

Hillsborough County

PHANumber FL089

PHA Plans

5 Year Plan for Fiscal Years 2000 - 2004

Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2002

Approved by Hillsborough County BOCC June 19, 2002

NOTE: THIS PHA PLAN TEMPLATE (HUD 50075) IS TO BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS LOCATED IN APPLICABLE PIH NOTICES

PHA Plan Agency Identification

PHAName: Hillsborough County Housing Assistance

PHANumber: FL089

PHAFiscalYearBeginning:(mm/yyyy) 10/2002

Public Access to Information

Information regarding any activities outlined in this plan can be obtained by contacting:(select all that apply)

- Main administrative office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- PHA local offices

Display Locations For PHA Plans and Supporting Documents

The PHA Plans (including attachments) are available for public inspection at: (select all that apply)

- Main administrative office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- PHA local offices
- Main administrative office of the local government
- Main administrative office of the County government
- Main administrative office of the State government
- Public library
- PHA website
- Other (list below)

PHA Plan Supporting Documents are available for inspection at: (select all that apply)

- Main business office of the PHA
- PHA development management offices
- Other (list below)

5-YEAR PLAN
PHAF ISCAL YEARS 2000 -2004
 [24CFRPart903.5]

A.Mission

State the PHA's mission for serving the needs of low -income, very low income, and extremely low -income families in the PHA's jurisdiction. (select one of the choices below)

- The mission of the PHA is the same as that of the Department of Housing and Urban Development: To promote adequate and affordable housing, economic opportunity and a suitable living environment free from discrimination.
- The PHA's mission is: (state mission here)

B.Goals

The goals and objectives listed below are derived from HUD's strategic Goals and Objectives and those emphasized in recent legislation. PHAs may select any of these goals and objectives as their own, or identify other goals and/or objectives. Whether selecting the HUD -suggested objectives or their own, **PHAS ARE STRONGLY EN COURAGED TO IDENTIFY QUANTIFIABLE MEASURES OF SUCCESS IN REACHING THEIR OBJECTIVES OVER THE COURSE OF THE 5 YEARS .** (Quantifiable measures would include target sets such as: numbers of families served or PHAS scores achieved.) PHAs should identify these measures in the space to the right of or below the stated objectives.

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing.

- PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing
 Objectives:
- Apply for additional rental vouchers:
 - Reduce public housing vacancies:
 - Leverage private or other public funds to create additional housing opportunities:
 - Acquire or build units or developments
 - Other (list below)
- PHA Goal: Improve the quality of assisted housing
 Objectives:
- Improve public housing management: (PHAS score)
 - Improve voucher management: (SEMAP score)
 - Increase customer satisfaction:
 - Concentrate one effort to improve specific management functions: (list; e.g., public housing finance; voucher unit inspections)
 - Renovate or modernize public housing units:
 - Demolish or dispose of obsolete public housing:

- Provide replacement public housing:
- Provide replacement vouchers:
- Other:(list below)

X PHA Goal: Increase assisted housing choices

Objectives:

- Provide voucher mobility counseling:
- Conduct outreach effort to potential voucher landlords
- X** Increase voucher payment standards
- Implement voucher homeownership program:
- X** Implement public housing or other homeownership programs:
- Implement public housing site -based waiting lists:
- Convert public housing to vouchers:
- Other:(list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitality

(NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT -BASED SECTION 8)

PHA Goal: Provide an improved living environment

Objectives:

- Implement measures to deconcentrate poverty by bringing higher income public housing households into lower income developments:
- Implement measures to promote income mixing in public housing by assuring access for lower income families into higher income developments:
- Implement public housing security improvements:
- Designate developments or buildings for particular resident groups (elderly, persons with disabilities)
- Other:(list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self -sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals

X PHA Goal: Promote self -sufficiency and asset development of assisted households

Objectives:

- Increase the number and percentage of employed persons in assisted families:
- X** Provide or attract supportive services to improve assistance recipients' employability:
- X** Provide or attract supportive services to increase independence for the elderly or families with disabilities.
- Other:(list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans

- X** PHA Goal: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing
Objectives:
 - X** Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:
 - X** Undertake affirmative measures to provide a suitable living environment for families living in assisted housing, regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:
 - X** Undertake affirmative measures to ensure accessible housing to persons with all varieties of disabilities regardless of unit size required:
 - Other: (list below)

Other PHA Goals and Objectives: (list below)

AnnualPHAPlan
PHAFiscalYear2002

[24CFRPart903.7]

i. AnnualPlanType:

SelectwhichtypeofAnnualPlanthePHAwillsubmit.

StandardPlan

StreamlinedPlan:

HighPerformingPHA

SmallAgency(<250PublicHousingUnits)

AdministeringSection8Only *(NoteHeavilyShadedAreasofthePlanarenotapplicableto HillsboroughCounty)*

TroubledAgencyPlan

ii. ExecutiveSummaryoftheAnnualPHAPlan

[24CFRPart903.79(r)]

ProvideabriefoverviewoftheinformationintheAnnualPlan,includinghighlightsofmajorinitiativesanddiscretionarypolicies the PHAhasincludedintheAnnualPlan.

TheQualityHousingandWorkResponsibilityActof1998(QHWRA)Section511createdthepublichousingagencyplans --a5year planandanannualplan.HillsboroughCountyisatenant -basedSection8programonlythereforewearecompletingtheStreamlined PlanversioninaccordancewiththeaboveActof1998.The5yearplandescribesthemissionoftheagencyandtheagency'slong rangegoalsandobjectivesforachievingitsmission.Theannualplandescribestheimmediateoperations,programs,andservices that thePHAwillundertaketomeettheneedsofverylow -incomerenterhouseholdsinthejurisdiction.AnoticewaspublishedonApril 13,2002,intheTampaTribunenewspaperindicatingthattheplanisavailableforreviewandcommentatthePHAmainoffice,and indicatingthatameetingwillbeheldonMay28,2002at3p.m.totakeadditionalcomment.Thepublicmeetingwasheldatthemain officeofthePHA.ThisdocumentwasalsoreviewedforcompliancewiththeCounty'sApprovedConsolidatedPlan.Allcomments havebeenaddressedinthedocumentandsubmittedtotheBOCCforfinalapprovalonJune19,2002.SubmissiontoHUDvia InternettransmissionisscheduledforJuly18,2002.

HillsboroughCountyisarapidlygrowingcountyontheWestCoastofFlorida.TheCountycovers1,072squaremilesandincludes theincorporatedcitiesofTampa, TempleTerrace, andPlantCity.AlargemajorityoftheCounty'stotallandareaisunincorporated (954squaremiles).In1990,approximately61%ofHillsboroughCounty'smulti -ethnicpopulationlivedintheunincorporatedarea. This trendisincreasing,anditisprojectedthatby2010sevenoutof10householdswillbeintheunincorporatedcounty.The CommunityImprovementDepartmentpresentlyadministers1,993Section8Vouchers, includingtheFamilySelf -sufficiencyProgram andMainstreamProgram.

A majorproblemfacingmanyHillsboroughCountyresidentsthegrowingcostofhousing.Thisproblemismostprevalentamong lowandmoderate -incomehouseholds.Thelower -incomehouseholdsspendgreaterthan30%oftheirincomeforhousing.ThePHA suspendedtakingnewapplicationsinApril2001.Thecurrentwaitinglisthas3,316familieswithanaveragewaitingperiodof36 monthstoreceiveaVoucher.

ThefollowingstatisticswerecalculatedfromHUDsupplieddatainthe preparationof fourCHASandtheCPD:

HillsboroughCountyresidentaccountfor17,910households(almost7%ofFlorida'shouseholdswithrentalassistanceneeds)that havebeenidentifiedbyHUDaspayingmore than50%oftheirincomeinrent.

HillsboroughCountyisonlyabletoassist10%ofthoseeligibleforrentalassistance.

Thereare17,910renter -occupiedhouseholdsinthebelow50%MedianFamilyIncomegroup.

Renters make up half of the households in the very low -income level.

Of the 8,327 renter -occupied households with incomes less than 30% MFI, 80% of them pay more than 30% of their income for shelter.

The Housing Agency operates with an Annual Contributions budget projected at \$11,089,783 in addition to grant monies. Highlights of some of the main discretionary policies are listed here:

- The Housing Agency screens families for local criminal or drug -related activity to the extent required by regulation.
- The Housing Agency shares information with owners, upon their request, regarding Section 8 families. The information shared is the same for all Section 8 families and must be part of the documented case file, and does not violate the Privacy Act of 1974. Information shared includes family addresses and landlord names and addresses, family criminal or drug related activity and information regarding previous tenancy as a Section 8 client.
- The minimum family rent is established at \$0 and there are no hardship exemptions.
- The Housing Agency does not administer a Section 8 Homeownership program. However, the same department administers the Homeownership program with a different funding source for families with greater than 50% of median income.
- The Housing Agency meets the exemption criteria provided in section 2(b) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 regarding the election of residents to the Housing Agency's board. The Resident Advisory Board consists of appointed Section 8 families.

The PHA uses the following Local Preferences system:

Date and Time of receipt of a completed application.

Disability Preference: This preference is extended to disabled persons or families with a disabled member.

Elderly Preference: Head or Spouse is 62 years or older.

Working Preference: Families with at least one adult who is employed at least 20 hours per week or who are active participants in accredited educational and training programs designed to prepare with individual for the job market.

Displacement by Code Enforcement Activity.

The Community Improvement Department works in conjunction with other County, State and Non -Profit service providers in meeting the needs of low -income families, the disabled and elderly. The County's Aging Services Department provides case management, home delivered meals, home makers services to the frail elderly and disabled. Other County departments provide transportation, counseling, medical and financial assistance to disabled and low -income persons. Hillsborough County maintains a list of all newly constructed multi -family units. These units are to have a percentage available to the disabled. Also the PHA maintains a list of units that have received funding for the disabled. In the event that a suitable unit cannot be found, an effort will be made to assist the client through one of our nonprofit organizations, funded by CDBG to provide funding to modify the unit if acceptable to the landlord and the client. Hillsborough County has done much to make housing available but needs additional funding to assist with the family's monthly housing expenses. The County will continue to apply for additional vouchers when a NOFA has been issued in order to meet the increasing need for rental assistance for very low -income families in Hillsborough County.

iii. Annual Plan Table of Contents

[24CFR Part 903.79(r)]

Provide a table of contents for the Annual Plan, including attachments, and a list of supporting documents available for public inspection.

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Attachments

Indicate which attachments are provided by selecting all that apply. Provide the attachment's name (A, B, etc.) in the space to the left of the name of the attachment. Note: If the attachment is provided as a **SEPARATE** files submission from the PHA Plans file, provide the filename in parentheses in the space to the right of the title.

Required Attachments:

A Admissions Policy for Deconcentration

Not Applicable

- FY2000 Capital Fund Program Annual Statement N/A
- Most recent board -approved operating budget (Required Attachment for PHAs that are troubled or at risk of being designated troubled ONLY) N/A

Optional Attachments:

PHA Management Organizational Chart

- FY2000 Capital Fund Program 5 Year Action Plan N/A
- Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP) Plan N/A

Comments of Resident Advisory Board or Boards (must be attached if not included in PHA Plan text)

Other (List below, providing each attachment name)

Supporting Documents Available for Review

Indicate which documents are available for public review by placing a mark in the "Applicable & On Display" column in the appropriate rows. All listed documents must be on display if applicable to the program activities conducted by the PHA.

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
X	PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	State/Local Government Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	Fair Housing Documentation: Records reflecting that the PHA has examined its programs or proposed programs, identified any impediments to fair housing choice in those programs, addressed or is addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available, and worked or is working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdictions' initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement.	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction/s in which the PHA is located (which includes the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI)) and any additional backup data to support statement of housing needs in the jurisdiction	Annual Plan: Housing Needs
X	Most recent board -approved operating budget for the public housing program	Annual Plan: Financial Resources;
N/A	Public Housing Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy Policy (A&O), which includes the Tenant Selection and Assignment Plan [TSAP]	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
X	Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
N/A	Public Housing Dec oncentration and Income Mixing Documentation: 1. PHA board certifications of compliance with deconcentration requirements (section 16(a) of the US Housing Act of 1937, as implemented in the 2/18/ 99 <i>Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act Initial Guidance; Notice</i> and any further HUD guidance) and 2. Documentation of the required deconcentration and income mixing analysis	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
N/A	Public housing rent determination policies, including the methodology for setting public housing flat rents <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A&O Policy	Annual Plan: Rent Determination

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review

Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
N/A	Schedule of flat rents offered each public housing development <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A&O Policy	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Section 8 rent determination (payment standard) policies <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
N/A	Public housing management and maintenance policy documents, including policies for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (including cockroach infestation)	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
N/A	Public housing grievance procedures <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the public housing A&O Policy	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	Section 8 informal review and hearing procedures <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
N/A	The HUD -approved Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program Annual Statement (HUD 52837) for the active grant year	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Most recent CIAP Budget/Progress Report (HUD 52825) for any active CIAP grant	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Most recent, approved 5 Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program, if not included as an attachment (provided at PHA option)	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Approved HOPEVI applications or, if more recent, approved or submitted HOPEVI Revitalization Plans or any other approved proposal for development of public housing	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
N/A	Approved or submitted applications for demolition and/or disposition of public housing	Annual Plan: Demolition and Disposition
N/A	Approved or submitted applications for designation of public housing (Designated Housing Plans)	Annual Plan: Designation of Public Housing
N/A	Approved or submitted assessments of reasonable revitalization of public housing and approved or submitted conversion plans prepared pursuant to section 202 of the 1996 HUD Appropriations Act	Annual Plan: Conversion of Public Housing
N/A	Approved or submitted public housing home ownership programs/plans	Annual Plan: Homeownership
N/A	Policies governing any Section 8 Homeownership program <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in the Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Homeownership
X	Any cooperative agreement between the PHA and the TANF agency.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	FSS Action Plan/ SF for public housing and/or Section 8	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
N/A	Most recent self-sufficiency (ED/SS, TOP or ROSS or other residents services grant) grant program reports	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
N/A	The most recent Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP) semi-annual performance report for any open grant and most recently submitted PHDEP application (PHDEP Plan)	Annual Plan: Safety and Crime Prevention

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Applicable Plan Component
X	The most recent fiscal year audit of the PHA conducted under section 5(h)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h)), the result of that audit and the PHA's response to any findings	Annual Plan: Annual Audit
N/A	Troubled PHAs: MOA/Recovery Plan	Troubled PHAs
N/A	Other supporting documents (optional) (list individually; use as many lines as necessary)	(specify as needed)

1. Statement of Housing Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.79(a)]

A. Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction/s Served by the PHA

Based upon the information contained in the Consolidated Plan/s applicable to the jurisdiction, and/or other data available to the PHA, provide a statement of the housing needs in the jurisdiction by completing the following table. In the "Overall" Needs column, provide the estimated number of renter families that have housing needs. For the remaining characteristics, rate the impact of that factor on the housing needs for each family type, from 1 to 5, with 1 being "no impact" and 5 being "severe impact." Use N/A to indicate that no information is available upon which the PHA can make this assessment.

Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction by Family Type							
Family Type	Overall	Afford-ability	Supply	Quality	Access-ibility	Size	Loca-tion
Income <= 30% of AMI	8,327	5	5	3	3	5	N/A
Income > 30% but <= 50% of AMI	8,122	4	5	3	3	N/A	N/A
Income > 50% but < 80% of AMI	13,224	2	3	3	3	N/A	N/A
Elderly	3,820	3	3	3	3	4	N/A
Families with Disabilities	4,330	N/A	5	3	3	N/A	N/A
Race/WHITE	84%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Race/BLACK	6%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Race/HISPANIC	9%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Race/Ethnicity	1%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

What sources of information did the PHA use to conduct this analysis? (Check all that apply; all materials must be made available for public inspection.)

- Consolidated Plan of the Jurisdiction/s
Indicate year: 1998/1999 and 2000/2001
- U.S. Census data: the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy ("CHAS") dataset
- American Housing Survey data

- Indicate year:
- Other housing market study
- Indicate year:
- Other sources: (list and indicate year of information)

B. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant -Based Assistance Waiting Lists

State the housing needs of the families on the PHA's waiting list/s. Complete one table for each type of PHA -wide waiting list administered by the PHA. PHAs may provide separate tables for site -based or sub -jurisdictional public housing waiting lists at their option.

NOTE: A revised pre -application for the waiting list was used to produce this data however the software does not allow for input and reporting on this data. As such, the computerized waiting list does not contain data concerning income levels or race. The figures for those items were obtained using the housing needs of the actively housed families of this Housing Agency.

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List			
Waiting list type: (select one)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Section 8 tenant -based assistance			
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Housing			
<input type="checkbox"/> Combined Section 8 and Public Housing			
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Housing Site -Based or sub -jurisdictional waiting list (optional)			
If used, identify which development/subjurisdiction :			
	# of families	% of total families	Annual Turnover
Waiting list total	3316: waiting list 2012: actively housed		11%
Extremely low income <= 30% AMI	1499	75%	
Very low income (> 30% but <= 50% AMI)	458	23%	
Low income (> 50% but < 80% AMI)	51	3%	
Families with children	1454	72%	
Elderly families	758	23%	
Families with Disabilities	597	18%	
Race/WHITE	683	34%	
Race/BLACK	1326	66%	
Race/HISPANIC	380	19%	
Race/NONHISPAN	1632	82%	

Housing Needs of Families on the Waiting List

Characteristics by Bedroom Size (Public Housing Only)			
1BR	N/A	N/A	N/A
2BR	N/A	N/A	N/A
3BR	N/A	N/A	N/A
4BR	N/A	N/A	N/A
5BR	N/A	N/A	N/A
5+BR	N/A	N/A	N/A
Is the waiting list closed (select one)? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes If yes: How long has it been closed (# of months)? 14 MONTHS (as of 6/30/2002) Does the PHA expect to open the list in the PHA Plan year? X No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Does the PHA permit specific categories of families onto the waiting list, even if generally closed? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes See HAP Chapter 4			

C. Strategy for Addressing Needs

Provide a brief description of the PHA's strategy for addressing the housing needs of families in the jurisdiction and on the waiting list **IN THE UPCOMING YEAR**, and the Agency's reasons for choosing this strategy.

(1) Strategies

Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA within its current resources

by:

Select all that apply

- Employ effective maintenance and management policies to minimize the number of public housing units off-line
- Reduce turnover time for vacated public housing units
- Reduce time to renovate public housing units
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through mixed financed development
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through section 8 replacement housing resources
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease -up rates by establishing payment standards that will enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction
- Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families assisted by the PHA, regardless of unit size required
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease -up rates by marketing the program to owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease -up rates by effectively screening section 8 applicants to increase owner acceptance of program

- Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordination with broader community strategies
- Other (list below)

Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units by:

Select all that apply

- Apply for additional section 8 units should they become available
- Leverage affordable housing resources in the community through the creation of mixed -finance housing
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant -based assistance.
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30% of AMI

Select all that apply

- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in public housing
- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in tenant -based section 8 assistance
- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families with economic hardships
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI

Select all that apply

- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to the elderly:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for the elderly
- Apply for special -purpose vouchers targeted to the elderly, should they become available
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families with Disabilities

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for families with disabilities
- Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the section 504 Needs Assessment for Public Housing
- Apply for special -purpose voucher targeted to families with disabilities, should they become available
- Affirmatively market to local non -profit agencies that assist families with disabilities
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

Strategy 1: Increase awareness of PHA resources among families of races and ethnicities with disproportionate needs:

Select if applicable (NONE APPLY)

- Affirmatively market to races/ethnicities shown to have disproportionate housing needs
- Other: (list below)

Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

Select all that apply

- Counsel section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty or minority concentration and assist them to locate those units
- Market the section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty/minority concentrations
- Other: (list below)

Other Housing Needs & Strategies: (list needs and strategies below)

(2) Reasons for Selecting Strategies

Of the factors listed below, select all that influenced the PHA's selection of the strategies it will pursue:

- Funding constraints
- Staffing constraints
- Limited availability of sites for assisted housing
- Extent to which particular housing needs are met by other organizations in the community
- Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and other information available to the PHA
- Influence of the housing market on PHA programs
- Community priorities regarding housing assistance
- Results of consultation with local or state government
- Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board
- Results of consultation with advocacy groups
- Other: (list below)

2. Statement of Financial Resources

[24 CFR Part 903.79(b)]

List the financial resources that are anticipated to be available to the PHA for the support of Federal public housing and tenant-based Section 8 assistance programs administered by the PHA during the Plan year. Note: the table assumes that Federal public housing or tenant-based Section 8 assistance grant funds are expended on eligible purposes; therefore, uses of these funds need not be stated. For

other funds, indicate the use for those funds as one of the following categories: public housing operations, public housing capital improvements, public housing safety/security, public housing support services, Section 8 tenant-based assistance, Section 8 support services or other.

Financial Resources: Planned Sources and Uses		
Sources	Planned \$	Planned Uses
1. Federal Grants (FY 2000 grants)		
a) Public Housing Operating Fund	N/A	
b) Public Housing Capital Fund	N/A	
c) HOPEVI Revitalization	N/A	
d) HOPEVI Demolition	N/A	
e) Annual Contributions for Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance	\$11,089,783	
f) Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (including any Technical Assistance funds)	N/A	
g) Resident Opportunity and Self-Sufficiency Grants	N/A	
h) Community Development Block Grant	\$6,594,000	See Consolidated Plan Document (CPD)
i) HOME	\$2,057,000	See CPD
Other Federal Grants (list below)		
Emergency Shelter Grant	\$223,000	See CPD
2. Prior Year Federal Grants (unobligated funds only) (list below)	N/A	N/A
3. Public Housing Dwelling Rental Income	N/A	N/A
4. Other income (list below)	N/A	N/A
4. Non-federal sources (list below)	N/A	N/A
Total resources	\$19,963,783	See CPD

3.PHAPoliciesGoverningEligibility,Selection,andAdmissions

[24CFRPart903.79(c)]

A.PublicHousing(SECTION3ATENANT -BASEDSECTION8NOTAPPLICABLE)

Exemptions:PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete subcomponent 3A.

(1)Eligibility (N/A)

a. When does the PHA verify eligibility for admission to public housing? (select all that apply)

- When families are within a certain number of being offered a unit: (state number: _____ r: _____)
- When families are within a certain time of being offered a unit: (state time _____)
- Other: (describe _____)

b. Which non-income (screening) factors does the PHA use to establish eligibility for admission to public housing (select all that apply)?

- Criminal or Drug-related activity
- Rental history
- Housekeeping
- Other (describe _____)

c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

D. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

e. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

(2)WaitingListOrganization (N/A)

a. Which methods does the PHA plan to use to organize its public housing waiting list (select all that apply)

- Community-wide list
- Sub-jurisdictional lists
- Site-based waiting lists
- Other (describe _____)

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to public housing?

- PHA main administrative office
- PHA development site management office
- Other (list below _____)

c. If the PHA plan to operate one or more site-based waiting lists in the coming year, answer each of the following questions; if not, skip to subsection **(3)Assignment**

1. How many site-based waiting lists will the PHA operate in the coming year?

2. Yes No: Are any or all of the PHA's site-based waiting lists new for the upcoming year (that is, they are not part of a previously HUD-approved site-based waiting list plan)? If yes, how many lists?

3. Yes No: May families be on more than one list simultaneously? If yes, how many lists?

4. Where can interested persons obtain more information about and sign up to be on the site-based waiting lists (select all that apply)?

- PHA main administrative office
- All PHA development management offices
- Management offices at developments with site-based waiting lists
- At the development to which they would like to apply
- Other (list below)

(3) Assignment (N/A)

a. How many vacant unit choices are applicants ordinarily given before they fall to the bottom of or are removed from the waiting list? (select one)

- One
- Two
- Three or More

b. Yes No: Is this policy consistent across all waiting list types?

c. If answer to b is no, list variations for any other than the primary public housing waiting list/s for the PHA:

(4) Admissions Preferences (N/A)

a. Income targeting:

Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 40% of all new admissions to public housing to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Transfer policies:

In what circumstances will transfer take precedence over new admissions? (list below)

- Emergencies
- Overhoused
- Underhoused
- Medical justification
- Administrative reasons determined by the PHA (e.g., to permit modernization work)
- Resident choice: (state circumstances below)
- Other: (list below)

c. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to public housing (other than date and time of application)? (If "no" is selected, skip to subsection **(5) Occupancy**)

2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences: (select below)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisal or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

3. If the PHA will employ admission preferences, please prioritize by placing a "1" in the space that represents your first priority, a "2" in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or through a points system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use "1" more than once, "2" more than once, etc.

Date and Time

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)

- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

4. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements:

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Occupancy (N/A)

a. What reference materials can applicants and residents use to obtain information about the rules of occupancy of public housing (select all that apply)

- The PHA - resident lease
- The PHA's Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy policy
- PHA briefing seminars or written materials
- Other source (list)

b. How often must residents notify the PHA of changes in family composition? (select all that apply)

- At an annual reexamination and lease renewal
- Anytime family composition changes
- At family request for revision
- Other (list)

(6) Deconcentration and Income Mixing (N/A)

a. Yes No: Did the PHA's analysis of its family (general occupancy) developments to determine concentrations of poverty indicate the need for measures to promote deconcentration of poverty or income mixing?

b. Yes No: Did the PHA adopt any changes to its **admissions policies** based on the results of the required analysis of the need to promote deconcentration of poverty or to assure income mixing?

c. If the answer to b was yes, what changes were adopted? (select all that apply)

- Adoption of site based waiting lists
- If selected, list targeted developments below:

- Employing waiting list "skipping" to achieve deconcentration of poverty or income mixing goals at targeted developments
- If selected, list targeted developments below:

Employing new admission preferences at targeted developments

If selected, list targeted developments below:

Other (list policies and development targeted below)

d. Yes No: Did the PHA adopt any changes to **other** policies based on the results of the required analysis of the need for deconcentration of poverty and income mixing?

e. If the answer to d was yes, how would you describe these changes? (select all that apply)

Additional affirmative marketing

Actions to improve the marketability of certain developments

Adoption or adjustment of ceiling rents for certain developments

Adoption of rent incentives to encourage deconcentration of poverty and income mixing

Other (list below)

f. Based on the results of the required analysis, in which developments will the PHA make special efforts to attract or retain higher income families? (select all that apply)

Not applicable: results of analysis did not indicate a need for such efforts

List (any applicable) developments below:

g. Based on the results of the required analysis, in which developments will the PHA make special efforts to assure access for lower income families? (select all that apply)

Not applicable: results of analysis did not indicate a need for such efforts

List (any applicable) developments below:

B. Section 8

Exemptions: PHA that do not administer section 8 are not required to complete sub

-component 3B.

Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).

-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers,

(1) Eligibility

a. What is the extent of screening conducted by the PHA? (select all that apply)

Criminal or drug -related activity only to the extent required by law or regulation

Criminal and drug -related activity, more extensively than required by law or regulation

More general screening than criminal and drug -related activity (list factors below)

Other (list below)

b. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes? Obtain through the internet.

c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

d. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC - authorized source)

e. Indicate what kinds of information you share with prospective landlords? (select all that apply)

Criminal or drug-related activity

Other (describe below)

The Housing Agency will provide to all prospective owners, upon request, only information that is documented in the file and will consist of the same types of information regarding all families as listed here: family's current address, current landlord's name and address, family's previous address, previous landlord's name and address, information regarding previous tenancy as a section 8 client. The Housing Agency will not provide any information which violates the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC Section 552a.)

(2) Waiting List Organization

a. With which of the following program waiting lists is this section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting list merged? (select all that apply)

None

Federal public housing

Federal moderate rehabilitation

Federal project-based certificate program

Other federal or local program (list below)

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to section 8 tenant-based assistance? (select all that apply)

PHA main administrative office

Other (list below)

Local branch libraries and via the internet: during open enrollment periods.

(3) Search Time

a. Yes No: Does the PHA give extensions on standard 60-day period to search for a unit?

If yes, state circumstances below:

The Housing Agency will review requests for extensions on a case-by-case basis upon written request from the family. Extensions may be granted for up to an additional 60 days, not to exceed a total of 120 days maximum from beginning of the initial voucher term date. Thereasons an extension may be granted include the following:

- Extenuating circumstances such as hospitalization or a family emergency for an extended period of time which has affected the family's ability to find a unit within the initial 60-day period. Verification is required.
- The Housing Agency is satisfied that the family has made a reasonable effort to locate a unit including seeking the assistance of the Housing Agency, throughout the initial 60-day period. A completed search record is required.
- The family was prevented from finding a unit due to disability accessibility requirements or large size 4+ bedroom unit requirement. A completed search record is required.

(4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting

Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 75% of all new admissions to the section 8 program to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to section 8 tenancy-based assistance? (other than date and time of application) (if no, skip to subcomponent **(5) Special purpose section 8 assistance programs**)

2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

Displaced by Code Enforcement Condemnation. See HAP Chapter 4.

3. If the PHA will employ admission preferences, please prioritize by placing a "1" in the space that represents your first priority, a "2" in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or through a points system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use "1" more than once, "2" more than once, etc.

1 Date and Time

Former Federal preferences

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- 3 Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- 3 Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Household that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Household that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes

Other preference(s) (list below)

- 1 Displacement by Hillsborough County Code Enforcement Condemnation.
- 2 Permanently Disabled

4. Among applicants on the waiting list with the equal preference status, how are applicants selected? (select one)

- Date and time of application
- Drawing (lottery) or other random choice technique

5. If the PHA plans to employ preferences for "residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction" (select one) (N/A)

- This preference has previously been reviewed and approved by HUD
- The PHA requests approval for this preference through this PHA Plan

6. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements: (select one)

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensure that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Special Purpose Section 8 Assistance Programs

a. In which document or other reference materials are the policies governing eligibility, selection, and admission to any special -purpose section 8 program administered by the PHA contained? (select all that apply)

- The Section 8 Administrative Plan
- Briefing sessions and written materials
- Other (list below)

b. How does the PHA announce the availability of any special -purpose section 8 program to the public?

- Through published notices
- Other (list below):

The Housing Agency initially mails letters to applicants already on the current general waiting list to determine eligibility for any special purpose Section 8 program(s). Once the current general waiting list is exhausted public notices are published in local newspapers and applications are accepted.

4. PHA Rent Determination Policies

[24 CFR Part 903.79(d)]

A.PublicHousing(NOTAPPLICABLE:ALLOFSECTION4A)

Exemptions:PHAsthatdonotadministerpublichousingarenotrequiredto completesub -component4A.

(1)IncomeBasedRentPolicies (N/A)

Describe the PHA's income based rent setting policy/ies for public housing using, including discretionary (that is, not required by statute or regulation) income disregards and exclusions, in the appropriate spaces below.

a. Use of discretionary policies: (select one)

The PHA will not employ any discretionary rent -setting policies for income based rent in public housing. Income -based rents are set at the higher of 30% of adjusted monthly income, 10% of unadjusted monthly income, the welfare rent, or minimum rent (less HUD mandatory deductions and exclusions). (If selected, skip to sub -component (2))

---or---

The PHA employs discretionary policies for determining income based rent (If selected, continue to question b.)

b. Minimum Rent

1. What amount best reflects the PHA's minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

2. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies?

3. If yes to question 2, list these policies below :

c. Rents set at less than 30% than adjusted income

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to charge rents at a fixed amount or percentage less than 30% of adjusted income?

2. If yes to above, list the amounts or percentages charged and the circumstances under which these will be used below:

d. Which of the discretionary (optional) deductions and/or exclusions policies does the PHA plan to employ (select all that apply)

- For the earned income of a previously unemployed household member
- For increases in earned income
- Fixed amount (other than general rent -setting policy)

If yes, state amount/s and circumstances below:

Fixed percentage (other than general rent -setting policy)

If yes, state percentage/s and circumstances below:

- For household heads
- For other family members
- For transportation expenses
- For the non-reimbursed medical expenses of non-disabled or non-elderly families
- Other (describe below)

e. Ceiling rents

1. Do you have ceiling rents? (rents set at a level lower than 30% of adjusted income) (select one)

- Yes for all developments
- Yes but only for some developments
- No

2. For which kinds of developments are ceiling rents in place? (select all that apply)

- For all developments
- For all general occupancy developments (not elderly or disabled or elderly only)
- For specified general occupancy developments
- For certain parts of developments; e.g., the high-rise portion
- For certain size units; e.g., larger bedroom sizes
- Other (list below)

3. Select the space or spaces that best describe how you arrive at ceiling rents (select all that apply)

- Market comparability study
- Fair market rents (FMR)
- 95th percentile rents
- 75 percent of operating costs
- 100 percent of operating cost for general occupancy (family) developments
- Operating costs plus debt service
- The "rental value" of the unit
- Other (list below)

f. Rent determination:

1. Between income reexaminations, how often must tenants report changes in income or family composition to the PHA such that the changes result in an adjustment to rent? (select all that apply)

- Never
- At family option

- Anytime the family experiences an income increase
- Anytime a family experiences an income increase above a threshold amount or _____ percentage: (if selected, specify threshold)
- Other (list below)

g. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to implement individual savings accounts for residents (ISAs) as an alternative to the required 12 month disallowance of earned income and phasing in of rent increases in the next year?

(2) Flat Rents (N/A)

1. In setting the market-based flat rents, what sources of information did the PHA use to establish comparability? (select all that apply.)

- This section 8 rent reasonableness study of comparable housing
- Survey of rents listed in local newspaper
- Survey of similar unassisted units in the neighborhood
- Other (list/describe below)

B. Section 8 Tenant -Based Assistance

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer Section 8 tenant -based assistance are not required to complete sub -component 4B. **Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant -based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).**

(1) Payment Standards

Describe the voucher payment standards and policies .

a. What is the PHA's payment standard? (select the category that best describes your standard)

- At or above 90% but below 100% of FMR
- 100% of FMR
- Above 100% but at or below 110% of FMR
- Above 110% of FMR (if HUD approved; describe circumstances below)

b. If the payment standard is lower than FMR, why has the PHA selected this standard? (select all that apply)

N/A

- FMRs are adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- The PHA has chosen to serve additional families by lowering the payment standard
- Reflects market or submarket
- Other (list below)

c. If the payment standard is higher than FMR, why has the PHA chosen this level? (select all that apply)

N/A

- FMRs are not adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area

- Reflectsmarketorsubmarket
- Toincreasehousingoptionsforfamilies
- Other(listbelow)

d.Howoftenarepaymentstandardsreevaluatedforadequacy?(selectone)

- Annually
- Other(listbelow)

e.WhatfactorswillthePHAconsiderinitsassessmentoftheadquacyofitspaymentstandard?(selectall thatapply)

- Successratesofassistedfamilies
- Rentburdensofassistedfamilies
- Other(listbelow)

(2)MinimumRent

a.WhatamountbestreflectsthePHA’sminimumrent?(selectone)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

b. Yes No:HassthePHAadoptedanydiscretionaryminimumrenthardshipexemptionpolicies?(ifyes , listbelow)

5.OperationsandManagement

[24CFRPart903.79(e)]

ExemptionsfromComponent5:HighperformingandsmallPHAsarenotrequiredtocompletethissection.Section8onlyPHAs mustcompletepartsA,B, andC(2)

A.PHAManagementStructure

DescribethePHA’smanagementstructureandorganization.

(selectone)

- AnorganizationchartshowingthePHA’smanagementstructureandorganizationisbelow.
- Abriefdescriptionofthemanagementstructureandorganizationof thePHAfollows:

TheCommunityImprovementDepartmentundertheBoardofCountyCommissionersmanagethe HillsboroughCountyPHA.ThisdepartmentalsoadministerstheCDBG,HOMEandSHIPprogramsaswell asCodeEnforcementfunctions.Thechainofcommandisasfollows:

HillsboroughCountyBOCC
 CountyAdministrator
 AssistantCountyAdministratorforCommunityServices
 DirectoroftheCommunityImprovementDepartment

B. HUD Programs Under PHA Management

List Federal programs administered by the PHA, number of families served at the beginning of the upcoming fiscal year, and expected turnover in each. (Use "NA" to indicate that the PHA does not operate any of the programs listed below.)

Program Name	Units or Families Served at Year Beginning	Expected Turnover
Public Housing	N/A	N/A
Section 8 Vouchers	2012	11%
Section 8 Certificates	N/A	N/A
Section 8 Mod Rehab	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Section 8 Certificates/Vouchers (list individually)	Family Self - Sufficiency: 77 Mainstream: 100	6% 2%
Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP)	N/A	N/A
Other Federal Programs (list individually)	N/A	N/A

C. Management and Maintenance Policies

List the PHA's public housing management and maintenance policy documents, manuals and handbooks that contain the Agency's rules, standards, and policies that govern maintenance and management of public housing, including a description of any measures necessary for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (which includes cockroach infestation) and the policies governing Section 8 management.

(1) Public Housing Maintenance and Management: (list below)

N/A

(2) Section 8 Management: (list below)

Hillsborough County does not own or manage any housing units. All units are privately owned and are inspected annually for compliance with HUD's Minimum Housing Quality Standards as required by the regulations. Interim special inspections are also conducted as necessary on a case by case basis to insure continued assistance of safe, decent and sanitary housing conditions. Procedures exist which may allow or may require an assisted family to relocate. Housing assistance payments may be curtailed or abated as required.

6. PHA Grievance Procedures

[24 CFR Part 903.79(f)]

Exemptions from component 6: High performing PHAs are not required to complete component 6, Section 8 from sub-component 6A.

-Only PHAs are exempt

A. Public Housing (NOT APPLICABLE)

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established any written grievance procedures in addition to federal requirements found at 24 CFR Part 966, Subpart B, for residents of public housing?

If yes, list addition to federal requirements below:

2. Which PHA offices should residents or applicants to public housing contact to initiate the PHA grievance process? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
- PHA development management offices
- Other (list below)

B. Section 8 Tenant -Based Assistance

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established informal review procedures for applicants to the Section 8 tenant -based assistance program and informal hearing procedures for families assisted by the Section 8 tenant -based assistance program in addition to federal requirements found at 24 CFR 982?

If yes, list addition to federal requirements below:

2. Which PHA offices should applicants or assisted families contact to initiate the informal hearing processes? (select all that apply)

- PHA main administrative office
- Other (list below)

7. Capital Improvement Needs (NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT -BASED SECTION 8)

[24 CFR Part 903.79(g)]

Exemptions from Component 7: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this component and may skip to Component 8.

A. Capital Fund Activities (N/A)

Exemptions from sub-component 7A: PHAs that will not participate in the Capital Fund Program may skip to component 7B. All other PHAs must complete 7A as instructed.

(1) Capital Fund Program Annual Statement (N/A)

Using parts I, II, and III of the Annual Statement for the Capital Fund Program (CFP), identify capital activities the PHA is proposing for the upcoming year to ensure long-term physical and social viability of its public housing developments. This statement can be completed by using the CFP Annual Statement tables provided in the table library at the end of the PHA Plan template **OR**, at the PHA's option, by completing and attaching a properly updated HUD -52837.

Select one:

- The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement is provided as an attachment to the PHA Plan at Attachment (state name)

-or-

The Capital Fund Program Annual Statement is provided below: (if selected, copy the CFP Annual Statement from the Table Library and insert there)

(2) Optional 5 -Year Action Plan (N/A)

Agencies are encouraged to include a 5-Year Action Plan covering capital work items. This statement can be completed by using the 5 Year Action Plan table provided in the table library at the end of the PHA Plan template **OR** by completing and attaching a properly updated HUD -52834.

a. Yes No: Is the PHA providing an optional 5 -Year Action Plan for the Capital Fund? (if no, skip to sub-component 7B)

b. If yes to question a, select one:

The Capital Fund Program 5 -Year Action Plan is provided as an attachment to the PHA Plan as Attachment (state name)

-or-

The Capital Fund Program 5 -Year Action Plan is provided below: (if selected, copy the CFP Optional 5 Year Action Plan from the Table Library and insert there)

B. HOPE VI and Public Housing Development and Replacement Activities (Non -Capital Fund) (NOT APPLICABLE)

Applicability of sub -component 7B: All PHAs administering public housing. Identify any approved HOPE VI and/or public housing development or replacement activities not described in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement.

Yes No: a) Has the PHA received a HOPE VI revitalization grant? (if no, skip to question c; if yes, provide responses to question b for each grant, copying and completing as many times as necessary)

b) Status of HOPE VI revitalization grant (complete one set of questions for each grant)

1. Development name:

2. Development (project) number:

3. Status of grant: (select the statement that best describes the current status)

- Revitalization Plan under development
- Revitalization Plans submitted, pending approval
- Revitalization Plan approved
- Activities pursuant to an approved Revitalization Plan underway

Yes No: c) Does the PHA plan to apply for a HOPE VI revitalization grant in the Plan year? If yes, list development name/s below:

Yes No: d) Will the PHA be engaging in any mixed -financed development activities for public housing in the Plan year? If yes, list developments or activities below:

Yes No: Will the PHA be conducting any other public housing development or replacement activities not discussed in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement? If yes, list developments or activities below:

8. Demolition and Disposition (NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT-BASED SECTION 8)

[24CFR Part 903.79(h)]

Applicability of component 8: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to conduct any demolition or disposition activities (pursuant to section 18 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437p)) in the plan Fiscal Year? (If "No", skip to component 9; if "yes", complete one activity description for each development.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided the activities description information in the optional Public Housing Asset Management Table? (If "yes", skip to component 9. If "No", complete the Activity Description table below.)

Demolition/Disposition Activity Description	
1a. Development name:	
1b. Development (project) number:	
2. Activity type: Demolition <input type="checkbox"/>	
Disposition <input type="checkbox"/>	
3. Application status (select one)	
Approved <input type="checkbox"/>	
Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/>	
Planned application <input type="checkbox"/>	
4. Date application approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (DD/MM/YY)	
5. Number of units affected:	
6. Coverage of action (select one)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development	
<input type="checkbox"/> Total development	
7. Timeline for activity:	
a. Actual or projected start date of activity:	
b. Projected end date of activity:	

9. Designation of Public Housing for Occupancy by Elderly Families or Families with Disabilities or Elderly Families and Families with Disabilities (NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT-BASED SECTION 8)

[24CFR Part 903.79(i)]

Exemptions from Component 9: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

1. Yes No: Has the PHA designated or applied for approval to designate or does the PHA plan to apply to designate any public housing for occupancy only by the elderly families or by families with disabilities, or by elderly families and families with disabilities or will apply for designation for occupancy by only elderly families or only families with disabilities, or by elderly families and families with disabilities as provided by section 7 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437e) in the upcoming fiscal year? (If "No", skip to component 10. If "yes", complete one activity description for each development, unless the PHA is eligible to complete streamlined submission; PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 10.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the optional Public Housing Asset Management Table? If "yes", skip to component 10. If "No", complete the Activity Description table below.

Designation of Public Housing Activity Description	
1a. Development name:	
1b. Development (project) number:	
2. Designation type:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Occupancy by only the elderly <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Occupancy by families with disabilities <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Occupancy by only elderly families and families with disabilities <input type="checkbox"/>
3. Application status (select one)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Approved; included in the PHA's Designation Plan <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Planned application <input type="checkbox"/>
4. Date this designation approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (DD/MM/YY)	
5. If approved, will this designation constitute a (select one)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	New Designation Plan
<input type="checkbox"/>	Revision of a previously approved Designation Plan?
6. Number of units affected:	
7. Coverage of action (select one)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Part of the development
<input type="checkbox"/>	Total development

10. Conversion of Public Housing to Tenant -Based Assistance

[24 CFR Part 903.79(j)]

Exemptions from Component 10; Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

(NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT -BASED SECTION 8)

A. Assessments of Reasonable Revitalization Pursuant to section 202 of the HUD FY 1996 HUD Appropriations Act

1. Yes No: Have any of the PHA's developments or portions of developments been identified by HUD or the PHA as covered under section 202 of the HUD FY 1996 HUD Appropriations Act? (If "No", skip to component 11; if "yes", complete one activity

description for each identified development, unless eligible to complete a streamlined submission. PH As completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 11.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? If "yes", skip to component 11. If "No", complete the Activity Description table below.

