25 pounds
Must be housebroken
Must be spayed or neutered
Must have all required inoculations
Must be licensed as specified now or in the future by State law and local ordinance
2. **Cats: MUST BE REGISTERED WITH MANAGEMENT**
Maximum number: 1
Must be spayed or neutered
Must have all required inoculations
Must be trained to use a litter box or other waste receptacle
Must be licensed as specified now or in the future by State law or local ordinance
3. **Birds: Registration not required**
Maximum number: 2
Must be enclosed in a cage at all times
4. **Fish: Registration not required**
Maximum aquarium size: 20 gallons
5. **Rodents: hamster, or gerbil ONLY; registration not required**
Maximum number: 2
Must be enclosed in an acceptable cage at all times
Must have any or all inoculations as specified now or in the future by State law or local ordinance

B. PETS TEMPORARILY ON THE PREMISES

No pets are allowed to visit. This rule excludes visiting pet programs sponsored by a humane society or other non-profit organization. If an approved pet gives birth to a litter, the resident must remove all pets, with the exception of the original number allowed, immediately after weaning.

C. REGISTRATION OF PETS

Cats and dogs must be registered with the PHA before they are brought onto the premises. Registration includes:

1. Certificate signed by a licensed veterinarian or State/local authority that the pet has received all inoculations required by State or local law, and that the pet has no communicable disease(s) and is pest-free.
2. Certification the animal has been spayed or neutered.
3. Current license for the pet in compliance with local ordinances and requirements.
4. Execution of a Pet Authorization with the PHA stating the conditions and requirements the tenant must comply with to keep a pet on the premises.
5. Payment of a security deposit in the amount of \$200.00.

Approval for the keeping of a pet shall not be given until the completion of these requirements.

D. REFUSAL TO REGISTER PETS

The PHA may not refuse to register a pet based on the determination that the pet owner is financially unable to care for the pet. If the PHA refuses to register a pet, a written notification will be sent to the pet owner stating the reason for denial and shall be served in accordance with HUD Notice requirements.

The PHA will refuse to register a pet if:

1. The pet is not a *common household pet* as defined in this policy;
2. Keeping the pet would violate the any Pet Policy standard or any local ordinances;
3. The pet owner fails to comply with all the pet registration requirements;
4. The PHA reasonably determines that the pet owner is unable to keep the pet in compliance with the pet rules and other lease obligations. The pet's temperament and behavior may be considered as a factor in determining the pet owner's ability to comply with provisions of the lease.

The notice of refusal may be combined with a notice of a pet violation.

E. PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Pet standards will not be applied to animals who assist persons with disabilities. The resident/pet

ATTACHMENT VA017h01

Pet Ownership in Public Housing – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

owner will be required to qualify animals (for exclusion from the pet policy) who assist persons with disabilities. Example below.

ATTACHMENT VA017h01

Pet Ownership in Public Housing – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

To be excluded from the pet policy, the resident/pet owner must certify:

- That there is a person with disabilities in the household;
- That the animal has been trained to assist with the specified disability; and
- That the animal actually assists the person with the disability.

F. ADDITIONAL FEES AND DEPOSITS FOR PETS

The resident/pet owner shall be required to pay a refundable deposit of \$200.00 for the purpose of defraying all reasonable costs directly attributable to the presence of a dog or cat.

The payment of \$200.00 is due on or prior to the date the pet is properly registered and brought into the apartment. The pet deposit is subject to the same regulations as a rental security deposit as defined in 55-248.11. of the *Virginia Landlord Tenant Act*.

The PHA reserves the right to change or increase the required deposit by amendment to these rules.

A separate pet waste removal charge of \$20.00 per occurrence will be assessed against the resident for violations of the pet policy.

All reasonable expenses incurred by the PHA as the result of damages directly attributable to the presence of the pet will be the responsibility of the resident, including but not limited to:

- The cost of cleaning, repairs and replacements to the dwelling unit or common areas frequented by the pet, including pet waste removal;

- Any unit and adjacent areas occupied by a dog or cat, may be fumigated and treated for fleas. If the tenant is in occupancy when such costs occur, the tenant shall be billed for such costs as a current maintenance charge as defined in the lease.

If such expenses occur as the result of a move-out inspection, they will be deducted from the pet deposit. The resident will be billed for any amount which exceeds the pet deposit. In cases in which a pet deposit has not been paid, such expenses will be treated as damage beyond fair wear and tear.

The pet deposit will be refunded when the resident moves out or no longer has a pet on the premises, whichever occurs first.

G. ALTERATIONS TO UNIT

Residents/pet owners shall not alter their unit, patio, premises or common areas to create an enclosure for any animal.

H. PET RESTRICTIONS

Pet owners must agree to control the pet so that it does not create a nuisance to other residents or interrupt their peaceful enjoyment of their housing unit or premises. This includes, but is not limited to loud or continuous barking, howling, yowling, whining, screeching, scratching, or other such activities.

Pets must be maintained within the resident's unit. When outside of the unit (within the building or on the grounds) dogs and cats must be kept on a leash or carried and under the control of the

ATTACHMENT VA017h01

Pet Ownership in Public Housing – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP

resident or other responsible individual at all times. Pets are not allowed to be left outside the premises unattended.

Pets are not permitted in common areas including lobbies, community rooms and laundry areas except for those common areas which are entrances to and exits from the building.

Pets are not permitted to urinate or defecate in public areas, other than in exercise areas.

The PHA shall have the right to have any pet immediately removed from the premises should it be creating a constant nuisance, be abandoned or inflict bodily harm on another resident, guest or PHA employee, or display a vicious nature.

I. CLEANLINESS REQUIREMENTS

Litter Box Requirements. All animal waste or the litter from litter boxes shall be picked up immediately by the pet owner, disposed of in sealed plastic trash bags, and placed in a trash bin.

Litter shall not be disposed of by being flushed through a toilet.

Litter boxes shall be stored inside the resident's dwelling unit.

Removal of Waste From Other Locations. The Resident/Pet Owner shall be responsible for the removal of waste from the exercise area by placing it in a sealed plastic bag and disposing of it in an outside trash receptacle.

The resident/pet owner shall take adequate precautions to eliminate any pet odors within or around the unit and to maintain the unit in a sanitary condition at all times.

J. PET CARE

No pet (excluding fish) shall be left unattended in any apartment for a period in excess of 9 hours.

All residents/pet owners shall be responsible for adequate care, nutrition, exercise and medical attention for his/her pet.

Residents/pet owners must recognize that other residents may have chemical sensitivities or allergies related to pets, or may be easily frightened or disoriented by animals. Pet owners must agree to exercise courtesy with respect to other residents.

K. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

The resident/pet owner will be required to designate two responsible parties for the care of the pet if the health or safety of the pet is threatened by the death or incapacity of the pet owner, or by other factors that render the pet owner unable to care for the pet.

L. PET RULE VIOLATIONS

Pet Rule Violation Notice

If a determination is made on objective facts supported by written statements, that a resident/pet owner has violated the Pet Policy, written notice will be served.

The Notice will contain a brief statement of the factual basis for the determination and the pet

ATTACHMENT VA017h01

Pet Ownership in Public Housing – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP
policy (ies) which were violated. The notice will also state:

1. That the resident/pet owner has 5 business days from the date of the notice to request an informal grievance hearing to discuss the violation with the manager;

**ATTACHMENT VA017h01
Pet Ownership in Public Housing – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP**

2. That the resident/pet owner's failure to correct the violation, request a meeting, or appear at a requested meeting may result in initiation of procedures to terminate the pet owner's tenancy.

If the pet owner requests a meeting within the 5 business day period, the manager will schedule an informal hearing within seven calendar days of receipt of the request for a grievance.

M. NOTICE FOR PET REMOVAL

If the resident/pet owner and the PHA are unable to resolve the violation at the meeting or the pet owner fails to correct the violation in the time period allotted by the PHA, the PHA may serve notice to remove the pet.

The Notice shall contain:

1. A brief statement of the factual basis for the PHA's determination of the Pet Policy that has been violated;
2. The requirement that the resident /pet owner must remove the pet within 21 days of the notice; and
3. A statement that failure to remove the pet may result in the initiation of termination of tenancy procedures.

N. TERMINATION OF TENANCY

The PHA may initiate procedures for termination of tenancy based on a pet rule violation if:

The pet owner has failed to remove the pet or correct a pet policy violation within the time period specified; and

The pet policy violation is sufficient to begin procedures to terminate tenancy under terms of the lease.

O. PET REMOVAL

If the health or safety of the pet is threatened by the death or incapacity of the pet owner, or by other factors that render the owner unable to care for the pet, (includes pets who are poorly cared for or have been left unattended for over 9 hours, the situation will be reported to the Responsible Party designated by the resident/pet owner.

If the responsible party is unwilling or unable to care for the pet, or if the PHA after reasonable efforts cannot contact the responsible party, the PHA may contact the appropriate State or local agency and request the removal of the pet.

P. EMERGENCIES

The PHA will take all necessary steps to insure that pets which become vicious, display symptoms of severe illness, or demonstrate behavior that constitutes an immediate threat to the health or safety of others, are referred to the appropriate State or local entity authorized to remove such animals.

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Pet Ownership in Public Housing – Excerpt from Public Housing ACOP**

ATTACHMENT VA017i01

Resident Membership of the PHA Governing Board

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority (the Authority) does not currently have a resident serving on its Board of Commissioners.

The Authority was established in 1958. In 1976, the General Assembly of Virginia amended and reenacted Section 3.10, as amended, of Chapter 9 of the Acts of Assembly of 1952, Extra Session, which provided a charter for the City of Hampton. The Amended section related to commissioners of the Authority, as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the terms of all the commissioners of the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority shall terminate on June thirty, nineteen hundred seventy-six, and thereafter there shall be the same number of commissioners as there are members of council for the city.

Commissioners shall hold their offices at the pleasure of the council for a term not to exceed four years; provided, however, the Council may at any time, and from time to time, adopt an ordinance terminating the term of all the commissioners and designating itself the commissioners of the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority. In that event, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.11 to the contrary, a council member shall receive no compensation for serving as a commissioner nor shall he continue to serve as a commissioner after he ceases to be a member of council.

On June 24, 1976, the Hampton City Council adopted Non-Coded Ordinance No. 239 designating the Council of the City of Hampton, Virginia, as the Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority Board. Since the City Council has designated itself to serve as the Board of Commissioners, a resident cannot serve unless they are elected to the Hampton City Council.

The date of the next City Council election is May 7, 2002, at which point any resident duly elected to City Council would serve on the Board of Commissioners. The term of office commences on July 1, 2002.

ATTACHMENT VA017j01

**Membership of the Resident Advisory Board for the Hampton
Redevelopment and Housing Authority**

Evelyn Johnson
427 Highland Avenue
Hampton, VA 23661

Kathleen Gooden
134 Cameron Street
Hampton, VA 23663

Mattie George
136 Woodland Road
Hampton, VA 23663

Ruby Holliman
1135 LaSalle Avenue
Apt. 10
Hampton, VA 23669

Carol Vaughan
109 Bridgeport Cove Drive
Apt. 101
Hampton, VA 23663

Ethel Hodges
8 Ranalet Drive
Hampton, VA 23664

Suzanne E. Jones
Hampton RHA
P. O. Box 280
22 Lincoln Street, 5th Floor
Hampton, VA 23669

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Resident Advisory Board Recommendations/Review Process

The Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority has engaged in the following process to seek resident and public comments on our Public Housing Agency Plans (PHA Plans).

- Established a Resident Advisory Board to assist with the development of the Agency Plan. This Board is comprised of three participants from our Public Housing Resident Councils; three participants from our Section 8 Family Self-Sufficiency Program; and one staff person from our Neighborhood Initiatives Department.
- Posted and published a notice in the Daily Press Newspaper on July 22, 2001 announcing the availability of the PHA Plans for review and the date, time and place for the public hearing.
- Housing Authority staff met with the Resident Advisory Board to discuss the 2002 update of the PHA Plans.
- On September 12, 2001 our Board of Commissioners held a Public Hearing to receive and address comments concerning the PHA Plans. No comments were received during the Public Hearing.
- The Resident Advisory Board did not submit any written comments to the Housing Authority that specifically addressed the contents of the Agency Plan. See supporting documents for copies of notices, advertisements and notes from the Resident Advisory Board meetings.

GOALS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

JUNE 2000 - MAY 2001



Hampton Redevelopment and Housing Authority

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

GOAL 1: IMPLEMENT AND COMPLEMENT THE STRATEGIC INITIATIVES OF THE CITY OF HAMPTON

- ◆ The Housing Authority continues in the development of Crowne Pointe.
- ◆ The Housing Authority continues the implementation of the HOME and Community Development Block Grant Programs.
- ◆ The Housing Authority continues to work with City staff on projects such as acquisition, management, and demolition of Sinclair Gardens, management of 520 and 701 N. King Street, the purchase and renovations to the former Leggett Building for Healthy Families Partnership, and management of the Best Products Building.
- ◆ Authority staff shared technology the Authority used to create downloadable, fillable online forms such as our employment application with the City’s web development staff.
- ◆ The Authority participated in the City’s ID Badge Program.