Conversion of Public Housing Activity Description	
1a. Development name:	
1b. Development (project) number:	
2. What is the status of the required reassessment?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assessment underway
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assessment results submitted to HUD
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assessment results approved by HUD (if marked, proceed to next question)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other (explain below)
3. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No: Is a Conversion Plan required? (If yes, go to block 4; if no, go to block 5.)	
4. Status of Conversion Plan (select the statement that best describes the current status)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Conversion Plan in development
<input type="checkbox"/>	Conversion Plan submitted to HUD on: (DD/MM/YYYY)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Conversion Plan approved by HUD on: (DD/MM/YYYY)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Activities pursuant to HUD - approved Conversion Plan underway
5. Description of how requirements of Section 202 are being satisfied by means other than conversion (select one)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Units addressed in a pending or approved demolition application (date submitted or approved:)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Units addressed in a pending or approved HOPEVI demolition application (date submitted or approved:)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Units addressed in a pending or approved HOPEVI Revitalization Plan (date submitted or approved:)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Requirements no longer applicable: vacancy rates are less than 10 percent
<input type="checkbox"/>	Requirements no longer applicable: site now has less than 300 units
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other: (describe below)

B. Reserved for Conversions pursuant to Section 22 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

C. Reserved for Conversions pursuant to Section 33 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

11. Homeownership Programs Administered by the PHA

[24CFR Part 903.79(k)]

(NOT APPLICABLE)

A. Public Housing (N/A)

Exemptions from Component 11A: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete 11A.

1. Yes No: Does the PHA administer any homeownership programs administered by the PHA under an approved section 5(h) homeownership program (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h)), or an approved HOPE I program (42 U.S.C. 1437aaa) or has the PHA applied or plan to apply to administer any homeownership programs under section 5(h), the HOPE I program, or section 32 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437z -4). (If "No", skip to component 11B; if "yes", complete one activity description for each applicable program/plan, unless eligible to complete a streamlined submission due to **small PHA** or **high performing PHA** status. PHAs completing streamlined submissions may skip to component 11B.)

2. Activity Description

Yes No: Has the PHA provided all required activity description information for this component in the **optional** Public Housing Asset Management Table? (If "yes", skip to component 12. If "No", complete the Activity Description table below.)

Public Housing Homeownership Activity Description (Complete one for each development affected)
1a. Development name:
1b. Development (project) number:
2. Federal Program authority: <input type="checkbox"/> HOPE I <input type="checkbox"/> 5(h) <input type="checkbox"/> Turnkey III <input type="checkbox"/> Section 32 of the USHA of 1937 (effective 10/1/99)
3. Application status: (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Approved; included in the PHA's Homeownership Plan/Program <input type="checkbox"/> Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/> Planned application
4. Date Homeownership Plan/Program approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (DD/MM/YYYY)
5. Number of units affected:
6. Coverage of action: (select one) <input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development <input type="checkbox"/> Total development

B. Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to administer a Section 8 Homeownership program pursuant to Section 8(y) of the U.S.H.A. of 1937, as implemented by 24CFR part 982? (If "No", skip to component 12; if "yes", describe each program using the table below (copy and complete questions for each program identified), unless the PHA is eligible to complete a streamlined submission due to high performer status. **High performing PHAs** may skip to component 12.)

2. Program Description: (N/A)

a. Size of Program

Yes No: Will the PHA limit the number of families participating in the section 8 homeownership option?

If the answer to the question above was yes, which statement best describes the number of participants (select one) ?

- 25 or fewer participants
- 26 -50 participants
- 51 to 100 participants
- more than 100 participants

b. PHA established eligibility criteria: N/A

Yes No: Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participation in its Section 8 Homeownership Option program in addition to HUD criteria?

If yes, list criteria below:

12. PHA Community Service and Self -sufficiency Programs

[24CFR Part 903.79(1)]

Exemptions from Component 12: High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this component. Section 8 -Only PHAs are not required to complete sub -component C.

A. PHA Coordination with the Welfare (TANF) Agency

1. Cooperative agreements:

Yes No: Has the PHA entered into a cooperative agreement with the TANF Agency, to share information and/or target supportive services (as contemplated by section 12(d)(7) of the Housing Act of 1937)?

If yes, what was the date that agreement was signed? 2/4/05/01

2. Other coordination efforts between the PHA and TANF Agency (select all that apply)

- Client referrals
- Information sharing regarding mutual clients (for rent determinations and otherwise)
- Coordinate the provision of specific social and self -sufficiency services and programs to eligible families
- Jointly administer programs
- Partner to administer a HUD Welfare -to-Work voucher program

- Joint administration of other demonstration program
- Other (describe)

B. Services and programs offered to residents and participants

(1) General (NONE OFFERED AT THE PRESENT TIME)

a. Self-Sufficiency Policies

Which, if any of the following discretionary policies will the PHA employ to enhance the economic and social self-sufficiency of assisted families in the following areas? (select all that apply): N/A

- Public housing rent determination policies
- Public housing admissions policies
- Section 8 admissions policies
- Preference in admission to section 8 for certain public housing families
- Preferences for families working or engaging in training or education programs for non-housing programs operated or coordinated by the PHA
- Preference/eligibility for public housing homeownership option participation
- Preference/eligibility for section 8 homeownership option participation
- Other policies (list below)

b. Economic and Social Self-Sufficiency Programs

Yes No: Does the PHA coordinate, promote or provide any programs to enhance the economic and social self-sufficiency of residents? (If "yes", complete the following table; if "no" skip to sub-component 2, Family Self-Sufficiency Programs. The position of the table may be altered to facilitate its use.)

Services and Programs				
(NOT APPLICABLE)				
Program Name & Description (including location, if appropriate)	Estimated Size	Allocation Method (waiting list/random selection/specific criteria/other)	Access (development office/ PHA main office/ other provider name)	Eligibility (public housing or section 8 participants or both)

(2) Family Self Sufficiency program/s

a. Participation Description

Family Self Sufficiency (FSS) Participation		
Program	Required Number of Participants (start of FY 2002 Estimate)	Actual Number of Participants (As of: DD/MM/YY)
Public Housing	N/A	N/A
Section 8	77	20 (As of 06/30/2002)

b. Yes No: If the PHA is not maintaining the minimum program size required by HUD, does the most recent FSS Action Plan address the steps the PHA plans to take to achieve at least the minimum program size?
If no, list steps the PHA will take below:

The PHA is currently trying to enlist new applicants for the FSS program. We are attempting to coordinate activities and services with TANF agencies and contractors.

C. Welfare Benefit Reductions

1. The PHA is complying with the statutory requirements of section 12(d) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (relating to the treatment of income changes resulting from welfare program requirements) by: (select all that apply)

- Adopting appropriate changes to the PHA's public housing rent determination policies and train staff to carry out those policies
- Informing residents of new policy on admission and reexamination
- Actively notifying residents of new policy at times in addition to admission and reexamination.
- Establishing or pursuing a cooperative agreement with all appropriate TANF agencies regarding the exchange of information and coordination of services
- Establishing a protocol for exchange of information with all appropriate TANF agencies
- Other: (list below)

D. Reserved for Community Service Requirement pursuant to section 12(c) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937

13. PHA Safety and Crime Prevention Measures (NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT BASED SECTION 8)

[24 CFR Part 903.79(m)]

Exemptions from Component 13: High performing and small PHAs not participating in PHDEP and Section 8. Only PHAs may skip to component 15. High performing and small PHAs that are participating in PHDEP and are submitting a PHDEP Plan with this PHA Plan may skip to sub-component D.

A. Need for measures to ensure the safety of public housing residents (N/A)

1. Describe the need for measures to ensure the safety of public housing residents (select all that apply): N/A

- High incidence of violent and/or drug -related crime in some or all of the PHA's developments
- High incidence of violent and/or drug -related crime in the area surrounding or adjacent to the PHA's developments
- Residents fearful for their safety and/or the safety of their children
- Observed lower -level crime, vandalism and/or graffiti
- People on waiting list unwilling to move into one or more developments due to perceived and/or actual level of violent and/or drug -related crime
- Other (describe below)

2. What information or data did the PHA use to determine the need for PHA actions to improve safety of residents (select all that apply): (N/A)

- Safety and security survey of residents
- Analysis of crime statistics over time for crimes committed "in and around" public housing authority
- Analysis of cost trends over time for repair of vandalism and removal of graffiti
- Resident reports
- PHA employee reports
- Police reports
- Demonstrable, quantifiable success with previous or ongoing anti-crime/anti-drug programs
- Other (describe below)

3. Which developments are most affected? (list below): (N/A)

B. Crime and Drug Prevention activities the PHA has undertaken or plan to undertake in the next PHA fiscal year (N/A)

1. List the crime prevention activities the PHA has undertaken or plan to undertake: (select all that apply):

N/A

- Contracting with outside and/or resident organizations for the provision of crime -and/or drug - prevention activities
- Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
- Activities targeted to at -risk youth , adults, or seniors
- Volunteer Resident Patrol/Block Watchers Program
- Other (describe below)

2. Which developments are most affected? (list below): N/A

C. Coordination between PHA and the police : (Not Applicable)

1. Describe the coordination between the PHA and the appropriate police precincts for carrying out crime prevention measures and activities: (select all that apply): N/A

- Police involvement in development, implementation, and/or ongoing evaluation of drug -elimination plan
- Police provide crime data to housing authority staff for analysis and action

- Police have established a physical presence on housing authority property (e.g., community policing office, officer in residence)
- Police regularly testify in and otherwise support eviction cases
- Police regularly meet with the PHA management and residents
- Agreement between PHA and local law enforcement agency for provision of above -baseline law enforcement services
- Other activities (list below)

2. Which developments are most affected? (list below): N/A

D. Additional information as required by PHDEP/PHDEP Plan (Not Applicable)

PHA eligible for FY 2000 PHDEP funds must provide a PHDEP Plan meeting specified requirements prior to receipt of PHDEP funds.

- Yes No: Is the PHA eligible to participate in the PHDEP in the fiscal year covered by this PHA Plan?
- Yes No: Has the PHA included the PHDEP Plan for FY 2000 in this PHA Plan?
- Yes No: This PHDEP Plan is an Attachment. (Attachment Filename: _____)

14. RESERVED FOR PET POLIC Y

[24CFR Part 903.79(n)] Not Applicable

15. Civil Rights Certifications

[24CFR Part 903.79(o)]

Civil rights certifications are included in the PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations.

16. Fiscal Audit

[24CFR Part 903.79(p)]

- 1. Yes No: Is the PHA required to have an audit conducted under section 5(h)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437c(h))? (If no, skip to component 17.)
- 2. Yes No: Was the most recent fiscal audit submitted to HUD?
- 3. Yes No: Were there any findings as the result of that audit?
- 4. Yes No: If there were any findings, do any remain unresolved? N/A
If yes, how many unresolved findings remain? N/A _____
- 5. Yes No: Have responses to any unresolved findings been submitted to HUD? N/A
If not, when are they due (state below)? N/A

17. PHA Asset Management (NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT-BASED SECTION 8)

[24CFR Part 903.79(q)]

Exemptions from component 17: Section 8 Only PHAs are not required to complete this component. High performing and small PHAs are not required to complete this component.

1. Yes No: Is the PHA engaging in any activities that will contribute to the long-term asset management of its public housing stock, including how the Agency will plan for long-term operating, capital investment, rehabilitation, modernization, disposition, and other needs that have **not** been addressed elsewhere in this PHA Plan?

2. What types of asset management activities will the PHA undertake? (select all that apply)

- Not applicable
- Private management
- Development-based accounting
- Comprehensive stock assessment
- Other: (list below)

3. Yes No: Has the PHA included descriptions of asset management activities in the Housing Asset Management Table? **optional Public**

18. Other Information

[24CFR Part 903.79(r)]

A. Resident Advisory Board Recommendations

1. Yes No: Did the PHA receive any comments on the PHA Plan from the Resident Advisory Board/s?

2. If yes, the comments are: (if comments were received, the PHA **MUST** select one)

Attached as Attachment (Filename)

Provided below:

Resident Comment:

One area of concern is the long wait on the waiting list and I understand there are funding constraints that often control when and how often the waiting list can be open.

Housing Agency Response:

The amount of time a family is on the waiting list waiting for their name to be selected may be up to several years. The PHA recognizes this concern and has identified it in the 5-year agency plan as an objective. Specifically, the goal consists of expanding the supply of assisted housing by applying for additional vouchers. This year the PHA obtained the minimum required lease percentage to apply the next opportunity made available. -up

Resident Comment:

I disagree with tenant rent being calculated by gross income. It should be calculated with net income because that is reality.

Housing Agency Response:

The Housing Agency does not have discretion on this matter. The family's total gross income is the required amount the PHA must use when determining eligibility for intake and/or family rent contribution purposes. The family has the right to review the file and the documentation relied upon to calculate their portion of rent.

Resident Comment:

I disagree with the age of disabled for ages to apply with tenant age 62 and older because some people disability affect them at an early age according to their illness or disability.

Housing Agency Response:

Clarification: The PHA does not restrict the age of an individual with a disability. The waiting list preference given is for elderly OR disabled. While elderly is defined as 62 years or older, there is no limitation on the age of a disabled individual to be eligible for this preference.

Resident Comment:

Page 3 - Goals - In view of need, I could see "Acquire or build units" as a desirable goal.

Housing Agency Response:

The PHA does not own property and does not consider this a feasible goal in and of itself. However Hillsborough County is very aggressive in expanding and providing affordable rental housing. In the past few years, we have partnered with private developers to construct over 5,000 new rental units that are affordable to low-income households. In addition, we have rehabilitated over 300 apartment rental units. Currently we have 8 additional projects that are in process of approval from the Hillsborough County Housing Finance Authority and Tax Credit Funding for almost 1000 new units. As these units come online they are made available to Section 8 Tenant Based participants. All of the new units are outside areas of poverty or minority concentration.

Resident Comment:

Page 4 – It seems to me that in view of the current vacating of an apartment complex that “Demolish or dispose of obsolete public housing” is a de facto goal.

Housing Agency Response:

The referenced objective “Demolish or dispose of obsolete public housing” pertains to public housing programs. This PHA manages a tenant-based program exclusively. Since this PHA does not own or manage public housing, this objective does not apply.

Resident Comment:

Page 5 – I see an ambiguity in the word “independence.” If financial independence through work is envisioned, I do not see this as a practical goal for the elderly, although, with proper training, it could well be for the disabled (I speak from experience since I myself am disabled.) Perhaps this item could be rewritten, separating elderly from disabled.

Housing Agency Response:

Clarification: In the referenced objective “Provide or attract support services to increase independence for the elderly or families with disabilities”, independence is not restricted in definition of financial status in all cases. This objective falls under the PHA goal to “Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households” and refers to all assisted families, whether elderly or disabled or neither. A second parallel objective under this goal is to “Provide or attract support services to improve assistance recipients’ employability.” These are two separate objectives and the latter one does not distinguish among characteristics and therefore may encompass persons with disabilities. The commented objective concerning the independence for specifically the elderly OR disabled may be financial or may be in daily living activities, among others, that may be present in an elderly or disabled household.

Resident Comment:

Page 13 – Strategies – I wonder why the two items that begin “Seek replacement...” were not among the strategies in view of the large numbers needing assistance and length of time that the waiting list has been enclosed.

Housing Agency Response:

The referenced strategies “Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through mixed finance development” and “Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through section 8 replacement housing resources” pertain to public housing. The PHA does not own property nor manage a Public Housing program. The PHA manages a Tenant-based program. Therefore this strategy does not apply to the PHA.

Resident Comment:

Page 15 – Under Strategy 1 for Families with Disabilities these second item modifications could be important.

Housing Agency Response:

The referenced strategy “Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the section 504 Needs Assessment for Public Housing” pertains to public housing. The PHA does not manage a Public Housing program, only a Tenant-based program. Therefore this strategy does not apply to the PHA.

Resident Comment:

Page 23 – Admissions Preferences – Shouldn’t “Involuntary Displacement” be a high priority item?

Housing Agency Response:

HUD repealed mandatory federal preferences and the PHA has since modified and maintained the aforementioned preferences as “Involuntary Displacement by Code Enforcement Condemnation” to work together and serve the community.

Resident Comment:

Page 39 – Family Self-Sufficiency – I applaud and encourage efforts to increase the number of participants in program.

Housing Agency Response:

The PHA understands the great benefit this program offers its participants in gaining a level of self-sufficiency and possibly homeownership among other potential outcomes. As such the PHA is committed to ensuring continuance of this program as long as funding and staffing permits.

3. In what manner did the PHA address those comments? (select all that apply)

Considered comments, but determined that no changes to the PHA Plan were necessary.

The PHA changed portions of the PHA Plan in response to comments

List changes below:

Other: (list below)

B. Description of Election process for Residents on the PHA Board

1. Yes No: Does the PHA meet the exemption criteria provided section 2(b)(2) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937? (If no, continue to question 2; if yes, skip to sub -component C.)
Letter from County Attorney on file at PHA Main Office. The PHA appointed a 3 member tenant board to review the PHA Plan.

2. Yes No: Was the resident who serves on the PHA Board elected by the residents? (If yes, continue to question 3; if no, skip to sub -component C.)

3. Description of Resident Election Process (Not Applicable)

a. Nomination of candidates for place on the ballot: (select all that apply)

- Candidates were nominated by resident and assisted family organizations
- Candidates could be nominated by any adult recipient of PHA assistance
- Self-nomination: Candidates registered with the PHA and requested a place on ballot
- Other: (describe)

b. Eligible candidates: (select one)

- Any recipient of PHA assistance
- Any head of household receiving PHA assistance
- Any adult recipient of PHA assistance
- Any adult member of a resident or assisted family organization
- Other (list)

c. Eligible voters: (select all that apply)

- All adult recipients of PHA assistance (public housing and section 8 tenant -based assistance)
- Representatives of all PHA resident and assisted family organizations
- Other (list)

C. Statement of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

For each applicable Consolidated Plan, make the following statement (copy questions as many times as necessary).

1. Consolidated Plan jurisdiction: **HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY**

2. The PHA has taken the following steps to ensure consistency of this PHA Plan with the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction: (select all that apply)

- The PHA has based its statement of needs of families in the jurisdiction on the needs expressed in the Consolidated Plan/s.
- The PHA has participated in any consultation process organized and offered by the Consolidated Plan agency in the development of the Consolidated Plan.
- The PHA has consulted with the Consolidated Plan agency during the development of this PHA Plan.
- Activities to be undertaken by the PHA in the coming year are consistent with the initiatives contained in the Consolidated Plan. (list below)
 - Hillsborough County's Section 8 program will provide tenant -based section 8 rental assistance for very low to moderate income individuals and families.
 - Hillsborough County's Section 8 program will insure the provision of safe, decent and sanitary housing to very low to moderate income individuals and families.
 - Hillsborough County's Section 8 program will provide tenant -based section 8 rental assistance targeted to meet the specific housing needs of the homeless and disabled population within the community.
 - Hillsborough County's Section 8 program will increase the economic and self-improvement conditions of assisted families (i.e. Family Self -Sufficiency program.)

Other: (list below)

3. The Consolidated Plan of the jurisdiction supports the PHA Plan with the following actions and commitments: (describe below)

Hillsborough County's Community Improvement Department houses the tenant -based Section 8 program and is the main agency responsible for administering and planning the housing needs for the community. This department coordinates efforts with public and private organizations to effectively achieve the objectives of the Consolidated Plan Document (CPD.) Supporting actions and commitments outlined in the CPD include providing decent, safe and sanitary housing to improve existing housing conditions for very low income to moderate income families through affordable housing programs. The CPD also states as another supportive objective the creation of suitable living environments by providing public service programs to increase the quality of life for very low to moderate income families. Another CPD supportive objective is to address the housing needs of homeless and/or disabled individuals and homeless and/or disabled families and prevent low income individuals and families from becoming homeless. The CPD addresses the expansion of economic opportunities for individuals and families by increasing the access to public and private facilities and services.

D. Other Information Required by HUD (Not Applicable)

Use this section to provide any additional information requested by HUD. Not applicable.

Attachment A

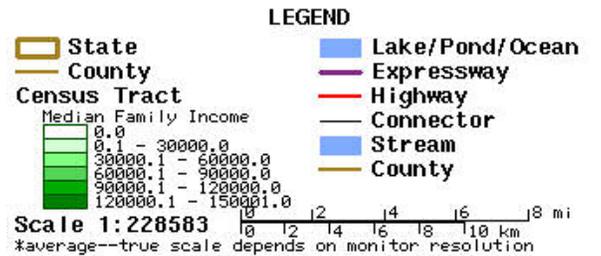
Use this section to provide any additional attachments referenced in the Plans.

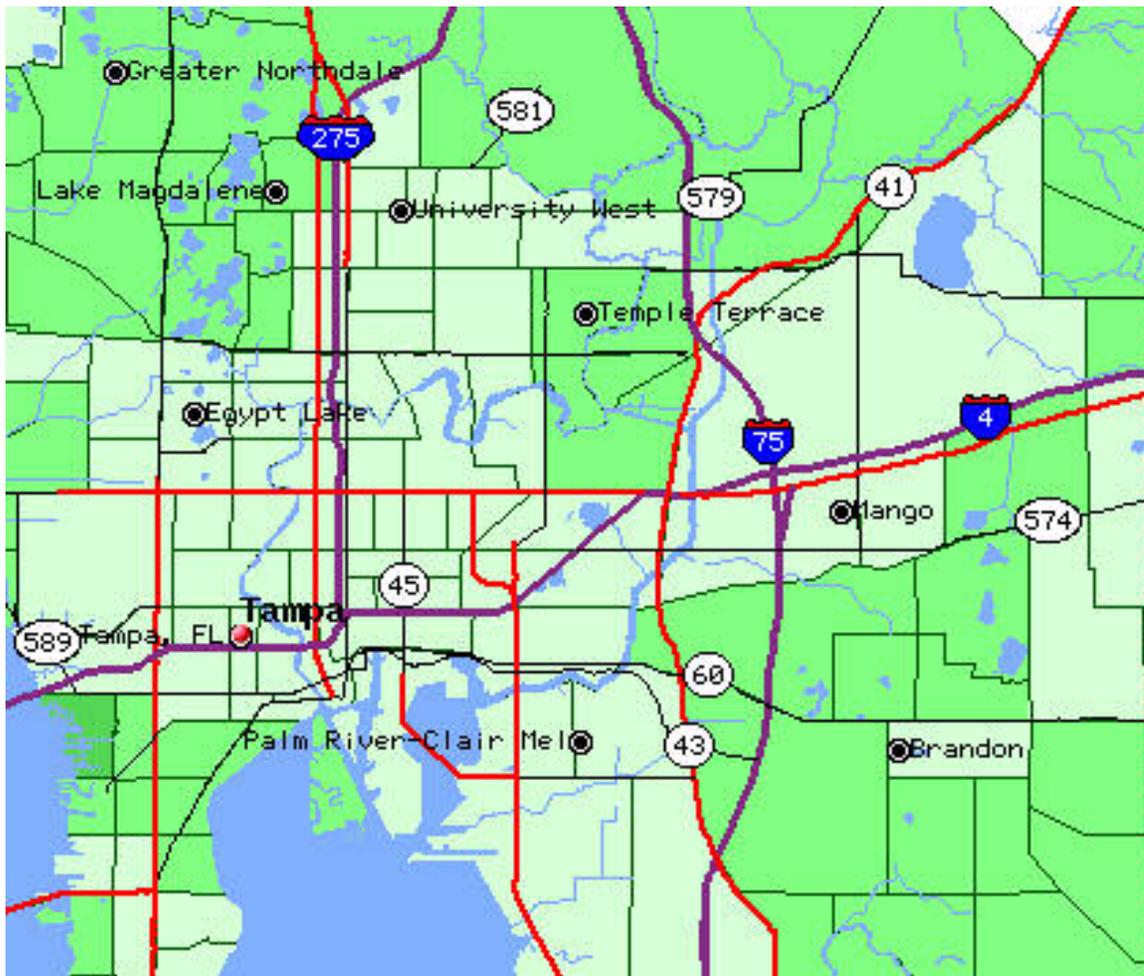
Admissions Policy for Deconcentration

Hillsborough County does not own or manage any housing units. Hillsborough County offers Tenant-Based Section 8 assistance only. Eligible families have sole discretion in selecting units in the areas they wish to live in. This Housing Agency encourages families to select units outside of areas of high concentration of poverty. The payment standard for rental subsidy is set at 100% of HUD's fair market rent to promote income mixing in our program. The units selected must still pass the rent reasonableness test and the tenant's portion of the rent cannot exceed 40% of their adjusted monthly income for non-participants and movers. The areas of high concentration of poverty are presented as an attachment to this briefing packet in the form of local census data maps. Families may also consult with their Housing Agent for more information concerning deconcentration efforts.

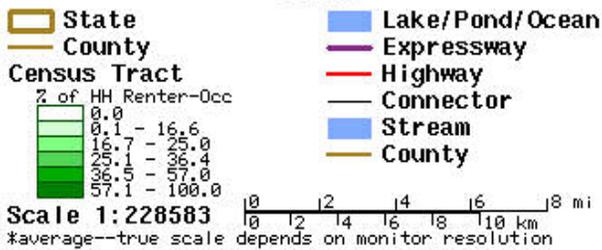
HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY CENSUS DATA FOR DECONCENTRATION

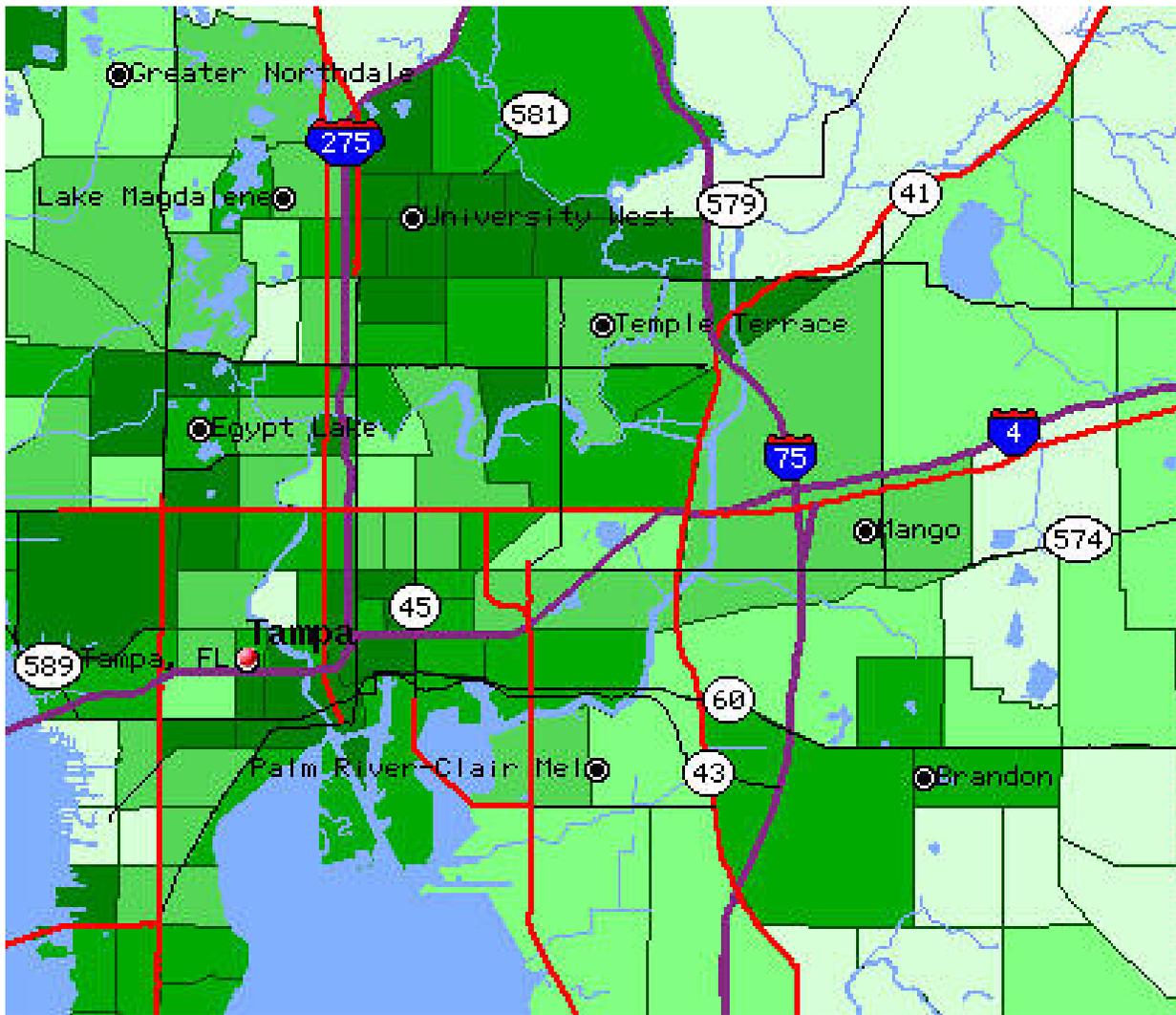
The darker the area the higher the ratio of the indicator. The map at the top of the page is based on household income. The map below indicates areas with a higher percentage of freer households.





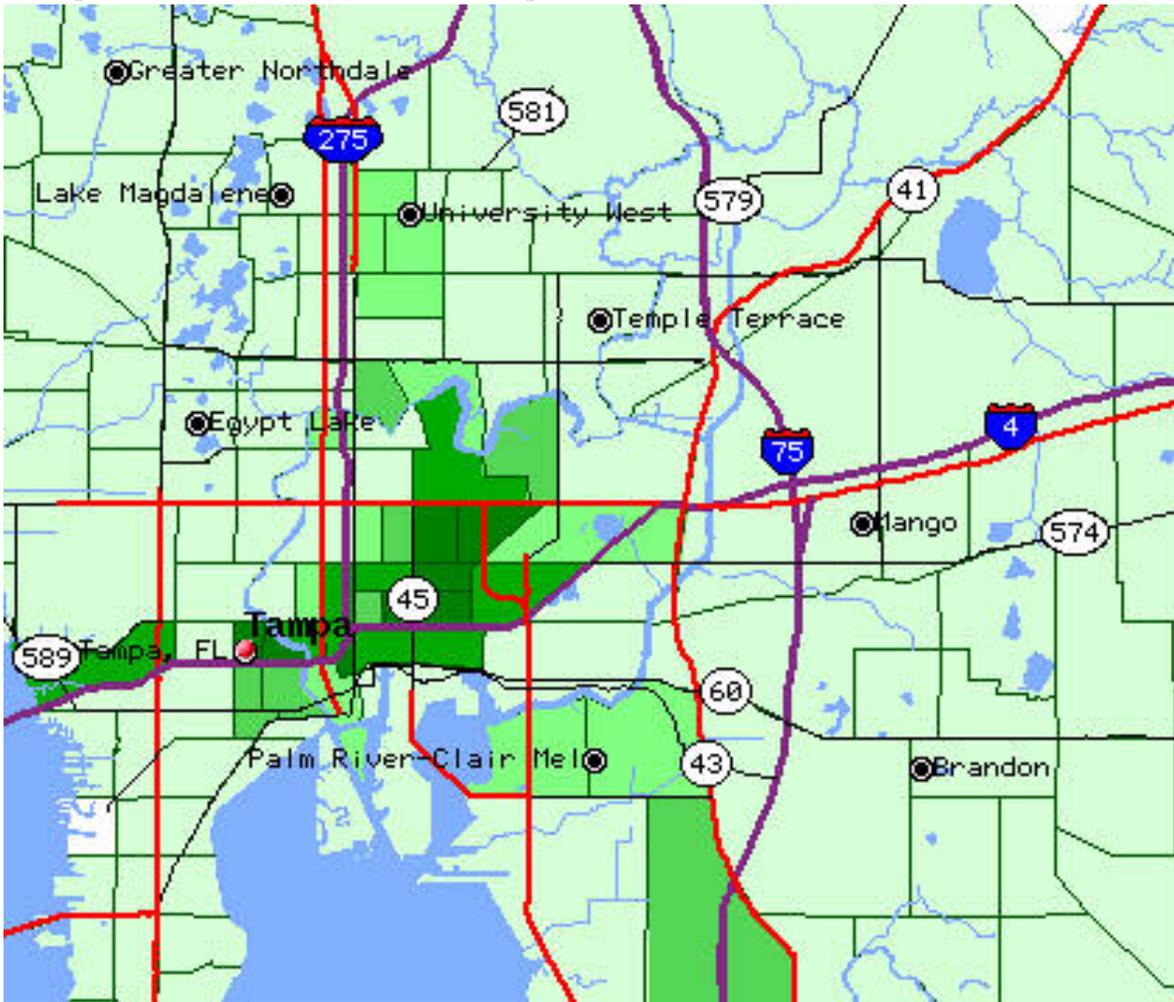
LEGEND



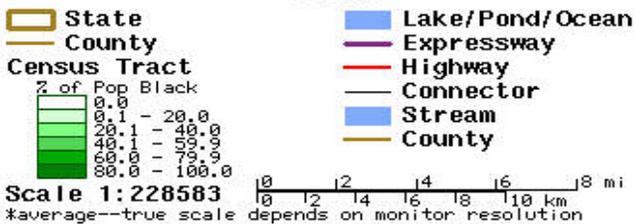


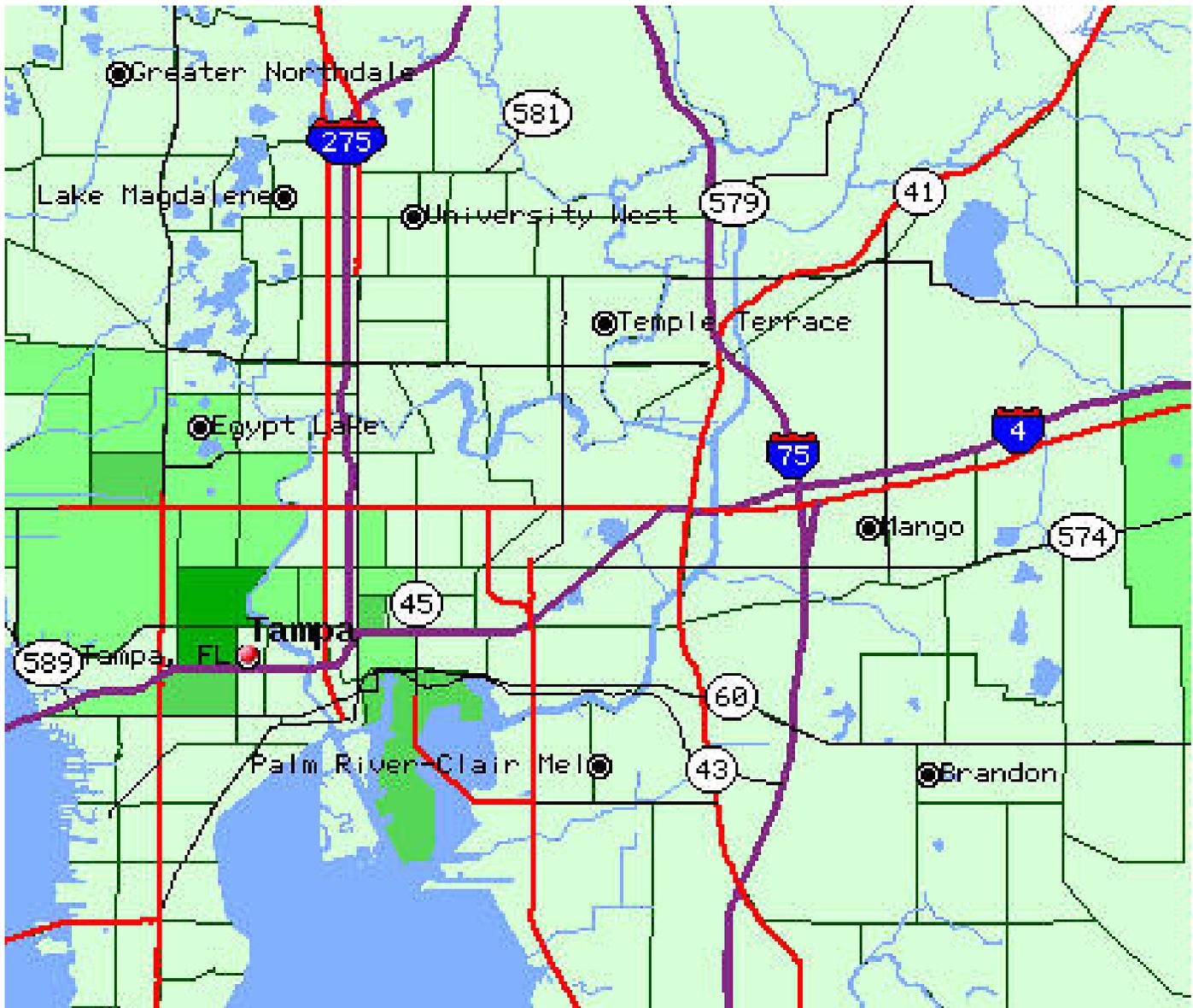
HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY CENSUS DATA FOR DECONTRATION

The darker the area the higher the ratio of the indicator. The map at the top indicates the ratio of Black households while the map at the bottom indicates the ratio of Hispanic households.

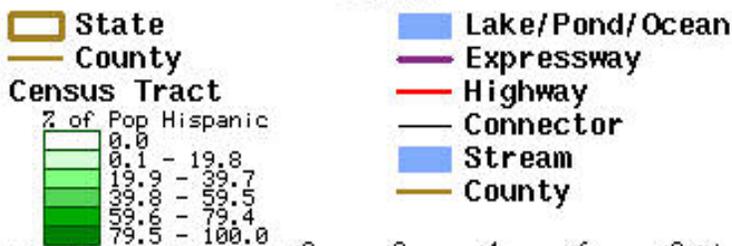


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Scale 1:228583
 0 2 4 6 8 mi
 0 2 4 6 8 10 km
 *average--true scale depends on monitor resolution

**PHA Plan
Table Library**

(NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT -BASED SECTION 8)

**Component 7
Capital Fund Program Annual Statement
Parts I, II, and III**

**Annual Statement
Capital Fund Program (CFP) Part I: Summary**

Capital Fund Grant Number FFY of Grant Approval: (MM/YYYY)

Original Annual Statement

Line No.	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost
1	Total Non -CGP Funds	
2	1406 Operations	
3	1408 Management Improvements	
4	1410 Administration	
5	1411 Audit	
6	1415 Liquidated Damages	
7	1430 Fees and Costs	
8	1440 Site Acquisition	
9	1450 Site Improvement	
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment - Nonexpedable	
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures	
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment	
14	1485 Demolition	
15	1490 Replacement Reserve	
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration	
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs	
18	1498 Mod Used for Development	
19	1502 Contingency	
20	Amount of Annual Grant (Sum of lines 2 -19)	
21	Amount of line 20 Related to LBP Activities	
22	Amount of line 20 Related to Section 504 Compliance	
23	Amount of line 20 Related to Security	
24	Amount of line 20 Related to Energy Conservation Measures	

AnnualStatement

CapitalFundProgram(CFP)PartII:SupportingTable

(NOTAPPLICABLETOTENANT -BASEDSECTION8)

Development Number/Name HA-WideActivities	GeneralDescriptionofMajorWork Categories	Development Account Number	Total Estimated Cost

Annual Statement

**Capital Fund Program (CFP) Part III: Implementation Schedule
(NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT - BASED SECTION 8)**

Development Number/Name HA-Wide Activities	All Funds Obligated (Quarter Ending Date)	All Funds Expended (Quarter Ending Date)

**Optional Table for 5 -Year Action Plan for Capital Fund (Component 7)
(NOT APPLICABLE TO TENANT -BASED SECTIONS)**

Complete one table for each development in which work is planned in the next 5 PHA fiscal years. Complete a table for any PHA wide physical or management improvements planned in the next 5 PHA fiscal year. Copy this table as many times as necessary.
Note: PHAs need not include information from Year One of the 5 -Year cycle, because this information is included in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement.

Optional 5 -Year Action Plan Tables				
Development Number	Development Name (or indicate PHA wide)	Number Vacant Units	% Vacancies in Development	
Description of Needed Physical Improvements or Management Improvements			Estimated Cost	Planned Start Date (HA Fiscal Year)
Total estimated cost over next 5 years				

ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN
FOR THE
SECTION 8 VOUCHER PROGRAM
Hillsborough County
Community Improvement Department

Approved by the Hillsborough County Board of County Commissioners: 06/19/02

Submitted to HUD: 07/18/2002

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Chapter 1

STATEMENT OF POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES

INTRODUCTION

The Section 8 Program was enacted as part of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, which recodified the U.S. Housing Act of 1937. The Act has been amended from time to time, and its requirements, as they apply to the Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance Program, is described in and implemented throughout this Administrative Plan. The Section 8 rental assistance programs are federally funded and administered for the County of Hillsborough by the Community Improvement Department through its Section 8 housing office.

Administration of the Section 8 Program and the functions and responsibilities of the Housing Authority (PHA) staff shall be in compliance with the PHA's Personnel Policy and the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) Section 8 Regulations as well as all Federal, State and local Fair Housing Laws and Regulations.

Jurisdiction

The jurisdiction of the PHA is Hillsborough County in west Central Florida.

A. HOUSING AUTHORITY MISSION STATEMENT [OR HISTORICAL INFORMATION ON THE AGENCY]

The mission of the Hillsborough County Community Improvement Department is to expand the availability of housing that is safe, decent, sanitary and affordable to the very low and low income households that reside within our jurisdiction.

Hillsborough County has operated the Section 8 Program for over 20 years. The first year 188 households were assisted in obtaining decent, safe and affordable rental housing. Currently we assist almost 2,000 households per year. A Family Self-Sufficiency Program is administered within Section 8. This program is aimed at helping households become self-sufficient within 5 years. Families completing the program are eligible to receive a cash payment of escrowed funds administered by the County on their behalf while they were in the process of becoming self-sufficient. Other Section 8 programs that are administered are 100 Mainstream Vouchers for disabled families that are not elderly and a small homeless project limited to 28 vouchers.

B. LOCAL GOALS [24CFR982.1]

Part I

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing.

1. PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing

Objectives:

1.1 Apply for additional rental vouchers:

1.2 Leverage private or other public funds to create additional housing opportunities:

2. PHA Goal: Improve the quality of assisted housing

Objectives:

2.1 Improve voucher management: (SEMAP score)

2.2 Increase customer satisfaction:

3. PHA Goal: Increase assisted housing choices

Objectives:

3.1 Provide voucher mobility counseling:

3.2 Increase voucher payment standards

HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals

4. PHA Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households

Objectives:

4.1 Provide or attract supportive services to increase independence for the elderly or families with disabilities.

HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans

5. PHA Goal: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing

Objectives:

5.1 Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:

5.2 Undertake affirmative measures to provide a suitable living environment for families living in assisted housing, regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:

5.3 Undertake affirmative measures to ensure accessible housing to persons with all varieties of disabilities regardless of unit size required:

Other PHA Goals and Objectives: Part II

The PHA has the following goals for the program:

To assist the local economy by increasing the occupancy rate and the amount of money flowing into the community.

To attain and maintain a high level of standards and professionalism in our day-to-day management of all program components.

To administer an efficient, high-performing agency through continuous improvement of the PHA's support systems and commitment to our employees and their development.

To provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing for very low income families while maintaining their rent payments at an affordable level.

To ensure that all units meet Housing Quality Standards and families pay fair and reasonable rents.

To promote fair housing and the opportunity for very low-income families of all ethnic backgrounds to experience freedom of housing choice.

To promote a housing program which maintains quality service and integrity while providing an incentive to private property owners to rent to very low income families.

To promote a market-driven housing program that will help qualified low-income families be successful in obtaining affordable housing and increase the supply of housing choices for such families.

C. PURPOSE OF THE PLAN [24CFR982.54]

The purpose of the Administrative Plan is to establish policies for carrying out the programs in a manner consistent with HUD requirements and local goals and objectives contained in the Agency Plan. The Housing Choice Voucher Program was implemented on 10/1/99, and pre-merger Housing Voucher tenancies and Over Fair Market Rent tenancies converted automatically to Housing Choice Voucher tenancies on that date. However, all existing contracts will remain in effect until the family's second reexamination after the merger date or when a new lease is executed, whichever comes first.

The PHA is responsible for complying with all changes in HUD regulations pertaining to these programs. If such changes conflict with this Plan, HUD regulations will have precedence. The PHA will revise this Administrative Plan as needed to comply with changes in HUD regulations. The original Plan and any changes must be approved by the Board of Commissioners of the agency, the pertinent sections included in the Agency Plan, and a copy provided to HUD.

This Administrative Plan is a supporting document to the PHA Agency Plan, and is available for public review as required by CFR 24 Part 903.

Applicable regulations include:

24 CFR Part 5: General Program Requirements

24 CFR Part 8: Non-discrimination

24 CFR Part 982: Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance: Housing Choice Voucher Program

Local rules that are made part of this Plan are intended to promote local housing objectives consistent with the intent of the federal housing legislation.

D. ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE [24 CFR 982.54(d)(21)]

Expenditures from the Administrative Reserve (Operating Reserve) for other housing purposes shall not exceed \$1,000 per occurrence nor more than \$25,000 in the aggregate for each fiscal year without the prior approval of the Hillsborough County Board of Commissioners.

E. RULES AND REGULATIONS [24 CFR 982.52]

This Administrative Plan is set forth to define the PHA's local policies for operation of the housing programs in the context of Federal laws and Regulations. All issues related to Section 8 not addressed in this document are governed by such Federal regulations, HUD Memos, Notices and guidelines, or other applicable law. The policies in this Administrative Plan have been designed to ensure compliance with the consolidated ACC and all HUD-approved applications for program funding.

F. TERMINOLOGY

The Housing Authority of Hillsborough County is referred to as "PHA" or "Housing Authority" throughout this document.

"Family" is used interchangeably with "Applicant" or "Participant" and can refer to a single person family.

"Tenant" is used to refer to participants in terms of their relation to landlords.

"Landlord" and "owner" are used interchangeably.

"Disability" is used where "handicap" was formerly used.

"Non-citizens Rule" refers to the regulation effective June 19, 1995 restricting assistance to U.S. citizens and eligible immigrants.

The Section 8 programs are also known as the Regular Tenancy Certificate, Over-65 FMR Tenancy (OFTO) and Voucher Programs. The Housing Choice Voucher program refers to the merged program effective as of 10/01/99.

"HQS" means the Housing Quality Standards required by regulations as enhanced by the PHA.

"Failure to Provide" refers to all requirements in the first Family Obligation. See "Denial or Termination of Assistance" chapter.

"Merger date" refers to October 1, 1999, which is the effective date of the merging of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs into the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

See Glossary for other terminology.

G. FAIR HOUSING POLICY [24CFR982.54(d)(6)]

It is the policy of the Housing Authority to comply fully with all Federal, State, and local nondiscrimination laws and with the rules and regulations governing Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity in housing and employment.

The PHA shall not deny any family or individual the equal opportunity to apply for or receive assistance under the Section 8 Programs on the basis of race, color, sex, religion, creed, national or ethnic origin, age, familial status, handicap or disability.

To further its commitment to full compliance with applicable Civil Rights laws, the PHA will provide Federal/State/local information to Voucher holders regarding unlawful discrimination and any recourse available to families who believe they are victims of a discriminatory act. Such information will be made available during the family briefing session, and all applicable Fair Housing Information and Discrimination Complaint Forms will be made a part of the Voucher holder's briefing packet and available upon request at the front desk.

All Housing Authority staff will be required to attend fair housing training and be informed of the importance of affirmatively furthering fair housing and providing equal opportunity to all families, including providing reasonable accommodation to persons with disabilities, as a part of the overall commitment to quality customer service. Fair Housing posters are posted throughout the Housing Authority office, including in the lobby and the equal opportunity logowill be used on all outreach materials. Staff will attend local fair housing update trainings sponsored by HUD and other local organization to keep current with new developments.

Except as otherwise provided in 24CFR 8.21(c)(1), 8.24(a), 8.25, and 8.31, no individual with disabilities shall be denied the benefits of, be excluded from participation in, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination because the PHA's facilities are inaccessible to or unusable by persons with disabilities. Posters and housing information are displayed in locations throughout the PHA's office in such a manner as to be easily readable from a wheelchair.

The office is accessible to persons with disabilities. Accessibility for the hearing impaired is provided by Hillsborough County by calling 272-5900.

H. REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS POLICY [24CFR100.202]

It is the policy of this PHA to be service -directed in the administration of four housing programs, and to exercise and demonstrate a high level of professionalism while providing housing services to families.

A participant with a disability must first ask for a specific change to a policy or practice as an accommodation of their disability before the PHA will treat a person differently than anyone else. The PHA's policies and practices will be designed to provide assurances that persons with disabilities will be given reasonable accommodations, upon request, so that they may fully access and utilize the housing program and related services. The availability of requesting an accommodation will be made known by including notices on PHA forms and letters. This policy is intended to afford persons with disabilities an equal opportunity to obtain the same result, to gain the same benefit, or to reach the same level of achievement as those who do not have disabilities and is applicable to all situations described in this Administrative Plan including when a family initiates contact with the PHA, when the PHA initiates contact with a family including when a family applies, and when the PHA schedules or reschedules appointments of any kind.

To be eligible to request a reasonable accommodation, the requester must first certify (if apparent) or verify (if not apparent) that they are a person with a disability under the following ADA definition:

A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an individual;

A record of such impairment; or

Being regarded as having such an impairment

Rehabilitated former drug users and alcoholics are covered under the ADA. However, a current drug user is not covered. In accordance with 5.403(a), individuals are not considered disabled for eligibility purposes solely on the basis of any drug or alcohol dependence. Individuals whose drug or alcohol addiction is a material factor to their disability are excluded from the definition. Individuals are considered disabled if disabling mental and physical limitations would persist if drug or alcohol abuse discontinued.

Once the person's status as a qualified person with a disability is confirmed, the PHA will require that a professional third party, competent to make the assessment, provides written verification that the person needs the specific accommodation due to their disability and the change is required for them to have equal access to the housing program.

If the PHA finds that the requested accommodation creates an undue administrative or financial burden, the PHA will either deny the request and/or present an alternate accommodation that will still meet the need of the person.

An undue administrative burden is one that requires a fundamental alteration of the essential functions of the PHA (i.e., waiving a family obligation).

An undue financial burden is one that when considering the available resources of the agency as a whole, the requested accommodation would pose a severe financial hardship on the PHA.

The PHA will provide a written decision to the person requesting the accommodation within a reasonable time. If a person is denied the accommodation or feels that the alternative suggestions are inadequate, they may request an informal hearing to review the PHA's decision.

Reasonable accommodation will be made for persons with a disability that requires an advocate or accessible offices. A designee will be allowed to provide some information, but only with the permission of the person with the disability.

All PHA mailings will be made available in an accessible format upon request, as a reasonable accommodation.

Verification of Disability

The PHA will verify disabilities under definitions in the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988, Section 504 of the 1973 Rehabilitation Act, and Americans with Disabilities Act.

Applying for Admission

All persons who wish to apply for any of the PHA's programs must submit a pre-application via written format, as indicated in our public notice. Pre-applications will be made available in an accessible format upon request from a person with a disability. No verification is required at the time of the pre-application.

To provide specific accommodation to persons with disabilities, upon request, the information may be mailed to the applicant and, if requested, it will be mailed in an accessible format.

The full application is completed when the name is selected from the waiting list, by the applicant, unless assistance is needed, or a request for accommodation is requested by a person with a disability. Applicants will then be interviewed by PHA staff to review the information on the full application form and to initially verify eligibility. Verification of disability as it relates to 504, Fair Housing, or ADA reasonable accommodation will be requested at this time. The full application packet will also include questions asking all applicants whether reasonable accommodations are necessary.

I. TRANSLATION OF DOCUMENTS

The Housing Authority has bilingual staff to assist Spanish speaking families.

In determining whether it is feasible to provide translation of documents written in English into other languages, the PHA will consider the following factors:

Number of applicants and participants in the jurisdiction who do not speak English and speak the other language.

Estimated cost to PHA per client of translation of English written documents into the other language.

The availability of local organizations to provide translation services to non-English speaking families.

Availability of bi-lingual staff to provide translation for non-English speaking families.

J. MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

The PHA operates its housing assistance program with efficiency and can demonstrate to HUD auditor that the PHA is using its resources in a manner that reflects its commitment to quality and service. The PHA policies and practices are consistent with the areas of measurement for the following HUD SEMAP indicators.

Selection from the Waiting List

Reasonable Rent

Determination of Adjusted Income

Utility Allowance Schedule

HQS Quality Control Inspections

HQS Enforcement

Expanding Housing Opportunities

FMR/exception rent & Payment Standards

Annual Re-examinations

Correct Tenant Rent Calculations

Pre-Contract HQS Inspections

Annual HQS Inspections

Lease-up

Family Self-Sufficiency Enrollment and Escrow Account Balances

Bonus Indicator Deconcentration

Supervisory quality control reviews will be performed by a PHA Supervisor or other qualified person other than the person who performed the work, as required by HUD, on the following SEMAP factors:

Selection from the waiting list

Rent reasonableness

Determination of adjusted income

HQS Enforcement

HQSQualityControl

The annual sample of files and records will be drawn in an unbiased manner, leaving a clear audit trail.

The minimum sample size to be reviewed will relate directly to each factor.

K. RECORDS FOR MONITORING PHA PERFORMANCE

In order to demonstrate compliance with HUD and other pertinent regulations, the PHA will maintain records, reports and other documentation for a time that is in accordance with HUD requirements and in a manner that will allow an auditor, housing professional or other interested party to follow, monitor and/or assess the PHA's operational procedures objectively and with accuracy and in accordance with SEMAP requirements with internal supervisory audits.

Record Retention:

1) Active Files:

The Housing Agency retains particular file items as noted below:

Required Form	Time Frame
Original Application forms and related documents	Duration of participation
Form 50058	Preceding three years
Privacy Act Form	Preceding five years
HUD 9886 Release of Information	Preceding five years
Lease-HAP Contract	Original – duration of participation
Voucher	Duration of participation

2) Inactive Files:

The PHA stores inactive or terminated files for a minimum of 3 years before sending them to the County's Warehouse for longer storage or disposal. The PHA maintains files on-site indefinitely when money is owed to the PHA.

In addition to the required SEMAP documentation, supervisory staff or other qualified person audit the following functions:

Not less than 5% of reexaminations

Not less than 5% of new applications

L. PRIVACY RIGHTS [24CFR982.551 and 24CFR5.212]

Applicants and participants, including all adults in their households, are required to sign the HUD 9886 Authorization for Release of Information. This document incorporates the Federal Privacy Act Statement and describes the conditions under which HUD/PHA will release family information.

The PHA's policy regarding release of information is in accordance with State and local laws which may restrict the release of family information.

Any and all information which would lead one to determine the nature and/or severity of a person's disability is confidential personal information and must not be released except on an "as needed" basis in cases where an accommodation is under consideration. All requests for access and granting of accommodations based on this information must be approved by the Team Leader.

PHA staff will not discuss family information contained in files unless there is a business reason to do so. Inappropriate discussion of family information or improper disclosure of family information by staff will result in disciplinary action.

M. FAMILY OUTREACH

The PHA will publicize and disseminate information to make known the availability of housing assistance and related services for very low income families on a regular basis. When the PHA's waiting list is open, the PHA will publicize the availability and nature of housing assistance for very low income families in a newspaper of general circulation, minority media, and by other suitable means. Notices will also be provided in Spanish.

To reach persons who cannot read the newspapers, the PHA will distribute fact sheets to the broadcasting media, and initiate personal contacts with members of the news media and community service personnel. The PHA will also utilize public service announcements.

N. OWNER OUTREACH [24CFR982.54(d)(5)]

The PHA makes a concerted effort to keep private owners informed of legislative changes in the tenant-based program, which are designed to make the program more attractive to owners. This includes informing participant owners of applicable legislative changes in program requirements.

The PHA encourages owners of decent, safe and sanitary housing units to lease to Section 8 families.

The PHA will maintain lists of available housing submitted by owners in all neighborhoods within the Housing Authority's jurisdiction to ensure greater mobility and housing choice to very low income households. The lists will be provided at briefings.

The PHA may periodically:

Develop working relationships with owners and real estate broker associations.

Establish contact with civic, charitable or neighborhood organizations which have an interest in housing for low -income families and public agencies concerned with obtaining housing for displacements.

Explain the program, including equal opportunity requirements and nondiscrimination requirements, including Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 and Americans with Disabilities Act, to real estate agents, landlords, and other groups that have dealings with low -income families or are interested in housing such families.

Chapter 2

ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

[24 CFR Part 5, Subparts B, D & E; Part 982, Subpart E]

INTRODUCTION

This Chapter defines both HUD and the PHA's criteria for admission and denial of admission to the program. The policy of this PHA is to strive for objectivity and consistency in applying these criteria to evaluate the eligibility of families who apply. The PHA staff will review all information provided by the family carefully and without regard to factors other than those defined in this Chapter. Families will be provided the opportunity to explain their circumstances, to furnish additional information, if needed, and to receive an explanation of the basis for any decision made by the PHA pertaining to their eligibility.

A. ELIGIBILITY FACTORS [982.201(B)]

The PHA accepts full applications only from families whose head or spouse is at least 18 years of age, or emancipated minors with legal capacity to enter into a lease under State/Local law.

To be eligible for participation, an applicant must meet HUD's criteria, as well as any permissible additional criteria established by the PHA.

The HUD eligibility criteria are:

An applicant must be a " family"

An applicant must be within the appropriate Income Limits

An applicant must furnish Social Security Numbers for all family members ages six and older

An applicant must furnish declaration of Citizenship or Eligible Immigrant Status and verification where required

At least one member of the applicant family must be either a U.S. citizen or have eligible immigration status before the PHA may provide any financial assistance.

Reasons for denial of admission are addressed in the "Denial or Termination of Assistance" chapter. These reasons for denial constitute additional admission criteria.

The Family's initial eligibility for placement on the waiting list is not made in accordance with the eligibility factors. The eligibility factors are verified and considered when the person is selected from the waiting list.

Evidence of Citizenship/Eligible Immigrant Status will not be verified until the family is selected from the waiting list for final eligibility processing for issuance of a Voucher.

B. FAMILY COMPOSITION [24CFR982.201(c)]

The applicant must qualify as a Family. A Family may be a single person or a group of persons.

A "family" includes a family with a child or children. A group of persons consisting of two or more elderly persons or disabled persons living together, or one or more elderly or disabled persons living with one or more live-in aides is a family. The PHA determines if any other group of persons qualifies as a "family".

A single person family may be:

An elderly person

A displaced person

A person with a disability

Individuals may not be considered disabled for eligibility purposes solely on the basis of any drug or alcohol dependence.

Any other single person

A child who is temporarily away from home because of placement in foster care is considered a member of the family. This provision only pertains to the foster child's temporary absence from the home, and is not intended to artificially enlarge the space available for other family members.

Head of Household

The head of household is the **adult** member of the household who is designated by the family as head, is wholly or partly responsible for paying the rent, and has the legal capacity to enter into a lease under State/local law.

Spouse of Head

Spouse means the husband or wife of the head.

Updated
05/30/02

For proper application of the Non-Citizens Rule, the definition of spouse is: the marriage partner who, in order to dissolve the relationship, would have to be divorced. It includes the partner in a common law marriage. The term "spouse" does not apply to boyfriends, girlfriends, significant others, or co-heads.

Co Head

An individual in the household who is equally responsible for the lease with the Head of Household. A family may have a spouse or co-head, but not both. A co-head never qualifies as a dependent.

Live-in Attendants

A family may include a live-in aide provided that such live-in aide:

Is determined by the PHA to be essential to the care and well-being of an elderly person, a near-elderly person, or a person with disabilities,

Is not obligated for the support of the person(s), and

Would not be living in the unit except to provide care for the person(s).

A live-in aide is treated differently than family members:

Income of the live-in aide will not be counted for purposes of determining eligibility or level of benefits.

Live-in aides are not subject to Non-Citizen Rule requirements.

Live-in aides may not be considered as a remaining member of the tenant family.

Procedures for determining Live-in aide or family member status:

Relatives are not automatically excluded from being live-in aides, but they must meet all of the elements in the live-in aide definition described above.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a relative is a family member, not a live-in aide. The family could rebut this presumption by certifying that:

- The person is capable of and essential to providing the required care.
- The person has never been a member of the household while the family was receiving housing assistance, nor has the family member made regular contributions to the household while the family was receiving housing assistance.
- There is no reason for the person to live in the unit other than to provide care for the disabled household member.
- The person intends to maintain separate finances and live independently from the assisted household except to provide the necessary care and will not be considered a remaining family member.

The housing agency then applies a preponderance of the evidence standard in determining whether the family had met their burden of proof and provides an opportunity to appeal an unfavorable decision to an informal hearing officer.

If a current member wishes to switch to live-in-aide status, it would be difficult to say that they currently meet the qualifications, because as a family member they were acting as part of a family, contributing to the household, sharing expenses, and living there as part of the family unit.

A live-in-aide may not switch to a family member, unless there are mitigating circumstances such as marriage between the live-in-aide and a family member.

Live-in-aide's spouse and/or children:

With the approval of the PHA, the live-in-aide may also bring their spouse and children into the unit so long as the addition will not overcrowd the unit or require a larger bedroom subsidy than the one extra bedroom required for the live-in-aide. No additional income or allowances for the family would be applied.

Annual recertification of necessity and presence of live-in-aide:

Once a live-in-aide is approved, the housing agency requires an annual recertification that the disability still exists and that a live-in-aide is still present in the unit.

Live-in-aide – separate addendum to the lease, to recognize by existence but qualify status:

The live-in-aide is not a family member and therefore is present in the unit at the convenience of the disabled person. The housing agency requires that the live-in-aide sign an addendum thereby making clear that the person is present pursuant to an employment agreement and has no property interest in the unit. The landlord must be notified of the identity and presence of the live-in-aide. The landlord may screen the live-in-aide for tenant suitability and the owner can hold the assisted household responsible for the conduct of the live-in-aide, and the family is accountable for any lease violations by the live-in-aide.

A Live-in-Aide may only reside in the unit with the approval of the PHA. Written verification will be required from a reliable, knowledgeable professional, such as a doctor, social worker, or caseworker. The verification provider must certify that a live-in-aide is needed for the care of the family member who is elderly, near-elderly (50-61) or disabled.

At any time, the PHA will refuse to approve a particular person as a live-in-aide or may withdraw such approval if:

The person commits fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;

The person commits drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity; or

The person currently owes rent or other amounts to the PHA or to another PHA in

connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

Split Households Prior to Voucher Issuance

When a family on the waiting list splits into two otherwise eligible families due to divorce or legal separation, and the new families both claim the same placement on the waiting list, and there is no court determination, the PHA will make the decision taking into consideration the following factors:

Which family member applies as head of household.

Which family unit retains the children or any disabled or elderly members.

Restrictions that were in place at the time the family applied.

Role of domestic violence in the split.

Recommendations of social service agencies or qualified professionals such as children's protective services.

Documentation of these factors is the responsibility of the applicant families. If either or both of the families do not provide the documentation, they may be denied placement on the waiting list for Section 8 assistance for failure to supply information requested by the PHA.

Multiple Families in the Same Household

When families apply which consist of two families living together, (such as a mother and father, and a daughter with her own husband or children), if they apply as a family unit, they will be treated as a family unit.

Joint Custody of Children

There will be a self-certification required of families who claim joint custody or temporary guardianship.

When both parents are on the Waiting List and both are trying to claim the child, the parent whose address is listed in the school records will be allowed to claim the school-age child as a dependent.

C. INCOME LIMITATIONS [24CFR982.201(b),982.353]

To be eligible for assistance, an applicant must:

Have an Annual Income at the time of admission that does not exceed the very low income limits for occupancy established by HUD.

To be income eligible the family may be under the low-income limit in any of the following categories: [24CFR982.201(b)]

A very low-income family.

Allow -income family that is continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act. An applicant is continuously assisted if the family has received assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program within 60 days of voucher issuance. Programs include any housing federally assisted under the 1937 Housing Act.

Allow -income family physically displaced by rental rehabilitation activity under 24 CFR part 511.

Allow -income non -purchasing family residing in a HOPE1 or HOPE2 project.

Allow -income non -purchasing family residing in a project subject to a home -ownership program under 24 CFR 248.173.

A low -income family or moderate -income family that is displaced as a result of the prepayment of a mortgage or voluntary termination of a mortgage insurance contract under 24 CFR 248.165.

A low -income family that qualifies for Voucher assistance as a non -purchasing family residing in a project subject to a resident home ownership program.

To determine if the family is income -eligible, the PHA compares the Annual Income of the family to the applicable income limit for the family's size.

Families whose Annual Income exceeds the income limit will be denied admission and offered an informal review.

Portability: For initial lease -up at admission, families who exercise portability must be within the applicable income limit for the jurisdiction of the receiving PHA in which they want to live.

D. MANDATORY SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS [24 CFR 5.216, 5.218]

Families are required to provide verification of Social Security Numbers for all family members age 6 and older prior to admission, if they have been issued a number by the Social Security Administration. This requirement also applies to persons joining the family after admission to the program.

Failure to furnish verification of social security numbers is grounds for denial or termination of assistance.

Persons who have not been issued a Social Security Number must sign a certification that they have never been issued a Social Security Number.

Persons who disclose their Social Security Number but cannot provide verification must sign a certification and provide verification within 60 days. Elderly persons must provide verification within 120 days.

E. CITIZENSHIP/ELIGIBLE IMMIGRATION STATUS [24 CFR Part 5, Subpart E]

In order to receive assistance, a family member must be a U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant.

Individuals who are neither, may elect not to contend their status. Eligible immigrants are persons who are in one of the immigrant categories as specified by HUD.

For the Citizenship/Eligible Immigration requirement, the status of each member of the family is considered individually before the family's status is defined.

Mixed Families. A family is eligible for assistance as long as at least one member is a citizen or eligible immigrant. Families that include eligible and ineligible individuals are called "mixed." Such applicant families will be given notice that their assistance will be pro-rated and that they may request a hearing if they contest this determination.

All members ineligible. Applicant families that include no eligible members are ineligible for assistance. Such families will be denied admission and offered an opportunity for a hearing.

Non-citizen students. Defined by HUD in the non-citizen regulations at 24CFR 5.522. Not eligible for assistance.

Appeals. For this eligibility requirement only, the applicant is entitled to a hearing exactly like those provided for participants.

Verification of Status Before Admission

The PHA will not provide assistance to families prior to the verification of eligibility for the individual or at least one member of the family pursuant to this section.

F. OTHER CRITERIA FOR ADMISSIONS [24CFR 982.552(b)]

At the time an applicant is selected from the waiting list, the PHA will apply the following criteria, in addition to the HUD eligibility criteria, as grounds for denial of admission to the program:

A family will not be admitted to the program if any member of the family has been evicted from federally assisted housing for serious violation of the lease within the past five years.

A family will be denied admission to the program if any member of the family fails to sign and submit consent forms for obtaining information required by the PHA, including Form HUD-9886.

The family must not have violated any family obligation during a previous participation in the Section 8 program for five years prior to final eligibility determination.

The PHA will make an exception, if the family member who violated the family obligation is not a current member of the household on the application.

The family must be in good standing regarding any current payment agreement made with another PHA for a previous debt incurred, before this PHA will allow participation in its Section 8 program. If there is not a repayment agreement in place or if it is in default, the family must pay the debt in full.

The PHA will check criminal history for all adults in the household to determine whether any

member of the family has violated any of the prohibited behaviors as referenced in the section on One -Strike policy in the "Denial or Termination of Assistance" chapter.

If any applicant deliberately misrepresents the information on which eligibility or tenant rent is established, the PHA may deny assistance and may refer the family file/record to the proper authorities for appropriate disposition. (See Program Integrity Addendum).

G. TENANT SCREENING [24CFR982.307]

The PHA will take into consideration any of the criteria for admission described in the "Denial or Termination of Assistance" chapter.

The PHA will not screen family behavior or suitability for tenancy. The PHA will not be liable or responsible to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or the family's conduct in tenancy.

The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit. At or before PHA approval of the tenancy, the PHA will inform the owner that screening and selection for tenancy is the responsibility of the owner.

The owner is responsible for screening families based on their tenancy histories, including such factors as: [24CFR982.307(a)(3)]

Payment of rent and utility bills

Caring for a unit and premises

Respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing

Drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety or property of others; and

Compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy.

The PHA will advise families how to file a complaint if they have been discriminated against by an owner. The PHA will advise the family to make a Fair Housing complaint. The PHA may also report the owner to HUD (Fair Housing/Equal Opportunity) or the local Fair Housing Organization.

H. CHANGES IN ELIGIBILITY PRIOR TO EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CONTRACT

Changes that occur during the period between issuance of a voucher and lease up may affect the family's eligibility or share of the rental payment.

I. INELIGIBLE FAMILIES

Families who are determined to be ineligible will be notified in writing of the reason for denial and given an opportunity to request an informal review, or an informal hearing if they were denied due to non-citizen status. See "Complaints and Appeals" chapter for additional information about reviews and hearings.

J. PROHIBITED ADMISSION CRITERIA [982.202(b)]

Admission to the program may not be based on where the family lives before admission to the program.

Admission to the program may not be based on:

Where a family lives prior to admission to the program.

Where the family will live with assistance under the program.

Discrimination because members of the family are unwed parents, recipients of public assistance, or children born out of wedlock.

Discrimination because a family includes children.

Whether a family decides to participate in a family self-sufficiency program; or

Other reasons as listed in the "Statement of Policies and Objectives" chapter under the Fair Housing and Reasonable Accommodations sections.

Chapter 3

APPLYING FOR ADMISSION

[24CFR982.204]

INTRODUCTION

The policy of the PHA is to ensure that all families who express an interest in housing assistance are given an equal opportunity to apply, and are treated in a fair and consistent manner. This Chapter describes the policies and procedures for completing an initial application for assistance, placement and denial of placement on the waiting list, and limitations on whom may apply. The primary purpose of the intake function is to gather information about the family, but the PHA will also utilize this process to provide information to the family so that an accurate and timely decision of eligibility can be made. Applicants will be placed on the waiting list in accordance with this Plan.

A. OVERVIEW OF THE APPLICATION TAKING PROCESS

The application process will involve two phases. The first is the "initial" application for assistance (referred to as a pre-application). This first phase results in the family's placement on the waiting list.

The purpose of pre-application taking is to permit the PHA to gather information and determine placement on the waiting list. The pre-application will contain questions designed to obtain pertinent program information.

Families who wish to apply for any one of the PHA's programs must complete a written pre-application form when application taking is open. Pre-applications will be made available in an accessible format upon request from a person with a disability.

When the waiting list is open, any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Section 8 rental assistance will be given the opportunity to complete a pre-application.

Pre-applications will be mailed to interested families upon request during open enrollment periods.

The pre-application will be dated, time-stamped, and referred to the PHA's intake office where it will be maintained until such time as it is needed for processing.

This second phase is the "final determination of eligibility" (referred to as the full application). The full application takes place when the family reaches the top of the waiting list. At this time the PHA ensures that verification of all HUD and PHA eligibility factors is current in order to determine the family's eligibility for the issuance of a voucher. Any preferences claimed by the family are verified to ensure accuracy of the family's position on the waiting list.

B. OPENING/CLOSING OF APPLICATION TAKING [24CFR982.206,982.54(d)(1)]

The PHA will utilize the following procedures for opening the waiting list.

When the PHA opens the waiting list, the PHA will advertise through public notice in the following newspapers, minority publications and media entities, location(s), and program(s) for which applications are being accepted:

Tampa Tribune

LaGazetta

The Florida Sentinel

The PHA will also notify approximately 50 non-profit organization's within the community that assist people with disabilities and other social services.

The notice will contain:

The dates, times, and the locations where families may apply.

The programs for which applications will be taken.

A brief description of the program.

Limitations, if any, on whom may apply.

The notices will be made in an accessible format if requested. They will provide potential applicants with information that includes the PHA address and telephone number, how to submit a application, information on eligibility requirements, and the availability of local preferences.

Upon request from a person with a disability, additional time will be given as an accommodation for

submission of an application after the closing deadline. This accommodation is to allow persons with disabilities the opportunity to submit an application in cases when a social service organization provides inaccurate or untimely information about the closing date.

If the waiting list is open, the PHA will accept pre-application from many families unless there is good cause for not accepting the application, such as inappropriate or abusive behavior toward PHA staff during the pre-application process.

Closing the Waiting List

The PHA only accepts applications during specifically defined open enrollment periods. The waiting list is closed all other times.

The open enrollment period shall be long enough to achieve a waiting list adequate to cover projected turnover and new allocation over the next 24 months.

The open enrollment period is usually for up to 1 week every 2-3 years and is publicly announced.

The waiting list is closed to the general public during all other times.

Exceptions shall be:

1. Families displaced through condemnation by the Hillsborough County Code Enforcement Section.
2. Homeless families referred by a certified homeless agency if a voucher allocated for the homeless is available and the family meets the homeless program guidelines.

Limit on Who May Apply

When the waiting list is open:

Any family asking to be placed on the waiting list for Section 8 rental assistance will be given the opportunity to complete a pre-application.

When the pre-application is submitted to the PHA:

It establishes the family's date and time of application and any preferences claimed for placement order on the waiting list.

C. "INITIAL" APPLICATION PROCEDURES [24CFR982.204(b)]

The PHA will utilize a pre-application form. The information is to be filled out by the applicant whenever possible. To provide specific accommodation for persons with disabilities, the information may be completed by a staff person over the telephone. It may also be mailed to the applicant and, if requested, it will be mailed in an accessible format.

The purpose of the pre-application is to permit the PHA to establish a waiting list pool of potentially eligible and interested families in the Section 8 program and to determine placement on the waiting list. Duplicate applications, including applications from a segment of an applicant household, will

not be accepted.

Pre-applications will not require an interview. The information on the pre-application will not be verified until the applicant has been selected for final eligibility determination. Final eligibility will be determined when the full application process is completed and all information is verified.

D. APPLICANT STATUS WHILE ON WAITING LIST [CFR 982.204]

Once the pre-application is received by the PHA the family will be notified in writing or in an accessible format upon request, as a reasonable accommodation.

This written confirmation of receipt of the pre-application will be:

given to the applicant at the time the pre-application is submitted

distributed to the applicant in the manner requested as a specific accommodation.

Applicants are required to inform the PHA in writing of changes in address. Applicants are also required to respond to requests from the PHA to update information on their application and to determine their interest in assistance.

E. TIME OF SELECTION [24CFR 982.204]

When funding is available, families will be selected from the waiting list in their determined sequence, regardless of family size, subject to income targeting requirements.

When there is insufficient funding available for the family at the top of the list, the PHA will not admit any other applicant until funding is available for the first applicant.

Based on the PHA's turnover and the availability of funding, groups of families will be selected from the waiting list to form a final eligibility pool. Selection from the pool will be based on completion of verification, on a first-come, first-served basis.

F. COMPLETION OF A FULL APPLICATION

All preferences claimed on the pre-application or while the family is on the waiting list will be verified:

After the family is selected from the waiting list, and during the application process.

The qualification for preference must exist at the time of verification, when the family is selected from the waiting list and not at the time the preference was claimed.

Applicants selected from the waiting list will be required to:

Complete a full application unless a request for accommodation is made by a person with a disability. The PHA will conduct an eligibility pre-screening based on the information on the full application and verifications submitted. If determined pre-eligible the applicant will then be interviewed by PHA staff to review the information on the full application form. If

determined ineligible during the pre-screening, a denial notice will be mailed to the applicant stating the reason for the denial and the right to request an informal review.

The full application will be mailed/communicated as requested as an accommodation to a person with a disability.

Requirement to Attend Briefing and Interview

The full interview process consists of two parts and is referred to as "Orientation." Part one is a group video; Part two consists of an interview with a Housing counselor. The PHA utilizes the full application interview to discuss the family's circumstances in greater detail, to clarify information, which has been provided by the family, and to ensure that the information is complete. The interview is also used as a vehicle to meet the informational needs of the family by providing information about the application and verification process, as well as to advise the family of other PHA services or programs which may be available.

The head of household is required to attend the interview. Exceptions may be made by the Team Leader or Manager on a case-by-case basis to allow an adult representative to attend instead of the head of household.

A maximum of two orientation appointments are allowed per applicant. If an applicant fails to appear for their first orientation appointment without prior approval of the PHA, they will automatically be re-scheduled by mail. If an applicant fails to appear for their second and final orientation appointment, they will be sent a denial notice with the right to an informal review.

The orientation session starts promptly at the scheduled time. An applicant who arrives late will not be allowed in the orientation room, unless otherwise approved by Team Leader or Manager.

Reasonable accommodation will be made for persons with a disability who require an advocate or accessible offices. A designee will be allowed to participate in the interview process, but only with permission of the person with a disability.

If an application is denied due to failure to attend the full application interview, the applicant will be notified in writing and offered an opportunity to request an informal review. (See "Complaints and Appeals" chapter.)

All adult members must sign the HUD Form 9886, Release of Information, the application form and all supplemental forms required by the PHA, the declarations and consents related to citizenship/immigration status and any other documents required by the PHA. Applicants will be required to sign specific verification forms for information, which is not covered by the HUD form 9886. Failure to do so will result in the denial of the application for failure to provide necessary certifications and releases as required by the PHA.

If the PHA determines at or after the interview that additional information or document(s) are needed, the PHA will request the document(s) or information. The family will be given 10 days to supply the information.

If the information is not supplied in this time period, the PHA will provide the family a notification of denial of assistance. (See "Complaints and Appeals" chapter)

G. VERIFICATION [24CFR982.201(e)]

Information provided by the applicant will be verified, using the verification procedures in the "Verification Procedures" chapter. Family composition, income, allowances and deductions, assets, full-time student status, eligibility and rental calculation factors, and other pertinent information will be verified. Verifications may not be more than 60 days old at the time of issuance of the Voucher.

H. FINAL DETERMINATION AND NOTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY [24 CFR 982.201]

After the verification process is completed, the PHA will make a final determination of eligibility. This decision is based upon information provided by the family, the verification completed by the PHA, and the current eligibility criteria in effect. If the family is determined to be eligible, the PHA will issue a voucher to the family.

Chapter 4

ESTABLISHING PREFERENCES AND MAINTAINING THE WAITING LIST

[24CFR Part 5, Subpart D; 982.54(d)(1); 982.204, 982.205, 982.206]

INTRODUCTION

It is the PHA's objective to ensure that families are placed in the proper order on the waiting list and selected from the waiting list for admissions in accordance with the policies in this Administrative Plan.

This chapter explains the four local preferences which the PHA has adopted to meet local housing needs, defines the eligibility criteria for the preferences and explains the PHA's system of applying them.

By maintaining an accurate waiting list, the PHA will be able to perform the activities which ensure that an adequate pool of qualified applicants will be available so that program funds are used in a timely manner.

A. WAITING LIST [24CFR982.204]

The PHA uses as a single waiting list for admission to its Section 8 tenant-based assistance program.

Except for Special Admissions, applicants will be selected from the PHA waiting list in accordance with policies and preferences and income targeting requirements defined in this Administrative Plan.

The PHA will maintain information that permits proper selection from the waiting list.

The waiting list contains the following information for each applicant listed:

Applicant Name, Social Security Number and Date of Birth;

Mailing Address, Telephone Number

Family Size

Gross Annual Income

Date and time of application

Qualification for any local preference

Racial or ethnic designation of the head of household

Request for accommodation for a disability

B. SPECIAL ADMISSIONS [24CFR982.54(d)(e),982.203]

If HUD awards the PHA program funding that is targeted for specifically named families, the PHA will admit these families under a Special Admission procedure.

Special admissions families will be admitted outside of the regular waiting list process. They do not have to qualify for any preferences, nor are they required to be on the program waiting list. The PHA maintains separate records of these admissions.

The following are examples of types of program funding that may be designated by HUD for families living in a specified unit:

A family displaced because of demolition or disposition of a public or Indian housing project;

A family residing in a multifamily rental housing project when HUD sells, forecloses or demolishes the project;

For housing covered by the Low Income Housing Preservation and Resident Home ownership Act of 1990;

A family residing in a project covered by a project-based Section 8 HAP contract or near the end of the HAP contract term; and

A non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or HOPE 2 project.

Applicants who are admitted under Special Admissions, rather than from the waiting list, are identified by codes in the automated system and are not maintained on separate lists.

C. WAITING LIST PREFERENCES [24CFR982.207]

An applicant will not be granted any Local preference if any member of the family has been evicted from housing assisted under a 1937 Housing Act program during the past three years because of drug-related criminal activity.

D. LOCAL PREFERENCES [24CFR982.207]

The PHA uses the following Local Preferences system:

Date and Time of receipt of a completed application. Internet applications are date/time hard-coded for receipt purposes.

Disability Preference: This preference is extended to disabled persons or families with a disabled member as defined in this Plan. Proof of disability will be required at time of selection. [HUD regulations prohibit admission preferences for specific types of disabilities]

Elderly Preference: Head or Spouse is 62 years or older.

Working Preference. Families with at least one adult who is employed at least 20 hours per week or who are active participants in accredited educational and training programs designed to prepare the individual for the job market.

Displacement by Code Enforcement Activity

Involuntary Displacement by Hillsborough County Code Enforcement

Involuntarily Displaced applicants are applicants who have been involuntarily displaced and are not living in standard, permanent replacement housing, or will be involuntarily displaced within no more than 6 months from the date of preference status certification by the family/verification by the PHA.

Families are considered to be involuntarily displaced if they are required to vacate housing as a result of:

Local government action related to code enforcement, public improvement or development.

Standard Replacement Housing

In order to receive the displacement preference, applicants who have been displaced must not be living in "standard, permanent replacement housing."

Standard replacement housing is defined as housing that is decent, safe and sanitary according to Housing Quality Standards/local housing code, that is adequate for the family size according to Housing Quality Standards, and that the family is occupying pursuant to a written or oral lease or occupancy agreement.

Standard replacement housing *does not* include transient facilities, hotels, motels, temporary shelters, and (in the case of Victims of Domestic Violence) housing occupied by the individual who engages in such violence.

It does not include any individual imprisoned or detained pursuant to State Law or an Act of Congress

Substandard Housing

Applicants who live in substandard housing are families whose dwelling meets one or more of the following criteria [provided that the family did not cause the condition]:

Is dilapidated, [as cited by officials of local code enforcement office] and does not provide safe, adequate shelter; has one or more critical defects or a combination of defects requiring considerable repair; endangers the health, safety, and well-being of family.

Has been declared unfit for habitation by a government agency.

Persons who reside as part of a family unit shall not be considered a separate family unit for substandard housing definition preference purposes.

Treatment of Single Applicants

Single applicants will be treated as any other eligible family on the waiting list.

E. INCOME TARGETING

In accordance with the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998, each fiscal year the PHA will reserve a minimum of seventy-five percent of its Section 8 new admissions for families whose income does not exceed 30 percent of the area median income. HUD refers to these families as extremely low-income families. The PHA will admit families who qualify under the Extremely Low Income limit to meet the income targeting requirement, regardless of preference.

The PHA's income targeting requirement does not apply to low income families continuously assisted as provided for under the 1937 Housing Act.

The PHA is also exempted from this requirement where the PHA is providing assistance to low income or moderate income families entitled to preservation assistance under the tenant-based program as a result of a mortgage prepayment or opt-out.

Jurisdictions Served By More Than One PHA

HUD will treat multiple PHAs serving one jurisdiction as a single PHA for income targeting purposes. The PHA will cooperate with other PHAs serving the same jurisdiction to assure that aggregate admissions comply with the 75% targeted income requirement for the jurisdiction.

HUD will determine which PHAs fiscal year will be used for income targeting purposes, if the PHAs do not have a single fiscal year.

Updated
05/30/02

F. INITIAL DETERMINATION OF LOCAL PREFERENCE QUALIFICATION [24CFR982.207]

At the time of application, an applicant's entitlement to a Local Preference may be made on the following basis.

An applicant's certification that they qualify for a preference will be accepted without verification at the initial pre-application. When the family is selected from the waiting list for the final determination of eligibility, the preference will be verified.

If the preference verification indicates that an applicant does not qualify for the preference at the time of the full application, the applicant will be returned to the waiting list without the Local Preference and given an opportunity to request an Informal Review.

If, at the time the family applied, the preference claim was the only reason for placement of the family on the list and the family cannot verify their eligibility for the preference as of the date of the full application, the family will be removed from the list.

G. EXCEPTIONS FOR SPECIAL ADMISSIONS [24CFR982.203, 982.54(d)(3)]

If HUD awards a PHA program funding that is targeted for specifically named families, the PHA will admit these families under a Special Admission procedure.

Special admissions families will be admitted outside of the regular waiting list process. They do not have to qualify for any preferences, nor are they required to be on the program waiting list. The PHA maintains separate records of these admissions.

The following are examples of types of program funding that may be designated by HUD for families living in a specified unit:

A family displaced because of demolition or disposition of a public or Indian housing project;

A family residing in a multifamily rental housing project when HUD sells, forecloses or demolishes the project;

For housing covered by the Low Income Housing Preservation and Resident Home ownership Act of 1990;

A family residing in a project covered by a project-based Section 8 HAP contract or near the end of the HAP contract term; and

A non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or HOPE 2 project.

H. TARGETED FUNDING [24CFR982.203]

When HUD awards special funding for certain family types, families who qualify are placed on the regular waiting list. When a specific type of funding becomes available, the waiting list is searched for the first available family meeting the targeted funding criteria.

Applicants who are admitted under targeted funding which are not identified as a Special Admission are identified by codes in the automated system. The PHA has the following "Targeted" Programs:

Mainstream for Persons with Disabilities

Homeless

I. PREFERENCE AND INCOME TARGETING ELIGIBILITY [24CFR982.207]

Change in Circumstances

Changes in an applicant's circumstances while on the waiting list may affect the family's entitlement to a preference. Applicants are required to notify the PHA in writing when their circumstances change at any time and via regular "update" notices mailed by the PHA to purge the waiting list at least every two years.

If the family's verified annual income, at final eligibility determination, does not fall under the Extremely Low Income limit and the family was selected for income targeting purposes before family(ies) with a higher preference, the family will be returned to the waiting list.

J. ORDER OF SELECTION [24CFR982.207(e)]

The PHA's method for selecting applicants from a preference category leaves a clear audit trail that can be used to verify that each applicant has been selected in accordance with the methods specified in the administrative plan.

Local Preferences

Local preferences will be used to select families from the waiting list.

The PHA has selected the following points system to apply local preferences:

Displaced=5 Points

Disabled=2 Points

Elderly=1 Point

Working Family=1 Point

Date and Time=0 Points

The higher the score, the higher the preference status.

Among Applicants with Equal Preference Status

Among applicants with the equal preference status, the waiting list will be organized by **date and time** on a first ready first serve basis. And among these applicants with the same date and time, the waiting list will be organized in ascending alphabetical order.

K. FINAL VERIFICATION OF PREFERENCES [24CFR982.207]

Preference information on pre -applications will be verified as applicants are selected from the waiting list. At that time, the PHA will:

Obtain necessary verifications of preference at the interview and by third party verification .

L. PREFERENCE DENIAL [24CFR982.207]

If the PHA denies a preference, the PHA will notify the applicant in writing of the reasons why the preference was denied and offer the applicant an opportunity for an informal review. If the preference denial is upheld, as a result of the meeting, or the applicant does not request a meeting, the applicant will be placed on the waiting list without benefit of the preference. Applicants may exercise other rights if they believe they have been discriminated against.

If the applicant falsifies documents or makes false statements in order to qualify for any preference, they will be removed from the Waiting List.

M. REMOVAL FROM WAITING LIST AND PURGING [24CFR982.204(c)]

The Waiting List will be purged approximately every two years by mailing to all applicants to ensure that the waiting list is current and accurate. The mailing will ask for confirmation of continued interest and current information, including changes in preferences claimed.

Any mailing to the applicant which requires a response will state that failure to respond within 10 days will result in the applicant's name being dropped from the waiting list.

An extension of 10 days to respond will be granted, if requested and needed as a reasonable accommodation for a person with a disability.

If the applicant did not respond to the PHA request for information or updates because of a family member's disability, the PHA may reinstate the applicant in the family's former position on the waiting list.

If a letter is returned by the Post Office without a forwarding address, the applicant will be removed without further notice, and the envelope and letter will be maintained in the file .

If a letter is returned with a forwarding address, it will be re-mailed to the address indicated one time only.

When a family is selected from the waiting list they will either be eligible for assistance or denied at that time. If the family has extenuating circumstances beyond their control that prevents them from receiving the assistance at this time or completing the intake process at this time, the PHA will not grant a "hold" on the case. The case will be denied and the family will need to apply during future open enrollment periods. The family will have the right to an informal review where extenuating circumstances beyond the family's control may be considered.

If an applicant is removed from the waiting list for failure to respond, they will not be entitled to reinstatement unless there were extenuating circumstances beyond the person's control that

prevented them from responding within the allowed time period (i.e. Hospitalization, active military duty). Problems with the mail are not considered as valid extenuating circumstances.