GOAL 2. PROPERLY IMPLEMENT THE POLICIES SET FORTH BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

- ◆ The Authority implemented policies in administering various programs as set forth by the Board of Commissioners.

GOAL 3: TO BE THE LOW INCOME HOUSING PROVIDER OF CHOICE IN THE CITY OF HAMPTON

1. Manage, Maintain and Upgrade Existing Housing Stock Owned by the Authority Making it Comparable to Local Market Rate Housing

- ◆ The Authority continues to manage and maintain the North Phoebus Townhouses, Lincoln Park, Langley Village, Batten’s Hope and Butler’s Way.
- ◆ The Authority continues to manage and maintain the Hampton Adult Transition Center, Langley Village II, Shell Gardens Apartments, Monterey Apartments, Grant Circle Apartments and Ricton Apartments (Ricton is scheduled for demolition this year).
- ◆ The Authority continues to lease Queens Court to the Hampton/Newport News Community Services Board.
- ◆ The Authority continues to work with residents, employees, police and local churches, to improve the appearance of Lincoln Park.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ The Authority solicited bids to contract for lawn maintenance and landscaping services of Authority owned and managed properties.
- ◆ The Authority contracted and completed needed concrete repairs in North Phoebus Townhouses and Langley Village.
- ◆ The Authority replaced the trash compactor in the Lincoln Park High Rise Building.
- ◆ The Authority replaced carpeting in the Lincoln Park Management Office, Lincoln Park Resident Council Office, Neighborhood Initiative Office, Langley Village Community Center, and Langley Village Management Office.
- ◆ The Authority contracted and implemented cathodic protection and gas leak surveys in North Phoebus Townhouses and Lincoln Park to comply with State Corporation Commission regulations.
- ◆ Authority staff completed 6,447 work orders in the Public Housing units and 626 work orders from annual inspections. One hundred twenty-nine units were readied for occupancy in an average of ten days.
- ◆ Authority staff completed 573 work orders in the non-subsidized units. Ten units were readied for occupancy.
- ◆ Authority staff streamlined the eligibility process for Public Housing thereby reducing the vacancy days.
- ◆ The Authority submitted final performance and evaluation reports closing grants for the 705-96 and 706-97 Comp Grant Programs.
- ◆ The Authority obligated 100% of Comprehensive Grant Program funds for 1998 and 1999; and 100% of Replacement Housing Factor funds for 1999.
- ◆ The Authority was awarded \$1,237,806 for the 2000 Capital Fund Program.
- ◆ Authority staff prepared and submitted an application for the FFY 2001 Capital Fund Program and was awarded \$1,010,341.
- ◆ Capital improvements scheduled or in progress using funds from Comprehensive Grant Program/Capital Fund included:
 - Heating systems in North Phoebus
 - Domestic hot water heaters in Lincoln Park
 - Unit conversions in the Lincoln Park High-Rise Building
 - Unit conversions in the Lincoln Park Low-Rise
 - Demolition of 11 units in Lincoln Park (pending demo application to HUD)
 - Rehab common areas in Lincoln Park High-Rise

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

Bathroom floors in North Phoebus and Lincoln Park Low-Rise
Countertops/vanities in Langley Village
Storm doors in Langley Village

- ◆ Capital improvements completed with funds from Comprehensive Grant Program/Capital Fund included:
 - Ceiling tile in the Lincoln Park Community Center
 - Carpet in the Lincoln Park Community Center
 - Chiller system in Lincoln Park
 - Rehabilitation of the new maintenance facility
 - Heat pumps in Langley Village
 - Hot water heaters in North Phoebus and Langley Village
 - Refrigerators in North Phoebus, Lincoln Park Low-Rise and Langley Village
 - Fencing in North Phoebus and Langley Village

- ◆ The Lincoln Park Study has been completed and implementation has begun. Capital improvements recommended will be undertaken using funds from the Capital Fund Program.

- ◆ Authority staff coordinated A&E services for the Lincoln Park unit conversion, chiller system, heating systems in North Phoebus and bathroom floors in North Phoebus and Lincoln Park.

- ◆ Authority staff coordinated A&E services for a physical needs assessment of Authority properties; evaluation of maintenance and management operations according to the Capital Fund Program and evaluations of each public housing development and the Public Housing Drug Elimination Program according to the Housing Reform Act. The contract was awarded to Management Resource Group, Inc.

- ◆ Authority staff completed environmental assessments required by HUD for units receiving Comprehensive Grant Program/Capital Fund Program funding. This year, environmental assessment updates were completed for Butler's Way (single-family scattered site public housing homeownership units).

- ◆ Authority Staff completed the Public Housing Agency Plans update for 2001 as required by Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act and submitted it to HUD in November 2000. On January 31, 2001, HUD approved the updated 2001 PHA Plans.

- ◆ Authority staff coordinated the revised utility allowances for Public Housing.

2. Provide Rental Assistance to Participants Through the Section 8 Program

- ◆ Staff of the Section 8 Program served an average of 1,704 participants from June 2000 to May 2001.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ Authority staff contracted to update the Authority’s existing utility allowance estimates for the Section 8 Program.
- ◆ Authority staff hosted the “Second Annual Landlord Breakfast” on November 2, 2000. Topics discussed were: Housing Quality Standards inspections, eviction process, screening tenants, new merger rules, and updates to the program regulations.
- ◆ Authority staff conducted biweekly landlord briefings for new and existing landlords. Landlords were provided with handbooks and other educational materials.
- ◆ The Authority applied for and was awarded 278 Fairshare Vouchers and 75 Mainstream Vouchers.

3. Expand Efforts to Create Safe Neighborhoods

- ◆ The Authority applied for and was awarded a Public Housing Drug Elimination Grant in the amount of \$143,484.
- ◆ Four public housing households were evicted for drug related criminal activity while on Authority property.
- ◆ The AmeriCorps in Construction program began a facelift on the North Phoebus Townhouses, which will include mobilizing the neighborhood to start a crime watch and a beautification program.
- ◆ One hundred twenty participants were terminated from the Section 8 Program for program violations.
- ◆ Three landlords who failed to maintain their units and enforce their leases continue to be banned from the Section 8 Program.

4. Create a More Customer Oriented Environment for Clients

- ◆ The Authority opened a management office in Shell Gardens Apartments to assist residents.
- ◆ The Authority reassigned Housing Management personnel.
- ◆ The Authority completed rehabilitation of a larger office building at 1 S. Armistead to house staff from the Mellen Street building providing customers with comfortable surroundings and privacy while waiting and interviewing.
- ◆ Authority staff coordinated a reception congratulating two Hampton University seniors who were recipients of the E.L. Hamm/HRHA

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

Scholarship. They were the first two graduates of the scholarship program.

- ◆ Authority staff coordinated a Reception of Appreciation for members of the Lincoln Park Resident Patrol.
- ◆ Authority staff updated the web site with information about Authority programs, improved contact information, job postings, and a downloadable, fillable employment application.
- ◆ The Authority installed new telephone systems with voicemail in the Family Self-Sufficiency, Maintenance, and Lincoln Park offices.
- ◆ The Authority was awarded the NAHRO Award of Merit in Housing and Community Development for the Hearing Officer's Appreciation Luncheon sponsored by the Section 8 and Occupancy staff.
- ◆ The Section 8 and Occupancy staff offered extended appointment hours on Monday's and Wednesday's from 7 a.m. until 6 p.m. to accommodate working customers.
- ◆ Authority staff referred customers to other agencies that may be better able to assist them with their needs.

GOAL 4: REVITALIZE AND STABILIZE RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOODS

1. Acquire and Rehabilitate Existing Rental Housing

- ◆ Authority staff conducted an analysis of buildable CDBG lots for use as single family home sites. The Authority acquired, through transfer, three CDBG lots for new construction.
- ◆ The Authority oversaw the rehabilitation, completion and full occupancy of Shell Gardens and Monterey Apartments. An open house was held in February 2001.
- ◆ Authority staff developed the Community Development Block Grant Program's Real Estate Disposition Policy and Procedures Guidelines and it was adopted by the Board of Commissioners.
- ◆ Authority staff contracted the demolition for Phase I of Sinclair Gardens and prepared specifications and bids for demolition of the remaining units. Demolition will begin in July 2001.

2. Rehabilitate Single Family Dwellings

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ The Authority is rehabilitating three existing homes to be offered for sale to homebuyers.
- ◆ Three homes were painted using Community Development Block Grant funds.
- ◆ Rehabilitation has been completed on 31 residences at an average cost of \$16,800. Seven additional jobs are currently in progress.
- ◆ Eleven wheelchair ramps were built using Community Development Block Grant funds and labor from the Exchange Club of Wythe.

3. Eliminate Blighted and Deteriorated Properties

- ◆ The Authority demolished four dilapidated homes and built four homes on the vacant lots, which will be offered for sale to homebuyers.
- ◆ The Authority participated in the HUD \$1.00 Homes Program and acquired fourteen; two will be rehabilitated and twelve were demolished.
- ◆ The Authority acquired 45 parcels of property through acquisition; demolished 28 unsafe dwellings; scheduled six for demolition; sold four substandard lots to adjoining owners, and sold two standard lots for new construction.
- ◆ The Authority purchased Ricton Apartments. The residents are being relocated and the Authority is preparing demolition plans for the apartments.
- ◆ The Authority entered into a Lease Agreement with Queen Street Beacon at the Crossroads for 113 Back River Road to provide a neighborhood facility for Olde Hampton residents.
- ◆ The Authority continues to market 19 E. Mellen Street.

4. Assist Individuals/Families to Become Homeowners

- ◆ Section 8 applicants and participants are referred to the Family Self-Sufficiency Program for assistance in becoming self-sufficient and to learn more about the possibilities of homeownership and building an escrow account.
- ◆ The Authority assisted one Section 8 resident to acquire a home through the Habitat for Humanities Program.
- ◆ The Authority sold 1123 West Avenue (Youthbuild House).

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ Authority staff conducted six two-night five-hour homebuyers seminars held in conjunction with a local lending institution to educate potential homeowners on what is involved in purchasing a home.

5. Create Rehabilitation/Conservation Districts

6. Assist Developing CHDO's

- ◆ Authority staff assisted the Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board, the Rose Garden Adult Center, and the Family Life Center in developing housing.

7. Assist CHDO's in the Acquisition and Rehabilitation of Affordable Housing

GOAL 5: REDEVELOP OLDER COMMERCIAL USE PROPERTIES

1. Continue to Work with the City on the Redevelopment of the Pine Chapel/Coliseum Area

- ◆ Authority staff are preparing the Pine Chapel Village Disposition Application and Authority staff are working with City staff to accomplish this task.

2. Acquire and Rehabilitate Old Commercial Properties

- ◆ The Authority completed renovations to the H. B. Gregory Building located at 811 West Pembroke Avenue to be utilized as the new maintenance shop. The Open House and dedication ceremony was held October 26, 2000.
- ◆ The Authority entered into a contract with the City of Hampton to provide construction services for the City's Central Warehouse Facility. Work was completed \$5,000 under budget.
- ◆ The Authority completed construction management services provided to the City of Hampton for Phase I of the Leggett Building. Rehabilitation of Phase I was completed.
- ◆ The Authority entered into a contract with the City of Hampton to provide for construction management services for Phase II of the Leggett Building. Rehabilitation of Phase II was completed.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ Renovations were completed at 1 South Armistead Avenue which houses the Housing Programs staff.

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3. Sell/Lease Rehabilitated Commercial Properties

- ◆ The Authority continues to manage 520 and 701 North King Street and the Best Products Building on behalf of the City of Hampton.

4. Acquire and Demolish Dilapidated Commercial Properties

5. Develop Crowne Pointe

- ◆ The Authority submitted the preliminary subdivision plat for Phase Two of Crowne Pointe, which was approved by the Planning Commission. The Authority received an extension of the recordation of the preliminary subdivision plat
- ◆ The Authority received a variance from the Board of Zoning Appeals to reduce front setbacks on lots 1-55 on Elizabeth Road in Crowne Pointe from 30 feet to 15 feet to maintain uniformity in the subdivision.
- ◆ The Authority entered into an agreement with Princess Anne Builders to purchase 17 of the remaining lots in Phase One of Crowne Pointe. Princess Anne Builders has the option to purchase the remaining lots in Phase One and Phase Two.
- ◆ Princess Anne Builders began construction on three model homes in Crowne Pointe and purchased three additional lots on Congress Avenue.
- ◆ The Authority closed on two lots in Phase One of Crowne Pointe that were purchased by individuals intending to build custom homes.