Chapter 5

SUBSIDY STANDARDS

[24CFR982.54(d)(9)]

INTRODUCTION

HUD guidelines require that PHA's establish subsidy standards for the determination of family unit size, and that such standards provide for a minimum commitment of subsidy while avoiding overcrowding. The standards used for the unit size selected by the family must be within the minimum unit size requirements of HUD's Housing Quality Standards. This Chapter explains the subsidy standards which will be used to determine the voucher size (family unit size) for various sized families when the y are selected from the waiting list, as well as the PHA's procedures when a family's size changes, or a family selects a unit size that is different from the Voucher.

A. DETERMINING FAMILY UNIT (VOUCHER) SIZE [24CFR982.402]

The PHA does not determine how many shares a bedroom/sleeping room, but there must be at least one person per bedroom on the Voucher. The PHA's subsidy standards for determining voucher sizes shall be applied in a manner consistent with Fair Housing guidelines (see page 12.)

For subsidy standards, an adult is a person 18 years or older.

All standards in this section relate to the number of bedrooms on the Voucher, not the family's actual living arrangements.

The unit size on the Voucher remains the same as long as the family composition remains the same, regardless of the actual unit size rented.

Generally, the PHA assigns one bedroom to two people within the following guidelines:

Adults of different generations will have separate bedrooms.

Unrelated adults should be allocated a separate bedroom.

Persons of the opposite sex (other than adults who have a spousal relationship and children under 6), should be allocated a separate bedroom.

Foster children will be included in determining unit size only if they will be in the unit for more than 6 months.

Live-in attendants will be provided a separate bedroom. No additional bedrooms are provided for the attendant's family.

Space will not be provided for a family member, other than a spouse, who will be absent most of the time, such as a member who is away in the military.

A single pregnant woman with no other family members must be treated as a two-person family.

Single person families shall be allocated one bedroom.

For voucher size related to "Students" see chapter 6.

Foster Care Licensing

If a family intends to become a licensed foster care provider, the PHA will apply the following procedure in issuing the "anticipated" voucher size.

The family must provide the Department of Children and Families with a written consent to allow the PHA to obtain specific information regarding the application process from the foster care licensing office. The PHA will request the foster care licensing office for written verification regarding the status of the application and likelihood of licensing approval including the number of children expected to be approved. The PHA will then, if favorable, issue a larger "anticipated" bedroom size voucher. Once foster placement occurs, family must notify PHA of any foster child placement updates or changes.

GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING VOUCHER SIZE

Voucher Size	Persons in Household	
	Minimum Number	Maximum Number
0 Bedroom	1	1
1 Bedroom	1	4
2 Bedrooms	2	6
3 Bedrooms	3	8
4 Bedrooms	6	10
5 Bedrooms	8	12
6 Bedrooms	10	14

B. EXCEPTIONS TO SUBSIDY STANDARDS [24CFR 982.403(a)&(b)]

The PHA shall grant exceptions from the subsidy standards if the family requests and the PHA determines the exceptions are justified by the relationship, age, sex, health or disability of family members, or other individual circumstances .

The PHA will grant an exception upon request as an accommodation for persons with disabilities. Circumstances may dictate a larger size than the subsidy standards permit when persons cannot share a bedroom because of a need, such as a:

Verified medical or health reason; or

Elderly persons or persons with disabilities whom may require live-in attendant.

Request for Exception to Subsidy Standards

The PHA will not issue a large voucher due to additions of family members other than by birth, adoption, marriage, or court-awarded custody.

Requests based on health related reasons must be verified by a doctor.

Request for Separate Bedroom Due to Medical Reasons

The family must request the exception in writing. A physician or other qualified medical professional must verify via 3rd party documentation, the medical need for the separate bedroom. These accommodations will be granted upon verification that they meet the need presented by the disability or medical condition. The PHA will assess if the need can be met without a separate bedroom (i.e. separate beds instead). If approved, the family's voucher size will be increased and the medical need must be re-determined annually. If the request is denied the family will be notified in writing with the reasons and have a right to request an informal review or informal hearing.

PHA Error

If the PHA errs in the bedroom size designation, the family will be issued a Voucher of the appropriate size at the time the error is discovered. If the family decides to remain in the same unit,

and it is not overcrowded, the payment standard will be corrected to the lower of the new voucher size or the actual unit size effective the 1st of the month after the 60 day voucher expiration date.

Changes for Applicants

The voucher size is determined prior to the briefing by comparing the family composition to the PHA subsidy standards. If an applicant requires a change in the voucher size, after the voucher has been issued, based on the requirements of the PHA subsidy standards, the above referenced guidelines will apply.

Changes for Participants

The members of the family residing in the unit must be approved by the PHA. The family must obtain approval of any additional family member before the new member occupies the unit except for additions by birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody, in which case the family must inform the PHA within 10 days. The above referenced guidelines will apply.

Effect of New Bedroom Size Rules on Existing Participants

Participating families whose vouchers were correctly issued based on pre-October 2000 HAP subsidy rules are grandfathered at their current voucher size as long as they remain in the same unit and do not have any changes in family composition.

The new subsidy rules apply when the family moves or has any change in family composition. When this occurs, the family will be issued a 60-day voucher based on the current subsidy rules. The family may opt to remain in the same unit as long as it is not overcrowded, at the rate of the payment standard of the lower of the new voucher size or the actual unit size, effective the 1st of the month after the voucher expiration date.

Underhoused and Overhoused Families

If a unit does not meet HQS space standards due to an increase in family size, by birth, adoption, marriage or court-awarded custody (unit too small), the PHA will issue a new voucher of the appropriate size and assist the family in locating a suitable unit. Other additions to the family will not be approved by the PHA if it will cause overcrowding. The family may have the option of first eliminating the reason for the overcrowding. This can be done by moving to a larger unit (within the rules for moving with continued assistance contained in this HAP.) However, the voucher and subsidy may not be effected in accordance with the previous section "Exception to Subsidy Standards" in this chapter. The family may also eliminate overcrowding if an existing family member moves out and can provide verification.

If a family is occupying a unit which has more bedrooms than allocated under the PHA's subsidy standards, (unit too large) the PHA will issue the family a new voucher, of the appropriate size, and assist the family in finding a suitable unit. The family may opt to stay in the overhoused unit at the payment standard of the new lower voucher size effective the 1st of the month after the voucher expiration date.

The PHA will also notify the family of the circumstances under which an exception will be granted, such as:

If a family with a disability is underhoused in an accessible unit (causing an overcrowded unit).

If a family requires the additional bedroom because of a health problem which has been verified by the PHA.

C. UNIT SIZE SELECTED [24CFR982.402(c)]

The family may select a different sized dwelling unit than that listed on the Voucher. There are three criteria to consider:

Subsidy Limitation : The family unit size as determined for a family under the PHA subsidy standard for a family assisted in the voucher program is based on the PHA's adopted payment standards. The payment standard for a family shall be the *lower of* :

The payment standard amount for the family unit size (voucher); or

The payment standard amount for the unit size rented by the family (actual).

Utility Allowance : The utility allowance used to calculate the gross rent is based on the actual size of the unit the family selects, regardless of the size authorized on the family's Voucher.

Housing Quality Standards : The standards allow two persons per living/sleeping room and permit maximum occupancy levels (assuming a living room is used as a living/sleeping area) as shown in the table below. The levels may be exceeded if a room in addition to bedrooms and living room is used for sleeping.

HQS Guidelines for Unit Size Selected can be found on next page.

***HQS GUIDELINES FOR UNIT SIZE SELECTED**

Unit Size	Maximum Number in Household
0 Bedroom	1
1 Bedroom	4
2 Bedrooms	6
3 Bedrooms	8
4 Bedrooms	10
5 Bedrooms	12
6 Bedrooms	14

Chapter6

FACTORSRELATEDTOTOTALTENANTPAYMENTANDFAMILYSHARE DETERMINATION

[24CFRPart5,SubpartsEandF;982.153,982.551]

INTRODUCTION

Updated
05/30/02

The PHA will use the methods set forth in this Administrative Plan to verify and determine that family income at admission and at annual reexamination is correct. The accurate calculation of Annual Income and Adjusted Income will ensure that families are not paying more or less money for rent than their obligation under the Regulations.

This Chapter defines the allowable expenses and deductions to be subtracted from Annual Income and how the presence or absence of household members may affect the Total Tenant Payment (TTP). Income and TTP are calculated in accordance with 24 CFR Part 5, Subparts E and F, and further instructions set forth in HUD Notices and Memoranda. The formula for the calculation of TTP is specific and not subject to interpretation. The PHA's policies in this Chapter address those areas which allow the PHA discretion to define terms and to develop standards in order to assure consistent application of the various factors that relate to the determination of TTP.

A. INCOME AND ALLOWANCES [24 CFR 5.609]

Income: Includes all monetary amounts which are received on behalf of the family. For purposes of calculating the Total Tenant Payment, HUD defines what is to be calculated and what is to be excluded in the federal regulations. In accordance with this definition, all income which is not specifically excluded in the regulations is counted.

Gross Income: Gross income is the amount of income prior to any HUD allowable expenses or deductions, and does not include income which has been excluded by HUD.

Annual Income is defined as the gross amount of income anticipated to be received by the family during the 12 months after certification or recertification. Annual income is used to determine whether or not applicants are within the applicable income limits.

Adjusted Income is defined as the Annual income minus any HUD allowable expenses and deductions.

HUD has five allowable deduction s from Annual Income:

Dependent Allowance: \$480 each for family members (other than the head or spouse) who are minors, and for family members who are 18 and older who are full-time students or who are disabled.

Elderly/Disabled Allowance: \$400 per family for families whose head or spouse is 62 or over or disabled.

Allowable Medical Expenses: Deducted for all family members of an eligible elderly/disabled family.

Child Care Expenses: Deducted for the care of children under 13 when child care is necessary to allow an adult member to work, attend school, or actively seek employment.

Allowable Disability Assistance Expenses: Deducted for attendant care or auxiliary apparatus for persons with disabilities if needed to enable the individual or an adult family member to work.

B. MINIMUM RENT [24CFR5.616]

Minimum Rent

"Minimum rent" is \$0 .

C. DEFINITION OF TEMPORARILY/PERMANENTLY ABSENT

[24CFR982.54(d)(10),982.551]

It is the responsibility of the head of household to report changes in family composition. The PHA will evaluate absences from the unit using this policy.

Absence of Any Member

Any member of the household will be considered permanently or temporarily absent if s/he is away from the unit as noted below except as otherwise provided in this Chapter.

Temporarily Absent:

"Temporarily Absent" is defined as away from the unit for more than 30 days but less than 180 days.

The PHA must compute all applicable income of every family member who is on the lease, including those who are temporarily absent. In addition, the PHA must count the income of the spouse or the head of the household if that person is temporarily absent, even if that person is not on the lease.

If the spouse is temporarily absent and in the military, all military pay and allowances (except hazardous duty pay when exposed to hostile fire and any other exceptions to military pay HUD may define) is counted as income.

Permanently Absent:

"Permanently Absent" is defined as away from the unit for 6 months in a 12 month period.

Income of persons permanently absent will not be counted.

Absence due to Medical Reasons

If any family member leaves the household to enter a facility such as hospital, nursing home, or rehabilitation center, the PHA will seek advice from a reliable qualified source as to the likelihood and timing of their return. If the verification indicates that the family member will be permanently confined to a nursing home, the family member will be considered permanently absent. If the verification indicates that the family member will return in less than 180 consecutive days, the family member will not be considered permanently absent.

If the person who is determined to be permanently absent is the sole member of the household, assistance will be terminated in accordance with the PHA's "Absence of Entire Family" policy.

Absence Due to Full -time Student Status

Fulltime students who attend school away from the home will be treated in the following manner, based mainly on family choice if it meets criteria:

1. If student lives with the family during school recess may be considered temporarily absent from the household. Student remains on lease and income counts per student income guidelines.
2. If choose to remove from lease as permanently absent, student may visit up to 60 days per year.

Absence due to Incarceration

If the sole member is incarcerated for more than 60 consecutive days, s/he will be considered permanently absent. Any member of the household, other than the sole member, will be considered permanently absent if s/he is incarcerated for 6 months.

The PHA will determine if the reason for incarceration is for drug -related or violent criminal activity.

Absence of Children due to Placement in Foster Care

If the family includes a child or children temporarily absent from the home due to placement in foster care, the PHA will determine from the appropriate agency when the child/children will be returned to the home.

If the time period is to be greater than 6 months from the date of removal of the children, the Voucher size will be reduced. If all children are removed from the home permanently, the voucher size will be reduced in accordance with the PHA's subsidy standards.

Absence of Entire Family

In cases where the family has moved out of the unit, the PHA will terminate assistance in accordance with appropriate termination procedures contained in this Plan. However, these policy guidelines below address situations when the family is absent from the unit, but has not moved out of the unit.

Families are required both to notify the PHA before they move out of a unit and to give the PHA information about any family absence from the unit.

Families must notify the PHA at least 10 days before leaving the unit if they are going to be absent from the unit for more than 15 consecutive days.

If the entire family is **absent without notification** from the assisted unit for more than 30 consecutive days, the unit will be considered to be vacated and the assistance will be terminated.

If it is determined that the family is absent from the unit, the PHA will not continue assistance payments.

The PHA will terminate assistance if the entire family is absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days **regardless of reason**.

"Absence" means that no family member is residing in the unit.

In order to determine if the family is absent from the unit, the PHA may:

Updated
05/30/02

Write letters to the family at the unit

Telephone the family at the unit

Interview neighbors

Verify if utilities are in service

Check with the post office

A person with a disability may request an extension of time as an accommodation, provided that the extension does not go beyond the HUD -allowed 180 consecutive calendar days limit.

Caretaker for Children

If neither parent remains in the household and the appropriate agency has determined that another adult is to be brought into the assisted unit to care for the children for an indefinite period, the PHA will treat that adult as a visitor for the first 30 days and the income is not counted during this 30 day period.

By the end of that period, if court -awarded custody or legal guardianship has been awarded to the caretaker, the Voucher will be transferred to the caretaker.

If the appropriate agency cannot confirm the guardianship status of the caretaker, the PHA will review the status at 30 day intervals.

If custody or legal guardianship has not been awarded by the court, but the action is in process, the PHA will secure verification from social services staff for the attorney's status.

If custody is awarded for a limited time in excess of stated period (1st 30 days), the PHA will state in writing that the transfer of the Voucher is for that limited time or as long as they have custody of the children. The PHA will use discretion as deemed appropriate in determining any further assignment of the Voucher on behalf of the children. This includes the option of terminating the contract and starting a new contract so that the children can move with the adult caretaker, within the rules of this HAP for unit approval.

The caretaker will be allowed to remain in the unit until a determination of custody is made.

The PHA will transfer the voucher to the caretaker, in the absence of a court order, if the caretaker has been in the unit for more than 6 months and it is reasonable to expect that custody will be granted.

When the PHA approves a person to reside in the unit as caretaker for the children, the income should be counted after the first 30 days, pending a final disposition. The PHA will work with the appropriate service agencies and the landlord to provide a smooth transition in these cases.

If a member of the household is subject to a court order that restricts him/her from the home for more than 6 months, the person will be considered permanently absent.

Visitors

Updated
05/30/02

Any person not included on the HUD 50058 who has been in the unit more than 15 consecutive days without PHA approval, or a total of 30 days in a 12 month period, will be considered to be living in the unit as a non-authorized household member.

Absence of evidence of any other address will be considered verification that the visitor is a member of the household.

Statements from neighbors and/or the landlord will be considered in making the determination.

Use of the unit address as the visitor's current residence for any purpose that is not explicitly temporary shall be construed as permanent residence.

The burden of proof that the individual is a visitor rests on the family. In the absence of such proof, the individual will be considered an unauthorized member of the household and the PHA will terminate assistance since prior approval was not requested for the addition.

Minors and college students who were part of the family but who now live away from home during the school year and are no longer on the lease may visit for up to 60 days per year without being considered a member of the household.

In a joint custody arrangement, if the minor is in the household less than 120 days per year, the minor will be considered to be an eligible visitor and not a family member.

Reporting Additions to Owner and PHA

Reporting changes in household composition to the PHA is both a HUD and a PHA requirement.

Families are required to report any additions to the household due to birth, adoption or court awarded custody in writing to the PHA within 10 days of the move-in date.

The family must request prior approval of additional household members in writing to the PHA, even if the voucher size does not increase.

In addition, any proposed additions to the household must be approved by the owner and reflected on the lease. The family must submit the updated lease to the PHA for final approval of the addition prior to the person moving into the unit.

If any new family member is added, the income of the additional member will be included in the family income as applicable under HUD regulations.

If the family does not obtain prior written approval from the PHA, any person the family has permitted to move in will be considered an unauthorized household member.

An interim reexamination will be conducted for any additions to the household.

Reporting Absences to the PHA

Reporting changes in household composition is both a HUD and a PHA requirement.

If a family member leaves the household, the family must report this change to the PHA, in writing, within 10 days of the change with date of move out, new address and certify as to whether the member is temporarily absent or permanently absent. The family must also notify the owner. (See Chapter 15 “Family Member Moves Out” page 124.)

The PHA will conduct an interim evaluation for changes which affect the Total Tenant Payment in accordance with the interim policy. A revised lease or addendum is required when the change affects Total Tenant Payment.

D. AVERAGING INCOME

When Annual Income cannot be anticipated for a full twelve months, the PHA may:

Average known sources of income that vary to compute an annual income, or

Annualize current income and conduct an interim reexamination if income changes.

If there are bonuses or overtime which the employer cannot anticipate for the next twelve months, bonuses and overtime received the previous year will be used.

If, by averaging, an estimate can be made for those families whose income fluctuates from month to month, this estimate will be used so as to reduce the number of interim adjustments.

The method used depends on the regularity, source and type of income.

E. MINIMUM INCOME (Zero Income)

There is no minimum income requirement. Families who report zero income are required to complete a written certification every 30 days in person at the PHA office.

Families that report zero income will be required to provide information/verification regarding their means of basic subsistence, such as food, utilities, transportation, etc.

If the family's expenses exceed their known income, the PHA will make inquiry of the head of household as to the nature of the family's accessible resources.

F. INCOME OF PERSON PERMANENTLY CONFINED TO NURSING HOME

[24CFR982.54(d)(10)]

If a family member is permanently confined to a hospital or nursing home and there is a family member left in the household, the PHA will calculate the income by using the following methodology:

1. Exclude the income of the person permanently confined to the nursing home and give the family no deductions for medical expenses of the confined family member.

G. REGULAR CONTRIBUTIONS AND GIFTS [24CFR5.609]

Regular contributions and gifts received from persons outside the household are counted as income for calculation of the Total Tenant Payment.

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05/30/02

Any contribution or gift received every 3 months or more frequently will be considered a "regular" contribution or gift. This includes rent and utility payments made on behalf of the family and other cash or non-cash contributions provided on a regular basis. It does not include casual contributions or sporadic gifts. (See "Verification Procedures" chapter for further definition.)

If the family's expenses exceed its known income, the PHA will inquire of the family regarding contributions and gifts.

H. ALIMONY AND CHILD SUPPORT [24CFR 5.609]

Regular alimony and child support payments are counted as income for calculation of Total Tenant Payment. Families are required to cooperate with the Child Support Enforcement Agency in cases where the absent parent is not contributing.

If the amount of child support or alimony received is less than the amount awarded by the court, the PHA will use the amount awarded by the court unless the family can verify that they are not receiving the full amount.

The PHA will accept verification that the family is receiving an amount less than the award if:

1. The PHA receives verification from the agency responsible for enforcement or collection. Or
2. The family furnishes documentation of child support or alimony collection action filed through a child support enforcement agency, or has filed an enforcement or collection action through an attorney.

It is the family's responsibility to supply a certified copy of the divorced decree.

I. LUMP-SUM RECEIPTS [24CFR 5.609]

Lump-sum additions to Family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains, and settlement for personal or property losses, are not included in income but may be included in assets.

Lump-sum payments caused by delays in processing periodic payments such as unemployment or welfare assistance are counted as income. Lump sum payments from Social Security or SSI are excluded from income, but any amount remaining will be considered an asset. Deferred periodic payments which have accumulated due to a dispute will be treated the same as periodic payments which are deferred due to delays in processing.

In order to determine amount of retroactive tenant rent that the family owes as a result of the lump sum receipt:

The PHA uses a calculation method which calculates retroactively or prospectively depending on the circumstances.

Prospective Calculation Methodology

If the payment is reported on a timely basis, the calculation will be done prospectively and will result in an interim adjustment calculated as follows:

The entire lump sum payment will be added to the annual income at the time of the interim.

Retroactive Calculation Methodology

The PHA will go back to the date the lump sum payment was received, or to the date of admission, whichever is closer. (See Chapter 18)

The family has the choice of paying this "retroactive" amount to the PHA in a lump sum or entering into a Repayment Agreement.

The amount owed by the family is a collectible debt even if the family becomes unassisted.

Attorney Fees

The family's attorney fees may be deducted from lump sum payments when computing annual income if the attorney's efforts have recovered a lump sum compensation, and the recovery paid to the family does not include an additional amount in full satisfaction of the attorney fees.

J. CONTRIBUTION TO RETIREMENT FUNDS - ASSETS [24CFR 5.603(d)]

Contributions to company retirement/pension funds are handled as follows:

While an individual is employed, count as assets only amounts the family can withdraw without retiring or terminating employment.

After retirement or termination of employment, count any amount the employee elects to receive as a lump sum.

K. ASSETS DISPOSED OFF FOR LESS THAN FAIR MARKET VALUE

[24CFR 5.603(d)(3)]

The PHA must count assets disposed of for less than fair market value during the two years preceding certification or reexamination. The PHA will count the difference between the market value and the actual payment received in calculating total assets.

Assets disposed of as a result of foreclosure or bankruptcy are not considered to be assets disposed of for less than fair market value. Assets disposed of as a result of a divorce or separation are not considered to be assets disposed of for less than fair market value.

The PHA's minimum threshold for counting assets disposed of for less than Fair Market value is \$5,000. If the total value of assets disposed of within a one-year period is less than \$5,000, they will not be considered an asset.

L. CHILDCARE EXPENSES [24CFR 5.603]

Updated
05/30/02

Childcare expenses for children under 13 may be deducted from annual income if they enable an adult to work or attend school (full time not required), or to actively seek employment.

Childcare expenses cannot be allowed as a deduction if there is an adult household member capable of caring for the child who can provide the childcare. Examples of those adult members who would be considered *unable* to care for the child include:

The abuser in a documented child abuse situation, or

A person with disabilities or older person unable to take care of a small child, as verified by a reliable knowledgeable source.

Allowability of deductions for childcare expenses is based on the following guidelines:

Childcare to work : The maximum childcare expense allowed must be less than the amount earned by the person enabled to work.

Child care for school : The number of hours claimed for child care may not exceed the number of hours the family member is attending school, including reasonable travel time to and from school.

Amount of Expense : The PHA will collect data as a guideline. If the hourly rate materially exceeds the guideline, the PHA may calculate the allowance using the guideline.

M. MEDICAL EXPENSES [24CFR 5.609(a)(2), 5.603]

When it is unclear in the HUD rules as to whether or not to allow an item as a medical expense, IRS Publication 502 will be used as a guide.

Accupressure, acupuncture and related herbal medicines, and chiropractic services will be considered allowable medical expenses.

N. PRORATION OF ASSISTANCE FOR "MIXED" FAMILIES [24CFR 5.520]

Applicability

Proration of assistance must be offered to any "mixed" applicant or participant family. A "mixed" family is one that includes at least one U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant and any number of ineligible members.

Prorated Assistance Calculation

Prorated assistance is calculated by determining the amount of assistance payable if all family members were eligible and multiplying by the percent of the family members who actually are eligible. Calculations for each housing program are performed on the HUD 50058 form.

O. REDUCTION IN BENEFITS

See Chapter 12 regarding "Recertifications" on how to handle income changes resulting from welfare program requirements.

P. UTILITY ALLOWANCE AND UTILITY REIMBURSEMENT PAYMENTS

[24CFR982.153,982.517]

The same Utility Allowance Schedule is used for all tenant -based programs.

The utility allowance is intended to cover the cost of utilities not included in the rent. The allowance is based on the typical cost of utilities and services paid by energy -conservative households that occupy housing of similar size and type in the same locality. Allowances are not based on an individual family's actual energy consumption.

The PHA's utility allowance schedule, and the utility allowance for an individual family, must include the utilities and services that are necessary in the locality to provide housing that complies with the housing quality standards.

The PHA may not provide any allowance for non -essential utility costs, such as costs of cable or satellite television.

The PHA must classify utilities in the utility allowance schedule according to the following general categories: space heating, air conditioning, cooking, water heating, water, sewer, trash collection; other electric, refrigerator (for tenants supplied refrigerator), range (cost of tenant -supplied range); and other specified services.

An allowance for tenant -paid air conditioning will be provided in those cases where the majority of housing units in the market have central air conditioning or are wired for tenant installed air conditioners [24CFR982.517].

A tenant -paid air conditioning allowance will be provided throughout the PHA's jurisdiction.

The PHA will review the utility allowance schedule annually. If the review finds a utility rate has changed by 10 percent or more since the last revision of the utility allowance schedule, the schedule will be revised to reflect the new rate. Revised utility allowances will be applied in a participant family's rent calculation at their next reexamination.

The approved utility allowance schedule is given to families along with their Voucher. The utility allowance is based on the actual units size selected.

Where families provide their own range and refrigerator, the PHA will establish an allowance adequate for the family to purchase or rent a range or refrigerator, even if the family already owns either appliance. Allowances for ranges and refrigerators will be based on the lesser of the cost of leasing or purchasing the appropriate appliance over a 60 month period.

Where the calculation on the HUD 50058 results in a utility reimbursement payment due to the family, the PHA will provide a Utility Reimbursement Payment for the family each month. The check will be made out directly to the family . The family is responsible for maintaining current utility services in the unit at all times for all utilities not covered by the owner. Failure to do so is a breach of family obligations of participation and a violation of HQS.

The family and owner must report any changes in responsibility of utility services to the PHA in writing within 10 days (i.e. client was paying for the trash collection, but now owner is responsible for paying trash collection). An interim adjustment will be done when the change is reported to the PHA.

Q.INCOME INCLUSIONS[EXCERPT FROM 24CFR PARAGRAPH 5.609]

- (1) The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services;
- (2) The net income from operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the Family;
- (3) Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as a deduction in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation is permitted only as authorized in paragraph (2) of this section. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the Family. Where the Family has Net Family Assets in excess of \$5,000, Annual Income shall include the greater of the actual income derived from Net Family Assets or a percentage of the value of such Assets based on the current Passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD;
- (4) The full amount of periodic payments received from social security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lump-sum payment for the delayed start of a periodic payment (but see No. 14 under Income Exclusions);
- (5) Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment, worker's compensation and severance pay (but see No. 3 under Income Exclusions);
- (6) Welfare Assistance. If the Welfare Assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustments by the Welfare Assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of Welfare Assistance income to be included as income shall consist of:
 - (i) The amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for Shelter or utilities; plus
 - (ii) The maximum amount that the Welfare Assistance agency could in fact allow the Family for shelter and utilities. If the Family's Welfare Assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this

paragraph shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage;

- (7) Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from persons not residing in the dwelling; and
- (8) All regular pay, special pay and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces (whether or not living in the dwelling) who is head of the family, spouse, or other person whose dependents are residing in the unit (but see paragraph (7) under Income Exclusions).
- (9) Amounts in accordance with the Public Housing Reform Act of 1998, Section 512 and 24 CFR 5.615 to encourage compliance with Welfare self-sufficiency program requirements and reduce fraud.

RINCOME EXCLUSIONS [EXCERPT FROM 24 CFR PARAGRAPH 5.609]

- (1) **Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years;**
- (2) Payments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually individuals with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone);
- (3) Lump-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains and settlement for personal or property losses (but see No. 5 under Income Inclusions);
- (4) Amounts received by the family that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of Medical Expenses for any family member;
- (5) Income of a live-in aide as defined in 24 CFR 5.403;
- (6) The full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution;
- (7) The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire;
- (8)(i) Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD;
 - (ii) **Amounts received by a disabled person that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income eligibility and benefits because they are set aside for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS);**
 - (iii) **Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs which are specifically for or in reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, childcare, etc.) and which are made solely to allow participation in a specific program;**
 - (iv) A resident's service stipend. This is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life or the development. This may include, but is not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance and resident initiatives coordination. No

- resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time; or
- (v) Compensation from state or local employment training programs and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives, and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the employment training program.
- (10) Temporary, nonrecurring or sporadic income (including gifts);
- (11) Foral initial determinations and reexaminations of income carried out on or after April 23, 1993, reparations payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era;
- (12) Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years or older (excluding the head of household and spouse);
- (13) Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child;
- (14) Deferred periodic payments of supplemental security income and social security benefits that are received in a lump-sum payment;
- (15) Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under state or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit;
- (16) Amounts paid by a State Agency to a family with a developmentally disabled family member living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep the developmentally disabled family member at home; and
- (17) Amounts specifically excluded by any other Federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits under a category of assistance programs that includes assistance under the 1937 Act. The following is a list of income that qualify for that exclusion:
- (a) The value of the allotment provided to an eligible household under Food Stamp Act of 1977;
 - (b) Payments to volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (employment through VISTA, Retired Senior Volunteer Program, Foster Grandparents Program, youthful offender in carceral alternatives, senior companions);
 - (c) The first \$2000 in payments per year received (e.g. cash, stock, partnership interest or land or interest in land or settlement trust) under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act;
 - (d) Income derived from certain submargin all land of the United States which is held in trust for Certain Indian tribes;
 - (e) Payments or allowances made under Department of Health and Human Services' Low Income Energy Assistance Program;
 - (f) Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act;
 - (g) Income derived from the disposition of funds of Grant River Bank of Ottawa Indians;
 - (h) The first \$2,000 of per capita shares received from judgment funds awarded by the Indian

Claims Commission or the Grant of Claims or from funds held in trust for an Indian tribe by the Secretary of Interior and up to \$2,000 per year of income received by individual Indians from trust or restricted lands held by the Secretary of Interior for the benefit of individual Indians. (Exclusions apply on a per person basis);

- (i) Amounts of scholarships funded under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, including awards under the Federal work -study program or under the BIA student assistance programs;
- (j) Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (Green Thumb);
- (k) Payments received after January 1, 1989 from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in the In Re Agent Orange product liability litigation, MDL No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.);
- (l) Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980 (Pub.L.96 -426, 94 Stat. 1785);
- (m) The value of any child care provided or reimbursed for under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990; and
- (n) Earned income tax credit;
- (o) Amounts in accordance with the Public Housing Reform Act of 1998, Section 512 and 24 CFR 5.615 to reinforce self -sufficiency.
- (p) Tax refunds generally are excluded.

Chapter 7 VERIFICATION PROCEDURES

[24CFR Part 5, Subparts B, D, E and F; 24CFR 982.158; 24CFR 5.617]

INTRODUCTION

HUD regulations require that the factors of eligibility and Total Tenant Payment/Family Share be verified by the PHA. PHA staff will obtain written verification from independent sources whenever possible and will document tenant files whenever third party verifications are not possible or why third party verification was impossible to obtain.

Applicants and program participants must provide true and complete information to the PHA whenever information is requested. The PHA's verification requirements are designed to maintain program integrity. This Chapter explains the PHA's procedures and standards for verification of preferences, income, assets, allowable deductions, family status, and changes in family composition. The PHA will obtain proper authorization from the family before requesting information from independent sources.

A. METHODS OF VERIFICATION AND TIME ALLOWED [24CFR 982.516]

The PHA will verify information through the four methods of verification acceptable to HUD in the following order:

1. Third-Party Written
2. Third-Party Oral
3. Review of Documents
4. Certification/Self-Declaration

The PHA will allow 3 weeks for return of third-party written verifications and 2 weeks to obtain other types of verifications before going to the next method. The PHA will document the file as to why third party written verification was not used.

For applicants, verifications may not be more than 60 days old at the time of Voucher issuance.

Third-Party Written Verification

Third-party verification is used to verify information directly with the source. Third-party written verification forms will be sent and returned via first class mail. The family will be required to sign an authorization for the information source to release the specified information.

Verifications received electronically directly from the source are considered third party written verifications.

Third party verification forms will not be hand carried by the family under any circumstances.

The PHA will accept verifications in the form of computerized printouts delivered by the family from the following agencies:

- *Social Security Administration
- *Veterans Administration
- *Welfare Assistance
- *Unemployment Compensation Board
- *City or County Courts (i.e. child support)

Third-Party Oral Verification

Oral third -party verification will be used when written third -party verification is delayed or not possible. When third -party oral verification is used, staff will be required to complete a Certification of Document Viewed or Person Contacted or similar form, noting with whom they spoke, the date of the conversation, and the facts provided. If oral third party verification is not available, the PHA will compare the information to any documents provided by the Family. If provided by telephone, the PHA must originate the call.

Review of Documents

In the event that third -party written or oral verification is unavailable, or the information has not been verified by the third party within 3 weeks, the PHA will annotate the file accordingly and utilize documents provided by the family as the primary source if the documents provide complete information.

All such documents, excluding government checks, will be photocopied and retained in the applicant file. In cases where documents are viewed which cannot be photocopied, staff viewing the document(s) will complete a Certification of Document Viewed or Person Contacted form or document.

The PHA will accept the following documents from the family provided that the document is such that tampering would be easily noted:

- *Printed wage stubs
- *Computer print -outs from the employer
- *Signed letters (provided that the information is confirmed by phone)
- *Other documents noted in this Chapter as acceptable verification

*The PHA will accept faxed documents.

*The PHA will not accept photocopies of the above items.

If third-party verification is received after documents have been accepted as provisional verification, and there is a discrepancy, the PHA will utilize the third-party verification.

The PHA will not delay the processing of an application beyond 30 days because a third party information provider does not return the verification in a timely manner.

Self-Certification/Self-Declaration

When verification cannot be made by third-party verification or review of documents, families will be required to submit a self-certification.

Self-certification means a notarized statement under penalty of perjury and must be witnessed.

B. RELEASE OF INFORMATION [24CFR 5.230]

Adult family members will be required to sign the HUD 9886 Release of Information/Privacy Act form.

In addition, family members will be required to sign specific authorization forms when information is needed that is not covered by the HUD form 9886, Authorization for Release of Information/Privacy Act Notice.

Family refusal to cooperate with the HUD prescribed verification system will result in denial of admission or termination of assistance because it is a family obligation to supply any information and to sign consent forms requested by the PHA or HUD.

C. COMPUTER MATCHING

The PHA will utilize the HUD established computer-based Tenant Eligibility Verification System (TEVS) tool for obtaining Social Security benefits, Supplemental Security Income, benefit history and tenant income discrepancy reports from the Social Security Administration.

The PHA is also notified by HUD when a client's reported earned income is different than HUD's database reflects. The client is responsible for coming to the PHA with their IRS letter and determining the discrepancy with the PHA.

When computer matching results in a discrepancy with information in the PHA records, the PHA will verify the accuracy of income information contained in the notice and will, as appropriate, change the amount of total tenant payment, family rent to owner and housing assistance payment, or terminate assistance. (See Program Integrity Addendum).

D. ITEMS TO BE VERIFIED [24CFR 982.516]

All income not specifically excluded by the regulations.

Full-time student status including High School students who are 18 or over.

Current assets including assets disposed of for less than fair market value in proceeding two years.

Child care expense where it allows an **adult** family member to be employed or to further his/her education.

Total medical expenses of all family members in households whose head or spouse is elderly or disabled.

Disability assistance expenses to include only those costs associated with attendant care or auxiliary apparatus for a disabled member of the family, which allow an **adult** family member to be employed.

Disability for determination of preferences, allowances or deductions.

U.S. citizenship/eligible immigrant status

Social Security Numbers for all family members over 6 years of age or older who have been issued a social security number.

"Preference" status

Marital status.

Verification of Reduction in Benefits for Noncompliance:

The PHA will obtain 3rd party verification from the welfare agency stating that the family's benefits have been reduced for fraud or noncompliance *before* denying the family's request for rent reduction.

E. VERIFICATION OF INCOME [24CFR982.516]

This section defines the methods the PHA will use to verify various types of income.

Employment Income

Verification forms request the employer to specify the:

Dates of employment

Amount and frequency of pay

Date of the last pay increase

Likelihood of change of employment status and effective date of any known salary increase during the next 12 months

Year to date earnings

Estimated income from overtime, tips, bonus pay expected during next 12 months

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. Employment verification form completed by the employer.
2. Payroll print -out.
3. Check stubs or earning statements, which indicate the employee's gross pay, frequency of pay or year to date earnings.
4. W-2 forms plus income tax return forms.
5. Income tax return signed by the family may be used for verifying self-employment income, or income from tips and other gratuities.

In cases where there are questions about the validity of information provided by the family, the PHA will require the most recent federal income tax statements.

Where doubt regarding income exists, a referral to IRS and/or the state wages department for confirmation will be made on a case-by-case basis.

Social Security, Pensions, Supplementary Security Income (SSI), Disability Income

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. Benefit verification form completed by agency providing the benefits.
2. Award or benefit notification letters prepared and signed by the providing agency.
3. Computer report electronically obtained or in hard copy.

Unemployment Compensation

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. Verification form completed by the unemployment compensation agency.
2. Computer report electronically obtained or in hard copy, from unemployment office stating payment dates and amounts.
3. Payment stubs.

Welfare Payments or General Assistance

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. PHA verification form completed by payment provider.

2. Written statement from payment provider indicating the amount of grant/payment, start date of payments, and anticipated changes in payment in the next 12 months.
3. Computer-generated Notice of Action.

Alimony or Child Support Payments

Acceptable methods of verification are listed below based on the current child support status of each child. The most applicable method must be provided for each individual child in the household:

1. If the absent parent is contributing, without a court order: a notarized statement from the absent parent with his/her address, telephone number, child's name, the amount and how often he/she contributes.
2. If the family has already applied through the courts and does not receive TANF (Temporary Aid for Needy Families) cash benefits, food stamps or Medicaid: a computer printout from the Child Support Enforcement Office even if the family is not receiving child support payments.
3. If the family is not receiving child support, but is receiving TANF cash benefits, food stamps or Medicaid: a TANF verification letter or printout, AND a notarized statement from the family stating the absent parent's name, address, child's name and the reason for no support.
4. If the family is not receiving child support, and is NOT receiving TANF cash benefits, food stamps or Medicaid: verification that family has applied for child support enforcement, AND also, a notarized statement from the family, with the absent parent's name, address, child's name and reason for no support.

In cases of custody where the family is not the biological parent of the child, the above rules also apply regarding child support verification as it relates to both absent parents. However, legal custody verification that addresses the issue of child support may be accepted in lieu of above.

Net Income from a Business

In order to verify the net income from a business, the PHA will view IRS and financial documents from prior years and use this information to anticipate the income for the next 12 months.

Acceptable methods of verification include:

1. IRS Form 1040, including:
 - Schedule C (Small Business)
 - Schedule E (Rental Property Income)
 - Schedule F (Farm Income)

If accelerated depreciation was used on the tax return or financial statement, an accountant's calculation of depreciation expense, computed using straight-lined depreciation rules.

2. Audited or unaudited financial statement(s) of the business.
3. Credit report or loan application.

Child Care Business

If an applicant/participant is operating a licensed day care business, income will be verified as with any other business.

If the family has filed a tax return, the family will be required to provide it.

The PHA will conduct the interim evaluation every 120 days and require the participant to provide a log with the information about customers and income.

Recurring Gifts

The family must furnish a self-certification, which contains the following information:

The person who provides the gifts

The value of the gifts

The regularity (dates) of the gifts

The purpose of the gifts

The family must also provide an notarized statement from the person who provides the gift to include the above information and the contributor's address and phone number.

Zero Income Status

Families claiming to have no income will be required to execute verification forms to determine that forms of income such as unemployment benefits, TANF, SSI, etc. are not being received by the household.

The PHA will run a credit report if information is received that indicates the family has an unreported income source.

Families who report zero income are required to complete a written certification every 30 days in person at the PHA office. (For more information see Chapter 6, "Minimum Income" section).

Full-time Student Status

Only the first \$480 of the earned income of full-time students, other than head, co-head, or spouse, will be counted towards family income.

Financial aid, scholarships and grants received by full-time students is not counted towards family income.

Verification of full-time student status includes:

Written verification from the registrar's office or other school official.

School records indicating enrollment for sufficient number of credits to be considered a full-time student by the educational institution.

F. INCOME FROM ASSETS [24CFR982.516]

Savings Account Interest Income and Dividends

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. Account statements, passbooks, certificates of deposit, or PHA verification forms completed by the financial institution.
2. Broker's statements showing value of stocks or bonds and the earnings credited to the family. Earnings can be obtained from current newspaper quotations or oral broker's verification.
3. IRS Form 1099 from the financial institution, provided that the PHA must adjust the information to project earnings expected for the next 12 months.

Interest Income from Mortgages or Similar Arrangements

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. A letter from an accountant, attorney, real estate broker, the buyer, or a financial institution stating interest due for next 12 months. (A copy of the check paid by the buyer to the family is not sufficient unless a breakdown of interest and principal is shown.)
2. Amortization schedules showing interest for the 12 months following the effective date of the certification or recertification.

Net Rental Income from Property Owned by Family

Acceptable methods of verification include, in this order:

1. IRS Form 1040 with Schedule E (Rental Income).
2. Copies of latest rent receipts, leases, or other documentation of rent amounts.
3. Documentation of allowable operating expenses of the property: tax statements, insurance invoices, bills for reasonable maintenance and utilities, and bank statements or amortization schedules showing monthly interest expense.

G. VERIFICATION OF ASSETS

Family Assets

The PHA will require the information necessary to determine the current cash value of the family's assets, (the net amount the family would receive if the asset were converted to cash).

Acceptable verification may include any of the following:

Verification forms, letters, or documents from a financial institution or broker.

Passbooks, checking account statements, certificates of deposit, bonds, or financial statements completed by a financial institution or broker.

Quotes from a stock broker or realty agent as to net amount family would receive if they liquidated securities or real estate.

Real estate tax statements if the approximate current market value can be deduced from assessment.

Financial statements for business assets.

Copies of closing documents showing the selling price and the distribution of the sales proceeds.

Appraisals of personal property held as an investment.

Assets Disposed of for Less than Fair Market Value (FMV) During Two Years Preceding Effective Date of Certification or Recertification

For all Certifications and Recertifications, the PHA will obtain the Family's certification as to whether any member has disposed of assets for less than fair market value during the two years proceeding the effective date of the certification or recertification.

If the family certifies that they have disposed of assets for less than fair market value, verification is required that shows: (a) all assets disposed of for less than FMV, (b) the date they were disposed of, (c) the amount the family received, and (d) the market value of the assets at the time of disposition. Third party verification will be obtained wherever possible.

H. VERIFICATION OF ALLOWABLE DEDUCTIONS FROM INCOME

[24CFR982.516]

Child Care Expenses

Written verification from the person who receives the payments is required. If the child care provider is an individual, s/he must provide a statement of the amount they are charging the family for their services.

Verifications must specify the child care provider's name, address, telephone number, the names of the children cared for, the number of hours the child care occurs, the rate of pay, and the typical yearly amount paid, including school and vacation periods.

The PHA will make third party verbal contact with the child care provider to verify the information on the provider's statement.

Family's certification as to whether any of those payments have been or will be paid or reimbursed by outside sources.

Medical Expenses

Families who claim medical expenses will be required to submit a certification as to whether or not any expense payments have been, or will be, reimbursed by an outside source. All expense claims will be verified by one or more of the methods listed below:

Written verification by a doctor, hospital or clinic personnel, dentist, pharmacist, of (a) the anticipated medical costs to be incurred by the family and regular payments due on medical bills; and (b) extent to which those expenses will be reimbursed by insurance or a government agency.

Written confirmation by the insurance company or employer of health insurance premium to be paid by the family.

Written confirmation from the Social Security Administration of Medicare premium to be paid by the family over the next 12 months. A computer printout will be accepted.

Receipts, canceled check, or pay stubs that verify medical costs and insurance expenses likely to be incurred in the next 12 months.

Copies of payment agreements or most recent invoice that verify payments made on outstanding medical bills that will continue over all or part of the next 12 months.

Receipts or other record of medical expenses incurred during the past 12 months that can be used to anticipate future medical expenses. PHA may use this approach for "general medical expenses" such as non-prescription drugs and regular visits to doctors or dentists, but not for one-time, non-recurring expenses from the previous year.

The PHA will use mileage at the IRS rate, or cab, bus fare, or other public transportation cost for verification of the cost of transportation directly related to medical treatment.

For attendant care:

A reliable, knowledgeable professional's certification that the assistance of an attendant is necessary as a medical expense and a projection of the number of hours the care is needed for calculation purposes.

Attendant's written confirmation of hours of care provided and amount and frequency of payments received from the family or agency (or copies of canceled checks the family used to make those payments) or stubs from the agency providing the services.

Assistance to Persons with Disabilities [24CFR5.611(c)]

In All Cases:

Updated
05/30/02

Written certification from a reliable, knowledgeable professional that the person with disabilities requires the services of an attendant and/or the use of auxiliary apparatus to permit him/her to be employed or to function sufficiently independently to enable another family member to be employed.

Family's certification as to whether they receive reimbursement for any of the expenses of disability assistance and the amount of any reimbursement received.

Attendant Care:

Attendant's written certification of amount received from the family, frequency of receipt, and hours of care provided.

Certification of family and attendant and/or copies of canceled checks family used to make payments.

Auxiliary Apparatus:

Receipts for purchases or proof of monthly payments and maintenance expenses for auxiliary apparatus.

In the case where the person with disabilities is employed, a statement from the employer that the auxiliary apparatus is necessary for employment.

I. VERIFYING NON -FINANCIAL FACTORS [24CFR5.61 7(b)(2)]

Verification of Legal Identity

In order to prevent program abuse, the PHA will require applicants to furnish verification of legal identity for all family members.

Adults: The documents listed below will be considered acceptable verification of legal identity for **adults**. If documents submitted by a family is illegible or otherwise questionable, more than one of these documents may be required.

- *Certificate of Birth, naturalization papers
- *Church issued baptismal certificate
- *Current, valid Driver's license
- *U.S. military discharge (DD214)
- *U.S. passport
- *Voter's registration
- *Company/agency Identification Card
- *Department of Motor Vehicles Identification Card

*Hospital records

Minors: Documents considered acceptable for the verification of legal identity for **minors** may be one or more of the following:

*Certificate of Birth

*Adoption papers

*Custody agreement

*Health and Human Services ID

*School records

Verification of Marital Status

Verification of marriage status is a marriage certificate.

Verification of divorce status is a certified copy of the divorce decree, signed by a Court Officer.

Verification of separation :

1. Preferred verification is a copy of court -ordered maintenance or other legal records.

If this verification is not possible, client must state the reason it is not possible in writing and proceed with the minimum verification required as noted below.

2. Minimum Verification Required:

a) Client must complete a notarized "Affidavit of Section 8 Tenant (Separation)".

b) Only the original signed by the client is acceptable (no faxes).

3. Case by Case Exceptions:

a) Depending on the circumstances involved in each case, additional items may be required to adequately verify the separation. For example:

- Spouse was part of the household while client was receiving section 8 assistance (instead of spouse never having been part of the assisted household);

b) Examples of additional items that may be required include the following:

- Proof of residence of the spouse
- Notarized statements from family/friends, etc.

4. Lease Requirement:

In all cases where the spouse was part of the assisted unit prior to the separation, the client must also provide the PHA with a copy of the new lease or lease addendum showing that the owner has removed the spouse from the lease. The PHA will make third party verbal contact with owner, and document such contact directly on new lease, to verify new lease authorized household members.

Familial Relationships

The following verifications will always be required if applicable:

1. Verification of relationship:
 - (a) Official identifications showing names
 - (b) Birth Certificates
 - (c) Baptismal certificates
2. Verification of guardianship:
 - (a) Court-ordered assignment
 - (b) Affidavit of parent
 - (c) Verification from social services agency
 - (d) School records

Verification of Permanent Absence of Family Member

If an adult member who was formerly a member of the household is reported permanently absent by the family, the PHA will consider any of the following as verification:

Husband or wife institutes divorce action.

Husband or wife institutes legal separation.

Order of protection/restraining order obtained by one family member against another.

Proof of another home address, such as utility bills, canceled checks for rent, driver's license, or lease or rental agreement, if available.

Statements from other agencies such as social services or a written statement from the landlord or manager that the adult family member is no longer living at that location.

If the adult family member is incarcerated, a document from the Court or correctional facility should be obtained stating how long they will be incarcerated.

If no other proof can be provided, the PHA will accept self-certification from the head of household or the spouse or co-head, if the head is the absent member.

Verification of Change in Family Composition

The PHA may verify changes in family composition (either reported or unreported) through letters, telephone calls, utility records, inspections, landlords, neighbors, credit data, school or DMV records, and other sources.

Verification of Disability

Verification of disability must be receipt of SSI or SSA disability payments under Section 223 of the Social Security Act or 102(7) of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 6001(7)).

Verification of Citizenship/Eligible Immigrant Status [24 CFR 5.508, 5.510, 5.512, 5.514]

To be eligible for assistance, individuals must be U.S. citizens or eligible immigrants. Individuals who are neither may elect not to contend their status. Eligible immigrants must fall into one of the categories specified by the regulations and must have their status verified by Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS). Each family member must declare their status once. Assistance cannot be delayed, denied, or terminated while verification of status is pending except that assistance to applicants may be delayed while the PHA hearing is pending.

Citizens or Nationals of the United States are required to sign a declaration.

The PHA will require citizens to provide documentation of citizenship.

Acceptable documentation will include at least one of the following documents:

United States birth certificate

United States passport

Residential alien/registration card

Social Security card

Other appropriated documentation as determined by the PHA

Eligible immigrants who were Participants and 62 or over on June 19, 1995, are required to sign a declaration of eligible immigration status and provide proof of age.

Non-citizens with eligible immigration status must sign a declaration of status and verification consent form and provide their original immigration documents which are copied front and back and returned to the family. The PHA verifies the status through the INSSAVE system. If this primary verification fails to verify status, the PHA must request within ten days that the INS conduct a manual search.

Ineligible family members who do not claim to be citizens or eligible immigrants must be listed on a statement of ineligible family members signed by the head of household or spouse.

Non-citizen students on student visas are ineligible members even though they are in the country lawfully. They must provide their student visa but their status will not be verified and they do not sign a declaration but are listed on the statement of ineligible members.

Failure to Provide . If an applicant or participant family member fails to sign required declarations and consent forms or provide documents, as required, they must be listed as an ineligible member. If the entire family fails to provide and sign as required, the family may be denied or terminated for failure to provide required information.

Time of Verification

For applicants, verification of U.S. citizenship/eligible immigrant status occurs at the same time as verification of other factors of eligibility for final eligibility determination .

The PHA will not provide assistance to any family prior to the affirmative establishment and verification of the eligibility of the individual or at least one member of the family.

Extensions of Time to Provide Documents

The PHA will grant an extension of 30 days for families to submit evidence of eligible immigrant status.

Acceptable Documents of Eligible Immigration

The regulations stipulate that only the following documents are acceptable unless changes are published in the Federal Register.

Resident Alien Card (I -551)

Alien Registration Receipt Card (I -151)

Arrival-Departure Record (I -94)

Temporary Resident Card (I -688)

Employment Authorization Card (I -688B)

Receipt issued by the INS for issuance or replacement of any of the above documents that shows individual's entitlement has been verified

A birth certificate is not acceptable verification of status. All documents in connection with U.S. citizenship/eligible immigrant status must be kept five years.

The PHA will verify the eligibility of a family member at any time such eligibility is in question, without regard to the position of the family on the waiting list.

If the PHA determines that a family member has knowingly permitted another individual who is not eligible for assistance to reside permanently in the family's unit, the family's assistance will be terminated for **24** months, unless the ineligible individual has already been considered in prorating the family's assistance.

Updated
05/30/02

Verification of Social Security Numbers [24CFR5.216]

Social security numbers must be provided as a condition of eligibility for all family members ages six and over if they have been issued a number. Verification of Social Security numbers will be done through a Social Security Card issued by the Social Security Administration. If a family member cannot produce a Social Security Card, only the documents listed below showing his or her Social Security Number may be used for verification. The family is also required to certify in writing that the document(s) submitted in lieu of the Social Security Card information provided is/are complete and accurate:

A driver's license

Identification card issued by a Federal, State or local agency

Identification card issued by a medical insurance company or provider (including Medicare and Medicaid)

An identification card issued by an employer or trade union

An identification card issued by a medical insurance company

Earnings statements or payroll stubs

Bank statements

IRS Form 1099

Benefit award letters from government agencies

Retirement benefit letter

Life insurance policies

Court records such as real estate, tax notices, marriage and divorce, judgment or bankruptcy records

Verification of benefits or Social Security Number from Social Security Administration

New family members ages six and older will be required to produce their Social Security Card or provide the substitute documentation described above together with their certification that the substitute information provided is complete and accurate. This information is to be provided at the time the change in family composition is reported to the PHA.

If an applicant or participant is able to disclose the Social Security Number but cannot meet the documentation requirements, the applicant or participant must sign a certification to that effect provided by the PHA. The applicant/participant or family member will have an additional 60 days to provide proof of the Social Security Number. If they fail to provide this documentation, the family's assistance will be terminated.

In the case of an individual at least 62 years of age, the PHA may grant an extension for an additional

60 days to a total of 120 days. If, at the end of this time, the elderly individual has not provided documentation, the family's assistance will be terminated.

If the family member states they have not been issued a number, the family member will be required to sign a certification to this effect.

Medical Need for Larger Unit

A written certification that a larger unit is medically necessary must be obtained from a licensed medical doctor. The certification must address the specific condition that are required due to the medical need of the individual and the expected duration.

J. VERIFICATION OF WAITING LIST PREFERENCES [24CFR982.207]

Local Preferences

1. Elderly Preference

Head or spouse must be 62 years of age or older to qualify for this preference. The PHA will require proof of age which can be any of the following:

Birth certificate or other legal document.

Drivers License or State ID.

2. Disability Preference

This preference is available for families with a member who has a disability as defined in this Admin Plan.

1. The PHA will require an award letter or other proof of eligibility for Social Security Disability or Supplemental Security Income.
2. The PHA will not inquire as to the nature of the disability except to verify necessity for accessible unit.

3. Working Preference

PHA will verify by 3rd party, either employment or enrollment in training programs sponsored by local or state government agencies or their contractors.

4. Involuntary Displacement

Families who claim they are being or have been displaced due to either a disaster or government action: written verification by the displacing unit or agency of government.

Displacement by HUD disposition of a project: Written verification from HUD.

K. HOMELESS PROGRAM

The PHA will require a letter from the referring homeless shelter where there is an agreement of service with the PHA. The family must be currently living in the homeless shelter at the time of voucher issuance through the time of moving into the Section 8 approved unit with Section 8 assistance.

Chapter 8

VOUCHER ISSUANCE AND BRIEFINGS

[24CFR 982.301, 982.302]

INTRODUCTION

The PHA's goals and objectives are designed to assure that families selected to participate are equipped with the tools necessary to locate an acceptable housing unit. Families are provided sufficient knowledge and information regarding the program and how to achieve maximum benefit while complying with program requirements. When eligibility has been determined, the PHA will conduct a mandatory briefing to ensure that families know how the program works. The briefing will provide a broad description of owner and family responsibilities, PHA procedures, and how to lease a unit. The family will also receive a briefing packet which provides more detailed information about the program including the benefits of moving outside areas of poverty and minority concentration. This Chapter describes how briefings will be conducted, the information that will be provided to families, and the policies for how changes in the family composition will be handled.

A. ISSUANCE OF VOUCHERS [24CFR 982.204(d), 982.54(d)(2)]

When funding is available, the PHA will issue Vouchers to applicants whose eligibility has been determined. The number of Vouchers issued must ensure that the PHA stays as close as possible to 100 percent lease-up. The PHA performs a monthly calculation electronically to determine whether applications can be processed, the number of Vouchers that can be issued, and to what extent the PHA can over-issue (issue more Vouchers than the budget allows) to achieve lease-up.

The PHA may over-issue Vouchers only to the extent necessary to meet leasing goals. All Vouchers which are over-issued must be honored. If the PHA finds it is over-leased, it must adjust future issuance of Vouchers in order not to exceed the ACC budget limitations over the fiscal year.

B. BRIEFING TYPES AND REQUIRED ATTENDANCE [24CFR 982.301]

Initial Applicant Briefing

A full HUD -required briefing will be conducted for applicant families who are determined to be eligible for assistance. The briefings will be conducted in both group and individual meetings . After the family attends the group briefing they will then receive individual assistance from an intake Housing Counselor .

Briefings will be conducted in English.

The purpose of the briefing is to explain how the program works and the documents in the Voucher holder's packet of materials so that they are fully informed about the program. This will enable them to utilize the program to their advantage, and it will prepare them to discuss it with potential owners and property managers.

The PHA will not issue a Voucher to a family unless the household representative has attended an Orientation and signed the Voucher. A maximum of 2 Orientations are scheduled per family. Applicants who fail to attend the first Orientation will automatically be scheduled for the next available briefing. Applicants who fail to attend these second and final scheduled Orientation, without prior notification and approval of the PHA, may be denied admission based on failure to supply information needed for certification. The PHA will conduct individual Orientations for frail elderly families or families with disabilities at their home or via mail, upon request by the family, if required for reasonable accommodation.

Waiver to Orientation Interview

On a case -by-case basis, a disabled or elderly family may be exempt from coming to the mandatory face-to-face orientation meeting. The following guidelines apply when the PHA makes the determination to waive this requirement:

1. There is no other able -bodied adult household member.
2. There is a written request from the HOH for the waiver with the specific reason they are unable to attend the face -to-face meeting.
3. There is a third party verification (written or verbal) from the physician/medical professional to support the waiver. SSI/SS is not sufficient verification for the waiver.
4. Elderly waivers may be granted for people 70 years and older without the need for medical verification. They must still request the waiver in writing and not have an other able -bodied adult in the household.
5. If the waiver is granted, the case is assigned to an intake counselor. The counselor then arranges the method of conducting the orientation with the family. Depending on the nature of the disability or circumstances, the orientation can be done via mail, via phone, via home visit, etc.
6. If the waiver is denied, the family will be notified in writing with the reason and be scheduled for the face -to-face orientation.

Briefing Packet [24CFR982.301(b)]

The documents and information provided in the briefing packet for the Voucher program will comply with all HUD requirements.

The briefing packet will be given to all applicant families during the Orientation process. Participants who indicate an intent to move at, or before, their annual recertification, will also receive the briefing packet at the time of signing the voucher.

The briefing packet consists of the following information and materials:

The term of the voucher, and the PHA policy for requesting extensions.

A description of the method used to calculate the housing assistance payment for a family, including how the PHA determines the payment standard for a family; how the PHA determines total tenant payment for a family and information on the payment standard and utility allowance schedule. How the PHA determines the maximum allowable rent for an assisted unit.

Where the family may lease a unit.

The HUD required tenancy addendum, which must be included in the lease.

The Request for Approval of Tenancy (RFAT) form, and a description of the procedure for requesting approval for a unit.

A statement of the PHA policy on providing information about families to prospective owners.

The PHA Subsidy Standards including when and how exceptions are made and how the voucher size relates to the unit size selected.

The HUD brochure on how to select a unit.

The HUD brochure on lead-based paint.

Information on federal, State and local equal opportunity laws and a copy of the housing discrimination complaint form. The PHA will also include the pamphlet "Fair Housing: It's Your Right" and other information about fair housing laws and guidelines, such as the "take one, take all" law and the phone numbers of the local fair housing agency and the HUD enforcement office.

A list of properties or property management organizations that own or operate housing units outside areas of poverty or minority concentration. (required for PHAs in MSAs)

A list of landlords or other parties willing to lease to assisted families or help in the search and/or known units available for the voucher issued. The list includes landlords or other parties who are willing to lease units or help families find units outside areas of poverty or minority concentration.

If the family includes a person with disabilities, notice that the PHA will provide assistance in locating accessible units and a list of available accessible units known to the PHA.

The Family Obligations under the program.

Landlord responsibilities.

The grounds on which the PHA may deny or terminate assistance for a participant family because of family action or failure to act.

PHA informal review and informal hearing procedures including when the PHA is required to offer a applicant or participant family the opportunity for an informal review or informal hearing, and how to request the review/hearing.

Information packet including an explanation of how portability works, including a list of neighboring housing agencies with the name, address and telephone number of a portability contact person at each for use by families whom move under portability.

A map showing areas representing various income levels of the jurisdiction and surrounding areas for the purpose of expanding housing opportunities for families.

Requirements for reporting changes between annual recertifications.

Fraud

Information on security deposit.

Housing Quality Standards Inspections.

The Family Self-Sufficiency program.

If the family includes a person with disabilities, the PHA will ensure compliance with CFR 8.6 to ensure effective communication.

Signature Briefing

All new owners may be required to attend a signature briefing with the family head at the office to execute contracts and leases. Other owners will be encouraged to attend signature briefings to reduce future conflict between the owner and tenant. The PHA will provide details on the program rules and relationships and responsibilities of all parties.

C. ENCOURAGING PARTICIPATION IN AREAS WITHOUT LOW INCOME OR MINORITY CONCENTRATION

At the briefing, families are encouraged to search for housing in non-impacted areas and the PHA will provide assistance to families who wish to do so.

The PHA has areas of poverty and minority concentration clearly delineated in order to provide families with information and encouragement in seeking housing opportunities outside highly concentrated areas.

The PHA will investigate and analyze when Voucher holders are experiencing difficulties locating or obtaining housing units outside areas of concentration.

The assistance provided to such families includes:

- *Providing families with a search record form to gather and record info.
- *Counseling with the family.
- *Providing information about services in various non-impacted areas.

D. ASSISTANCE TO FAMILIES WHO CLAIM DISCRIMINATION

The PHA will give participants a copy of HUD form 903 to file a complaint.

E. SECURITY DEPOSIT REQUIREMENTS [24CFR982.313]

The owner is not required to but may collect a security deposit from the tenant.

Security deposits charged to families may be any amount the owner wishes to charge, subject to the following conditions:

Security deposits charged by owners **may not exceed those charged to unassisted tenants** (nor the maximum prescribed by State or local law.)

For lease-in-place families, who wish to remain in the unit they lived before Section 8 assistance, the responsibility for first and last month's rent is not considered a security deposit issue. In these cases, the owners should settle the issue with the tenant prior to the beginning of assistance.

F. TERM OF VOUCHER [24CFR982.303, 982.54(d)(11)]

During the Orientation session, each household will be issued a Voucher which represents a contractual agreement between the PHA and the Family specifying the rights and responsibilities of each party. It does not constitute admission to the program which occurs when the lease and contract become effective.

Expirations

The Voucher is valid for a period of at least sixty calendar days from the date of issuance. The family must submit a Request for Approval of the Tenancy and proposed Lease within the sixty-day period unless a written extension has been granted by the PHA authorized staff.

If the Voucher has expired, and has not been extended by the PHA or expires after an extension, the family will be denied assistance. The family will be offered a review or hearing in accordance with "Complaints and Appeals" chapter 19. If the family is currently assisted and the voucher expires, they may remain as a participant in their unit if there is an assisted lease/contract in effect and the owner permits (see page 108 regarding renewing in place when the voucher has not expired).

“Submitted RFAT” is defined as the PHA date and timestamp on the RFAT. The postmark date may only be used in cases where the RFAT is submitted after the voucher expiration date. If the postmark date is within the voucher term, the RFAT will be accepted.

The expiration date of the voucher is a calendar day and no exceptions are made to accommodate weekends or holidays. The family must plan and submit the RFAT prior to the voucher expiration date accordingly.

Suspensions

When a Request for Approval of Tenancy is received, the PHA will not deduct the number of days required to process the request from the 60 day term of the voucher.

Extensions

Extensions are permissible at the discretion of the PHA up to a maximum of an additional 60 days primarily for these reasons:

Extenuating circumstances such as hospitalization or a family emergency for an extended period of time which has affected the family's ability to find a unit within the initial sixty-day period. Verification is required.

The PHA is satisfied that the family has made a reasonable effort to locate a unit, including seeking the assistance of the PHA, throughout the initial sixty-day period. A completed search record is required.

The family was prevented from finding a unit due to disability accessibility requirements or large size 4+ bedroom unit requirement. The Search Record is part of the required verification.

The PHA extends in one or more increments. Unless approved by the Manager or Team Leader, no more than 2 extensions of 30 days or less will be granted and never for a total of more than an additional sixty days.

Change in Voucher Size Effect on Voucher Term

When a family who has already been issued a voucher, has a change to the voucher size during the term of the voucher, the PHA will cancel the existing voucher and issue a new 60 day second voucher once with the new bedroom size. If the voucher size changes again in midstream, the second voucher will be updated to reflect the new bedroom size without issuing a new voucher.

Issuing the Voucher

All vouchers and extensions are issued in person with the head of household at the PHA office. The client must receive a copy of the voucher and any extensions at this time.

Assistance to Voucher Holders

Families who require additional assistance during their search may call the PHA Officer to request assistance. Voucher holders will be notified at their Orientation session that the PHA periodically updates the listing of available units and how the updated list may be obtained.

The PHA will assist families with negotiations with owners and provide other assistance related to the families' search for housing.

G. VOUCHER ISSUANCE DETERMINATION FOR SPLITHOUSEHOLDS 24 CFR 982.315]

In those instances when a family assisted under the Section 8 program becomes divided into two otherwise eligible families due to divorce, legal separation, or the division of the family, and the new families cannot agree as to which new family unit should continue to receive the assistance, and there is no determination by a court, the Team Leaders shall consider the following factors to determine which of the families will continue to be assisted:

Which of the two new family units has custody of dependent children.

The composition of the new family units, and which unit contains elderly or disabled members.

Whether domestic violence was involved in the breakup.

Which family members remain in the unit.

Recommendations of social service professionals.

Documentation of these factors will be the responsibility of the requesting parties.

If documentation is not provided, the PHA will terminate assistance on the basis of failure to provide information necessary for recertification.

H. REMAINING MEMBER OF TENANT FAMILY - RETENTION OF VOUCHER [24 CFR 982.315]

To be considered the remaining member of the tenant family, the person must have been previously approved by the PHA to be living in the unit.

A live-in attendant, by definition, is not a member of the family and will not be considered a remaining member of the Family.

In order for a minor child to continue to receive assistance as a remaining family member:

The court has to have awarded emancipated minor status to the minor, or

The PHA has to have verified that social services and/or the Juvenile Court has arranged for another adult to be brought into the assisted unit to care for the children for an indefinite period.

A reduction in family size may require a reduction in the voucher family unit size.

Chapter9

REQUESTFORAPPROVALOFTENANCYANDCONTRACTEXECUTION

[24CFR982.302]

INTRODUCTION [24CFR982.305(a)]

The PHA's program operations are designed to utilize available resources in a manner that is efficient and provides eligible families timely assistance based on the number of units that have been budgeted. The PHA's objectives include maximizing HUD funds by providing assistance to as many eligible families and for as many eligible units as the budget will allow.

After families are issued a voucher, they may search for a unit anywhere within the jurisdiction of the PHA, or outside of the PHA's jurisdiction if they qualify for portability. The family must find an eligible unit under the program rules, with an owner/landlord who is willing to enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract with the PHA. This Chapter defines the types of eligible housing, the PHA's policies which pertain to initial inspections, lease requirements, owner disapproval, and the processing of Requests For Approval of Tenancy (RFAT).

A. REQUESTFORAPPROVALOFTENANCY [24CFR982.302, 982.305(b)]

The Request for Approval of Tenancy (RFAT) and a copy of the proposed Lease, including the HUD prescribed tenancy addendum, must be submitted by the family during the term of the voucher. The family must submit the Request for Approval of Tenancy in the form and manner required by the PHA.

The Request for Approval of Tenancy must be signed by both the owner and Voucher holder.

The PHA will review the proposed lease and the Request for Approval of Tenancy documents to determine whether or not they are approvable. The Request will be approved if:

The unit is an eligible type of housing

The unit meets HUD's Housing Quality Standards (and any additional criteria as identified in this Administrative Plan)

The rent is reasonable

The Security Deposit is approvable in accordance with any limitations in this plan.

The proposed lease complies with HUD and PHA requirements (See "Lease Review" section below).

The owner is approvable, and there are no conflicts of interest (See "Owner Disapproval" section below). In addition to the above, at the time a family initially receives assistance (new admissions and moves), if the gross rent for the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the family share of rent may not exceed 40 percent of the family monthly adjusted income (See "Owner Rents, Rent Reasonableness and Payment Standards" chapter of this Administrative Plan).

Disapproval of RFAT

If the PHA determines that the Request cannot be approved for any reason, the landlord and the family will be notified in writing. The PHA will instruct the owner and family of the steps that are necessary to approve the Request.

The owner will be given 7 calendar days to submit an approvable RFAT from the date of disapproval.

When, for any reason, an RFAT is not approved, the PHA will furnish another RFAT form to the family along with the notice of disapproval so that the family can continue to search for eligible housing, as long as the voucher has not already expired.

B. ELIGIBLE TYPES OF HOUSING [24CFR982.353]

The PHA will approve any of the following types of housing in the Voucher program:

All structure types can be utilized.

Manufactured homes where the tenant leases the mobile home and the pad.

A family can own a rental unit but cannot reside in it while being assisted.

The PHA may not permit a Voucher holder to lease a unit which is receiving Project-Based Section 8 assistance or any duplicative rental subsidies.

C. LEASEREVIEW [24CFR982.308]

The PHA will review and approve the lease, particularly noting the optional charges and compliance with regulations and State and local law. The tenant also must have legal capacity to enter a lease under State and local law. Responsibility for utilities, appliances and optional services must correspond to those provided on the Request For Approval of Tenancy.

The family and owner must submit a standard form lease used in the locality by the owner and that is generally used for other unassisted tenants in the premises. The terms and conditions of the lease must be consistent with State and local law. The lease must specify: the names of the owner and tenant, and; the address of the unit rented (including apartment number, if any), and; the amount of the monthly rent to owner, and; the utilities and appliances to be supplied by the owner, and; the utilities and appliances to be supplied by the family.

The HUD prescribed tenancy addendum must be included in the lease word-for-word before the lease is executed.

Effective September 15, 2000, the owner's lease must include the Lead Warning Statement and disclosure information required by 24CFR35.92(b).

House Rules of the owner may be attached to the lease as an addendum, provided they are approved by the PHA to ensure they do not violate any fair housing provisions and do not conflict with the tenancy addendum.

Actions Before Lease Term

All of the following must always be completed before the beginning of the initial term of the lease for a unit:

The PHA has determined that the rent charged by the owner is reasonable;

The PHA has inspected the unit and has determined that the unit satisfies the HQS;

The PHA has approved leasing of the unit in accordance with program requirements;

The landlord and the tenant have executed the lease, including the HUD-prescribed tenancy addendum;

When the gross rent exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the PHA must determine that the family share (total family contribution) will not be more than 40% of the family's monthly adjusted income.

D. SEPARATE AGREEMENTS

Separate agreements are not necessarily illegal side agreements. Families and owners will be advised of the prohibition of illegal side payments for additional rent, or for items normally included in the rent of unassisted families, or for items not shown on the approved lease.

The family is not liable under the lease for unpaid charges for items covered by separate agreements

and nonpayment of these agreements cannot be cause for eviction.

Owners and families may execute separate agreements for services, appliances (other than range and refrigerator) and other items that are not included in the lease if the agreement is in writing and approved by the PHA.

Any appliances, services or other items which are routinely provided to unassisted families as part of the lease (such as air conditioning, dishwasher or garage) or are permanently installed in the unit, cannot be put under separate agreement and must be included in the lease. For the rent to be separate agreement, the family must have the option of not utilizing the service, appliance or other item.

If the family and owner have come to a written agreement on the amount of allowable charges for a specific item, so long as those charges are reasonable and not a substitute for higher rent, they will be allowed.

All agreements for special items or services must be attached to the lease approved by the PHA. If agreements are entered into at a later date, they must be approved by the PHA and attached to the lease.

E. INITIAL INSPECTIONS [24CFR982.305(a)&(b)]

See "Housing Quality Standards and Inspections" chapter of this Administrative Plan.

F. RENT LIMITATIONS [24CFR982.507]

The PHA will make a determination as to the reasonableness of the proposed rent in relation to comparable units available for lease on the private unassisted market, and the rent charged by the owner for a comparable unassisted unit in the building or premises.

By accepting each monthly housing assistance payment from the PHA, the owner certifies that the rent to owner is not more than rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner is required to provide the PHA with information requested on rents charged by the owner on the premises or elsewhere.

At all times during the tenancy, the rent to owner may not be more than the most current reasonable rent as determined by the PHA.

G. DISAPPROVAL OF PROPOSED RENT [24CFR982.502]

In any of the programs, if the proposed Gross Rent is not reasonable, at the family's request, the PHA will negotiate with the owner to reduce the rent to a reasonable rent, or include some or all of the utilities in the rent to owner.

If the rent can be approved after negotiations with the owner, the PHA will continue processing the Request for Approval of Tenancy and Lease. If the revised rent involves a change in the provision of utilities, a new Request for Approval of Tenancy must be submitted by the owner.

If the owner does not agree on the Rent to Owner after the PHA has tried and failed to negotiate a revised rent, the PHA will inform the family and owner that the lease is disapproved. (See

“Disapproval of RFAT” section of this Chapter).

H. INFORMATION TO OWNERS [24CFR982.307(b),982.54(d)(7)]

In accordance with HUD requirements, the PHA will furnish prospective owners, upon their request, the family's current address as shown in the PHA's records and, if known to the PHA, the name and address of the landlord at the family's current and prior address.

The PHA will make an exception to this requirement if the family's whereabouts must be protected due to domestic abuse or witness protection.

The PHA will inform owner that it is the responsibility of the landlord to determine the suitability of prospective tenants. Owners will be encouraged to screen applicants for rent payment history, payment of utility bills, eviction history, respecting the rights of other residents, damage to units, drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety or property of others, and compliance with the essential conditions of tenancy.

A statement of the PHA's policy on release of information to prospective landlords will be included in the briefing packet which is provided to the family.

The PHA will provide the following information, based on documentation in its possession:

- *Eviction history
- *Damage to rental units
- *Drug Trafficking by family members

The information will be provided for the last 5 years.

The information will be provided orally.

Only the Housing Counselor or above may provide this information. The PHA's policy on providing information to owners is included in the briefing packet and will apply uniformly to all families and owners.

The PHA will not provide any information which violates the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC Section 552a).

I. OWNER DISAPPROVAL [24CFR982.306]

See Chapter on “Owner Disapproval and Restriction.”

J. CHANGE IN TOTAL TENANT PAYMENT (TTP) PRIOR TO HAP EFFECTIVE DATE

When the family reports changes in factors that will affect the Total Family Share prior to the effective date of the HAP contract at admission, the information will be verified and the Total Family Share will be recalculated. This may affect eligibility, affordability and voucher size. If the

family does not report any change, the PHA need not obtain new verifications before signing the HAP Contract, even if verifications are more than 60 days old.

K. CONTRACT EXECUTION PROCESS [24CFR982.305(c)]

The PHA prepares the Housing Assistance Contract for execution. The family and the owner will execute the Lease agreement, and the owner and the PHA will execute the HAP Contract. Copies of the documents will be furnished to the parties who signed the respective documents. The PHA will retain a copy of all signed documents.

The PHA makes every effort to execute the HAP Contract before the commencement of the lease term. The HAP Contract may not be executed more than 60 days after commencement of the lease term and no payments will be made until the contract is executed.

The following PHA representative(s) are authorized to execute a contract on behalf of the PHA:

Team Leader or designated Senior Housing Counselor

General Manager

Operations Manager

Director

Owners must provide the current address of their residence (not a Post Office box). If families lease properties owned by relatives, the owner's current address will be compared to the subsidized unit's address.

Owners must provide an Employer Identification Number or Social Security Number.

If ownership cannot be verified by the Property Appraisers Data Base, the Owners must submit legal proof of ownership of the rental property, such as a recorded Warranty Deed and a copy of the Management Agreement if the property is managed by a management agent.

The owner must provide a home telephone number and business number if applicable.

A family may not lease properties owned by a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any family member, or in-law relationship. The PHA will waive this restriction as a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with a disability.

L. CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP

See "Owner Disapproval and Restriction" chapter

Chapter 10

HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS AND INSPECTIONS

[24CFR982.401]

INTRODUCTION

Housing Quality Standards (HQS) are the HUD minimum quality standards for tenant-based programs. HQS standards are required both at initial occupancy and during the term of the lease. HQS standards apply to the building and premises, as well as the unit. Newly leased units must pass the HQS inspection before the beginning date of the assisted lease and HAP contract.

The PHA will inspect each unit under contract at least annually. The PHA will also have an inspection supervisor perform quality control inspections on the number of files required for file sampling by SEMA annually to maintain the PHA's required standards and to assure consistency in the PHA's program. This Chapter describes the PHA's procedures for performing HQS and other types of inspections, and PHA standards for the timeliness of repairs. It also explains the

responsibilities of the owner and family, and the consequences of non-compliance with HQS requirements for both families and owners. The use of the term "HQ S" in this Administrative Plan refers to the combination of both HUD and PHA requirements. (See the additions to HQS listed under "Acceptability Criteria and Exceptions to HQS" later in this chapter.)

A. GUIDELINES/TYPES OF INSPECTIONS [24CFR982.401(a), 982.405]

The PHA has adopted local requirements of acceptability in addition to those mandated by the HUD Regulations.

All units must meet the minimum standards set forth in the Hillsborough County Building Code. In cases of inconsistency between the Code and these HQS, the stricter of the two shall prevail.

The PHA will be HQS compliance, where applicable, for any Special Housing Types. (See Chapter on Special Housing Types.)

Efforts will be made at all times to encourage owners to provide housing above HQS minimum standards. The PHA will not promote any additional acceptability criteria which is likely to adversely affect the health or safety of participant families, or severely restrict housing choice.

- All utilities must be in service prior to the effective date of the HAP contract. If the utilities are not in service at the time of inspection, the Inspector will notify the tenant or owner (whomever is responsible for the utilities according to the RFAT) to have the utilities turned on. The tenant will notify the PHA via telephone that the utilities are on and there are no problems noted.
- If the tenant is responsible for supplying the stove and/or the refrigerator, the PHA will allow the stove and refrigerator to be placed in the unit after the unit has passed all other HQS. The family must then certify that the appliances are in the unit and working. The PHA will not conduct a reinspection.

There are four types of inspections the PHA will perform:

1. Initial/Move-in: Conducted upon receipt of Request for Approval of Tenancy.
2. Annual: Must be conducted within twelve months of the last annual inspection.
3. Special/Complaint: At request of owner, family or an agency or third party.
4. Quality Control: Initiated by PHA to ensure quality of inspectional process.

B. INITIAL HQS INSPECTION [24CFR982.401(a), 982.305(b)(2)]

The PHA will inspect the unit, determine whether the unit satisfies the HQS and notify the family and owner of the determination within 15 days unless the PHA determines that it is unable to do so in the stated timeframe, in which case the file will be appropriately documented.

The PHA will make every reasonable effort to conduct initial HQS inspections for the family and owner in a manner that is time efficient and indicative of good customer service.

The PHA will periodically review the average time required for a family and owner to have a unit inspected from the time the RFAT is submitted by the family and owner to the PHA.

The Initial Inspection will be conducted to:

Determine if the unit and property meet the HQS defined in this Plan.

Document the information to be used for determination of rent -reasonableness.

If the unit fails the initial Housing Quality Standards inspection, the family or owner will be advised to notify the PHA once repairs are completed.

On an initial inspection, the owner will be given up to 30 days to correct the items noted as Fail, at the Inspector's discretion, depending on the amount and complexity of work to be done.

The owner will be allowed up to 2 re-inspections for repair work to be completed.

If the time period given by the Inspector to correct the repairs has elapsed, or the maximum number of failed re-inspections has occurred, the family must select another unit.

C. ANNUAL HQS INSPECTIONS [24CFR982.405 (a)]

The PHA conducts an inspection in accordance with Housing Quality Standards annually, as required by SEMAP. Special inspections may be scheduled between anniversary dates.

HQS deficiencies which cause a unit to fail must be corrected by the landlord unless it is a fail for which the tenant is responsible.

The family must allow the PHA to inspect the unit at reasonable times with reasonable notice. [24 CFR 982.551(d)]

Inspections will be conducted on business days only.

Reasonable hours to conduct an inspection are between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m.

The PHA will notify the family in writing or by phone at least 3 days prior to the inspection .

Inspection: The family and owner are notified of the date and time of the inspection appointment by mail or phone. If the family or adult representative is unable to be present, they must reschedule the appointment so that the inspection is completed within 7 days.

If the family does not contact the PHA to reschedule the inspection, or if the family misses 2 inspection appointments, the PHA will consider the family to have violated a Family Obligation and their assistance will be terminated in accordance with the termination procedures in the Plan. The family will be allowed to miss 2 appointments without violating a family obligation.

Time Standards for Repairs

Emergency items which endanger the family's health or safety must be corrected by the owner or tenant (whoever is responsible) within 24 hours of notification. (See "Emergency Repair Items" section of this Chapter) .

For non-emergency items, repairs must be made and re-inspected within 30 days.

For major repairs, the Team Leader or General Manager may approve a written extension beyond 30 days.

Rent Increases

Rent to owner increases may not be approved if the unit is in a failed condition.

D. MOVEOUT/VACATE

A moveout inspection by the PHA will not be performed.

E. SPECIAL/COMPLAINT INSPECTIONS [24CFR982.405(c)]

If at any time the family or owner notifies the PHA that the unit does not meet Housing Quality Standards, the PHA will conduct an inspection.

The PHA may also conduct a special inspection based on information from third parties such as neighbors or public officials.

The PHA will inspect only the items which were reported, but if the Inspector notices additional deficiencies that would cause the unit to fail HQS, the responsible party will be required to make the necessary repairs.

F. QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTIONS [24CFR982.405(b)]

Quality Control inspections will be performed by the Supervisor on the number of files required by SEMAP. The purpose of Quality Control inspections is to ascertain that each inspector is conducting accurate and complete inspections, and to ensure that there is consistency among inspectors in application of the HQS.

The sampling of files will include recently completed inspections (within the prior 3 months), a cross-section of neighborhoods, and a cross-section of inspectors.

G. ACCEPTABILITY CRITERIA AND EXCEPTIONS TO HQS [24CFR982.401(a)]

The PHA adheres to the HQS acceptability criteria in the program regulations.

H. EMERGENCY REPAIR ITEMS [24CFR982.404(a)]

The following items are considered of an emergency nature and must be corrected by the owner or tenant (whoever is responsible) within 24 hours of notice by the Inspector:

Lack of security for the unit

Waterlogged ceiling in imminent danger of falling

Major plumbing leaks or flooding

Natural gas leak or fumes

Electrical problem which could result in shock or fire

Utilities not in service

Broken glass where someone could be injured

Obstacle which prevents tenant's entrance or exit

Lack of functioning toilet

In those cases where there is leaking gas or potential of fire or other threat to public safety, and the responsible party cannot be notified or it is impossible to make the repair, proper authorities will be notified by the PHA.

If the emergency repair item(s) are not corrected in the time period required by the PHA, and the owner is responsible, the housing assistance payment will be abated and the HAP contract will be terminated.

If the emergency repair item(s) are not corrected in the time period required by the PHA, and it is an HQS breach which is a family obligation, the PHA will terminate the assistance to the family.

Smoke Detectors

If the smoke detector is not operating properly the PHA will contact the owner by phone and request the owner to repair the smoke detector within 24 hours. The PHA will reinspect the unit.

If the PHA determines that the family has purposely disconnected the smoke detector (by removing batteries or other means), the family will be required to repair the smoke detector within 24 hours and the PHA will reinspect the unit.

The PHA will issue a written warning to any family determined to have purposely disconnected the unit's smoke detector. Warning will state that deliberate disconnection of the unit's smoke detector is a health and fire hazard and is considered a violation of the HQS.

I. CONSEQUENCES IF OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE (NON -EMERGENCY ITEMS)
 [24CFR 982.405, 982.453]

When it has been determined that a unit on the program fails to meet Housing Quality Standards, and the owner is responsible for completing the necessary repair(s) in the time period specified by the PHA, the assistance payment to the owner will be abated.

Abatement

1. When owner is responsible for failed items:

When a unit initially fails inspection, a Notice of Potential Abatement will be sent to the owner along with a copy of the failed items. The owner will be given up to 30 days (“Potential Abatement period”) to make the necessary repairs and have the unit reinspected.

If the unit passes inspection within 30 days from the failed inspection, payments will proceed without abatement.

If the unit does not pass inspection within 30 days of the failed inspection, a Notice of Abatement will be sent to the owner and the rent is abated for the next full month’s rent.

If the repairs and reinspection are done between days 31 and 60 from the failed inspection, the abatement may be prorated from the date the unit passes. No payments will be made for the total number of days the unit had not passed inspection beginning with the date it first failed and ending with the date it passes.

If the unit does not pass for 60 consecutive days from the failed inspection, the client will be issued a voucher to move and the contract will be terminated.

The PHA will make every effort to inspect abated units promptly upon the owner’s notification that the work has been completed.

The tenant is only responsible for their portion of the rent and is not responsible for the PHA’s portion of rent that is abated, as long as there is a valid lease and contract in effect.

2. When client is responsible for failed items:

The owner’s rent will not be abated for items which are the family’s responsibility. (See Section on Consequences if Family is Responsible.)

Termination of Contract

If the owner is responsible for repairs, and fails to correct all the deficiencies cited prior to the end of the abatement period, the owner will be sent a HAPCO Contract Proposed Termination Notice. Prior to the effective date of the termination, the abatement will remain in effect.

The client will be issued a voucher and RFAT to move in order to remain on the Section 8 program.

If repairs are completed before the effective termination date, the termination may be rescinded by the PHA if the tenant chooses to remain in the unit. Only one Housing Quality Standards inspection will be conducted after the termination notice is issued.

J. DETERMINATION OF RESPONSIBILITY [24CFR982.404,982.54(d)(14)]

Certain HQS deficiencies are considered the responsibility of the family:

Tenant-paid utilities not in service 24 hours

Failure to provide or maintain family -supplied appliances

Damages to the unit or premises caused by a household member or guest beyond normal wear and tear. "Normal wear and tear" is defined as items which could not be charged against the tenant's security deposit under state law or court practice.

The owner is responsible for all other HQS violations.

The inspector's supervisor will determine if an HQS breach as identified in 24CFR982.404(b) is the responsibility of the family. Families may be given extensions to cure HQS breaches by Team Leader or Manager.

The owner is responsible for vermin infestation even if caused by the family's living habits. However, if such infestation is serious and repeated, it may be considered a lease violation and the owner may evict for serious or repeated violation of the lease. The PHA may terminate the family's assistance on that basis.

K. CONSEQUENCES IF FAMILY IS RESPONSIBLE [24CFR982.404(b)]

If emergency or non-emergency violations of HQS are determined to be the responsibility of the family, the PHA will require the family make any repair(s) or corrections within 24 hours for emergency and 30 days for non-emergency items. If the repair(s) or correction(s) are not made within a maximum of 60 days time period from the date of the failed inspection, the PHA will terminate assistance to the family, after providing an opportunity for an informal hearing. Extensions in these cases must be approved by General Manager or above. The owner's rent will not be abated for items which are the family's responsibility.

If the tenant is responsible and corrections are not made, the HAP Contract will terminate when assistance is terminated.

Chapter 11
OWNER RENTS, RENT REASONABLENESS, AND PAYMENT STANDARDS

INTRODUCTION

The policies in this chapter reflect the amendments to the HUD regulations, which were implemented by the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 for the Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance Program. These amendments became effective on October 1, 1999, which is referred to as the "merger date". These amendments complete the merging of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Programs into one program, called the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

In accordance with the regulations, for those Section 8 participant families where there is a HAP Contract in effect entered into prior to October 1, 1999, the PHA will continue to uphold the rent calculation methods of the premerger Regular Certificate, and Voucher tenancies until the 2nd regular reexamination of family income and composition following the "merger date". However, all new leases, moves and new admissions taking effect on or after October 1, 1999 will be subject to the regulations of the new Housing Choice Voucher Program.

The PHA will determine rent reasonableness in accordance with 24CFR982.507(a). It is the PHA's responsibility to ensure that the rents charged by owners are reasonable based upon unassisted comparables in the rental market, using the criteria specified in 24CFR982.507(b).

This Chapter explains the PHA's procedures for determination of rent reasonableness, payment to owners, adjustments to the Payment Standards, and rent adjustments.

A. RENT TO OWNER IN THE HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGRAM

The Rent to Owner is limited only by rent reasonableness. The PHA must demonstrate that the Rent to Owner is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units.