GOAL 6: PROVIDE OPPORTUNITIES TO LOW-TO-MODERATE INCOME RESIDENTS AND PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS TO MAINTAIN/ACHIEVE SELF-SUFFICIENCY AND INDEPENDENCE

1. Provide Educational Training, Employment and Business Opportunities

- ◆ The Authority was awarded an AmeriCorps Grant in the amount of \$506,000. Forty-five (45) members began the program in October 1999. The AmeriCorps members completed renovations at the Y.H. Thomas Community Center, the North Phoebus Community Center and the Bay Days Warehouse. Program participants completed ten community projects for non-profit organizations in the City of Hampton and adopted two highways in the City's "Adopt a Block" Program. Individuals needing GED's were provided tutoring. Members also attended workshops in small business start-up, anger management, conflict resolution and job readiness.
- ◆ The Authority was awarded a second AmeriCorps grant in the amount of \$225,000. Twenty-eight part-time and six full-time members provide tutoring services in seven sites throughout the area. Members tutor children in both after school programs at community centers and in classrooms throughout the day.

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- ◆ The Authority completed the Youthbuild Program. The Authority was previously awarded a grant in the amount of \$700,000 from HUD. Classes were held for individuals between the ages of 18-24 who were low-income and/or high school dropouts. Students received instructions in construction training. They also participated in GED classes, counseling sessions, leadership development classes, and a mentorship program. Of the 43 participants, 23 graduated and found employment. Staff have applied for a Youthbuild Grant for FY2001.
- ◆ The Authority was awarded a Resident Opportunities and Self-Sufficiency (ROSS) Grant in the amount of \$75,000 to continue education and job training programs.
- ◆ The Authority in partnership with the Greater Peninsula Private Industry Council provides Certified Nurses Aid training to low-income residents of Hampton. To-date 195 persons have completed the program with 138 becoming employed. The next class is scheduled for late 2001.
- ◆ Authority staff coordinated the E.L. Hamm Scholarship Program and served on the committee for the eighth year to select a Public Housing or Section 8 resident to receive a four year scholarship to Hampton University. The recipient this year was a Section 8 resident with a 3.7 GPA.
- ◆ The Authority hired 15 fourteen and fifteen year old youth and two team leaders through the Co-op Program to work during the summer on beautification projects in the housing communities.
- ◆ The Authority sponsored training programs for residents in partnership with Hampton-Newport News Community Services Board on substance abuse, anger management/conflict resolution, improving self-esteem, resident patrol, self-improvement, leadership development, money management and sexual abuse workshops.
- ◆ Authority staff published the C.A.N. (Community Awareness News) Letter monthly for residents. The 100th edition was published in June 2001.
- ◆ The Authority upgraded computers in the Family Self-Sufficiency Computer Lab to Pentium III Gateway systems with Office 2000 software. The network server was upgraded to provide more storage space for educational software and file sharing. A high-speed Internet connection is shared between the lab computers and the Family Self-Sufficiency staff. Technical advice was provided to the Y.H. Thomas Community Center to help them establish their own computer lab. The Authority's existing Internet connection may be shared with them once their computer lab is open.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ The Authority contracted with Organization Diagnostics, Inc. to develop, conduct and provide results of a Quality of Worklife Survey for Authority staff.

2. Coordinate the Delivery of Services to Enable Elderly/Disabled Residents to Remain in Their Homes for as Long as Possible

- ◆ The Authority applied for and received an Elderly Disabled (EDSS) Grant in the amount of \$30,600 and another in the amount of \$89,880.
- ◆ The Authority continues to contract with the Peninsula Agency on Aging through the EDSS Grant to assist elderly and disabled residents to receive needed services.

3. Provide Homeownership Opportunities

- ◆ The Authority continues to participate in a regional partnership to support homeownership opportunities for families at or below 80% of the Area Median Income. In the past year, five more families were able to purchase, bringing our three year total to 34 purchases and over 2.75 million dollars.
- ◆ The Authority assisted one public safety employee to become a homeowner by bidding on a HUD acquired home. As a non-profit organization the Authority receives a 10% discount. In addition, purchasers save the cost of a real estate commission.
- ◆ Seven Homeownership participants were able to purchase homes and two additional families have signed contracts and are expected to close in the near future.
- ◆ Twenty-nine families remain in the Homeownership Program. The average annual income is just over \$18,000 and the average rent is \$376. Sixty-five families have participated since the beginning of the program 7 1/2 years ago

GOAL 7: REMOVE IMPEDIMENTS TO FAIR HOUSING CHOICE

1. Increase Public Awareness

- ◆ Fair housing literature was distributed at the biweekly Section 8 informational landlord briefings for next and existing Section 8 landlords.
- ◆ Authority staff made the Housing Discrimination Report and Legal Aid resources available to Section 8 participants.
- ◆ The Authority distributed and posted notices providing residents of assisted housing, general public and local government the opportunity to submit comments on Authority documents relating to improvements in public housing and development of the Authority's Public Housing

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

Agency Plans.

- ◆ Staff created and distributed brochures were created and distributed detailing programs offered to assist homeowners to finance needed repairs to bring their houses up to code.

2. Provide Educational Opportunities

- ◆ Staff gave a presentation on fair housing at the homebuyers seminars.

GOAL 8: CREATE GENERAL PUBLIC AWARENESS OF THE PROGRAMS AVAILABLE TO LOW TO MODERATE-INCOME RESIDENTS

1. Expand Marketing and Outreach Efforts

- ◆ Occupancy staff participated in the Peninsula Agency on Aging's Senior Housing Options Outreach to market public housing communities for seniors.
- ◆ A presentation was made to the Wythe Neighborhood Association to present house plans for new construction on three lots in Wythe.
- ◆ Authority staff produced and distributed the Program Services booklet for 2001.
- ◆ Authority staff produced and distributed the 2000 Annual Report.

GOAL 9: OPERATE THE AUTHORITY IN AN ADMINISTRATIVELY AND FISCALLY RESPONSIBLE MANNER

1. Pursue Alternative Funding Sources

- ◆ As of May 31, 2001, the Authority has received 127 matches against State income tax returns totaling \$13,185.62 through the State Set-Off Debt Collection Program. The monies are applied against Public Housing and Section 8 bad debts.
- ◆ Authority staff applied and received funding for 75 vouchers for the Mainstream Funding Program.
- ◆ Authority staff prepared and submitted applications to HUD for funding available under the Replacement Housing Factor Funds Program. The

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

Authority was awarded grants for 2000 and 2001 totaling \$1,612,347.

- ◆ The Authority was awarded a \$11,052 Housing Counseling Grant.
- ◆ The Authority continues to pursue grant-funded programs, contracts for the provision of services to City departments, and property management contracts in an effort to become more independent of federally subsidized programs.