The only other limitation on rent to owner is the maximum rent standard at initial occupancy (24CFR982.508). At the time a family initially receives tenant-based assistance for occupancy of a dwelling unit, whether it is a new admission or a move to a different unit, if the gross rent for the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the family share may not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income.

1. During the initial term of the lease, the owner may not raise the rent to owner.

2. Rent increases to owner after the initial term of the Lease:

Owners must request the rent increase in writing on the form provided by the PHA. Any increase will be effective the later of (1) the anniversary date of the Contract, or (2) at least 60 days after the owner's request is received.

The approval or disapproval decision regarding the adjustment will be based on HUD-required calculations and a rent reasonableness determination. The adjustment may be an increase or a decrease.

The notice of rent change does not affect the automatic renewal of the lease and does not require a new lease or contract or even an executed amendment.

B. MAKING PAYMENTS TO OWNERS [24CFR982.451]

Once the HAP Contract is executed, the PHA begins processing payments to the landlord. A HAP Register will be used as a basis for monitoring the accuracy and timeliness of payments. Changes are made automatically to the HAP Register for the following month. Checks are disbursed by Hillsborough County Clerk of Circuit Court to the owner each month. Checks may not be picked up by owner at the PHA. Checks will only be disbursed on the first day of the month. Exceptions may be made with the approval of Manager in cases of hardship.

Checks cannot be electronically deposited into payee's financial institution account.

Checks that are lost will not be replaced until a written request has been received from the payee and a stop payment has been put on the check.

Excess Payments

The total of rent paid by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner may not be more than the rent to owner. The owner must immediately return any excess payment to the PHA.

Owners who do not return excess payments will be subject to penalties as outlined in the "Owner or Family Debt to the PHA" chapter of this Administrative Plan.

Late Payments to Owners

The PHA will pay a \$25 late fee to the owner for housing assistance payments that are not received by the owner by the 10th day of the month, if requested by the owner. If payment is on hold as documented in the file or the computer system, no late fees will be paid if it is the fault of the landlord or client.

Proof of "Mailing" date will be the:

Date checks mailed by Clerk of Circuit Court Accounting

Proof of "Received by Owner" will be:

5 calendar days after date of mailing by Clerk of Circuit Court Accounting

The PHA will not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if HUD determines that late payment is due to factors beyond the PHA's control, such as a delay in the receipt of program funds from HUD. The PHA will use administrative fee income or the administrative fee reserve as its only source for late payment penalty.

The PHA will not use any program funds for the payment of late fee penalties to the owner.

C. RENT REASONABLENESS DETERMINATIONS [24CFR982.507]

The PHA will determine and document on a case-by-case basis that the approved rent is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units in the market. This applies to all programs.

The PHA will not approve a lease until the PHA determines that the initial rent to owner is a reasonable rent. The PHA must determine the reasonable rent before any increase in the rent to owner, and if there is a five percent decrease in the published FMR in effect 60 days before the contract anniversary (for the units sized by the family) as compared with the FMR in effect one year before the contract anniversary.

The PHA must determine rent reasonableness if directed by HUD and based on a need identified by the PHA's auditing system. The PHA may elect to determine rent reasonableness at any other time. At all times during the assisted tenancy, the rent to owner may not exceed the reasonable rent as most recently determined or determined by the PHA.

The owner will be advised that by accepting each monthly housing assistance payment, he will be certifying that the rent to owner is not more than rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

If requested, the owner must give the PHA information on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere. The PHA will only request information on the owner's units elsewhere if the PHA has a cause to demonstrate that the owner has a tendency to charge higher rents to program participants or if needed for rent reasonableness comparables.

The data for other unassisted units will be gathered from newspapers, Realtors, professional associations, inquiries of owners, market surveys, and other available sources.

The market areas for rent reasonableness are zip codes or neighborhoods within the PHA's jurisdiction. Subject units within a defined housing market area will be compared to similar units within the same area.

The following items will be used for rent reasonableness documentation:

- Size (number of Bedrooms/square footage)
- Location
- Quality
- Amenities (bathrooms, dishwasher, air conditioning, etc.)
- Housing Services
- Age of unit
- Unit Type
- Maintenance
- Utilities

Rent Reasonableness Methodology

The PHA utilizes a rent reasonableness system, which includes and defines the HUD factors listed above. The system has a total point count which is divided into rating categories.

D. PAYMENT STANDARDS FOR THE VOUCHER PROGRAM [24CFR982.503]

The Payment Standard is used to calculate the housing assistance payment for a family. In accordance with HUD regulation and at the PHA's discretion, the Voucher Payment Standard amount is set by the PHA between 90 percent and 110 percent of the HUD published FMR. This is considered the basic range. The PHA reviews the appropriateness of the Payment Standard annually when the FMR is published. In determining whether a change is needed, the PHA will ensure that the Payment Standard is always within the range of 90 percent to 110 percent of the new FMR, unless an exception payment standard has been approved by HUD.

The PHA will establish a single voucher payment standard amount for each FMR area in the PHA jurisdiction. For each FMR area, the PHA will establish payment standard amounts for each "unit size". The PHA may have a higher payment standard within the PHA's jurisdiction if needed to expand housing opportunities outside areas of minority or poverty concentration, as long as the payment standard is within the 90 - 110% of FMR range.

The PHA may approve a higher payment standard within the basic range, if required as a reasonable accommodation for a family that includes a person with disabilities.

E. ADJUSTMENT TO PAYMENT STANDARDS [24CFR982.503]

Payment Standards may be adjusted, within HUD regulatory limitations, to increase Housing Assistance Payments in order to keep families' rents affordable. The PHA will not raise Payment Standards solely to make "high end" units available to Voucher holders. The PHA may use some or all of the measures below in making its determination whether an adjustment should be made to the Payment Standards.

Assisted Families' Rent Burdens

If it is determined that particular unit sizes in the PHA's jurisdiction have payment standard amounts that are creating rent burdens for families, the PHA will modify its payment standards for those particular unit sizes.

Quality of Units Selected

The PHA will review the quality of units selected by participant families when making the determination of the percent of income families are paying for housing, to ensure that Payment Standard increases are only made when needed to reach the mid-range of the market.

PHA Decision Point

The PHA will review the average percent of income that families on the program are paying for rent. If more than 30% of families are paying more than 30% of monthly adjusted income for a particular unit size, the PHA will determine whether families are renting units larger than their voucher size,

and whether families are renting units which exceed HUD's HQS and any additional standards added by the PHA in this Administrative Plan.

If families are paying more than 30% of their income for rent due to the selection of larger bedroom size units or luxury units, the PHA may decline to increase the payment standard.

Rent to Owner Increases

The PHA may review a sample of the units to determine how often owners are increasing rents and the average percent of increase by bedroom size.

Time to Locate Housing

The PHA may consider the average time period for families to lease up under the Voucher program. If more than 25% of Voucher holders are unable to locate suitable housing within the term of the voucher and the PHA determines that this is due to 25% of rents in the jurisdiction being unaffordable for families even with the presence of a voucher, the Payment Standard may be adjusted.

Lowering of the Payment Standard

Lowering of the FMR may require an adjustment of the Payment Standard. Additionally, statistical analysis may reveal that the Payment Standard should be lowered. In any case, the Payment Standard will not be set below 90 percent of the FMR without authorization from HUD.

Financial Feasibility

Before increasing the Payment Standard, the PHA may review the budget to determine the impact projected subsidy increases would have on funding available for the program and number of families served.

For this purpose, the PHA will compare the number of families who could be served under a higher Payment Standard with the number assisted under current Payment Standards.

File Documentation

A file will be retained by the PHA for at least three years to document the analysis and findings to justify whether or not the Payment Standard was changed.

F. EXCEPTION PAYMENT STANDARDS

If the dwelling unit is located in an exception area, the PHA must use the appropriate payment standard amount established by the PHA for the exception area in accordance with regulation 24 CFR 982.503(c).

Chapter 12 RECERTIFICATIONS

[24CFR982.516]

INTRODUCTION

In accordance with HUD requirements, the PHA will reexamine the income and household composition of all families at least annually. Families will be provided accurate annual and interim rent adjustments. Recertifications and interim examinations will be processed in a manner that ensures families are given reasonable notice of rent increases. All annual activities will be coordinated in accordance with HUD regulation. It is a HUD requirement that families report all changes in household composition. This Chapter defines the PHA's policy for conducting annual recertifications and coordinating annual activities. It also explains the interim reporting requirements for families, and the standards for timely reporting.

A. ANNUAL ACTIVITIES [24CFR982.516, 982.405]

There are three activities the PHA must conduct on an annual basis.

Recertification of Income and Family Composition

HQS Inspection

Rent to Owner Adjustment (following HUD requirements [Regular Tenancy Certificate only])

The PHA produces a monthly listing of units under contract to ensure that timely reviews of rent to owner, housing quality, and factors related to Total Tenant Payment/Family Share can be made. Requests for rent adjustments will be forwarded to the Team Leader.

Reexamination of the family's income and composition must be conducted at least annually. This must occur even if other annual activities are not completed at the same time.

Annual inspections: See "Housing Quality Standards and Inspections" chapter.

Rent Adjustments: See "Owner Rents, Rent Reasonableness and Payment Standards" chapter.

B. ANNUAL RECERTIFICATION/REEXAMINATION [24CFR982.516]

Families are required to be recertified at least annually. At the first interim or annual certification on or after June 19, 1995, family members must report and verify their U.S. citizenship/eligible immigrant status.

Pre-Merger Reexamination Issues

For all pre-merger tenancies the rent calculation methods will not change until the effective date of the second regular reexamination of family income and composition, following the merger date, unless the family moves or accepts a new lease from the owner.

Moves Between Recertifications

When families move to another dwelling unit:

The anniversary date for the recertification will be changed to reflect the new unit transfer date. The PHA will conduct a new Annual Reexamination if the verification is greater than 120 days old.

Income limits are not used as a test for continued eligibility at recertification.

Reexamination Notice to the Family

The PHA will maintain a reexamination tracking system and the household will be notified by mail of the date and time for their interview at least 90 days in advance of the anniversary date. If requested as an accommodation by a person with a disability, the PHA will provide the notice in an accessible format. The PHA will also mail the notice to a third party, if requested as a reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities. These accommodations will be granted upon verification that they meet the need presented by the disability.

Procedure

The PHA's procedure for conducting annual recertifications will be as follows, except as otherwise provided in the HAP:

PHA provides the recertification packet to the family via mail.

The family submits the required paperwork to the PHA via mail.

Housing Counselor may schedule an in-office interview if conditions warrant.

Completion of Annual Recertification

The PHA will have all recertifications for families completed before the anniversary date. This includes notifying the family of any changes in rent at least 30 days before the scheduled date of the change in family rent.

Persons with Disabilities

Persons with disabilities who are unable to come to the PHA's office will be granted an accommodation by conducting the interview by mail and telephone, or home visit if needed, upon verification that the accommodation requested meets the need presented by the disability.

Collection of Information [24CFR982.516(f)]

The PHA has established appropriate recertification procedures necessary to ensure that the income data provided by families is complete and accurate.

The PHA will allow the family to complete the recertification packet.

The PHA will require the family to update and certify all information prior to all recertification

processing.

Requirements to Attend

In most cases of recertification, the process will be conducted mainly via mail. However, in the cases noted below, the family is required to come to an interview in order to be recertified:

Family who intend to move in or out of the PHA jurisdiction;

Family who reports zero income;

Family whose only source of income are contributions;

Family whose only verification of income is a self-declaration;

Family on a repayment agreement with the PHA;

Other families at the discretion/need of the PHA.

The following family members will be required to attend the recertification interview if requested by Counselor:

The head of household only.

If the head of household is unable to attend the interview:

The appointment will be rescheduled.

Failure to Respond to Notification to Recertify

1. If the family is required to attend a recertification interview, they will be notified in writing. The family may call to request another appointment date up to 7 days prior to the interview.

If the family does not appear for the recertification interview, and has not rescheduled or made prior arrangements with the PHA, the PHA will not reschedule a second appointment.

If the family fails to appear for the second appointment, and has not rescheduled or made prior arrangements, the PHA will:

Send family notice of termination and offer them an informal hearing.

Exception to these policies may be made by the Team Leader or Manager if the family is able to document an emergency situation that prevented them from canceling or attending the appointment or if requested as a reasonable accommodation for a person with a disability.

2. If the recertification is being handled via mail and the family does not respond or submit all the required paperwork by the due date, a written notice will be sent to the family as a final reminder. If the family still does not comply by that due date without prior approval for a PHA extension, a notice of intent to terminate will be mailed to the family with the right to an informal hearing.

Documents Required From the Family

In the notification letter to the family, the PHA will include instructions for the family to submit the following:

- Documentation of all assets and income
- Documentation of any deductions/allowances
- Signed Application certification completed by head of household
- HUD Authorization for Release of Information (HUD 9886)

Verification of Information

The PHA will follow the verification procedures and guidelines described in this Plan. Verifications for reexaminations must be less than 120 days old.

Tenant Rent Increase

If tenant rent increases during the recertification process, it will typically be effective on the anniversary date. However, if the income increase meets the criteria of the PHA's interim reexamination policy (see "Reporting Interim Changes" section of this Chapter), the tenant rent increase will be effective prior to the anniversary date, with a thirty-day notice to the family.

If less than thirty days are remaining before the scheduled effective date of the annual recertification, the tenant rent increase will be effective on the first of the month following the thirty-day notice.

If there has been a misrepresentation or a material omission by the family, or if the family causes a delay in the reexamination processing, there will be a retroactive increase in rent to the scheduled effective date of the annual recertification.

Tenant Rent Decreases

If tenant rent decreases during the recertification process, it will be effective prior to the scheduled effective date of the annual recertification. (See "Timely Reporting of Changes in Income" Section of this Chapter).

If the family causes a delay so that the processing of the reexamination is not complete by the anniversary date, rent change will be effective on the first day of the month following completion of the reexamination processing by the PHA.

C. REPORTING INTERIM CHANGES [24CFR982.516]

Program participants must report in writing all changes in household composition to the PHA between annual reexaminations. This includes additions due to birth, adoption and court-awarded custody within 10 days of the change. The family must obtain PHA approval prior to all other additions to the household. Decreases in family composition must also be reported to the PHA in writing within 10 days of the decrease.

If any new family member is added, family income must include any income of the new family member. The PHA will conduct a reexamination to determine such additional income and will make the appropriate adjustments in the housing assistance payment and family unit size, in accordance with this HAP.

The U.S. citizenship/eligible immigrant status of additional family members must be declared and verified as required at the first interim or regular recertification after moving into the unit.

Increases in Income

Increases in income or assets must be reported in writing to the PHA within 10 days of the increase.

Decreases in Income

Participants may report a decrease in income and other changes which would reduce the amount of tenant rent, such as an increase in allowances or deductions. The PHA must calculate the change if a decrease in income is reported.

Interim Reexamination Policy

The PHA will not conduct interim reexaminations when families have an increase in income unless it meets the following criteria:

- Income increase of 20% or more
- FSS client with any increase in earned income
- Zero income family
- Unreported income

For the effective date of the interim change to the tenant's portion of rent, see "Timely Reporting of Changes in Income (and Assets)" section in this Chapter.

PHA Errors

If the PHA makes a calculation error at admission to the program or at an annual reexamination, an interim reexamination will be conducted, if necessary, to correct the error, but the family will not be charged retroactively. Families will be given decreases, when applicable, retroactive to when the decrease for the change would have been effective if calculated correctly.

D. OTHER INTERIM REPORTING ISSUES

An interim reexamination does not affect the date of the annual recertification.

An interim reexamination in person will be scheduled for families with zero income every 30 days.

Any changes reported by participants other than those listed in this section will not be processed between regularly -scheduled annual recertifications.

E. INCOME CHANGES RESULTING FROM WELFARE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS [24CFR5.615]

The PHA will not reduce the family share of rent for families whose welfare assistance is reduced specifically because of:

- Fraud in connection with the Welfare program; or
- Failure to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program; or
- Noncompliance with a work activities requirement

However, the PHA will reduce the rent if the welfare assistance reduction is a result of:

- The expiration of a lifetime limit on receiving benefits; or
- A situation where the family has complied with welfare program requirements but cannot or has not obtained employment; or
- A family member has not complied with other welfare agency requirements.

The PHA will notify affected families that they have the right to an informal hearing regarding these requirements.

The family's annual income will include the imputed welfare income, as determined at the family's annual or interim reexamination, during the term of welfare benefits reduction (as specified by the welfare agency).

The amount of imputed welfare income will be offset by the amount of additional income the family receives that commences after the sanction was imposed. When additional income from other sources is at least equal to the imputed welfare income, the imputed welfare income will be reduced to zero.

If the family claims the amount of imputed welfare income has been calculated incorrectly, the PHA will review the calculation for accuracy. If the imputed welfare income amount is correct, the PHA will provide a written notice to the family that includes:

- A brief explanation of how the amount of imputed welfare income was determined;
- A statement that the family may request an informal hearing if they do not agree with the PHA determination.

(See "Verification Procedures" chapter.)

Cooperation Agreements [24CFR512(d)(7) and 5.615]

The PHA and the local welfare agency, also known as Goodwill, have entered into a letter of cooperation to exchange information regarding any economic self-sufficiency and/or other appropriate programs or services that would benefit Section 8 tenant-based assistance families.

The purpose of this effort is to work toward the following three goals:

1. Target services and assistance to families who receive welfare assistance and receive Section 8 tenant-based assistance;
2. Improve the delivery of assistance to low-income families receiving welfare and living in or receiving federal housing assistance, by transferring information to facilitate the administration of housing assistance in a manner that reinforces self-sufficiency; and
3. Reduce and discourage fraud and noncompliance with welfare self-sufficiency program requirements.

This concerted effort is not expected to impact the expenses of the agencies and will be limited to the four areas below:

1. Targeting Services: The PHA will send names and SSN of all tenants that have indicated they are receiving TANF income. Goodwill will advise status of each case to the PHA. The purpose of this is to identify the clients that we mutually serve.
2. Coordinating Delivery of Assistance and Services: The PHA will provide Tenant Based Assistance to eligible clients that are admitted through the PHA waiting list. The PHA will notify Goodwill when the waiting list is to be opened so that they may refer clients to the PHA.
3. Verification of Information: The PHA and Goodwill agree to share information on mutual clients through telephone, fax and mail. The request for this information will proceed as follows:

Goodwill will allow limited access to the toll-free response center (1-888-566-5222) to verify actions, pending actions and actual loss of TANF for any reason. If more information is needed the PHA will contract Goodwill via fax or mail.

4. Family Self-Sufficiency Program: The PHA and Goodwill agree to provide information to all mutual clients active in employment services on the benefit of the PHA FSS enrollment and escrow accounts.

F. NOTIFICATION OF RESULTS OF RECERTIFICATIONS [HUD Notice PIH98-6]

The HUD form 50058 will be completed and transmitted as required by HUD.

The Notice of Rent Change is mailed to the owner and the tenant. Signatures **are not** required by the PHA. If the family disagrees with the rent adjustment, they may request an informal hearing.

G. TIMELY REPORTING OF CHANGES IN INCOME (AND ASSETS) [24 CFR 982.516(c)]

Standard for Timely Reporting of Changes

The PHA requires that families report interim changes to the PHA within 10 days of when the change occurs. Any information, document or signature needed from the family which is needed to verify the change must be provided.

If the change is not reported within the required time period, or if the family fails to provide documentation or signatures, it will be considered untimely reporting and a breach of family obligations. An exception may be granted by the Team Leader or Manager in cases of extenuating health or safety circumstances.

Procedures when the Change is Reported in a Timely Manner

The PHA will notify the family and the owner of any change in the Housing Assistance Payment via a Notice of Rent Change, to be effective according to the following guidelines:

Increase in the Tenant Rent are effective on the first of the month following at least thirty days' notice.

Decrease in the Tenant Rent are effective the first of the month following that in which the change is reported. However, no rent reductions will be processed until all the facts have been verified, even if a retroactive adjustment results.

If the family does not supply the required verification of the decrease in income within 30 days of reporting to the PHA, the decrease in rent will be effective the 1st of the month after the verification is supplied by the family. It will not be retroactive. This does not apply to verification required to be obtained by the PHA where the family has supplied the necessary information and signatures in a timely manner.

The change will not be made until the acceptable verification is received.

Procedures when the Change is Not Reported by the Family in a Timely Manner

If the family does not report the change as described under Timely Reporting, the family will have caused an unreasonable delay in the interim reexamination processing and the following guidelines will apply:

Increase in Tenant Rent will be effective retroactive to the date it would have been effective had it been reported on a timely basis. The family will be liable for any overpaid housing assistance and may be required to sign a Repayment Agreement or assistance may be terminated with right to informal hearing. (See related Chapters: "Owner or Family Debts", "Program Integrity Addendum.")

Decrease in Tenant Rent will be effective on the first of the month following the month that the change was reported with verification stipulation as noted in above previous section.

Procedures when the Change is Not Processed by the PHA in a Timely Manner

"Processed in a timely manner" means that the change goes into effect on the date it should when the family reports the change in a timely manner. If the change cannot be made effective on that date, the change is not processed by the PHA in a timely manner.

In this case, an increase will be effective after the required thirty days' notice prior to the first of the month after completion of processing by the PHA.

If the change resulted in a decrease, the overpayment by the family will be calculated retroactively to the date it should have been effective, and the family will be credited for the amount.

H. CHANGES IN VOUCHER SIZE AS A RESULT OF FAMILY COMPOSITION CHANGES [24CFR982.516(c)]

(See "Subsidy Standards" chapter .)

I. CONTINUANCE OF ASSISTANCE FOR "MIXED" FAMILIES [24CFR5.518]

Under the Noncitizens Rule, "Mixed" families are families that include at least one citizen or eligible immigrant and any number of ineligible members.

The Noncitizens Rule was implemented on or after November 29, 1996, and mixed families may receive prorated assistance only.

J. MISREPRESENTATION OF FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES

If any participant deliberately misrepresents the information on which eligibility or tenancy is established, the PHA may terminate assistance and may refer the family file/record to the proper authorities for appropriate disposition. (See Program Integrity Addendum.)

Chapter 13

MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE/PORTABILITY

[24CFR 982.314, 982.353, 982.355(a)]

INTRODUCTION

HUD regulations permit families to move with continued assistance to another unit within the PHA's jurisdiction, or to a unit outside of the PHA's jurisdiction under Portability procedures. The regulations also allow the PHA the discretion to develop policies which define any limitations or restrictions on moves. This Chapter defines the procedures for moves, both within and outside of, the PHA's jurisdiction, and the policies for restriction and limitations on moves.

A. ALLOWABLE MOVES

A family may be permitted to move to a new unit with continued assistance if:

The assisted lease for the old unit has terminated because the PHA has terminated the HAP contract for owner breach, or the lease was terminated by mutual agreement of the owner and the family for good cause.

The owner has given the family a notice to vacate, or has commenced an action to evict the tenant, or has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the family (unless assistance to the family will be terminated).

The family has given proper notice of lease termination (and if the family has a right to terminate the lease on notice to owner).

The family requires a different size unit due to a change in family composition.

The Lease and Contract expire.

B. RESTRICTIONS ON MOVES [24CFR 982.314, 982.552(a)]

Families will not be permitted to move within the PHA's jurisdiction during the initial year of assisted occupancy.

Families will not be permitted to move outside the PHA's jurisdiction under portability procedures during the initial year of assisted occupancy.

Families will not be permitted to move more than once in a 12-month period.

The PHA will deny permission to move if there is insufficient funding for continued assistance.

The PHA will deny permission to move if:

The family has violated a Family Obligation.

The family owes the PHA money.

The family has moved or been issued a Voucher within the last 12 months.

The family has moved out of the assisted unit in violation of the lease.

The Manager or Team Leader may make exceptions to these restrictions if there is an emergency reason for the move over which the participant has no control.

C. PROCEDURE FOR MOVES [24CFR982.314]

Issuance of Voucher

Subject to the restrictions on moves, if the family has not been recertified within the last 120 days, the PHA will issue the voucher to move, after conducting the recertification.

If the family does not locate a new unit and the voucher is still active they may remain in the current units as long as the owner permits. If the voucher has already expired they may remain in their unit if there is an assisted lease and contract in effect and the owner permits (see page 78). Last minute stayers do not require an RFAT to be submitted to reenter their unit, only a written statement.

Notice Requirements

The family must give the owner the required number of days written notice of intent to vacate specified in the lease and must give a copy to the PHA simultaneously.

If the family vacates the unit without proper notice in writing to the owner, the family will be responsible for any vacancy loss.

Time of Contract Change

A move within the same building or project, or between buildings owned by the same owner, will be processed like any other move.

In a move, assistance stops at the old unit at the end of the month in which the tenant ceased to occupy, unless proper notice was given to end the lease mid-month. Assistance will start on the new unit on the effective date of the lease and contract. Assistance payments may overlap for the month in which the family moves. The contract start date may be any day of the month following unit and client approval by PHA.

D. PORTABILITY [24CFR982.353]

Portability applies to families moving out of into the PHA's jurisdiction within the United States and its territories.

E. OUTGOING PORTABILITY [24CFR982.353, 982.355]

Within the limitations of the regulations and this policy, a participant family has the right to receive tenant-based voucher assistance to lease a unit outside the PHA's jurisdiction, anywhere in the United States, in the jurisdiction of a PHA with a tenant-based program. When a family requests to move outside of the PHA's jurisdiction, the request must specify the area to which the family wants to move.

Restrictions on Portability

Applicants

If neither the head nor spouse had a domicile (legal residence) in the PHA's jurisdiction at the date of their initial application for assistance, the family will not be permitted to exercise portability upon initial issuance of a voucher, unless the PHA approves such move.

For a portable family that was not already receiving assistance in the PHA's based program, the PHA must determine whether the family is eligible for admission under the receiving PHA's program.

Participants

After an applicant has leased a unit in the jurisdiction of the initial housing agency, they cannot exercise portability during the first year of assisted occupancy, except in the following circumstances.

The receiving and initial PHA agree to allow the move.

The family's move relates to an opportunity for education, job training or employment

The family's move relates to medical needs as documented by a medical doctor.

The PHA will not permit families to exercise portability:

If the family is in violation of a family obligation.

If the family owes money to the PHA.

If the family has moved out of its assisted unit in violation of the lease.

Receiving PHA's will be required to submit hearing determination to the PHA within 30 days.

F. INCOMING PORTABILITY [24CFR982.354, 982.355]

Absorption or Administration

The PHA will accept a family with a valid Voucher from another jurisdiction and administer or absorb the Voucher. If administering, the family will be issued a "Portable" Voucher by the PHA. The term of the voucher will not expire before the expiration date of any initial PHA voucher. The family must submit a request for approval of tenancy for an eligible unit to the receiving PHA during the term of the receiving PHA voucher. There receiving PHA may grant extensions in accordance with this Administrative Plan. However, if the Family decides not to lease -up in the PHA's jurisdiction, they must contact the initial PHA to request an extension.

The PHA will absorb all incoming portable families provided that there is funding available.

When the PHA does not absorb the incoming Voucher, it will administer the Initial PHA's Voucher and the receiving PHA's policies will prevail.

For admission to the program a family must be income eligible in the area where the family initially leases a unit with assistance under the program.

The receiving PHA does not determine eligibility for a portable family that was already receiving assistance in the initial PHA Section 8 tenant -based program.

The PHA will issue a "Portability Voucher" according to its own Subsidy Standards. If the Family has a change in family composition, which would change the Voucher size, the PHA will change to the proper size based on its own Subsidy Standards.

Income and Total Tenant Payment of Incoming Portables [982.353(d)]

As receiving PHA, the PHA will conduct a recertification interview but only verify the information provided if the documents are missing or are over 120 days old, whichever is applicable, or there has been a change in the family's circumstances.

If the PHA conducts a recertification of the family it will not cause a delay in the issuance of a voucher.

If the family's income is such that a \$0 subsidy amount is determined prior to lease -up in the PHA's jurisdiction, the PHA will refuse to enter into a contract on behalf of the family at \$0 assistance.

Requests for Approval of Tenancy

When the Family submits a Request for Tenancy Approval, it will be processed using the PHA's policies. If the Family does not submit a Request for Tenancy Approval or does not execute a lease, the Initial PHA will be notified within 30 days by the PHA.

If the Family leases up successfully, the PHA will notify the Initial PHA within 30 days, and the billing process will commence.

The PHA will notify the initial PHA if the family fails to submit a request for approval of tenancy for an eligible unit within the term of the voucher.

If the PHA denies or terminates assistance to the family, the PHA will notify the Initial PHA within 30 days and the family will be offered a review or hearing by the receiving PHA. The receiving PHA will notify the initial PHA of the hearing determination.

The PHA will notify the Family of its responsibility to contact the Initial PHA if the Family wishes to move outside the PHA's jurisdiction under continued portability.

Regular Program Functions

The PHA will perform all program functions applicable to the tenant-based assistance program, such as:

- Annual reexamination of family income and composition;
- Annual inspection of the unit; and
- Interim Examinations when requested or deemed necessary by the PHA

The receiving PHA will submit the required HUD form for any changes effecting the Housing Assistance Payment, Tenant Rent or program participation.

Terminations

The PHA will notify the Initial PHA in writing of any termination of assistance within 30 days of the termination. If an Informal Hearing is required and requested by the Family, the hearing will be conducted by the receiving PHA, using the regular hearing procedures included in this Plan. A copy of the hearing decision will be furnished to the Initial PHA.

The Initial PHA will be responsible for collecting amounts owed by the Family for claims paid and for monitoring repayment. If the Initial PHA notifies the receiving PHA that the Family is in arrears or the Family has refused to sign a Payment Agreement, the receiving PHA will terminate assistance to the family.

Required Documents

As Receiving PHA, the PHA will require the documents listed on the HUD Portability Billing Form from the Initial PHA.

Billing Procedures

As Receiving PHA, the PHA will bill the Initial PHA monthly for Housing Assistance Payments. The billing cycle for other amounts, including Administrative Fees and Special Claims will be monthly unless requested otherwise by the Initial PHA.

The PHA will bill 100% of the Housing Assistance Payment, 100% of Special Claims and 80% of the Administrative Fee (at the Initial PHA's rate) for each "Portability" Voucher released as of the first day of the month.

The PHA will notify the Initial PHA of changes in subsidy amounts and will expect the Initial PHA to notify the PHA of changes in the Administrative Fee amount to be billed.

Chapter 14

CONTRACT TERMINATIONS

[24CFR 982.311, 982.314]

INTRODUCTION

The Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract is the contract between the owner and the PHA, which defines the responsibilities of both parties. This Chapter describes the circumstances under which the contract can be terminated by the PHA and the owner, and the policies and procedures for such terminations.

A. CONTRACT TERMINATION [24CFR 982.311]

The term of the HAP Contract is the same as the term of the lease. The Contract between the owner and the PHA may be terminated by the PHA or by the owner or tenant terminating the lease.

No future subsidy payments on behalf of the family will be made by the PHA to the owner after the month in which the Contract is terminated. The owner must reimburse the PHA for any subsidies paid by the PHA for any period after the contract termination date.

If the family continues to occupy the unit after the Section 8 contract is terminated, the family is responsible for the total amount of rent due to the owner. The owner will have no right to claim compensation from the PHA for vacancy loss under the provisions of Certificate HAP contracts effective before October 2, 1995.

After a contract termination, if the family meets the criteria for a move with continued assistance, the

family may lease -up in a not her unit. The contract for the new unit may begin during the month in which the family moved from the old unit.

B. TERMINATION BY THE FAMILY: MOVES [24CFR982.314(c)(2)]

Family termination of the lease must be in accordance with the terms of the lease and must be notified to PHA prior to the termination of the lease.

C. TERMINATION OF TENANCY BY THE OWNER: EVICTIONS

[24 CFR 982.310, 982.455]

If the owner wishes to terminate the lease, the owner must provide proper notice as stated in the lease.

During the term of the lease, the owner may not terminate the tenancy except for the grounds stated in the HUD regulations.

During the term of the lease the owner may only evict for:

Serious or repeated violations of the lease, including but not limited to failure to pay rent or other amounts due under the lease, or repeated violation of the terms and conditions of the lease;

Violation of federal, state or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the premises; or Criminal activity by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the tenant's control that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by the other residents, or persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises or any drug -related criminal activity on or near the premises.

Other good cause.

During the initial term of the lease, the owner may not terminate the tenancy for "other good cause" unless the owner is terminating the tenancy because of something the family did or failed to do (see 982.310)

The owner must provide the tenant a written notice specifying the grounds for termination of tenancy, at or before the commencement of the eviction action. The notice may be included in, or may be combined with, any owner eviction notice to the tenant.

The owner eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint, or other initial pleading used under State or local law to commence an eviction action.

The PHA requires that the owners specify this section of the lease that has been violated and cite some or all of the ways in which the tenant has violated that section as documentation for the PHA's decision regarding termination of assistance.

Housing assistance payments are paid to the owner under the terms of the HAP Contract. If the owner has begun eviction and the family continues to reside in the unit, the PHA must continue to

make housing assistance payments to the owner until the owner has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant.

The PHA will continue housing assistance payments until the family moves or is evicted from the unit.

If the action is finalized in court, the owner must provide the PHA with the documentation, including notice of the lock-out date.

The PHA must continue making housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the Contract as long as the tenant continues to occupy the unit and the Contract is not violated. By endorsing the monthly check from the PHA, the owner certifies that the tenant is still in the unit, the rent is reasonable and he is in compliance with the contract.

If an eviction is not due to a serious or repeated violation of the lease, and if the PHA has no other grounds for termination of assistance, the PHA may issue a new voucher so that the family can move with continued assistance.

D. TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACT BY PHA [24 CFR 982.404(a), 982.453, 982.454, 982.552(a)(3)]

The term of the HAP contract terminates when the lease terminates, when the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, and when the owner has breached the HAP contract. (See "Owner Disapproval and Restriction" chapter)

The PHA may also terminate the contract if:

The PHA terminates assistance to the family.

The family is required to move from a unit when the unit does not meet the HQS space standards because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition (unit too small). The family has the option to move when the unit is too big for the family size or they can remain in the overhoused unit at the payment standard of the new lower voucher size. (See "Subsidy Standards" Chapter, "Underhoused and Overhoused Families" section).

Funding is no longer available under the ACC.

The contract will terminate automatically if 180 days have passed since the last housing assistance payment to the owner.

Termination of Premerger Certificate HAPS [24 CFR 982.502(d)]

The PHA must terminate program assistance under any outstanding HAP contract for a regular tenancy under the premerger certificate program at the effective date of the second regular reexamination of family income and composition no later than the merger date. At such termination of assistance, the HAP contract will automatically terminate. The PHA will give the owner and family at least 120 days written notice of such termination. The PHA will offer the family the opportunity for continued tenant-based assistance under the voucher program.

Notice of Termination

When the PHA terminates the HAP contract under the violation of HQS space standards, the PHA will provide the owner and family written notice of termination of the contract, and the HAP contract terminates at the end of the calendar month that follows the calendar month in which the PHA gives such notice to the owner.

Chapter 15

DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

[24CFR982.552, 982.553]

INTRODUCTION

The PHA may deny or terminate assistance for a family because of the family's action or failure to act. The PHA will provide families with a written description of the Family Obligations under the program, the grounds under which the PHA can deny or terminate assistance, and the PHA's informal hearing procedures. This Chapter describes when the PHA is required to deny or terminate assistance, and the PHA's policies for the denial of a new commitment of assistance and the grounds for termination of assistance under an outstanding HAP contract.

A. GROUNDS FOR DENIAL/TERMINATION [24CFR982.552, 982.553]

If denial or termination is based upon behavior resulting from a disability, the PHA will delay the denial or termination in order to determine if there is an accommodation, which would negate the behavior resulting from the disability.

Form of Denial/Termination

Denial of assistance for an applicant may include any or all of the following:

- Denial for placement on the PHA waiting list
- Denying or withdrawing a voucher
- Refusing to enter into a HAP contractor approved tenancy
- Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures

Termination of assistance for a participant may include any or all of the following:

- Refusing to enter into a HAP contractor approved tenancy
- Terminating housing assistance payments under an outstanding HAP contract
- Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures

Mandatory Denial and Termination [24CFR982.552(b)]

The PHA must deny assistance to applicants, and terminate assistance for participants:

If no member of the family is a U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant. (See Section D)

If the family is under contract and 180 days have elapsed since the PHA's last housing assistance payment was made. (See "Contract Terminations" chapter.)

The PHA must permanently deny assistance to applicants, and terminate the assistance of persons convicted of manufacturing or producing methamphetamine in violation of any Federal or State law.

If any member of the family has been evicted from federally assisted housing for a serious violation of the lease, the PHA must deny admission for 5 years after the eviction occurred.

The PHA must terminate program assistance for a family evicted from housing assisted under the program for serious violation of the lease.

The PHA must deny admission to the program for an applicant or terminate program assistance for a participant if any member of the family fails to sign and submit required HUD or PHA consent forms for obtaining information in accordance with Part 5, subparts B and F.

The PHA must deny admission or terminate assistance when required under the regulation to establish citizenship or eligible immigration status.

Grounds for Denial or Termination of Assistance [24CFR982.552(c)]

The PHA will deny program assistance for an applicant, or terminate program assistance for a participant, for any of the following reasons:

The family violates any family obligation under the program as listed in 24CFR982.551.

Any member of the family has ever been evicted from public housing within the past 5 years for a serious violation of the lease.

If any member of the family commits fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program.

The family currently owes rent or other amount to the PHA or to another PHA in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

Applicants must have a clearance letter from any previous federally subsidized housing. If they owe money to this PHA or any other PHA the following apply:

1. If applicant has repayment agreement in place already, and is current on payments: continue processing for intake.
2. If applicant has repayment agreement in place already, BUT is in arrears: applicant is given 30 days to pay balance in full. If balance is not paid in full within 30 days, case will be closed (denied assistance.) They do not have the option to continue making payments. Must be paid in full.
3. If applicant does not have repayment agreement already in place: Applicant cannot start a new repayment agreement now to be housed. Instead applicant is given 30 days to pay balance in full. If balance is not paid in full within 30 days, case will be closed (denied assistance.)
4. If there is an eviction involved in addition to the money owed, the reason for the eviction must also be considered in the intake process, for eligibility purposes.

The family has engaged in or threatened abusive or violent behavior toward PHA personnel.

"Abusive or violent behavior towards PHA personnel" includes verbal as well as physical abuse or violence. Use of expletives that are generally considered insulting, racial epithets, or other language, written or oral, that is customarily used to insult or intimidate, may be cause for termination or denial.

"Threatening" refers to oral or written threats or physical gestures that communicate an intent to abuse or commit violence.

Actual physical abuse or violence will always be cause for termination.

The PHA determines that any listed member is currently engaging in illegal use of a drug.

Any member of the family whose drug or alcohol abuse interferes with the health, safety or peaceful enjoyment of other residents. Crime by Family Member (See One Strike policy section below.)

If any member of the family commits drug -related criminal activity, or violent criminal activity, including domestic violence. (See One -strike policy below and 982.553 of the regulations)

Any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program.

Refer to "Eligibility for Admission" chapter, "Other Criteria for Admission" section for further information.

B. "ONE STRIKE" POLICY

Purpose

All federally assisted housing is intended to provide a place to live and raise families, not a place to commit crime, to use or sell drugs or terrorize neighbors. It is the intention of Hillsborough County to fully endorse and implement a policy designed to:

Help create and maintain a safe and drug-free community

Keep our program participants free from threats to their personal and family safety

Help maintain an environment where children can live safely, learn and grow up to be productive citizens

Assist families in their vocational/educational goals in the pursuit of self-sufficiency

Administration

All screening and termination of assistance procedures shall be administered fairly and in such a way as not to violate rights to privacy or discriminate on the basis of race, color, nationality, religion, familial status, disability, or other legally protected groups.

Screening of Applicants

In an effort to prevent future drug-related and other criminal activity, as well as other patterns of behavior that pose a threat to the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents, and as required by the Notice 96-27 and Federal Register final rule dated May 24, 2001 (Screening and Eviction for Drug Abuse and other Criminal Activity), the PHA will endeavor to screen applicants as thoroughly and fairly as possible for drug-related and violent criminal behavior.

Such screening will apply to any member of the household who is 18 years of age or older. Minors are not excluded from the one-strike policy denials/terminations, even though they are not part of the PHA screening process.

HUD Definitions

Drug-related criminal activity is the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, use or possession with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute or use a controlled substance. Drug-related criminal activity means *on or near the* premises.

Violent criminal activity includes any criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against a person or property, and the activity is being engaged in by any family member.

Standard for Violation

The PHA will deny participation in the program to applicants and terminate assistance to participants in cases where the PHA determines there is reasonable cause to believe that the person is illegally using a controlled substance or if the person abuses alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents, including cases where the PHA determines that there is a pattern of illegal use of a controlled substance or pattern of alcohol abuse.

The PHA will consider the use of a controlled substance or alcohol to be a pattern if there is more than one incident during the previous 3 months.

“Engaged in or engaging in” violent criminal activity means any act, including domestic violence, within the past 5 years by applicants or participants, household members, or guests which involved criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person of another, which resulted in the arrest and/or conviction of the applicant or participant, household members, or guests.

The activity is being engaged in by any family member.

Drug related criminal activity is any act that occurred within the past twelve months by applicants or participants, household members or guests.

“Violation of parole” arrests for prior drug or violent criminal activity, are considered a violation of drug or violent criminal activity.

Drug Related and Violent Criminal Activity

Applicants will be denied assistance if they have been:

Evicted from public housing, Indian Housing, Section 23 or any Section 8 program because of drug -related criminal activity are ineligible for admission to the Section 8 program for a three-year period beginning on the date of such eviction.

Arrested or convicted or evicted from a unit assisted under the Housing Act of 1937 due to violent criminal activity within the last 5 years prior to the date of the certification interview.

Arrested or convicted due to drug -related criminal activity within the past twelve months.

Arrested or convicted due to violent criminal activity within the past 5 years.

Participants will be terminated who have been:

Evicted from a unit assisted under the Housing Act of 1937 due to drug -related or violent criminal activity within the last 5 years prior to the date of the notice to terminate assistance, and/or whose activities have created a disturbance in the building or neighborhood.

Arrested or convicted due to violent criminal activity within the past 5 years.

Arrested or convicted due to drug -related criminal activity within the past twelve months.

The PHA may waive the requirement regarding drug -related criminal activity if:

The person demonstrates successful completion of a credible rehabilitation program approved by the PHA, or

The circumstances leading to the eviction no longer exist (for example, the criminal household member has died or is imprisoned). 1

Denial of Assistance for Sex Offenders

The PHA will prohibit admission to the program if any member of the household is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program. In this screening of applicants, the PHA will perform criminal history background checks necessary to determine whether any household member is subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement in the State where the housing is located and in other States where the household members are known to have resided.

Summary of Time Restrictions for Denials/Terminations:

1. APPLICANTS

Drugs: 1 year

Violent Criminal Activity: 5 years

Evicted from Public Housing for Serious Lease Violation: 5 years

Evicted from Public Housing for drug related Criminal Activity: 3 years

Evicted from Public Housing for Violent Criminal Activity: 5 years

Convicted of manufacturing/producing Methamphetamine: permanent ban

Registered sex offender: permanent ban

2. PARTICIPANTS

Drugs: 1 year

Violent Criminal Activity: 5 years

Convicted of manufacturing/producing Methamphetamine: permanent ban

Registered sex offender: permanent ban

Termination of Assistance for Participants

If the family violates the release for drug -related or violent criminal activity, the PHA will terminate assistance.

In appropriate cases, the PHA may permit the family to continue receiving assistance provided that family members determined to have engaged in the proscribed activities will not reside in the unit. If the violating member is a minor, the PHA may consider individual circumstances with the advice of Juvenile Court officials.

Notice of Termination of Assistance

In any case where the PHA decides to terminate assistance to the family, the PHA must give the family written notice which states:

The reason(s) for the proposed termination

The effective date of the proposed termination

The family's right, if they disagree, to request an Informal Hearing to be held before

Termination of assistance

The date by which a request for an informal hearing must be received by the PHA.

Criminal Record Denials/Terminations

If a PHA proposes to deny/terminate assistance for criminal activity as shown by a criminal record, the PHA will notify the household of the proposed action to be based on the information and must provide the subject of the record and the applicant/participant with a copy of the criminal record. The PHA will give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record in accordance with 24 CFR 982.554 and 982.555 via the informal review/hearing process.