2. Maintain a Balanced Budget

- ◆ The Authority generated a surplus for fiscal year ending December 31, 2000.
- ◆ The Authority implemented a change in its method of accounting to the enterprise method and governmental accounting to more accurately reflect business operations.
- ◆ Authority staff prepared and monitored HOME/CDBG budgets.
- ◆ E-mail, OmniForm electronic forms, and Archive Plus have enabled Authority staff to work more efficiently and eliminate unnecessary paperwork. During the year nearly every staff member with a computer received an E-mail account. Several new electronic forms were created including an electronic appraisal form that calculates performance scores.
- ◆ The Authority achieved significant savings on pre-printed check stock and staff time by printing checks for several accounts directly from the financial software.
- ◆ The Authority held an auction of surplus equipment.
- ◆ The Authority continues to administer the Virginia Purchasing Consortium which generates income from Virginia Housing Authority members and bidders.

3. Maintain High Performer Status with HUD and PHAS Monitoring Program

- ◆ The Authority submitted the FY 2000 Public Housing Management Assessment entries in a timely manner utilizing the new on-line report submission system monitored by the Real Estate Assessment Center.
- ◆ The Authority maintained High Performer designation for the eighth time (since inception of program).
- ◆ The Authority obligates and expends CGP/CFP funding in accordance with HUD requirements and continues to be a High MOD Performer.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

4. Maintain High Performer Status with HUD Under the SEMAP Monitoring Program

- ◆ The Authority submitted the SEMAP entries in a timely manner utilizing the new on-line report submission system monitored by the Real Estate Assessment Center.
- ◆ The Authority's SEMAP preliminary score was 100%.

5. Update Existing Policies and Procedures

- ◆ The Authority continued to update all the public housing policies and procedures to incorporate and implement the changing requirements of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998.
- ◆ Authority staff are in the process of revising the Administrative Plan to incorporate the final rules of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act.
- ◆ Authority staff are in the process of revising the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy for the public housing program.
- ◆ The Authority is in the process of revising policies and procedures to reflect changing business conditions.
- ◆ Authority staff monitored the insurance programs and kept the Authority appropriately insured in accordance with HUD and VHDA requirements.

GOAL 10: APPROPRIATELY RECOGNIZE POSITIVE EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE

- ◆ On average the Authority employees 79 employees. During this period, the number of employees fluctuated from 74 to 83, with a turnover rate that fluctuated from 0% to 5% monthly. The average turnover rate for the period is 2.29%.

1. Recognize Positive Employee Performance

- ◆ The Authority coordinated *Mission Accomplished 2000*. Sixty-three recognition awards were given to forty-six employees at a total cost of \$2,189.00, inclusive of administration fees.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ Members of the Authority’s Customer Service Advisory Committee (CSAC) were recognized for their contribution to internal customer service.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

- ◆ The Authority resumed the **Employee of the Quarter** program in the winter of 2000. Revisions were made to the selection criteria to reflect qualities of the Performance Management System. Employees are nominated by their peers and selected by CSAC based on the pre-established criteria.
- ◆ The Authority's first "Spirit Week" was held in October 2000 with full employee participation. Highlights of the week included "Secret Pal" Day and a pizza party. The activities of the week were aimed at energizing and recognizing all employees.
- ◆ The Authority's service award pins were re-designed to reflect the present logo of the Authority and used in December 2000 for the awardees of that year.
- ◆ The Authority launched Bookmark 2001. The program gave employees an opportunity to reward their peers for exemplifying the Authority's value statement and mission.

2. Develop, Adopt and Implement a Revised Performance Management and Pay System

- ◆ The revised Performance Management and Pay System was introduced in July of 2000. Additionally, this served as the basis for a revised merit pay system. Staff can earn pay increases based on performance, which, at a minimum, must meet expectations.

3. Revise and Adopt Personnel Policy to Parallel the City of Hampton

- ◆ The Authority's Personnel Policy was revised to parallel the City of Hampton's and became effective on July 1, 2000. All subsequent revisions to the City's Personnel Policy are routinely adopted by the Authority.

4. Train Staff and Supervisors on Policies and Procedures

- ◆ Authority staff were made aware of changes to the Personnel Policy at the Quarterly Staff Meeting in September. Supervisors were trained in the use of the Performance Management System in August of 2000 and March of 2001.
- ◆ The Authority implemented the Internet Policy in June of 2000. Each employee is required to sign the Policy and all employees received orientation of the policy.

ATTACHMENT VA017I01 – Progress Report on Accomplishment of Goals and Objectives

5. Provide/Promote Educational/Training Opportunities

- ◆ Authority staff received training directly organized by Human Resources in the following:
Customer Service Retirement Planning
Financial Planning Supervisory Management
Payroll Management Front-Desk Management
Self Development

- ◆ A formal monthly Orientation Program for new employees was launched in September, inclusive of training in select policies and procedures and benefit information.

- ◆ Authority staff developed a human resources brochure to include the benefits of working with the Authority. The information has also been posted on the Authority's website.

**Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary**

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017707-98 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 1998
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no: 9)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds	0	0	0	0
2	1406 Operations	0	0	0	0
3	1408 Management Improvements	99,246	99,557	99,557	91,687
4	1410 Administration	98,107	98,107	98,107	98,107
5	1411 Audit	0	0	0	0
6	1415 Liquidated Damages	0	0	0	0
7	1430 Fees and Costs	25,081	25,081	25,081	25,081
8	1440 Site Acquisition	0	0	0	0
9	1450 Site Improvement	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	248,761	248,761	248,761	248,761
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable	300,241	299,930	299,930	273,878
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures	61,134	61,134	61,134	61,134
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment	5,146	5,146	5,146	5,146
14	1485 Demolition	102,309	102,309	102,309	102,309
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	0	0	0	0
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration	0	0	0	0
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs	34,809	34,809	34,809	34,809
18	1499 Development Activities	0	0	0	0
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service	0	0	0	0
20	1502 Contingency	0	0	0	0
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	981,066	981,066	981,066	947,144
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities	0			
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance	7,089			
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs	4,730			
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part II: Supporting Pages

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017707-98 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:				Federal FY of Grant: 1998		
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	General Description of Major Work Categories	Dev. Acct No.	Quantity	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost		Status of Work
				Original	Revised	Funds Obligated	Funds Expended	
VA36P017001 North Phoebus	Install fencing	1450		3,985		3,985	3,985	Complete
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park	Install security system on rear entry doors of Hi-Rise	1465		4,730		4,730	4,730	Complete
	Replace boilers	1460		92,844		92,844	92,844	Complete
	Replace domestic hot water heaters	1465		246,402	246,091	246,091	220,039	(-311) Final invoice outstanding
	Replace chiller system in HiRise	1460		114,700		114,700	114,700	Complete
VA36P017003 Pine Chapel	Demolition	1485		102,309		102,309	102,309	Complete
	Relocation	1495		34,809		34,809	34,809	Complete
VA36P017004 Langley Village	Roof Replacement (Phase II)	1460		34,128		34,128	34,128	Complete
	Replace fencing	1450		2,247		2,247	2,247	Complete
	ADA Rehab (Phase II)	1460		7,089		7,089	7,089	Complete
	Replace Heat Pumps (Phase I)	1465		49,109		49,109	49,109	Complete
HA-Wide	Maintenance facility - Rehab	1470		61,134		61,134	61,134	Complete
	Implement ADP Assessment (Phase II) Hardware	1475		5,146		5,146	5,146	Complete