The PHA will simultaneously provide written notice of the contract termination to the owners so that it will coincide with the Termination of Assistance. The Notice to the owner will not include any details regarding the reason for termination of assistance.

Required Evidence

Preponderance of evidence is defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence which as a whole shows that the facts sought to be proved are more probable than not. The intent is not to prove criminal liability, but to establish that the act(s) occurred. Preponderance of evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence.

Credible evidence may be obtained from police and/or court records. Testimony from neighbors, when combined with other factual evidence can be considered credible evidence. Other credible evidence includes documentation of drug raids or arrest warrants.

The PHA may terminate assistance for criminal activity by a household member under this section if the PHA has determined that the household member has engaged in the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

Confidentiality of Criminal Records

Criminal Records are obtained through the internet and are filed in the case record and are public record.

C. FAMILY OBLIGATIONS [24CFR982.551]

The family must supply any information that the PHA or HUD determines is necessary in the administration of the program, including submission of required evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status (as provided by 24 CFR 982.551). "Information" includes any requested certification, release or other documentation.

The family must supply any information requested by the PHA or HUD for use in a regularly scheduled reexamination or interim reexamination of family income and composition in accordance with HUD requirements.

The family must disclose and verify Social Security Numbers (as provided by 24 CFR 5.216) and must sign and submit consent forms for obtaining information in accordance with 24 CFR 5.230.

All information supplied by the family must be true and complete.

The family is responsible for an HQS breach caused by the family as described in 982.404(b).

The family must allow the PHA to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice.

The family may not commit any serious or repeated violations of the lease.

The family must notify the owner and, at the same time, notify the PHA before the family moves out of the unit or terminates the lease upon notice to the owner.

The family must promptly give the PHA a copy of any ownereviction notice.

The family must use the assisted unit for residence by the family. The unit must be the family's only residence.

The composition of the assisted family residing in the unit must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. The family must request prior PHA approval to add any other family member as an occupant of the unit.

The family must promptly notify the PHA if any family member no longer resides in the unit.

If the PHA has given approval, a foster child or a live-in aide may reside in the unit. If the family

does not request approval or PHA approval is denied, the family may not allow a foster child or live in aid to reside with the assisted family.

Members of the household may engage in legal profit-making activities in the unit, but only if such activities are incidental to primary use of the unit as a residence by members of the family.

The family must not sublease or let the unit.

The family must not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

The family must supply any information or certification requested by the PHA to verify that the family is living in the unit, or relating to family absence from the unit, including any PHA-requested information or certification on the purposes of family absences. The family must cooperate with the PHA for this purpose. The family must promptly notify the PHA of absence from the unit.

The family must not own or have any interest in the unit.

The family must not rent from an owner who is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any family member or in-law relationship.

The members of the family must not commit fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the programs.

The members of the family may not engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity. (See PHA on strike policy).

The family must not abuse alcohol in a way that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful employment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises.

A member of the household must not be subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program.

An assisted family, or members of the family, may not receive Section 8 tenant-based assistance while receiving another housing subsidy, for the same unit or for a different unit, under any duplicative (as determined by HUD or in accordance with HUD requirements) federal, State or local housing assistance program.

Housing Authority Discretion [24CFR982.552(c)]

In deciding whether to deny or terminate assistance because of an action or failure to act by members of the family, the PHA has discretion to consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case. The PHA will use its discretion in reviewing the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members and the length of time since the violation occurred. The PHA may also review the family's more recent history and record of compliance, and the effects that denial or termination of assistance may have on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure to act.

The PHA may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in, or were culpable for the action or failure to

act, will not reside in the unit. The PHA may permit the other members of a family to continue in the program.

Enforcing Family Obligations

Explanations and Terms

The term "Promptly" when used with the Family Obligations always means "within 10 calendar days." Denial or termination of assistance is always optional except where this Plan or the regulations state otherwise.

HQS Breach

The inspector's supervisor will determine if an HQS breach as identified in 24CFR 982.404(b) is the responsibility of the family. Families may be given extensions to cure HQS breaches by Team Leader or Manager.

Lease Violations

The following criteria will be used to decide if a serious or repeated violation of the lease will result in termination of assistance:

If the owner terminates tenancy through court action for serious or repeated violation of the lease.

If the owner notifies the family of termination of tenancy assistance for serious or repeated lease violations, and the family moves from the unit prior to the completion of court action, and the PHA determines that the cause is a serious or repeated violation of the lease based on available evidence.

Nonpayment of rent is considered a serious violation of the lease.

Notification of Eviction

If the family requests assistance to move and they did not notify the PHA of an eviction within 10 calendar days of receiving the Notice of Lease Termination, the move will be denied.

Proposed Addition to the Family

The PHA will deny a family's request to add additional family members who are:

Persons who have been evicted from public housing.

Persons who have previously violated a family obligation listed in 24CFR 982.551 of the HUD regulations.

Persons who have been part of a family whose assistance has been terminated under the Certificate or Voucher program.

Persons who commit drug -related criminal activity or violent criminal activity or other acts

in the PHA one-strike policy.

Persons who do not meet the PHA's definition of family.

Persons who commit fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program.

Persons who currently owe rent or other amounts to the PHA or to another PHA in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

Persons who have engaged in or threatened abusive or violent behavior toward PHA personnel.

Family Member Moves Out

Families are required to notify the PHA and owner in writing within 10 days if any family member leaves the assisted household. When the family notifies the PHA, they must furnish the following information:

The date the family member moved out.

The new address, if known, of the family member.

A statement as to whether the family member is temporarily or permanently absent.

Limitation on Profit-making Activity in Unit

If the PHA determines that the use of the unit as a business is not incidental to its use as a dwelling unit, it will be considered a program violation.

If the PHA determines the business is not legal, it will be considered a program violation.

Interest in Unit

The owner may not reside in the assisted unit regardless of whether (s) he is a member of the assisted family. The owner may not be a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, brother or sister of any family member or in-law relationships. The PHA will waive this restriction as a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with a disability.

Fraud

In each case, the PHA will consider which family members were involved, the circumstances, and any hardship that might be caused to innocent members.

In the event of false citizenship claims, see section Procedures for Non-Citizens following.

D. PROCEDURES FOR NON-CITIZENS [24CFR 5.514, 5.516, 5.518]

Denial or Termination due to Ineligible Immigrant Status

Applicant or participant families in which all members are neither U.S. citizens nor eligible immigrants are not eligible for assistance and must have their assistance terminated. The PHA must offer the family an opportunity for a hearing. (See "Eligibility for Admission" chapter, section on Citizenship/Eligible Immigration Status.)

Assistance may not be terminated while verification of the participant family's eligible immigration status is pending.

False or Incomplete Information

If the individual is unable to verify their citizenship, the PHA will give him/her an opportunity to provide a new declaration as an eligible immigrant or an opportunity to elect not to contend their status.

The PHA will then verify the eligible status, deny, terminate, or prorate as applicable.

The PHA will deny or terminate assistance based on the submission of false information or misrepresentation.

Procedure for Denial or Termination

If the family (or any member) claimed eligible immigrant status and the INS primary and secondary verifications failed to document the status, the family may make an appeal to the INS and request a hearing with the PHA either after the INS appeal or in lieu of the INS appeal.

After the PHA has made a determination of ineligibility, the family will be notified of the determination and the reasons and informed of the option for prorated assistance (if applicable).

E. ZERO (\$0) ASSISTANCE TENANCIES (Family paying full rent)

The PHA has no liability for unpaid rent or damages, and the family may remain in the unit at \$0 assistance for up to 180 days after the last HAP payment. If the contract expires prior to the end of the 180-day period, a new contract will not be entered into if the family is still at zero assistance. If the family is still in the unit after 180 days, the assistance will be terminated. If, within the 180-day timeframe, a owner rent increase or a decrease in the Total Tenant Payment causes the family to be eligible for a housing assistance payment, the PHA will resume assistance payments for the family. If there was a current contract in effect, a Notice of Rent Change will be done. If there was no current contract in place, a contract will be entered into effective the date of HAP assistance commencement and expiring with the lease expiration date.

In order for a family to move to another unit during the 180 days, the rent for the new unit would have to be high enough to necessitate a housing assistance payment.

F. OPTION NOT TO TERMINATE FOR MISREPRESENTATION [24 CFR 982.551, 982.552(c)]

If the family has misrepresented any facts that caused the PHA to overpay assistance, the PHA may choose not to terminate and may offer to continue assistance provided that the family executes a

Repayment Agreement and makes payments in accordance with the agreement. (See “Program Integrity Addendum”, Procedural Non-Compliance – Overpaid Assistance section)

G. MISREPRESENTATION IN COLLUSION WITH OWNER [24CFR982.551,982.552(c)]

If the family intentionally, willingly, and knowingly commits fraud or is involved in any other illegal scheme with the owner, the PHA will deny or terminate assistance to the family and ban the owner from future business with the PHA.

H. MISSED APPOINTMENTS AND DEADLINES [24CFR982.551,982.552(c)]

It is a Family Obligation to supply information, documentation, and certification as needed for the PHA to fulfill its responsibilities. The PHA schedules appointments and sets deadlines in order to obtain the required information. The Obligations also require that the family allow the PHA to inspect the unit, and appointments are made for this purpose.

An applicant or participant who fails to keep an appointment, or to supply information required by a deadline without notifying the PHA, may be sent a Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance for failure to provide required information, or for failure to allow the PHA to inspect the unit.

The family will be given information about the requirement to keep appointments and the number of times appointments will be rescheduled, as specified in this Plan.

Appointments will be scheduled and time requirements will be imposed for the following events and circumstances:

- Eligibility for Admissions
- Verification Procedures
- Voucher Issuance and Briefings
- Housing Quality Standards and Inspections
- Recertifications
- Appeals

Acceptable reasons for missing appointments or failing to provide information by deadline must be verifiable by 3rd party and are limited to:

- Medical emergency
- Incarceration
- Family emergency

Procedure when Appointments are Missed or Information not Provided

For most purposes in this Plan, the family will be given 2 opportunities before being issued a notice of termination or denial for breach of a family obligation.

After issuance of the termination notice, if the family offers to correct the breach within the time allowed to request a hearing:

The notice will not be rescinded if the family offers to cure the breach.

An exception may be approved by the Team Leader or Manager if there are mitigating circumstances involved in the case.

Chapter 16

OWNER DISAPPROVAL AND RESTRICTION

[24CFR982.54,982.306,982.453]

INTRODUCTION

It is the policy of the PHA to recruit owners to participate in the Voucher program. The PHA will provide owners with prompt and professional service in order to maintain an adequate supply of available housing throughout the jurisdiction of the PHA. The regulations define when the PHA must disallow an owner participation in the program, and they provide the PHA discretion to disapprove or otherwise restrict the participation of owners in certain categories. This Chapter describes the criteria for owner disapproval, and the various penalties for owner violations.

A. DISAPPROVAL OF OWNER [24CFR982.306,982.54(d)(8)]

The owner does not have a right to participate in the program. For purposes of this section, "owner" includes a principal or other interested party.

The PHA will disapprove the owner for the following reasons:

HUD has informed the PHA that the owner has been disbarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation under 24CFR part 24.

HUD has informed the PHA that the federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner for violation of the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements and such action is pending.

HUD has informed the PHA that a court or administrative agency has determined that the owner has violated the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements.

Unless their lease was effective prior to June 17, 1998, the owner may not be a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any family member. The PHA will waive this restriction as a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with a disability.

In cases where the owner and tenant bear the same last name, the PHA may, at its discretion, require the family and/or owner to certify whether they are related to each other in any way.

The owner has violated obligations under a housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f).

The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt act in connection with any federal housing program.

The owner has engaged in drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

The owner has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under

the tenant-based programs or with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or leased under any other federal housing program.

The owner has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local housing codes.

The owner has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants of units assisted under Section 8 or any other federally assisted housing program for activity by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of the household that:

Threatens the right to peace and enjoyment of the premises by other residents;

Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of the PHA, or of owner employees or other persons engaged in management of the housing.

Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences, by persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; or

Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity;

The owner has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines or assessments.

The owner has failed to comply with regulations, the mortgage or note, or the regulatory agreement for projects with mortgages insured by HUD or loans made by HUD.

B. OWNER RESTRICTIONS AND PENALTIES [24CFR982.453]

If an owner has committed fraud or abuse or is guilty of frequent or serious contract violations, the PHA will restrict the owner from future participation in the program for a period of time commensurate with the seriousness of the offense. The PHA may also terminate some or all contracts with the owner.

Before imposing any penalty against an owner the PHA will review all relevant factors pertaining to the case, and will consider such factors as the owner's record of compliance and the number of violations.

See Program Integrity Addendum for guidance as to how owner fraud will be handled.

C. CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP

A change in ownership does not require execution of a new contract.

The PHA will process a change of ownership only upon the written request of the new owner and only if accompanied by a copy of the recorded warranty deed and the Employee Identification Number or Social Security number of the new owner and an executed Contract Transfer attachment to the HAP Contract. If managed by third party, the owner will need to supply a copy of a management agreement.

Chapter17
CLAIMS,MOVE -OUTANDCLOSE -OUTINSPECTIONS (ForHAPContractsEffective
BeforeOctober2,1995)

INTRODUCTION

ThisChapterdescribesthePHA'spolicies,proceduresandstandardsforservicingHAP
ContractswhichwereeffectivebeforeOctober2,1995.ThisPHAdoesnothaveanyofthese
Certificatesexisting.ThisChapterisnotapplicabletotheHillsboroughCountyPHA.

Chapter 18

OWNER OR FAMILY DEBT TO THE PHA

[24CFR982.552]

INTRODUCTION

This Chapter describes the PHA's policies for the recovery of monies which have been overpaid for families, and to owners. It describes the methods that will be utilized for collection of monies and the guidelines for different types of debts. It is the PHA's policy to meet the informational needs of owners and families, and to communicate the program rules in order to avoid owner and family debts. Before a debt is assessed against a family or owner, the file must contain documentation to support the PHA's claim that the debt is owed. The file must further contain written documentation of the method of calculation, in a clear format for review by the owner, the family or other interested parties.

When families or owners owe money to the PHA, the PHA will make every effort to collect it. The PHA will use a variety of collection tools to recover debts including, but not limited to:

- *Requests for lump sum payments
- *Civil suits
- *Payment agreements
- *Abatements
- *Reductions in HAP to owner
- *Collection agencies
- *Credit bureaus

A. PAYMENT AGREEMENT FOR FAMILIES [24CFR982.552(c)(v -vii)]

A Payment Agreement as used in this Plan is a document entered into between the PHA and a person who owes a debt to the PHA. It is similar to a promissory note, but contains more details regarding the nature of the debt, the terms of payment, any special provisions of the agreement, and the remedies available to the PHA upon default of the agreement.

The PHA will prescribe the terms of the payment agreement, including determining whether to enter into a payment agreement with the family based on the circumstances surrounding the debt to the PHA.

There are some circumstances in which the PHA will not enter into a payment agreement. They are:

- *If the family already has a Payment Agreement in place.
- *If the PHA determines that the family committed program fraud.

B. LATE PAYMENTS

A payment will be considered to be in arrears if:

The payment is not received by the close of the business day 7 days after the due date.

If the family's payment agreement is in arrears, and the family has not contacted or made arrangements with the PHA, the PHA will:

Require the family to pay the balance in full within 30 days; or

Terminate the housing assistance

If the family requests a move to another unit and has a payment agreement in place and the payment agreement is not in arrears:

The family may be permitted to move.

If the family requests a move to another unit and is in arrears on a payment agreement:

The move will not be permitted unless they pay the balance in full.

C. DEBT DUE TO MISREPRESENTATIONS/NON-REPORTING OF INFORMATION [24CFR982.163]

HUD's definition of program fraud and abuse is a single act or pattern of actions that:

Constitutes false statement, omission, or concealment of a substantial fact, made with intent to deceive or mislead, and that results in payment of Section 8 program funds in violation of Section 8 program requirements.

Family Error/Late Reporting

Families who owe money to the PHA due to the family's failure to report increases in income will be required to repay in accordance with the payment procedures for Family Error/Late Reporting below.

Program Fraud

Families who owe money to the PHA due to program fraud will be required to pay the amount in full within 30 days. If the full amount is paid within this time period, and the family is still eligible, the PHA may continue assistance to the family.

If a family owes an amount which equals or exceeds \$10,000 as a result of program fraud, the case may be referred to the Inspector General. Where appropriate, the PHA will refer the case for criminal prosecution.

Payment Procedures for Family Error/Late Reporting

Families who fail to report increases in income as required, will be subject to the following procedures:

First offense and under \$2000 unreported income: allowed payment agreement.

The duration of the agreement will not exceed the duration of the violation.

The amount of the monthly payment will be determined in accordance with the family's current income.

Second offense or over \$2000 unreported income: same as program fraud.

Third offense: terminate assistance with right to informal hearing.

D. DEBTS DUE TO MINIMUM RENT TEMPORARY HARDSHIP

Not applicable to this PHA since minimum rent is \$0.

E. GUIDELINES FOR PAYMENT AGREEMENTS [24CFR982.552(c)(v -vii)]

Payment Agreements will be executed between the PHA and the head of household.

Payments may only be made by money order or cashier's check.

A Payment Agreement will be considered to be in default when it is in arrears for 7 days.

Monthly payments may be decreased in cases of family hardship and if requested with reasonable notice from the family, verification of the hardship, and the approval of the Team Leader or Manager.

No move will be approved until the debt is paid in full unless the move is the result of the following causes, and the Payment Agreement is current:

The HAP contract is terminated due to owner non-compliance or opt-out

A natural disaster

If the family causes a breach of the Payment Agreement, the family must pay the balance in full within 30 days or the PHA will terminate assistance.

Additional Monies Owed: If the family already has a Payment Agreement in place and incurs an additional debt to the PHA:

The PHA will not enter into more than one Payment Agreement with the family.

Additional amounts owed by the family will be added to the existing payment agreement.

F. OWNER DEBT TO THE PHA [24CFR982.453(b)]

If the PHA determines that the owner has retained Housing Assistance Payments the owner is not entitled to, the PHA may reclaim the amounts from future Housing Assistance Payments owed the owner for any units under contract.

If future Housing Assistance Payments are insufficient to reclaim the amounts owed, the PHA will:

Require the owner to pay the amount in full within 30 calendar days.

Pursue collection through the local courts system.

Restrict the owner from future participation.

G. WRITING OFF DEBTS

Debts may be written off if:

The debtor's whereabouts are unknown and the debt is more than 2 years old.

The debtor is deceased.

The debtor is confined to an institution indefinitely or for more than 2 years.

Chapter 19

COMPLAINTS AND APPEALS

INTRODUCTION

The informal hearing requirements defined in HUD regulations are applicable to participating families who disagree with an action, decision, or inaction of the PHA. This Chapter describes the policies, procedures and standards to be used when families disagree with a PHA decision. The procedures and requirements are explained for preferred denial meetings, informal reviews and hearings. It is the policy of the PHA to ensure that all families have the benefit of all protections due to them under the law.

A. COMPLAINTS TO THE PHA

The PHA will respond promptly to complaints from families, owners, employees, and members of the public. All complaints will be documented. The PHA may require that complaints other than HQS violations be put in writing. HQS complaints may be reported by telephone.

The PHA hearing procedures will be provided to families in the briefing packet.

Categories of Complaints

Complaints from families : If a family disagrees with an action or inaction of the PHA or owner.

Complaints from families will be referred to the Team Leader. If a complaint is not resolved, it will be referred to the Manager or Department Director.

Complaints from owners : If an owner disagrees with an action or inaction of the PHA or a family.

Complaints from owners will be referred to the Team Leader. If a complaint is not resolved, it will be referred to the Manager or Department Director.

Complaints from staff : If a staff person reports an owner or family either violating or not complying with program rules, the complaint will be referred to the Team Leader.

Complaints from the general public : Complaints or referrals from persons in the community in regard to the PHA, a family or an owner.

Complaints from the general public will be referred to the Team Leader. If a complaint is not resolved, it will be referred to the Manager.

B. PREFERENCE DENIALS [24CFR5.415]

When the PHA denies a preference to an applicant, the family will be notified in writing of the specific reason for the denial and offered the opportunity for an informal review.

The person who conducts the informal review will be:

Someone who was not involved in the decision to deny the preference.

C. INFORMAL REVIEW PROCEDURES FOR APPLICANTS [24CFR982.54(d)(12), 982.554]

Reviews are provided for applicants who are denied assistance before the effective date of the HA Contract. The exception is that when an applicant is denied assistance for citizenship or eligible immigrant status, the applicant is entitled to an informal hearing. P

When the PHA determines that an applicant is ineligible for the program, the family must be notified of their ineligibility in writing. The notice must contain:

The reason(s) they are ineligible,

The procedure for requesting a review if the applicant does not agree with the decision and

The time limit for requesting a review.

When denying a dismission for criminal activity by a household member, the PHA will include in the notice a statement that the applicant may request a copy of the criminal record upon which the decision to deny was based.

The PHA must provide applicants with the opportunity for an Informal Review of decisions denying:

Listing on the PHA's waiting list

Issuance of a Voucher

Participation in the program

Assistance under portability procedures

Informal Reviews are not required for established policies and procedures and PHA terminations such as:

Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA

General policy issues or class grievances

A determination of the family unit size under the PHA subsidy standards

Refusal to extend or suspend a Voucher

APHA determination not to grant approval of the tenancy

Determination that unit is not in compliance with HQS

Determination that unit is not in accordance with HQS due to family size or composition

Procedure for Review

A written request for an Informal Review must be received by the close of the business day, no later than 10 calendar days from the date of the PHA's notification of denial of assistance. This is a strict deadline. The informal review will be scheduled within 15 calendar days from the date the request is received.

The Informal Review may not be conducted by the person whom made or approved the decision under review, nor a subordinate of such person.

The Review may be conducted by:

An individual from outside the PHA

The applicant will be given the option of presenting oral or written objections to the decision. Both the PHA and the family may present evidence and witnesses. The family may use an attorney or other representative to assist them at their own expense.

The review may be conducted by mail and/or telephone if acceptable to both parties.

The applicant will be informed that it is not required for the applicant to be present at the informal review.

A Notice of the Review findings will be provided in writing to the applicant within 15 days after the review. It shall include the decision of the review officer, and an explanation of the reasons for the decision.

All requests for review, supporting documentation, and a copy of the final decision will be retained in the family's file.

D. INFORMAL HEARING PROCEDURE S [24CFR982.555(a-f), 982.54(d)(13)]

When the PHA makes a decision regarding the eligibility and/or the amount of assistance, applicants and participants must be notified in writing. The PHA will give the family prompt notice of such determinations which will include:

The proposed action or decision of the PHA;

The date the proposed action or decision will take place;

The family's right to an explanation of the basis for the PHA's decision.

The procedures for requesting a hearing if the family disputes the action or decision;

The time limit for requesting the hearing.

The PHA must provide participants with the opportunity for an Informal Hearing for decisions related to any of the following PHA determinations:

Determination of the family's annual or adjusted income and the computation of the housing assistance payment

Appropriate utility allowance used from schedule

Family unit sized determination under PHA subsidy standards

Determination that premerger Certificate program family is under occupied in their current unit and a request for exception is denied

Determination to terminate assistance for any reason.

Determination to terminate a family's FSS Contract, withhold support services, or propose forfeiture of the family's escrow account.

The PHA will always provide the opportunity for an informal hearing before termination of assistance in accordance with this Housing Administrative Plan.

Informal Hearings are not required for established policies and procedures and PHA determinations such as:

Discretionary administrative determinations by the PHA

General policy issues or class grievances

Establishment of the PHA schedule of utility allowances for families in the program

PHA determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a voucher term

PHA determination not to approve a unit or lease

A PHA determination that an assisted unit is not in compliance with HQS (PHA must provide hearing for family breach of HQS because that is a family obligation determination)

PHA determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of the family size

PHA determination to exercise or not exercise any right to remedy against the owner under a HAP contract

Notification of Hearing

It is the PHA's objective to resolve disputes at the lowest level possible, and to make every effort to avoid the most severe remedies. However, if this is not possible, the PHA will ensure that applicants and participants will receive all of the protections and rights afforded by the law and the regulations.

A written request for an Informal Hearing must be received by the close of the business day, no later than 10 calendar days from the date of the PHA's notification of intent to terminate or other action.

When the PHA receives a written request for an informal hearing, a hearing shall be scheduled within 15 calendar days. The notification of hearing will contain:

The date and time of the hearing

The location where the hearing will be held

The family's right to bring evidence, witnesses, legal or other representation at the family's expense

The right to view any documents or evidence in the possession of the PHA upon which the PHA based the proposed action and, at the family's expense, to obtain a copy of such documents prior to the hearing. Requests for such documents or evidence must be received no later than 3 days before the hearing date.

A notice to the family that the PHA will request a copy of any documents or evidence the family will use at the hearing. Requests for such documents or evidence must be received no later than 3 days before the hearing date.

The PHA's Hearing Procedures

After a hearing date is scheduled, the family may request to reschedule only upon showing "good cause," which is defined as an unavoidable conflict which seriously affects the health, safety or welfare of the family.

If a family does not appear at a scheduled hearing and has not rescheduled the hearing in advance, the family must contact the PHA within 72 hours, excluding weekends and holidays. The PHA will reschedule the hearing only if, within 10 days of the decision letter, the family can show good cause for the failure to appear.

Families have the right to:

Present written or oral objections to the PHA's determination.

Examine the documents in the file which are the basis for the PHA's action, and all documents submitted to the Hearing Officer;

Order copies of documents at their expense;

Present any information or witnesses pertinent to the issue of the hearing;

Request that PHA staff be available or present at the hearing to answer questions pertinent to the case; and

Be represented by legal counsel, advocate, or other designated representative at their own expense.

If the family requests copies of documents relevant to the hearing, the PHA will make the copies for the family at a charge of \$.15 per copy. In no case will the family be allowed to remove the file from the PHA's office.

In addition to other rights contained in this Chapter, the PHA has a right to:

- Present evidence and any information pertinent to the issue of the hearing;
- Be notified if the family intends to be represented by legal counsel, advocate, or another party;
- Examine and copy any documents to be used by the family prior to the hearing;
- Have its attorney present; and
- Have staff persons and other witnesses familiar with the case present.

The Informal Hearing shall be conducted by the Hearing Officer appointed by the PHA who is neither the person whom made or approved the decision, nor a subordinate of that person. The PHA appoints hearing officers who:

Are managers and professional level staff who are knowledgeable in HUD & PHA rules and regulations.

The hearings shall concern only the issues for which the family has received the opportunity for hearing. Evidence presented at the hearing may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

No documents may be presented which have not been provided to the other party before the hearing if requested by the other party. "Documents" includes records and regulations.

The family must request an audio recording of the hearing, if desired, 3 days prior to the hearing date.

The Hearing Officer may ask the family for additional information and/or might adjourn the hearing in order to reconvene at a later date, before reaching a decision.

If the family misses an appointment or deadline ordered by the Hearing Officer, the action of the PHA shall take effect and another hearing will not be granted.

The Hearing Officer will determine whether the action, inaction or decision of the PHA is legal in accordance with HUD regulations and this Administrative Plan based upon the evidence and testimony provided at the hearing. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the family will be based on a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing.

A notice of the Hearing Findings shall be provided in writing to the PHA and the family within 15 days and shall include:

A clear summary of the decision and reasons for the decision;

If the decision involves money owed, the amount owed;

The date the decision goes into effect.

The PHA is not bound by hearing decisions:

Which concern matters in which the PHA is not required to provide an opportunity for a hearing

Which conflict with or contradict HUD regulations or requirements;

Which conflict with or contradict Federal, State or local laws; or

Which exceed the authority of the person conducting the hearing.

The PHA shall send a letter to the participant if it determines the PHA is not bound by the Hearing Officer's determination within 15 days. The letter shall include the PHA's reasons for the decision.

All requests for a hearing, supporting documentation and a copy of the final decision will be retained in the family's file.

E. LATER EQU ESTS FOR INFORMAL REVIEWS/HEARINGS

When a request for an informal review/hearing is received late, the applicant/participant is sent a "Confirmation of Denial/Termination" letter informing him/her of the missed strict deadline. The notice gives the applicant/participant the opportunity to request an exception to the deadline due to severe extenuating circumstances, that must be verifiable and that affected the safety or health of the immediate family, and that had a direct impact to the request having been received late. Examples of severe extenuating circumstances that may be considered are hospitalization or death of immediate family member during the time period for the family to request an informal review. Failure to provide this office with a contact address where this office could reach you, or any other problems with the mail are not considered severe extenuating circumstances.

F. HEARING AND APPEAL PROVISIONS FOR "RESTRICTIONS ON ASSISTANCE TO NON-CITIZENS" [24 CFR Part 5, Subpart E]

Assistance to the family may not be delayed, denied or terminated on the basis of immigration status at any time prior to the receipt of the decision on the INS appeal.

Assistance to a family may not be terminated or denied while the PHA hearing is pending but assistance to an applicant may be delayed pending the PHA hearing.

INS Determination of Ineligibility

If a family member claims to be an eligible immigrant and the INSSAVE system and manual search do not verify the claim, the PHA notifies the applicant or participant within ten days of their right to appeal to the INS within thirty days or to request an informal hearing with the PHA either in lieu of or subsequent to the INS appeal.

Updated
05/30/02

If the family appeals to the INS, they must give the PHA a copy of the appeal and proof of mailing or the PHA may proceed to deny or terminate. The time period to request an appeal may be extended by the PHA for good cause.

The request for a PHA hearing must be made within 10 days of receipt of the notice offering the hearing or, if an appeal was made to the INS, within 10 days of receipt of that notice.

After receipt of a request for an informal hearing, the hearing is conducted as described in this chapter for both applicants and participants. If the hearing officer decides that the individual is not eligible, and there are no other eligible family members the PHA will:

Deny the applicant family.

Terminate the participant.

If there are eligible members in the family, the PHA will offer to prorated assistance or give the family the option to remove the ineligible members.

All other complaints related to eligible citizen/immigrant status:

If any family member fails to provide documentation or certification as required by the regulation, that member is treated as ineligible. If all family members fail to provide, the family will be denied or terminated for failure to provide.

Participants whose assistance is prorated (either based on their statement that some members are ineligible or due to failure to verify eligible immigration status for some members after exercising their appeal and hearing rights described above) are entitled to a hearing based on their right to a hearing regarding determinations of tenant rent and Total Tenant Payment.

Families denied or terminated for fraud in connection with the non-citizen rule are entitled to a review or hearing in the same way as terminations for any other type of fraud.

G. MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES FOR APPLICANTS/PARTICIPANTS WITH DISABILITIES [24CFR 982.204, 982.552(c)]

When applicants are denied placement on the waiting list, or the PHA is terminating assistance, the family will be informed that presence of a disability may be considered as a mitigating circumstance during the informal review/hearing process.

Chapter20
SPECIALHOUSINGTYPES

[24CFR982.601]

INTRODUCTION

ThePHAwillpermittheuseofSingleRoomOccupancyHousing,CongregateHousing,andGroup Home in its program only if the applicant/participate can demonstrate that it is needed as a reasonable a ccommodation for a person with a disability or an elderly person. Acceptable demonstrationwillincluddocumentationfromoneormoreknowledgeableprofessionalswhoare familiar with the applicant/participant and or the type of special housing requested as accommodation.

ThePHAdoesnotadministertheHomeownershipoptionundertheSection8program.

ThePHAwillnotsetasideanyprogramfundingforspecialhousingtypes,orforaspecialhousing type.

VerificationofNeedforReasonableAccommodation

Acceptabledocumentationasverificationoftheneedforreasonableaccommodationwouldbea lettertothePHAfromaphysicianorothermedicalprofessional,describinghowthespecialhousing type requested provides the accommodation of which the person is in need. The request and documentation will be reviewed by Team Leader and a written response stating approval or disapprovalwillbesenttotheapplicant/participantwithin15calendardaysofreceiptoftherequest.

A copy of the PHA's response with supporting documentation will be maintained in the applicant/participant's file. The requested housing type must be approvable by all other HUD standards and HQS requirements in accordance with 24 CFR 982 Section M - Special Housing Types.

A. SINGLEROOM OCCUPANCY [24CFR982.602]

The PHA will use a separate lease and housing assistance payment contract for each assisted person residing in a SRO. [24CFR982.603]

SRO Rent and Housing Assistance Payment [24CFR982.604]

The PHA SRO payment standard is 75 percent of the zero bedroom payment standards schedule. For a person residing in an exception area the payment standard is 75 percent of the HUD -approved zero bedroom exception payment standard amount. While an assisted person resides in SRO housing, the SRO payment standard must be used to calculate the housing assistance payment.

Utility Allowance

The utility allowance for an assisted person residing in SRO housing is 75 percent of the zero bedroom utility allowance.

Housing Quality Standards

The PHA will ensure that all SRO units approved for the program are in compliance with all of the Housing Quality Standards for SROs as regulated in 24CFR982.605.

B. CONGREGATE HOUSING [24CFR982.606]

An elderly person or a person with disabilities may reside in a congregated housing unit.

The PHA may approve a family member or live-in aide to reside with the elderly person or person with disabilities.

The PHA will approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

Congregate Housing Lease and HAP Contract [24CFR982.607]

For congregated housing there will be a separate lease and HAP contract for each assisted family.

Unless there is a live-in aide, the payment standard for a family that resides in a congregated housing unit is the zero-bedroom payment standard on the PHA payment standards schedule.

However, if there are two or more rooms in the unit (not including kitchen or sanitary facilities), the payment standard for a family that resides in a congregated housing unit is the one-bedroom payment standard amount.

If there is a live-in aide, the live-in aide will be counted in determining the family unit size.

Housing Quality Standards

The PHA will ensure that all congregated housing units approved for the program are in compliance with all of the Housing Quality Standards for congregated housing as regulated in 24CFR982.609.

C. GROUP HOMES [24CFR982.610,982.612]

A group home must be licensed, certified, or otherwise approved in writing by the State, or the State's licensing department.

An elderly person or a person with disabilities may reside in a State-approved group home. If approved by the PHA, a live-in aide may reside with a person with disabilities.

The PHA must approve live-in aides if needed as reasonable accommodations so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. Except for a live-in aide, all residents of a group home must be elderly persons or persons with disabilities.

The PHA will not approve assistance for a person to live in a group home if file documentation indicates that the person is in need of continual medical or nursing care.

No more than twelve persons may reside in a group home. This limit covers all persons who reside in the unit, including assisted and unassisted residents and any live-in aide.

Group Home Lease and HAP Contract [24CFR982.611]

There will be a separate HAP contract and lease for each assisted person living in a group home. For a group home, the term "pro-rata portion" means that which is derived by dividing the number of persons in the assisted household by the total number of residents (assisted and unassisted) residing in the group home. The number of persons in the assisted household equals one assisted person plus any PHA-approved live-in aide.

Group Home Rent and HAP Contract [24CFR982.613]

The rent to owner for an assisted person may not exceed the pro-rata portion of the reasonable rent for the group home.

The reasonable rent for a group home is determined in accordance with 982.503. In determining reasonable rent, the PHA will consider whether sanitary facilities, and facilities for food preparation and service, are common facilities or private.

Maximum Subsidy

Unless there is a live-in aide, the family unit size is one bedroom. If there is a live-in aide, the live-in aide will be counted in determining the family unit size.

The payment standard for a person who resides in a group home is the lower of the payment standard for the family unit size; or the pro-rata portion of the payment standard amount on the PHA payment standards schedule for the group home size.

Utility Allowance

Updated
05/30/02

The utility allowance for each assisted person residing in a group home is the proportion of the utility allowance for the group home units size.

Housing Quality Standards

The PHA will ensure that all group home units approved for the program are in compliance with all of the Housing Quality Standards for group homes as regulated in 24CFR982.614.

D. MANUFACTURED HOMES [24CFR982.620]

The PHA will permit a family to lease a manufactured home and space with assistance under the program. The PHA will not provide assistance for a family that owns the manufactured home and leases only the space.

The PHA may approve a live-in aide to reside with a family to care for a person with disabilities. The PHA will approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. If the PHA approves a live-in aide, the live-in aide must be counted when determining the family unit size.

Housing Quality Standards [24CFR982.621]

A manufactured home must meet all the HQS requirements outlined in the "Housing Quality Standards and Inspections" chapter and regulated by 24CFR982.401. In addition the manufactured home also must meet the following requirements:

A manufactured home must be placed on the site in a stable manner, and must be free from hazards such as sliding or wind damage.

A manufactured home must be securely anchored by a tie-down device that distributes and transfers the loads imposed by the unit to appropriate ground anchors to resist wind overturning and sliding.

PROGRAM INTEGRITY ADDENDUM

[24CFR 79.2101 to 79.204, 982.54]

INTRODUCTION

The US Department of HUD conservatively estimates that 200 million dollars is paid annually to program participants who falsify or omit material facts in order to gain more rental assistance than they are entitled to under the law. HUD further estimates that 12% of all HUD -assisted families are either totally ineligible, or are receiving benefits which exceed their legal entitlement.

The PHA is committed to assuring that the proper level of benefits is paid to all participating families, and that housing resources reach only income -eligible families so that program integrity can be maintained.

The PHA will take all steps necessary to prevent fraud, waste, and mismanagement so that program resources are utilized judiciously.

This Chapter outlines the PHA's policies for the prevention, detection and investigation of program abuse and fraud.

A. CRITERIA FOR INVESTIGATION OF SUSPECTED ABUSE AND FRAUD

Under no circumstances will the PHA undertake an inquiry or an audit of a participating family arbitrarily. The PHA's expectation is that participating families will comply with HUD requirements, provisions of the voucher, and other program rules. The PHA staff will make every effort (formally

and informally) to orient and educate all families in order to avoid unintentional violations. However, the PHA has a responsibility to HUD, to the Community, and to eligible families in need of housing assistance, to monitor participants and owners for compliance and, when indicators of possible abuse come to the PHA's attention, to investigate such claims.

The PHA will initiate an investigation of a participating family only in the event of one or more of the following circumstances with the approval of the Team Leader:

Referrals, Complaints, or Tips. The PHA will follow up on referrals from other agencies, companies or persons which are received by mail, by telephone or in person, which allege that a family is in non-compliance with, or otherwise violating the family obligations or any other program rules. Such follow-up will be made providing that the referral contains at least one item of information that is independently verifiable. A copy of the allegation will be retained in the family's file.

Internal File Review. A follow-up will be made if PHA staff discovers (as a function of a certification or recertification, an interim redetermination, or a quality control review), information or facts which conflict with previous file data, the PHA's knowledge of the family, or is discrepant with statements made by the family.

Verification of Documentation. A follow-up will be made if the PHA receives independent verification or documentation which conflicts with representations in the family's file (such as public record information or credit bureau reports, reports from other agencies).

B. STEP THE PHA WILL TAKE TO PREVENT PROGRAM ABUSE AND FRAUD

The PHA management and staff will utilize various methods and practices (listed below) to prevent program abuse, non-compliance, and willful violations of program rules by applicants and participating families. This policy objective is to establish confidence and trust in the management by emphasizing education as the primary means to obtain compliance by families.

Things You Should Know. This program integrity bulletin (created by HUD's Inspector General) will be furnished and explained to all applicants to promote understanding of program rules, and to clarify the PHA's expectations for cooperation and compliance.

Program Orientation Session. Mandatory orientation sessions will be conducted by the PHA staff for all prospective program participants, either prior to or upon issuance of a voucher. At the conclusion of all Program Orientation Sessions, the family representative will be required to sign a "Program Briefing Certificate" to confirm that all rules and pertinent regulations were explained to them.

Review and explanation of Forms. Staff will explain all required forms and review the contents of all certification documents prior to signature. Staff are available to discuss these issues during the recertification process also, upon request of the family.

Use of Instructive Signs and Warnings. Instructive signs will be conspicuously posted in common areas and interview areas to reinforce compliance with program rules and to warn about penalties for fraud and abuse.

C. STEP THE PHA WILL TAKE TO DETECT PROGRAM ABUSE AND FRAUD

The PHA Staff will maintain a high level of awareness to indicators of possible abuse and fraud by assisted families.

Quality Control File Reviews. Prior to initial certification, and at the completion of all subsequent recertifications, each participant file will be reviewed by the Team Leader or Senior Housing Counselor. A random selection (not to exceed 5% of all cases) of both new and re-exam files will be further reviewed by Quality Control Staff. Such reviews shall include, but are not limited to:

Assurance that verification of all income and deductions is present.

Changes in reported Social Security Numbers or dates of birth.

Authenticity of filed documents.

Ratio between reported income and expenditures.

Review of signatures for consistency with previously signed filed documents.

All forms are correctly dated and signed.

Observation. The PHA Management and Occupancy Staff (to include inspection personnel) will maintain high awareness of circumstances which may indicate program abuse or fraud, such as unauthorized persons residing in the household and unreported income.

Observations will be documented in the family's file.

Public Record Bulletins may be reviewed by Management and Staff.

State Wage Data Record Keepers. Inquiries to State Wage and Employment record keeping agencies as authorized under Public Law 100-628, the Stewart B. McKinley Homeless Assistance Amendments Act of 1988, may be made annually in order to detect unreported wages or unemployment compensation benefits.

Credit Bureau Inquiries. Credit Bureau inquiries may be made (with proper authorization by the participant) in the following circumstances:

At the time of final eligibility determination

When an allegation is received by the PHA where unreported income sources are disclosed.

When a participant's expenditures exceed his/her reported income, and no plausible explanation is given.

D. THE PHA'S HANDLING OF ALL ALLEGATIONS OF POSSIBLE ABUSE AND FRAUD

The PHA staff will encourage all participating families to report suspected abuse to any Section 8 staff person. All such referrals, as well as referrals from community members and other agencies, will be thoroughly documented and placed in the participant's file. All allegations, complaints and

tips will be carefully evaluated in order to determine if they warrant follow-up. The Team Leader will not approve follow-up on allegations which are vague or otherwise non-specific. The PHA will only review allegations which contain one or more independently verifiable facts.

File Review. An internal file review will be conducted to determine:

If the subject of the allegation is a client of the PHA and, if so, to determine whether or not the information reported has been previously disclosed by the family.

It will then be determined if the PHA is the most appropriate authority to do a follow-up (more so than police or social services). Any filed documentation of past behavior as well as corroborating complaints will be evaluated.

Conclusion of Preliminary Review. If at the conclusion of the preliminary file review there is/are fact(s) contained in the allegation which conflict with file data, and the fact(s) are independently verifiable, the Team Leader will approve an investigation to determine if the allegation is true or false.

E. OVERPAYMENT TO OWNERS

The PHA will make every effort to recover any overpayments made as a result of landlord fraud or abuse. Payments otherwise due to the owner may be debited in order to repay the PHA or the tenant, as applicable.

F. HOW THE PHA WILL INVESTIGATE ALLEGATIONS OF ABUSE AND FRAUD

If the PHA determines that an allegation or referral warrants follow-up, either the staff person who is responsible for the file, or a person designated by the Team Leader to monitor the program compliance will conduct the investigation. The steps taken will depend upon the nature of the allegation and may include, but are not limited to, the items listed below. In all cases, the PHA will secure the written authorization from the program participant for the release of information. The family's refusal to cooperate with the investigation is grounds for denial or termination.

Credit Bureau Inquiries. In cases involving previously unreported income sources, a CB inquiry may be made to determine if there is financial activity that conflicts with the reported income of the family.

Verification of Credit. In cases where the financial activity conflicts with filed data, a *Verification of Credit* form may be mailed to the creditor in order to determine the unreported income source.

Employers and Ex-Employers. Employers or ex-employers may be contacted to verify wages which may have been previously undisclosed or misreported.

Neighbors/Witnesses. Neighbors and/or other witnesses may be interviewed who are believed to have direct or indirect knowledge of facts pertaining to the PHA's review.

Other Agencies. Investigators, case workers or representatives of other benefit agencies may be contacted.

Public Records. If relevant, the PHA will review public records kept in any jurisdictional courthouse. Examples of public records which may be checked are: real estate, marriage, divorce, uniform commercial code financing statements, voter registration, judgments, court or police records, state wage records, utility records and postal records.

Interviews with Head of Household or Family Members. The PHA will discuss the allegation (or details thereof) with the Head of Household or family member by scheduling an appointment at the appropriate PHA office. A high standard of courtesy and professionalism will be maintained by the PHA staff person who conducts such interviews. Under no circumstances will inflammatory language, accusation, or an unprofessional conductor or language be tolerated by the management. If possible, an additional staff person will attend such interviews.