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part III: Implementation Schedule

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program No: VA36P017707-98 Replacement Housing Factor No:					Federal FY of Grant: 1998
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	All Fund Obligated (Quarter Ending Date)			All Funds Expended (Quarter Ending Date)			Reasons for Revised Target Dates
	Original	Revised	Actual	Original	Revised	Actual	
VA36P017001 North Phoebus Fencing	3/31/00	12/31/00	10/00	3/31/01	6/30/01	01/01	(1) Obligation/expenditure dates were extended to Dec/June on P/E reports dated 8/28/00
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park Security System Boilers Domestic HW Heaters Chiller System	3/31/00	12/31/00	06/99 12/99 06/00 09/00	3/31/01	6/30/01	07/99 03/00 - 4/01	(2) Revising expenditure date for domestic HW heaters to 9/30/01 based on problems with (ignitors). Problems corrected, however vendor has not submitted final invoice.
VA36P017003 Pine Chapel Demolition Relocation	3/31/00	12/31/00	10/99 01/00	3/31/01	6/30/01	12/00	
VA36P017004 Langley Village Roofs (ph II) ADA Rehab Heat Pumps (ph I) Fencing	3/31/00	12/31/00	9/99 8/99 10/00 10/00	3/31/01	6/30/01	03/00 02/00 02/01 01/01	
HA-Wide Maint. Facility-Rehab Mgmt Improvements Fees/Costs	3/31/00	12/31/00	08/99 12/00 05/00	3/31/01	6/30/01	08/00 - 05/01	(3) See #2 above referencing expenditure date to 9/30/01. Staffing vacancies in Resident Training Coordinator position. All other mgmt improvements completed.

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017708-99 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 1999
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no:)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations				
3	1408 Management Improvements	26,617		26,617	22,116
4	1410 Administration	99,392		99,392	6,324
5	1411 Audit	0		0	0
6	1415 Liquidated Damages	0		0	0
7	1430 Fees and Costs	49,991		49,991	29,859
8	1440 Site Acquisition	0		0	0
9	1450 Site Improvement	0		0	0
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	128,902		128,902	77,354
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable	627,021		627,021	618,085
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures	27,802		27,802	27,802
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment	34,204		34,204	34,204
14	1485 Demolition	0		0	0
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	0		0	0
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration	0		0	0
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs	0		0	0
18	1499 Development Activities	0		0	0
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service	0		0	0
20	1502 Contingency	0		0	0
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	993,929		993,929	815,744
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part II: Supporting Pages

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017708-99 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:				Federal FY of Grant: 1999		
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	General Description of Major Work Categories	Dev. Acct No.	Quantity	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost		Status of Work
				Original	Revised	Funds Obligated	Funds Expended	
VA36P017001 North Phoebus	Bathroom Floors	1460		48,950		48,950	48,950	Complete
	Hot water heaters	1465		24,400		24,400	24,400	Complete
	Refrigerators	1465		32,395		32,395	32,395	Complete
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park	Bathroom Floors	1460		79,952		79,952	28,404	Underway
	Refrigerators (LoRise)	1465		55,955		55,955	55,955	Complete
	Ceiling Tile – Daycare Center	1470		27,802		27,802	27,802	Complete
	Replace carpet w/ tile – Daycare Center	1475		17,200		17,200	17,200	Complete
VA36P017004 Langley Village	Refrigerators	1465		47,120		47,120	47,120	Complete
	Countertops (kitchen/bathrooms)	1465		65,709		65,709	56,773	Underway
	Heat Pumps (Phase II)	1465		334,442		334,442	334,442	Phase Complete
	Hot Water Heaters	1465		67,000		67,000	67,000	Complete
HA-Wide	Mgmt Improvements	1408		26,617		26,617	22,116	Complete
	Administration (staff salaries/benefits)	1410		99,392		99,392	6,324	
	Fees/Costs – A/E	1430		49,991		49,991	29,859	Contracted
	Equipment-Rental Office Telephone Sys	1475		17,004		17,004	17,004	Complete

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part III: Implementation Schedule

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program No: VA36P017708-99 Replacement Housing Factor No:					Federal FY of Grant: 1999	
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	All Fund Obligated (Quarter Ending Date)			All Funds Expended (Quarter Ending Date)			Reasons for Revised Target Dates	
	Original	Revised	Actual	Original	Revised	Actual		
VA36P017001 North Phoebus Bathroom Floors HW Heaters Refrigerators	3/31/01		10/00 09/00 03/01	3/31/02		06/01 10/00 12/00		
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park Bathroom Floors Refrigerators (lo-rise) Ceiling Tile Replace Carpet (daycare)	3/31/01		03/01 10/00 10/00 10/00	3/31/02		- 12/00 12/00 01/01		
VA36P017004 Langley Village Refrigerators Countertops (kit/baths) Heat Pumps HW Heaters	3/31/01		10/00 03/01 10/00 10/00	3/31/02		12/00 - 06/01 06/01		
HA-Wide Mgmt Improve-ADP Telephones Comp Needs Fees/Costs	3/31/01		05/00 03/01 03/01 03/01	3/31/02		03/01 06/01 - -		

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017709-99 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 1999
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no:)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations				
3	1408 Management Improvements				
4	1410 Administration				
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs	20,353		20,353	0
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement				
10	1460 Dwelling Structures				
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve				
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities				
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency				
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	20,353		20,353	0
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report

Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017501-00 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 2000
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Original Annual Statement
 Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies
 Revised Annual Statement (revision no: 2)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01
 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds	0	0	0	0
2	1406 Operations	0	0	0	0
3	1408 Management Improvements	92,000	92,000	40,000	0
4	1410 Administration	123,781	123,781	0	0
5	1411 Audit	0	0	0	0
6	1415 Liquidated Damages	0	0	0	0
7	1430 Fees and Costs	20,000	26,225	11,428	707
8	1440 Site Acquisition	0	0	0	0
9	1450 Site Improvement	0	0	0	0
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	435,380	454,654	63,665	63,665
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable	466,645	466,645	186,643	25,907
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures	0	0	0	0
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment	0	0	0	0
14	1485 Demolition	0	0	0	0
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	0	0	0	0
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration	0	0	0	0
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs	100,000	74,501	0	0
18	1499 Development Activities	0	0	0	0
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service	0	0	0	0
20	1502 Contingency	0	0	0	0
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	1,237,806	1,237,806	301,736	90,279
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities	0			
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance	0			
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs	0			
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs	0			
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures	0			

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part II: Supporting Pages

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017501-00 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:				Federal FY of Grant: 2000		
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	General Description of Major Work Categories	Dev. Acct No.	Quantity	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost		Status of Work
				Original	Revised	Funds Obligated	Funds Expended	
VA36P017001 North Phoebus	Bathroom Floors (Additives)	1460		40,000	63,665	63,665	63,665	+23,665; additives rotten wood Complete
	Heating Systems	1465		255,000		0	0	A/E underway
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park	Bathroom Floors – LoRise (Additives)	1460		20,000	72,359	0	0	+52,359; estimated additives for asbestos & rotten wood – Underway
	Implement recommendations from Lincoln Park Study – conversion of efficiency units (PH II, partial funds)	1460		318,630		0	0	A/E – design work underway
	Relocation - HiRise	1495		100,000	74,501	0	0	-25,499 reprogrammed
VA36P017004 Langley Village	Replace Storm Doors	1460		56,750	0	0	0	-56,750 defer work item; funds reprogrammed
	Heating Systems – Heat Pumps (PH II, partial funding)	1465		211,645		186,643	25,907	Underway

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part III: Implementation Schedule

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program No: VA36P017501-00 Replacement Housing Factor No:					Federal FY of Grant: 2000	
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	All Fund Obligated (Quarter Ending Date)			All Funds Expended (Quarter Ending Date)			Reasons for Revised Target Dates	
	Original	Revised	Actual	Original	Revised	Actual		
VA36P017001 North Phoebus Bathroom Flrs-Additives Heating Systems	3/31/2002		03/01	3/31/2003		06/01		
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park Bathroom Flrs-Additives HiRise Unit Conversion Relocation	3/31/2002		03/01	3/31/2003				
VA36P017004 Langley Village Heat Pumps (final phase)	3/31/2002		06/01	3/31/2003				
HA-Wide Mgmt Improve-ADP LAN Implmentation Comp Needs	3/31/2002		05/01	3/31/2003				
Fees/Costs	3/31/2003		04/01	3/31/2003				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017501-01 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 2001
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no: 2)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds	0	0		
2	1406 Operations	0	0		
3	1408 Management Improvements	72,000	72,000		
4	1410 Administration	101,034	101,034		
5	1411 Audit	0	0		
6	1415 Liquidated Damages	0	0		
7	1430 Fees and Costs	37,134	37,134		
8	1440 Site Acquisition	0	0		
9	1450 Site Improvement	0	0		
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	549,321	444,321		
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable	0	0		
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures	35,000	140,000		
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment	25,000	25,000		
14	1485 Demolition	25,000	25,000		
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	0	0		
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration	0	0		
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs	100,000	100,000		
18	1499 Development Activities	0	0		
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service	0	0		
20	1502 Contingency	65,852	65,852		
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	1,010,341	1,010,341	\$0 Funds Obligated	\$0 Funds Expended
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities	0			
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance	0			
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs	0			
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs	0			
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures	0			

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)
Part II: Supporting Pages

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: VA36P017501-01 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:			Federal FY of Grant: 2001			
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	General Description of Major Work Categories	Dev. Acct No.	Quantity	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost		Status of Work
				Original	Revised	Funds Obligated	Funds Expended	
VA36P017002 Lincoln Park	Implement recommendations from Lincoln Park Study:							
	Conversion-efficiency units Hi-Rise	1460		354,321				
	Convert 21 4BR to 3BR units-LoRise	1460		105,000	0			-105,000 defer to reevaluate
	Convert 20 3BR to 2BR units-LoRise	1460		90,000				
	Rehab common areas-HiRise	1470		35,000				
	Upgrade ground floor-HiRise	1470		0	105,000			+105,000
	Demolish 11 units-LoRise	1485		25,000				
	Relocation-LoRise	1495		100,000				
HA-Wide Mgmt Improve	Implement ADP Assessment (phase V)	1408		67,000				
	Update Public Housing Lease & Video	1408		5,000				
	Computer Ergonomics-System Furniture	1475		5,000				
	Equipment-Lincoln Park Comm Center	1475		20,000				
Administration	10% of total grant for staff salaries to administer CF program	1410		101,034				
	Fees/Costs	1430		37,134				
Contingency	Up to 8% of total grant	1502		65,852				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: Replacement Housing Factor Grant No: VA36R017501-99	Federal FY of Grant: 1999
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no: 1)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations				
3	1408 Management Improvements				
4	1410 Administration				
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs				
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement				
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	0	209,049		
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	209,049	0		
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities				
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency				
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	209,049	209,049	\$0 Funds Obligated	\$0 Funds Expended
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: Replacement Housing Factor Grant No: VA36R017501-00	Federal FY of Grant: 2000
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no: 1)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations				
3	1408 Management Improvements				
4	1410 Administration				
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs				
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement				
10	1460 Dwelling Structures				
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	672,991	0		
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities	0	672,991		
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency				
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	672,991	672,991	\$0 Funds Obligated	\$0 Funds Expended
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part I: Summary

PHA Name: Hampton Redevelopment & Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: Replacement Housing Factor Grant No: VA36R017501-01	Federal FY of Grant: 2001
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Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no: 1)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: 6/30/01 Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations				
3	1408 Management Improvements				
4	1410 Administration				
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs				
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement				
10	1460 Dwelling Structures				
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	939,356	0		
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities	0	939,356		
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency				
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	939,356	939,356	\$0 Funds Obligated	\$0 Funds Expended
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

ATTACHMENT VA017n01

Voluntary Conversion Required Initial Assessments

- a. How many of the PHA's developments are subject to the Required Initial Assessments? **1**
- b. How many of the PHA's developments are not subject to the Required Initial Assessments based on exemptions (e.g. elderly and/or disabled developments not general occupancy projects)? **2**
- c. How many Assessments were conducted for the PHA's covered developments? **1**
- d. Identify PHA developments that may be appropriate for conversion based on the Required Initial Assessments: **None**
- e. If the PHA has not completed the Required Initial Assessments, describe the status of these assessments: **Not Applicable**