G. PLACEMENT OF DOCUMENTS, EVIDENCE AND STATEMENTS OBTAINED BY THE PHA

Documents and other evidence obtained by the PHA during the course of an investigation will be considered "work product" and will be kept in the participant's file. Such cases under review will not be discussed among PHA staff unless they are involved in the process, or have information which may assist in the investigation.

H. CONCLUSION OF THE PHA'S INVESTIGATIVE REVIEW

At the conclusion of the investigative review, the reviewer will report the findings to the Manager or designee. It will then be determined whether a violation has occurred, a violation has not occurred, or if the facts are inconclusive.

I. EVALUATION OF THE FINDINGS

If it is determined that a program violation has occurred, the PHA will review the facts to determine:

The type of violation (procedural non-compliance, fraud).

Whether the violation was intentional or unintentional.

What amount of money (if any) is owed by the family.

If the family is eligible for continued occupancy.

J. ACTION PROCEDURES FOR VIOLATIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN DOCUMENTED

Once a program violation has been documented, the PHA will propose the most appropriate remedy based upon the type and severity of the violation.

- 1. Procedural Non-compliance.** This category applies when the family "fails to" observe a procedure or requirement of the PHA, but does not misrepresent a material fact, and there is no retroactive assistance payments owed by the family.

Examples of non-compliance violations are :

Failure to appear at a pre-scheduled appointment.

Failure to return verification in time periods specified by the PHA.

In such cases, the PHA will take the course of action most appropriate based on the severity of the violation and prior history of non-compliance.

1st Offense:

Warning Notice to the Family: A notice will be sent to the family which contains the following:

A description of the non-compliance and the procedure, policy or obligation which was violated.

The date by which the violation must be corrected, or the procedure complied with.

The action which will be taken by the PHA if the procedure or obligation is not complied with by the dates specified by the PHA.

The consequences of repeated (similar) violations.

2nd Offense:

Notice of Intent to Terminate Assistance: A notice will be sent to the family which contains the following:

A description of the violation.

The effective date of the termination.

The last day of housing assistance payment.

The procedure and due date to request an informal hearing.

2. Procedural Non-compliance - Overpaid Assistance. When the family owes money to the PHA for failure to report changes in income or assets, the PHA will issue a Notification of Overpayment of Assistance. This Notice will contain the following:

A description of the violation and the date(s).

Any amounts owed to the PHA.

The remedy action required as noted below:

1st Offense or under \$2000 unreported income : Enter into Repayment Agreement.

2nd Offense or over \$2000 unreported income : Pay PHA in full for over paid assistance within 30 days to remain on program.

3rd Offense : Terminate assistance.

A 10 calendar days response period.

The right to disagree and to request an informal hearing with instructions for the request of such hearing.

- (a) Participant Fails to Comply with PHA's Notice. If the Participant fails to comply with the PHA's notice, and a family obligation has been violated, the PHA will initiate termination of assistance.
- (b) Participant Complies with PHA's Notice. Except for 3rd offenses, when a family complies the PHA's notice, the staff person responsible will meet with him/her to discuss and explain the Family Obligation or program rule which was violated. The staff person will complete written documentation of the counseling and give one copy to the family and retain a copy in the family's file.

3. Intentional Misrepresentations. When a participant falsifies, misstates, omits or otherwise misrepresents a material fact which results (or would have resulted) in an overpayment of housing assistance by the PHA, the PHA will evaluate whether or not:

The participant had knowledge that his/her actions were wrong, and

The participant willfully violated the family obligations or the law.

Knowledge that the action or inaction was wrong. This will be evaluated by determining if the participant was made aware of program requirements and prohibitions. The participant's signature on the application, various certifications, briefing certificate, and Things You Should Know are adequate to establish knowledge of wrongdoing.

The participant willfully violated the law. Any of the following circumstances will be considered adequate to demonstrate willful intent:

- (a) An admission by the participant of the misrepresentation.
- (b) That the act was done repeatedly.
- (c) If a false name or Social Security Number was used.
- (d) If there were admissions to others of the illegal action or omission.
- (e) **That the participant omitted material facts which were known to him/her (e.g., employment of self for other household member).**
- (f) That the participant falsified, forged or altered documents.
- (g) That the participant uttered and certified statements at an interim (re) determination which were later independently verified to be false.

- 4. Dispositions of Cases Involving Misrepresentations** . In all cases of misrepresentations involving efforts to recover monies owed, the PHA may pursue, depending upon its evaluation of the criteria stated above, one or more of the following actions:
- (a) Criminal Prosecution : If the PHA has established criminal intent, and the case meets the criteria for prosecution, the PHA will:
- Refer the case to the local State or District Attorney, notify HUD's RIGI, and terminate rental assistance.
- (b) Administrative Remedies :
- Families who owe money to the PHA due to program fraud will be required to pay the amount in full within 30 days. If the full amount is paid within this time period, and the family is still eligible the PHA may continue assistance to the family. Families who owe money for other reasons will be required to enter into a repayment agreement as described in Chapter 18.
- 5. Notification to Participant of Proposed Action.** The PHA will notify the family of the proposed action no later than 15 calendar days by certified mail.

GLOSSARY

A. ACRONYMS USED IN SUBSIDIZED HOUSING

AAF	Annual Adjustment Factor. A factor published by HUD in the Federal Register which is used to compute annual rent adjustment.
ACC	Annual Contributions Contract
BR	Bedroom
CDBG	Community Development Block Grant
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations. Commonly referred to as "the regulations". The CFR is the compilation of Federal rules which are first published in the Federal Register and define and implement a statute.
CPI	Consumer Price Index. CPI is published monthly by the Department of Labor as an inflation indicator.
ELI	Extremely low income
FDIC	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
FHA	Federal Housing Administration

FICA	Federal Insurance Contributions Act - Social Security taxes
FmHA	Farmers Home Administration
FMR	Fair Market Rent
FY	Fiscal Year
FYE	Fiscal Year End
GAO	Government Accounting Office
GFC	Gross Family Contribution. Note: Has been replaced by the term Total Tenant Payment (TTP).
GR	Gross Rent
HAP	Housing Assistance Payment
HAPPlan	Housing Assistance Plan
HCDA	Housing and Community Development Act
HQS	Housing Quality Standards
HUD	The Department of Housing and Urban Development or its designee.
HURRA	Housing and Urban/Rural Recovery Act of 1983; resulted in most of the 1984 HUD regulation changes to definition of income, allowances, rent calculations
IG	Inspector General
IGR	Independent Group Residence
IPA	Independent Public Accountant
IRA	Individual Retirement Account
MSA	Metropolitan Statistical Area established by the U.S. Census Bureau
PHA	Public Housing Agency
PMSA	A Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area established by the U.S. Census Bureau
PS	Payment Standard
QC	Quality Control
RFAT	Request for Approval of Tenancy
RFP	Request for Proposals
RRP	Rental Rehabilitation Program
SRO	Single Room Occupancy
SSMA	Standard Statistical Metropolitan Area. Has been replaced by MSA, Metropolitan Statistical Area.
TR	Tenant Rent
TTP	Total Tenant Payment
UA	Utility Allowance

URP

UtilityReimbursementPayment

B. GLOSSARY OF TERMS IN SUBSIDIZED HOUSING

1937 ACT. The United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq.)

ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN. The HUD required written policy of the PHA governing its administration of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher program. The Administrative Plan and any revisions must be approved by the PHA's board and a copy submitted to HUD as a supporting document to the PHA Plan.

ABSORPTION. In portability, the point at which a receiving PHA stops billing the initial PHA for assistance on behalf of a portability family. The receiving PHA uses funds available under the receiving PHA consolidated ACC.

ACCRESERVE ACCOUNT (FORMERLY "PROJECT RESERVE"). Account established by HUD from amounts by which the maximum payment to the PHA under the consolidated ACC (during a PHA fiscal year) exceeds the amount actually approved and paid. This account is used as the source of additional payments for the program.

ADA. Americans with Disability Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.)

ADJUSTED INCOME. Annual income, less allowable HUD deductions.

ADMINISTRATIVE FEE. Fee paid by HUD to the PHA for administration of the program.

ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE (Formerly "Operating Reserve"). Account established by PHA from excess administrative fee income. The administrative fee reserve must be used for housing purposes.

ADMISSION. The effective date of the first HAP contract for a family (first day of initial lease term) in a tenant-based program. This is the point when the family becomes a participant in the program.

ANNUAL BUDGET AUTHORITY. The maximum annual payment by HUD to a PHA for a funding increment.

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRACT (ACC). A written contract between HUD and a PHA under the contract HUD agrees to provide funding for operation of the program, and the PHA agrees to comply with HUD requirements for the program.

ANNUAL INCOME. The anticipated total Annual Income of an eligible family from all sources for the 12-month period following the date of determination of income, computed in accordance with the regulations.

ANNUAL INCOME AFTER ALLOWANCES. The Annual Income (described above) less the HUD-approved allowances.

APPLICANT. (or applicant family). A family that has applied for admission to a program, but is not yet a participant in the program.

AREA EXCEPTION RENT. Rent based on a HUD-approved payment standard amount that is higher than the basic range for a designated part of the fair market rent area ("exception area").

"AS-PAID" STATES. States where the welfare agency adjusts the shelter and utility component of the welfare grant in accordance with actual housing costs.

ASSETS. (See Net Family Assets.)

ASSISTED TENANT. A tenant who pays less than the market rent as defined in the regulations. Include tenants receiving rent supplement, Rental Assistance Payments, or Section 8 assistance and all other 236 and 221(d)(3) BMIR tenants, except those paying the 236 market rent or 120% of the BMIR rent, respectively.

BUDGET AUTHORITY. An amount authorized and appropriated by the Congress for payment to HAS under the program. For each funding increment in a PHA program, budget authority is the maximum amount that may be paid by HUD to the PHA over the ACC term of the funding increment.

CHILD CARE EXPENSES. Amounts paid by the family for the care of minors under 13 years of age where such care is necessary to enable a family member to be employed or for a household member to further his/her education.

CO-HEAD. An individual in the household who is equally responsible for the lease with the Head of Household. (A family never has a Co-head and a Spouse and; a Co-head is never a Dependent).

COMMON SPACE. In shared housing: Space available for use by the assisted family and other occupants of the unit.

CONGREGATE HOUSING. Housing for elderly persons or persons with disabilities that meets the HQS for congregate housing

COOPERATIVE. A dwelling unit owned and/or shared by a group of individuals who have individual sleeping quarters and share common facilities such as kitchen, living room and some bathrooms.

CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRACT. (Consolidated ACC). See 24CFR982.151.

CONTIGUOUS MSA. In portability, an MSA that shares a common boundary with the MSA in which the jurisdiction of the initial PHA is located.

CONTINUOUSLY ASSISTED. An applicant is continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act if the family is already receiving assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program when the family is admitted to the certificate or voucher program.

CONTRACT. (See Housing Assistance Payments Contract.)

COOPERATIVE. (term includes mutual housing). Housing owned by a nonprofit corporation or association, and where a member of the corporation or association has the right to reside in a particular apartment, and to participate in management of the housing. A special housing type: See 24CFR982.619.

COVERED FAMILIES. Statutory term for families who are required to participate in a welfare agency economic self-sufficiency program and whom may be subject to a welfare benefits sanction for noncompliance with this obligation. Includes families who receive welfare assistance or other public assistance under a program for which Federal, State or local law requires that a member of the family must participate in an economic self-sufficiency program as a condition for the assistance.

DEPENDENT. A member of the family household (excluding foster children) other than the family head or spouse, who is under 18 years of age or is a Disabled Person or Handicapped Person, or is a full-time student 18 years of age or over.

DISABILITY ASSISTANCE EXPENSE. Anticipated costs for care attendants and auxiliary apparatus for disabled family members which enable a family member (including the disabled family member) to work.

DISABLED FAMILY. A family whose head or spouse or sole member is a person with disabilities; or two or more persons with disabilities living together; or one or more persons with disabilities living with one or more live-in aides.

DISABLED PERSON. See Person With Disabilities.

DISPLACED PERSON/FAMILY. A person or family displaced by governmental action, or a person whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized under federal disaster relief laws.

DOMICILE. The legal residence of the household head or spouse as determined in accordance with State and local law.

DRUG-RELATED CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. The illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, use, or the possession with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute or use, of a controlled substance (as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substance Act (21 U.S.C. 802)).

DRUG TRAFFICKING. The illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, use, or possession with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute or use, of a controlled substance (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)).

ECONOMIC SELF-SUFFICIENCY PROGRAM. Any program designed to encourage, assist, train or facilitate the economic independence of assisted families, or to provide work for such families. Can include job training, employment counseling, work placement, basic skills training, education, English proficiency, Workfare, financial or household management, apprenticeship, or any other program necessary to ready a participant to work (such as treatment for drug abuse or mental health treatment). Includes any work activities as defined in the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 607(d)). Also see 24 CFR 5.603(c).

ELDERLY HOUSEHOLD. A family whose head or spouse or whose sole member is at least 62 years of age; may include two or more elderly persons living together or one or more such persons living with another person who is determined to be essential to his/her care and wellbeing.

ELDERLY PERSON. A person who is at least 62 years old.

ELIGIBILITY INCOME. May 10, 1984, regulations deleted Eligibility Income, perse, because Annual Income is now for eligibility determination to compare to income limits.

ELIGIBLE FAMILY (Family). A family as defined by the PHA in the administrative Plan, which is approved by HUD.

EXCEPTIONAL MEDICAL OR OTHER EXPENSES. Prior to the regulation change in 1982, this meant medical and/or unusual expenses as defined in Part 889 which exceeded 25% of the Annual Income. It is no longer used.

EXCESS MEDICAL EXPENSES. Any medical expenses incurred by elderly or disabled families only in excess of 3% of Annual Income which are not reimbursable from any other source.

EXTREMELY LOW -INCOME FAMILY. A family whose annual income does not exceed 30 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by HUD, with adjustments for smaller and larger families.

FAIR MARKET RENT (FMR). The rent including the cost of utilities (except telephone) that would be required to be paid in the housing market area to obtain privately owned existing decent, safe and sanitary rental housing of modest (non -luxury) nature with suitable amenities. Fair market rents for existing housing are established by HUD for housing units of varying sizes (number of bedrooms) and are published in the *Federal Register*.

FAMILY. "Family" includes but is not limited to:

A family with or without children (the temporary absence of a child from the home due to placement in foster care shall not be considered in determining family composition and family size);

An elderly family;

A near -elderly family;

A displaced family;

The remaining member of a tenant family; and

A single person who is not an elderly or displaced person, or a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

("Family" can be further defined by the PHA).

FAMILY OF VETERAN OR SERVICE PERSON. A family is a "family of veteran or service person" when:

The veteran or service person (a) is either the head of household or is related to the head of the household; or (b) is deceased and was related to the head of the household, and was a family member at the time of death.

The veteran or service person, unless deceased, is living with the family or is only temporarily absent unless he was (a) formerly the head of the household and is permanently absent because of hospitalization, separation, or desertion, or is divorced; provided, the family contains one or more persons for whose support he is legally responsible and the spouse has not remarried; or (b) not the head of the household but is permanently hospitalized; provided, that s/he was a family member at the time of hospitalization and there remain in the family at least two related persons.

FAMILY RENT TO OWNER. In the voucher program, the portion of the rent to owner paid by the family.

FAMILY SELF -SUFFICIENCY PROGRAM (FSS PROGRAM). The program established by PHA to promote self -sufficiency of assisted families, including the provision of supportive services.

FAMILY SHARE. The amount calculated by subtracting the housing assistance payment from

the gross rent.

FAMILY UNIT SIZE. The appropriate number of bedrooms for a family, as determined by the PHA under the PHA's subsidy standards.

FMR/EXCEPTION RENT LIMIT. The fair market rent published by HUD headquarters. In the pre-merger certificate program the initial contract rent for an dwelling unit plus any utility allowance could not exceed the FMR/exception rent limit (for the dwelling unit or for the family unit size). In the voucher program the PHA adopts a payment standard schedule that is within 90% to 110% of the FMR for each bedroom size.

FOSTER CHILD CARE PAYMENT. Payment to eligible households by state, local, or private agencies appointed by the State, to administer payments for the care of foster children.

FULL-TIME STUDENT. A person who is attending school or vocational training on a full-time basis (carrying a subject load that is considered full-time for day students under the standards and practices of the educational institution attended).

FUNDING INCREMENT. Each commitment of budget authority by HUD to a PHA under the consolidated annual contributions contract for the PHA program.

GROSS FAMILY CONTRIBUTION. Changed to Total Tenant Payment.

GROSS RENT. The sum of the Rent to Owner and the utility allowance. If there is no utility allowance, Rent to Owner equals Gross Rent.

GROUP HOME. A dwelling unit that is licensed by a State as a group home for the exclusive residential use of two to twelve persons who are elderly or persons with disabilities (including any live-in aide).

HAP CONTRACT (See Housing Assistance Payments contract.)

HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. The head of household is the person who assumes legal and financial responsibility for the household and is listed on the application as head.

HOUSING AGENCY. A state, county, municipality or other governmental entity or public body (or agency or instrumentality thereof) authorized to engage in or assist in the development or operation of low-income housing. ("PHA" and "HA" mean the same thing.)

HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1974. Act in which the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (sometimes referred to as the Act) was recodified, and which added the Section 8 Programs.

HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT. The monthly assistance payment by a PHA. The total assistance payment consists of:

 A payment to the owner for rent to owner under the family's lease.

 An additional payment to the family if the total assistance payment exceeds the rent to owner. The additional payment is called a "utility reimbursement" payment.

HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT. (HAP contract). A written contract between a PHA and an owner in the form prescribed by HUD headquarters, in which the PHA agrees to make housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of an eligible family.

HOUSING ASSISTANCE PLAN. (1) A Housing Assistance Plan submitted by a local government participating in the Community Development Block Program as part of the block

grant application, in accordance with the requirements of 570.303(c) submitted by local government not participating in the Community Development Block Grant Program and approved by HUD. (2) A Housing Assistance Plan meeting the requirements of 570.303(c) submitted by local government not participating in the Community Development Block Grant Program and approved by HUD.

HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the tenant-based programs.

HUD. The Department of Housing and Urban Development.

HUD REQUIREMENTS. HUD requirements for the Section 8 programs. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters as regulations. Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

IMPUTED ASSET. Asset disposed of for less than Fair Market Value during two years preceding examination or reexamination.

IMPUTED INCOME. HUD passbook rate total cash value of assets. Calculation used when asset exceeds \$5,000.

IMPUTED WELFARE INCOME. An amount of annual income that is not actually received by a family as a result of a specified welfare benefit reduction, but is included in the family's annual income and therefore reflected in the family's rental contribution.

INCOME. Income from all sources of each member of the household as determined in accordance with criteria established by HUD.

INCOME FOR ELIGIBILITY. Annual Income.

INDIAN. Any person recognized as an Indian or Alaska Native by an Indian Tribe, the federal government, or any State.

INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (IHA). A housing agency established either:

By exercise of the power of self-government of an Indian Tribe, independent of State law, or

By operation of State law providing specifically for housing authorities for Indians.

INITIAL PAYMENT STANDARD. The payment standard at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

INITIAL PHA. In portability, the term refers to both:

PHA that originally selected a family that later decides to move out of the jurisdiction of the selecting PHA; and

PHA that absorbed a family that later decides to move out of the jurisdiction of the absorbing PHA.

INITIAL RENT TO OWNER. The rent to owner at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

INTEREST REDUCTIONS SUBSIDIES. The monthly payments or discounts made by HUD to reduce the debt service payments and, hence, rents required on Section 236 and 221(d)(3) BMIR projects. Includes monthly interest reduction payments made to mortgagees of Section 236 projects and front-end loan discounts paid on BMIR projects.

JURISDICTION. The area in which the PHA has authority under State and local law to administer the program.

LANDLORD. This term means either the owner of the property or his/her representative or the managing agent or his/her representative, as shall be designated by the owner.

LEASE. A written agreement between an owner and a tenant for the leasing of a dwelling unit to the tenant. The lease establishes the conditions for occupancy of the dwelling unit by a family with housing assistance payments under a HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. In cooperative housing, a written agreement between a cooperative and a member of the cooperative. The agreement establishes the conditions for occupancy of the member's family with housing assistance payments to the cooperative under a HAP contract between the cooperative and the PHA.

LEASE ADDENDUM. See Tenancy Addendum (For pre-merger Certificate, pre-merger OFTO, and pre-merger Voucher tenancies, the lease language required by HUD in the lease between the tenant and the owner).

LIVE-INAIDE. A person who resides with an elderly person or disabled person and who :
Is determined to be essential to the care and well-being of the person.
Is not obligated for the support of the person.
Would not be living in the unit except to provide necessary supportive services.

LOCAL PREFERENCE. A preference used by the PHA to select among applicant families.

LOW-INCOME FAMILY. A family whose annual income does not exceed 80 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by HUD, with adjustments for smaller and larger families. HUD may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 80% for areas with unusually high or low income families.

MANUFACTURED HOME. A manufactured structure that is built on a permanent chassis, is designed for use as a principal place of residence, and meets the HQS. A special housing type. See 24 CFR 982.620 and 982.621.

MANUFACTURED HOME SPACE. In manufactured home space rental: A space leased by an owner to a family. A manufactured home owned and occupied by the family is located on the space. See 24 CFR 982.622 to 982.624

MARKET RENT. The rent HUD authorizes the owner of FHA insured/subsidized multi-family housing to collect from families ineligible for assistance. For unsubsidized units in an FHA insured multi-family project in which a portion of the total units receive project-based rental assistance, under the Rental Supplement or Section 202/Section 8 Programs, the Market Rate Rent is that rent approved by HUD and is the Contract Rent for a Section 8 Certificate holder. For BMIR units, Market Rent varies by whether the project is rental or cooperative.

MEDICAL EXPENSES. Those total medical expenses, including medical insurance premiums, that are anticipated during the period for which Annual Income is computed, and that are not covered by insurance. (A deduction for elderly or disabled families only). These allowances are given when calculating adjusted income for medical expenses in excess of 3% of Annual Income.

MERGER DATE. October 1, 1999.

MINOR. A member of the family household (excluding foster children) other than the family

head or spouse who is under 18 years of age.

MIXED FAMILY. A family with citizens and eligible immigration status and without citizens and eligible immigration status as defined in 24 CFR 5.504(b)(3)

MONTHLY ADJUSTED INCOME. 1/12 of the Annual Income after Allowances or Adjusted Income.

MONTHLY INCOME. 1/12 of the Annual Income.

MUTUAL HOUSING. Included in the definition of COOPERATIVE.

NATIONAL. A person who owes permanent allegiance to the United States, for example, as a result of birth in a United State territory or possession.

NEAR-ELDERLY FAMILY. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62; or two or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living together; or one or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living with one or more live-in aides.

NEGATIVE RENT. Now called Utility Reimbursement. A negative Tenant Rent results in a Utility Reimbursement Payment (URP).

NET FAMILY ASSET S. Value of equity in savings, checking, IRA and Keogh accounts, real property, stocks, bonds, and other forms of capital investment. The value of necessary items of personal property such as furniture and automobiles is excluded from the definition.

NET FAMILY CONTRIBUTION. Former name for Tenant Rent.

NONCITIZEN. A person who is neither a citizen nor a national of the United States.

OCCUPANCY STANDARDS. [Now referred to as Subsidy Standards] Standards established by a PHA to determine the appropriate number of bedrooms for families of different sizes and compositions.

OWNER. Any persons or entity having the legal right to lease or sublease a unit to a participant.

PARTICIPANT. A family that has been admitted to the PHA's program and is currently assisted in the program. The family becomes a participant on the effective date of the first HAP contract executed by the PHA for the family (First day of initial lease term).

PAYMENT STANDARD. The maximum monthly assistance payment for a family assisted in the voucher program before deducting the total tenant payment by the family. The PHA sets a payment standard in the range from 90 to 110 percent of the current FMR/exception rent limit.

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES. A person who has a disability as defined in 42 U.S.C. 423 or a developmental disability as defined in 42 U.S.C. 6001. Also includes a person who is determined, under HUD regulations, to have a physical or mental impairment that is expected to be of long-term, continued and indefinite duration, substantially impeding the ability to live independently, and is of such a nature that the ability to live independently could be improved by more suitable housing conditions. For purposes of reasonable accommodation and program accessibility for persons with disabilities, means an "individual with handicaps" as defined in 24 CFR 8.3. Definition does not exclude persons who have AIDS or conditions arising from AIDS, but does not include a person whose disability is based solely on drug or alcohol dependence (for low-income housing eligibility purposes).

PHAPLAN. The annual plan and the 5 -year plan as adopted by the PHA and approved by HUD in accordance with part 903 of this chapter.

PORTABILITY. Renting a dwelling unit with Section 8 tenant -based assistance outside the jurisdiction of the initial PHA

PREMISES. The building or complex in which the dwelling unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

PRIVATE SPACE. In shared housing: The portion of a contract unit that is for the exclusive use of an assisted family.

PROCESSING ENTITY. Entity responsible for making eligibility determinations and for income reexaminations. In the Section 8 Program, the “processing entity” is the “responsible entity.”

PROGRAM. The Section 8 tenant -based assistance program under this part.

PROGRAM RECEIPTS. HUD payments to the PHA under the consolidated ACC, and any other amounts received by the PHA in connection with the program.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE. Welfare or other payments to families or individuals, based on need, which are made under programs funded, separately or jointly, by Federal, state, or local governments.

PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA). PHA includes any State, county, municipality or other governmental entity or public body which is authorized to administer the program (or an agency or instrumentality of such an entity), or any of the following:

A consortia of housing agencies, each of which meets the qualifications in paragraph (1) of this definition, that HUD determines has the capacity and capability to efficiently administer the program (in which case, HUD may enter into a consolidated ACC with any legal entity authorized to act as the legal representative of the consortia members):

Any other public or private non -profit entity that was administering a Section 8 tenant -based assistance program pursuant to a contract with the contract administrator of such program (HUD or a PHA) on October 21, 1998; or

For any area outside the jurisdiction of a PHA that is administering a tenant -based program, or where HUD determines that such PHA is not administering the program effectively, a private non -profit entity or a governmental entity or public body that would otherwise lack jurisdiction to administer the program in such area.

REASONABLE RENT. A rent to owner that is not more than rent charged for comparable units in the private unassisted market, and not more than the rent charged for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

RECEIVING PHA. In portability: A PHA that receives a family selected for participation in the tenant-based program of another PHA. The receiving PHA issues a certificate or voucher and provides program assistance to the family.

RECERTIFICATION. Sometimes called reexamination. The process of securing documentation of total family income used to determine the rent the tenant will pay for the next 12 months if there are no additional changes to be reported. There are annual and interim recertifications.

REGULAR TENANCY. In the pre-merger Certificate program: A tenancy other than an over-65 FMR tenancy.

REMAINING MEMBER OF TENANT FAMILY. Person left in assisted housing after other family members have left and become unassisted.

RENT TO OWNER. The total monthly rent payable to the owner under the lease for the unit. Rent to owner covers payment for any housing services, maintenance and utilities that the owner is required to provide and pay for.

RESIDENCY PREFERENCE AREA. PHA preference for admission of families that reside anywhere in a specified area, including families with a member who works or has been hired to work in the area ("residency preference area").

RESIDENCY PREFERENCE AREA. The specified area where families must reside to qualify for a residency preference.

RESIDENT ASSISTANT. A person who lives in an Independent Group Residence and provides on a daily basis some or all of the necessary services to elderly, handicapped, and disabled individuals receiving Section 8 housing assistance and who is essential to these individuals' care or well-being. A Resident Assistant shall not be related by blood, marriage or operation of law to individuals receiving Section 8 assistance nor contribute a portion of his/her income or resources toward the expenses of these individuals.

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY. For the public housing and Section 8 tenant-based assistance, project-based certificate assistance and moderate rehabilitation program, the responsible entity means the PHA administering the program under an ACC with HUD. For all other Section 8 programs, the responsible entity means the Section 8 owner.

SECRETARY. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

SECURITY DEPOSIT. A dollar amount which can be applied to unpaid rent, damages or other amounts to the owner under the lease.

SERVICE PERSON. A person in the active military or naval service (including the active reserve) of the United States.

SEXUAL PREDATOR. Any person subject to a lifetime sex offender registration requirement.

SINGLE PERSON. A person living alone or intending to live alone.

SPECIAL ADMISSION. Admission of an applicant that is not on the PHA waiting list or without considering the applicant's waiting list position.

SPECIAL HOUSING TYPES. See Subpart M of 24 CFR 982, which states the special regulatory requirements for SRO housing, congregate housing, group homes, shared housing, cooperatives (including mutual housing), and manufactured homes (including manufactured homespace rental).

SPECIFIED WELFARE BENEFIT REDUCTION. Those reductions of welfare benefits (for a covered family) that may not result in a reduction of the family rental contribution. A reduction of welfare benefits because of fraud in connection with the welfare program, or because of a welfare sanction due to noncompliance with a welfare agency requirement to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program.

SPOUSE. The husband or wife of the head of the household.

SUBSIDIZED PROJECT. A multi-family housing project (with the exception of a project owned by a cooperative housing mortgage corporation or association) which receives the benefit of subsidy in the form of:

Below-market interest rates pursuant to Section 221(d)(3) and (5) or interest reduction payments pursuant to Section 236 of the National Housing Act; or

Rent supplement payments under Section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965; or

Direct loans pursuant to Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959; or

Payments under the Section 23 Housing Assistance Payments Program pursuant to Section 23 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 prior to an amendment by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974;

Payments under the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program pursuant to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act after an amendment by the Housing and Community Development Act unless the project is owned by a Public Housing Agency;

A Public Housing Project .

SUBSIDY STANDARDS. Standards established by a PHA to determine the appropriate number of bedrooms and amount of subsidy for families of different sizes and compositions.

SUBSTANDARD UNIT. Substandard housing is defined by HUD for use as a federal preference.

SUSPENSION/TOLLING. Stopping the clock on the term of a family's certificate or voucher, for such period as determined by the PHA, from the time when the family submits a request for PHA approval to lease a unit, until the time when the PHA approves or denies the request. If the PHA decides to allow extensions or suspensions of the voucher term, the PHA administrative plan must describe how the PHA determines when to grant extensions or suspensions, and how the PHA determines the length of any extension or suspension.

TENANCY ADDENDUM. For the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the lease language required by HUD in the lease between the tenant and the owner.

TENANT. The person or persons (other than a live-in-aide) who executes the lease as lessee of the dwelling unit.

TENANT RENT. The amount payable monthly by the family as rent to the unit owner.

TOTAL TENANT PAYMENT (TTP). The total amount the HUD rent formula requires the tenant to pay toward rent and utilities.

UNIT. Residential space for the private use of a family.

UNUSUAL EXPENSES. Prior to the change in the 1982 regulations, this was the term applied to the amount paid by the family for the care of minors under 13 years of age or for the care of disabled or handicapped family household members, but only where such care was necessary to enable a family member to be gainfully employed.

UTILITIES. Utilities means water, electricity, gas, other heating, refrigeration, cooking fuels, trash collection and sewage services. Telephone service is not included as a utility.

UTILITY ALLOWANCE. If the cost of utilities (except telephone) including range and refrigerator, and other housing services for an assisted unit is not included in the Contract Rent but is the responsibility of the family occupying the unit, an amount equal to the estimate made or approved by a PHA or HUD of a reasonable consumption of such utilities and other services for the unit by an energy conservative household of modest circumstances consistent with the requirements of a safe, sanitary, and healthy living environment.

UTILITY REIMBURSEMENT. In the voucher program, the portion of the housing assistance payment which exceeds the amount of the rent to owner.

VERY LOW INCOME FAMILY. A Lower -Income Family whose Annual Income does not exceed 50% of the median income for the area, as determined by HUD, with adjustments for smaller and larger families. HUD may establish income limits higher or lower than 50% of the median income for the area on the basis of its finding that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes. This is the income limit for the Voucher Program.

VETERAN. A person who has served in the active military or naval service of the United States at any time and who shall have been discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.

VIOLENT CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. Any illegal criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another.

VOUCHER (rental voucher). A document issued by a PHA to a family selected for admission to the voucher program. This document describes the program and the procedures for PHA approval of a unit selected by the family. The voucher also states the obligations of the family under the program.

VOUCHER HOLDER. A family holding a voucher with an unexpired term (search time).

VOUCHER PROGRAM. The Housing Choice Voucher program.

WAITING LIST ADMISSION. An admission from the PHA waiting list.

WAITING LIST. A list of families organized according to HUD regulations and PHA policy who are waiting for subsidy to become available.

WELFARE ASSISTANCE. Income assistance from Federal or State welfare programs, including assistance provided under TANF and general assistance. Does not include assistance directed solely to meeting housing expenses, nor programs that provide health care, child care or other services for working families. FOR THE FSS PROGRAM (984.103(b)), "welfare assistance" includes only cash maintenance payments from Federal or State programs designed to meet a family's ongoing basic needs, but does not include food stamps, emergency rental and utilities assistance, SSI, SSDI, or Social Security.

WELFARE-TO-WORK (WTW) FAMILIES. Families assisted by a PHA with voucher funding awarded to the PHA under the HUD welfare-to-work voucher program (including any renewal of such WTW funding for the same purpose).

C. GLOSSARY OF TERMS USED IN THE NONCITIZEN RULE

CHILD. A member of the family other than the family head or spouse who is under 18 years of age.

CITIZEN. A citizen or national of the United States.

EVIDENCE OF CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE STATUS. The documents which must be submitted to evidence citizenship or eligible immigration status.

HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. The adult member of the family who is the head of the household for purpose of determining income eligibility and rent.

HUD. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

INS. The U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service.

MIXED FAMILY. A family whose members include those with citizenship or eligible immigration status and those without citizenship or eligible immigration status.

NATIONAL. A person who owes permanent allegiance to the United States, for example, as a result of birth in a United States territory or possession.

NONCITIZEN. A person who is neither a citizen or national of the United States.

PHA. A housing authority who operates Public Housing.

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY. The person or entity responsible for administering the restrictions on providing assistance to noncitizens with ineligible immigration status (the PHA).

SECTION 214. Section 214 restricts HUD from making financial assistance available for noncitizens unless they meet one of the categories of eligible immigration status specified in Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1436a).

SPOUSE. Spouse refers to the marriage partner, either a husband or wife, who is someone you need to divorce in order to dissolve the relationship. It includes the partner in a common-law marriage. It does not cover boyfriends, girlfriends, significant others, or "co-heads." "Co-head" is a term recognized by some HUD programs, but not by public and Indian housing programs.

**Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with
the Consolidated Plan**

I, J. Don Shea the Community Improvement Director certify
that the Five Year and Annual PHA Plan of the Hillsborough County Section 8 (F1.689) is
consistent with the Consolidated Plan of Hillsborough County prepared
pursuant to 24 CFR Part 91.



Signed / Dated by Appropriate State or Local Official

Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace

U.S. Department of Housing
and Urban Development

Applicant Name

Hillsborough County

Program/Activity Receiving Federal Grant Funding

Community Improvement Department Section 8 Program

Acting on behalf of the above named Applicant as its Authorized Official, I make the following certifications and agreements to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regarding the sites listed below:

I certify that the above named Applicant will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

a. Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the Applicant's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition.

b. Establishing an on-going drug-free awareness program to inform employees ---

(1) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;

(2) The Applicant's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;

(3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and

(4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace.

c. Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph a.;

d. Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph a. that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will ---

(1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and

(2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;

e. Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under subparagraph d.(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;

f. Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under subparagraph d.(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted ---

(1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or

(2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;

g. Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs a. thru f.

2. **Sites for Work Performance.** The Applicant shall list (on separate pages) the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the HUD funding of the program/activity shown above. Place of Performance shall include the street address, city, county, State, and zip code. Identify each sheet with the Applicant name and address and the program/activity receiving grant funding.)

Community Improvement Department
9260 Bay Plaza Blvd., Suite 510, Tampa FL 33619

Check here if there are workplaces on file that are not identified on the attached sheets.

I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information provided in the accompanying herewith, is true and accurate.

Warning: HUD will prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil penalties.

(18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)

Name of Authorized Official

J. Don Shea

Title

Director, Community Improvement Department

Signature

X 

Date

6/18/02

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352
(See reverse for public burden disclosure.)

Approved by OMB
0349-0048

1. Type of Federal Action: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. contract <input type="checkbox"/> b. grant <input type="checkbox"/> c. cooperative agreement <input type="checkbox"/> d. loan <input type="checkbox"/> e. loan guarantee <input type="checkbox"/> f. loan insurance	2. Status of Federal Action: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. bid/offer/application <input type="checkbox"/> b. initial award <input type="checkbox"/> c. post-award	3. Report Type: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. initial filing <input type="checkbox"/> b. material change For Material Change Only: year <u>2002</u> quarter _____ date of last report _____
4. Name and Address of Reporting Entity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prime <input type="checkbox"/> Subawardee Tier _____, if known: Congressional District, if known: <u>12</u>	5. If Reporting Entity In No. 4 is a Subawardee, Enter Name and Address of Prime: N/A Congressional District, if known: _____	
6. Federal Department/Agency: Housing and Urban Development	7. Federal Program Name/Description: Section 8 Tenant Based Rental Assistance CFDA Number, if applicable: <u>14.871</u>	
8. Federal Action Number, if known:	9. Award Amount, if known: \$ _____	
10. a. Name and Address of Lobbying Registrant (if individual, last name, first name, MI):	b. Individuals Performing Services (including address if different from No. 10a) (last name, first name, MI):	
11. Information requested through this form is authorized by title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. This disclosure of lobbying activities is a truthful representation of fact upon which reliance was placed by the Government when the transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure is required pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352. This information will be reported to the Congress semi-annually and will be available for public inspection. Any person who fails to file the required disclosure shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$20,000 for each such failure.	Signature:  Print Name: <u>J. Don Shea</u> Title: <u>Director, Community Improvement Department</u> Telephone No.: <u>813-744-5557</u> Date: <u>4/16/02</u>	
Federal Use Only:		Authorized for Local Reproduction Standard Form 111 (Rev. 7-97)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, of the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 51 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a followup report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
4. Enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawardees include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks "Subawardee," then enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
6. Enter the name of the Federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitation for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal agency). Include prefixes, e.g., "RFP-OE-00-001."
9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the lobbying registrant under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.

(b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10 (a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
11. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act, as amended, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB Control Number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is OMB No. 0348-0048. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0048), Washington, DC 20503.

Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions

U.S. Department of Housing
and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing

Applicant Name

Hillsborough County Board of County Commissioners

Program/Activity Receiving Federal Grant Funding

Section 8 Tenant Based Rental Assistance

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-L.L.L., Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying, in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information provided in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate.

Warning: HUD will prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil penalties.
(18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)

Name of Authorized Official

J. Don Shea

Title

Director, Community Improvement Department

Signature



Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

6/18/02

Previous edition is obsolete

Form HUD 50071 (3/88)
ref. Handbooks 7417.1, 7475.13, 7485.1, & 7485.3

Richard Ake
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Hillsborough County, Florida



P.O. Box 1110
Tampa, Florida 33601
Telephone (813) 278-6100

MEMORANDUM

DATE: June 27, 2002

TO: Don Shea, Director, Community Improvement

FROM: *md* Gail M. Letzring, BOCC Records

SUBJECT: Resolution - Approving the Submission of the Section 8 Tenant Assistance Plan with Required Attachments and Certifications - Section 8 Housing Agency 5 Year Plan for FY2000-2004 and Annual Plan for FY2002 and Housing Administrative Plan

Attached is an executed original of subject resolution and attachments, resolution number R02-114, approved by the Board on June 19, 2002.

We are providing an original to you for further handling.

md

Attachment:

cc: Board files (orig.)
Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) via
Community Improvement
Beth Novak, County Attorney's Office

RESOLUTION NO R02-114

A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE SUBMISSION OF THE SECTION 8 TENANT ASSISTANCE PLAN WITH REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS AND CERTIFICATIONS.

Upon motion by Commissioner Norman, seconded by Commissioner Scott, the following resolution was adopted by a vote of 6 to 0; Commissioners _____ voting "No".

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners of the Public Housing Agency (PIA) of Hillsborough County authorized the Chairman to approve the submission of the 5-Year Plan and Annual Plan for PHA fiscal year beginning 10/01/2002, hereinafter referred to as the Plan of which this document is a part and make the following certifications and agreements with the Department of Housing Development (HUD) in connection with the submission of the Plan and implementation thereof;

WHEREAS, The Plan is consistent with the applicable comprehensive housing affordability strategy (or any plan incorporating such strategy) for the jurisdiction in which the PHA is located;

WHEREAS, The Plan contains a certification by the appropriate State or local officials that the Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan, which includes a certification that requires the preparation of an Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice, for the PHA's jurisdiction and a description of the manner in which the PHA Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan;

WHEREAS, The PHA has established a Resident Advisory Board or Boards, the membership of which represents the residents assisted by the PHA, consulted with this Board or Boards in developing the Plan, and considered the recommendations of the Board or Boards (24 CFR 903.13). The PHA has included in the Plan submission a copy of the recommendations made by the Resident Advisory Board or Boards and a description of the manner in which the Plan addresses these recommendations;

WHEREAS, The PHA made the proposed Plan and all information relevant to the public hearing available for public inspection at least 45 days before the hearing, published a notice that a hearing would be held and conducted a hearing to discuss the Plan and invited public comment;

WHEREAS, The PHA will carry out the Plan in conformity with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990;

WHEREAS, The PHA will affirmatively further fair housing by examining their programs or proposed programs, identify any impediments to fair housing choice within those programs, address those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available and work with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement and maintain records reflecting these analyses and actions;

WHEREAS, For PHA Plan that includes a policy for tenant based waiting lists;

WHEREAS, The PHA regularly submits required data to HUD's MTCS in an accurate, complete and timely manner (as specified in PHH Notice 99- 2);

WHEREAS, The PHA will comply with the prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of age pursuant to the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 9. The PHA will comply with the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and 24 CFR Part 41, Policies and Procedures for the Enforcement of Standards and Requirements for Accessibility by the Physically Handicapped;

WHEREAS, The PHA will comply with the requirements of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, Employment Opportunities for Low- or Very- Low Income Persons, and with its implementing regulation at 24 CFR Part 135;

WHEREAS, The PHA has submitted with the Plan a certification with regard to a drug free workplace required by 24 CFR Part 24, Subpart F;

WHEREAS, The PHA has submitted with the Plan a certification with regard to compliance with restrictions on lobbying required by 24 CFR Part 87, together with disclosure forms if required by this Part, and with restrictions on payments to influence Federal Transactions, in accordance with the Byrd Amendment and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24;

WHEREAS, The PHA will take appropriate affirmative action to award contracts to minority and women's business enterprises under 24 CFR 5.105(a). 16. The PHA will provide HUD or the responsible entity any documentation that the Department needs to carry out its review under the National Environmental Policy Act and other related authorities in accordance with 24 CFR Part 58;

WHEREAS, With respect to public housing the PHA will comply with Davis- Bacon or HUD determined wage rate requirements under section 12 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act;

WHEREAS, The PHA will keep records in accordance with 24 CFR 85.20 and facilitate an effective audit to determine compliance with program requirements;

WHEREAS, The PHA will comply with the Lead- Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act and 24 CFR Part 35. 20;

WHEREAS, The PHA will comply with the policies and procedures set forth in the Housing Administrative Plan as approved by this Board;

WHEREAS, The PHA will undertake only activities and programs covered by the Plan in a manner consistent with its Plan and will utilize covered grant funds only for activities that are approvable under the regulations and included in its Plan; and

WHEREAS, All attachments to the Plan have been and will continue to be available at the locations where the PHA Plan is available for public inspection. All required supporting documents have been made available for public inspection along with the Plan and attachments at the primary business office of the PHA, and at all other times and locations identified by the PHA in its PHA Plan. All required supporting documents will continue to be made available at the primary business office of the PHA.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Board of County Commissioners of Hillsborough County, Florida, in regular meeting assembled this 19th day of June, 2002: Hereby approves the PHA Plan and Attachments and authorize submission to HUD.

Hillsborough County Housing Assistance
PHA Name

FL089
PHA Number

Approved as to form and legality:

By: [Signature]
Assistant County Attorney

By: [Signature]
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH

I, Richard Ake, Clerk of the Circuit Court and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing resolution is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted by the Board of County Commissioners of Hillsborough County, Florida, in its regular public meeting of June 19, 2002, as the same appears on record in Minute Book 313 of the Public Records of Hillsborough County, Florida.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this 27th day of June 2002.

RICHARD AKE, CLERK

By: [Signature]
Deputy Clerk

